GOVERNMENT OF

THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

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BOARD OF ZONING ADJUSTMENT

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REGULAR PUBLIC HEARING

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WEDNESDAY

MAY 15, 2024

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The Regular Public Hearing of the District of Columbia Board of Zoning Adjustment convened via Video Teleconference, pursuant to notice at 9:30 a.m. EDT, Frederick L. Hill, Chairperson, presiding.

BOARD OF ZONING ADJUSTMENT MEMBERS PRESENT:

FREDERICK L. HILL, Chairperson LORNA L. JOHN, Vice-Chairperson CARL BLAKE, Member

ZONING COMMISSION MEMBERS PRESENT:

ROBERT MILLER, Vice-Chairperson JOSEPH S. IMAMURA, PhD, AOC Designee

OFFICE OF ZONING STAFF PRESENT:

KEARA MEHLERT, Secretary to the BZA PAUL YOUNG, A/V Production Specialist

OFFICE OF PLANNING DEVELOPMENT REVIEW STAFF PRESENT:

JOEL LAWSON, Associate Director RON BARRON SHEPARD BEAMON PHILIP BRADFORD OFFICE OF ZONING ATTORNEY ADVISORS PRESENT:
SARAH BAJAJ, ESQ.
COMETRIA COOPER, ESQ.
CARISSA DEMARE, ESQ.
RYAN NICHOLAS, ESQ.

The transcript constitutes the minutes from the Regular Public Hearing held on May 15, 2024.

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1 P-R-O-C-E-E-D-I-N-G-S 2 9:39 a.m. 3 CHAIRPERSON HILL: Good morning, ladies and 4 gentlemen of Board of Zoning Adjustment. Today is May 15, 5 2024, this hearing will please come to order. My name is Fred Hill, Chairman of the District of Columbia Board of 6 7 Zoning Adjustment. Joining me today are Board members Lorna 8 John, Carl Blake, and Chrishaun Smith, and Zoning 9 Commissioners, I believe, Joe, Dr. Imamura -- and I'm not 10 quite sure who's with us for the rest of the day, hold on one 11 second. 12 VICE CHAIR JOHN: Mr. Chairman, I believe that's Mr. Miller. 13 14 CHAIRPERSON HILL: Great, thank you. And Vice Chair Miller. 15 Today's meeting and hearing agenda are available 16 17 18 19

Today's meeting and hearing agenda are available on the Office of Zoning's website. Please be advised that this proceeding is being recorded by a court reporter and is also webcast live via Webex and YouTube Live. The video of the Webex will be available on the Office of Zoning's website after today's hearing. Accordingly, everyone who is listening on Webex or by telephone will be muted during the hearing. And also, please be advised that we do not take any public testimony at our decision meeting sessions.

If you're experiencing difficulty accessing Webex

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or with your call-in telephones, then please call our OZ Hotline number at 202-727-5471. Once again, 202-727-5471. It's also listed on the screen.

At the conclusion of a decision meeting session I shall, in consultation with the Office of Zoning, determine whether a full or summary order may be issued. A full order is required when the decision it contains is adverse to a party, including an affected ANC. A full order may also be needed if the Board's decision differs from the Office of Planning's recommendation. Although the Board favors the use of summary orders whenever possible, an applicant may not request the Board to issue such an order.

In today's hearing session, everyone who is listening on Webex or by telephone will be muted during the hearing, and only persons who have participated -- sorry, that sign to participate or testify will be unmuted at the appropriate time. Please state your name and home address before providing oral testimony or your presentation. Oral presentations should be limited to a summary of your most important points. When you're finished speaking, please mute your audio so that your microphone is no longer picking up sound or background noise.

All persons planning to testify either in favor or in opposition should have signed up in advance, they'll be called by name to testify. If this is an appeal, only

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parties are allowed to testify. By signing up to testify, all participants completed the oath or affirmation, as required by Subtitle Y 408.7.

Requests to enter evidence at the time of online virtual hearing, such written testimony as or additional supporting documents, other than live video which may not be presented as part of the testimony, may be allowed pursuant to Subtitle Y 103.13. Provided that the persons making the request to enter an exhibit explain how the proposed exhibit is relevant and the good cause that justifies the -- and the good cause that justifies allowing the exhibit into the record, including an explanation of why the requestor did not file the exhibit prior to the hearing pursuant to Y 206, and how the proposed exhibit would not unreasonably prejudice any parties. The order of special exceptions and variances are pursuant to Y 409, an appeal is pursuant to Y 507.

At the conclusion of each case, an individual who is unable to testify because of technical issues may file a request for leave to file a written version of the planned testimony to the record within 24 hours following the conclusion of public testimony in the hearing. If additional written testimony is accepted, then parties will be allowed a reasonable time to respond, as determined by the Board. The Board will then make its decision at its next meeting

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session, but no earlier than 48 hours after the hearing.

Moreover, the Board may request additional specific information to complete the record. The Board and the staff will specify at the end of the hearing exactly what is expected and the date when persons must submit the evidence to the Office of Zoning. No other information shall be accepted by the Board.

Finally, the District of Columbia Administrative Procedures Act requires that a public hearing on each case be held in the open, before the public. However, pursuant to Section 405(b) and 406 of that Act, the Board may, consistent with its rules and procedures and the Act, enter into closed meeting on a case for purposes of seeking legal counsel on a case, pursuant to the D.C. Official Code Section 2-575(b)(4), and/or deliberate on a case, pursuant to D.C. Official Code Section 2-575(b)(13), but only after filing necessary public notice in the case of emergency -- in the case of an emergency closed meeting, after taking a roll call vote.

Madam Secretary, do we have any preliminary matters today?

MS. MEHLERT: Good morning, Mr. Chairman and members of the Board. In terms of late filings today, the Chairman has reviewed and granted waivers to allow late filings into the applicable case records, pursuant to

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Subtitle Y Section 206.7 and Section 103.13. Any other late filings during the course of today's live hearing should be presented before the Board by the applicant, parties, or the witnesses after the case is called. And any other preliminary matters will be noted when the case is called.

CHAIRPERSON HILL: Great, okay. Let's see. Well, good morning, everybody. If you would -- I think the first one we're going to do today is with Dr. Imamura, and if you want to go ahead and call that so we can take care of that issue, that would be helpful.

MS. MEHLERT: Yeah, so this is a case on the Board's hearing agenda, it's Application Number 20824 of Rupsha 2011, LLC. As amended this is a self-certified application for special exceptions pursuant to Subtitle X Section 901.2, under Subtitle U Section 421 to allow a new residential development, under Subtitle C Section 710.3 from the parking space location requirements of Subtitle C Section 710.2©, and pursuant to Subtitle X Section 1002 for area variances from the new alley record lot requirements of Subtitle C Sections 306.1(a) and (b).

This is this subdivision of an existing tax lot into nine new record alley lots, to allow nine new two-story principle dwellings, seven attached and two semi-detached. The project is located in the RA-1 zone at 4226 Rear 6 Street, Southeast, Square 6208, Lot 823.

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This case was last heard on February 14 and was continued to the April 10 hearing, which was postponed due to a lack of quorum. Participating today are Chairman Hill, Vice Chair John, and Commissioner Imamura. And I'll just note that the, an updated ANC 8E report was filed late last night to the record, in Exhibit 94.

CHAIRPERSON HILL: Great. If the applicant can hear me, if they could introduce themselves for the record?

MS. WILSON: Hi. Alex Wilson from Sullivan and Barros, on behalf of the applicant in this case.

CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay, great, Ms. Wilson. I guess -- this has been going on for so long I'm not really sure exactly where we were, so if you want to fill us in as to where you are currently with this application, and then I'm going to give you an opportunity to go ahead and make the argument as to why you believe that we should grant the relief. And I'll let you start whenever you want.

So, if you Absolutely, thank you. MS. WILSON: recall, this was pushed to today so we could also attend the ANC meeting on May 6, so, worked out that there wasn't a And we now have ANC support for the quorum, I quess. And then, at the hearing before that the primary project. directives were to work with the daycare across the street, then to resolve the side setback issue the northernmost lot.

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There is an agreement in the record with the daycare across the alley, and then again, with that agreement, the ANC is now in support of the project. And there is an updated report in Exhibit 94 reflecting the unanimous vote and the agreement with the daycare.

And then, for the side yard, this was the area of relief that OP was recommending denial for, it was -- we were not providing a setback for the northernmost lot, it abuts a non-alley lot. And so, we submitted new plans showing that five-foot setback for the northernmost lot and were able to remove the only area of relief that OP was recommending denial for. So now we have OP recommendations of approval for all areas of relief.

And we did have a full hearing related to these areas of relief, and I think we landed at a place last time where the Board, and clearly Office of Planning at least felt comfortable with the area variance. This is a single tax slot, so nothing can be built here by right. And even with it special exception, would only result in one single-family home. And given the cost to bring utilities to the site, which is over \$1,000,000, a single-family home is not feasible nor a reasonable use of this large RA-1 site.

And again, the agreement with the daycare and adjustments to the side yard goes to prong three, as any potential impacts will be mitigated by the agreement or

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through appropriate setbacks. So, in summary, we now have 1 full ANC support and a recommendation of approval from the 2 Office of Planning for all areas of relief. 3 4 And the other area of relief that I'll note is the 5 relief for parking in the front setback, as opposed to the And DDOT supports that, as it makes sense, it's right 6 7 off the alley and wouldn't require cars to drive through the 8 rear yards of all the other properties. And so, we're happy 9 to take any questions. 10 CHAIRPERSON HILL: Is that, is the plans, the revised plans I see in the slide deck in AO7 and in your 11 slide deck in AO8, those are the revised plans, correct? 12 MS. WILSON: Correct. And in Exhibit 81, as well. 13 Okay, thank you. All right, 14 CHAIRPERSON HILL: 15 does the Board have any questions with the applicant? 16 (No audible response.) 17 CHAIRPERSON HILL: I can't hear you, Vice Chair John, sorry. 18 19 I'm trying to pull up Exhibit VICE CHAIR JOHN: 2.0 81, because that was the only outstanding issue for the 2.1 Office of Planning. Okay, I see it now. And could you summarize, Ms. Wilson, the agreement with the daycare center? 22 2.3 MS. WILSON: I'm not sure if Mr. Sack is on, but 24 I can pull it up. It's similar to a construction management agreement, it's a safety agreement and it deals with how the

construction will proceed, and how they're going to protect 1 the property and schedule construction to accommodate the 2 3 daycare's hours. And they're -- yeah, that's the general --4 VICE CHAIR JOHN: And that was in which exhibit? 5 MS. WILSON: So, that's in Exhibit 94a. And we also submitted an email detailing the communication and, I 6 7 mean, it's reflected almost verbatim in 94a -- the email is in Exhibit 89. 8 9 Okay, thank you. VICE CHAIR JOHN: 10 CHAIRPERSON HILL: And that, you know, Ms. Wilson, 11 your client did agree to that, correct? 12 MS. WILSON: Absolutely, yep. It's signed by both 13 my client and then by Ms. Mack who runs Sunshine Early Learning Center. 14 15 CHAIRPERSON HILL: Great. Yeah -- what was I going to say -- because that construction management plan, 16 17 or safety agreement, is not necessarily something we would put in as a condition, but I want to put on the record that 18 19 your client has agreed to it. Okay, let's see, could I hear 20 from the Office of Planning? 2.1 Hi, good morning, Mr. Chair, members MR. LAWSON: I think OP can stand on the record of our of 22 of the Board. 23 our latest report, at Exhibit 84 is our supplemental report 24 indicating that we no longer object and we're supportive of the current application. I don't think I have much to add

to that, our earlier reports did indicate that we received 1 comments from both DPW and DDOT, indicating that they were 2 not in opposition to this application either. So, with that 3 we would, again, stand on the record in support of this 5 application. CHAIRPERSON HILL: Great, thank you. 6 Mr. Young, 7 is there anyone here wishing to speak? We do not. 8 MR. YOUNG: 9 CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay, does the Board have any 10 questions of the Office of Planning? Just one clarification, Mr. 11 VICE CHAIR JOHN: So, the supplemental report essentially says, if 12 Chairman. the request for side-back, side yard setback is removed, then 13 OP would approve the application, did I get that right? 14 MR. LAWSON: Yes, Board Member John. At the time 15 we filed the report, the applicant had not yet amended the 16 17 application to indicate that the side yard relief was being eliminated. We talked about that with the applicant and we 18 19 appreciate them making that change. That's now in the 2.0 record, the information from the applicant is now 2.1 record, so that condition is no longer really relevant. 22 VICE CHAIR JOHN: Okay, thanks. Just clarifying. 2.3 MR. LAWSON: Yes. 24 VICE CHAIR JOHN: Thank you. 25 Okay, let's see here. CHAIRPERSON HILL:

does anybody have any final questions?

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(No audible response.)

CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. All right, I'm going to go ahead and close the hearing and the record. Thank you all for your time.

Okay, I'm not actually sure who is on this with us. I guess we don't have Mr. Smith today, it seems like, but -- so this has been a long process and I'm glad that the applicant was able to work with the Office of Planning to accommodate that side yard in Lot A, and I would agree with the applicant in terms of their arguments for both the special exceptions for the residential development itself, the parking, and then the area variances. Because, again, as they had, you know, summarized, it's a lot that couldn't be used necessarily for anything, because of the impractical nature of bringing in all of the utilities to those lots.

I think it's actually a nice project and I'm glad that it actually seems to be moving forward, I'm going to be voting in favor. Dr. Imamura, do you have anything you'd like to add?

COMMISSIONER IMAMURA: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. I'm in agreement with your analysis. And I think what's key here is the impractical nature of bringing in the utilities. I do appreciate the applicant working with the daycare and resolving the side yard setback, also appreciate the

applicant working with the ANC. I do support the ANC's goal or desire for the applicant to at least make one unit affordable, but that certainly doesn't hold me back from supporting the rest of this application, so. And also, just want to make note that DDOT, OP, and DPW are in support as well, so I'm prepared to vote in favor.

CHAIRPERSON HILL: Thank you. Vice Chair John? Thank you, Mr. Chairman. VICE CHAIR JOHN: Ι don't have a whole lot to add. I agree that the application meets the requirements for relief as amended, and I do appreciate the applicant's revision of the proposed project, from the 33 units that were originally proposed. And I think this new agreement makes more -- this new project makes more sense for an alley lot. And apart from that I have nothing further to add to what's already been said, and will give great weight to OP's analysis and recommendations, as well as the ANC. Appreciate the ANC working with the applicant. And so, that's it.

CHAIRPERSON HILL: Thank you. All right, I'm going to make a motion to approve Application Number 20824 as captioned and read by the Secretary, and noting that the new plans are in Exhibit 81, and ask for a second, Ms. John?

VICE CHAIR JOHN: Second.

CHAIRPERSON HILL: Motion made and seconded. Ms. Mehlert, if you could take a roll call?

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1	MS. MEHLERT: When I call your name, please respond
2	to the Chair's motion to approve the application. Chairman
3	Hill?
4	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Yes.
5	MS. MEHLERT: Vice Chair John?
6	VICE CHAIR JOHN: Yes.
7	MS. MEHLERT: And Dr. Imamura?
8	COMMISSIONER IMAMURA: Yes.
9	MS. MEHLERT: Staff will record the vote as three
10	to zero to two to approve Application 20824, on the motion
11	made by Chairman Hill and seconded by Vice chair John, with
12	two Board members not participating.
13	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Thank you. All right, Dr.
14	Imamura, I hope you have a nice day.
15	COMMISSIONER IMAMURA: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
16	Thank you, everybody.
17	VICE CHAIR JOHN: Thank you. Bye. Have a good
18	day.
19	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Thank you, bye-bye. All right,
20	Ms. Mehlert, have we not heard from Board Member Smith? Was
21	he not present today?
22	MS. MEHLERT: He's not participating today.
23	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. I don't know, I must
24	have missed that. Okay. All right, Vice Chair Miller, thank
25	you for joining us. All right, good morning. You want to

call our next matter of business, please, Ms. Mehlert? 1 2 (Whereupon, the above-entitled matter went off the record at 9:58 a.m. and resumed at 10:17 a.m.) 3 4 MS. MEHLERT: The Board is returning to its public 5 hearing session, and the next case is Application Number 21114 of Sharon Momenian-Schneider, Trustee and Betty H. 6 7 Dinarte, Trustee. This is a self-certified application 8 pursuant to Subtitle X Section 901.2 for a special exception 9 under Subtitle G Section 5200.1, from the lot occupancy 10 requirements of Subtitle G Section 210.1. This project is to construct a rear stair addition 11 12 to an existing three-story attached building, for use as a grocery store in the basement and restaurant on the first 13 floor, and two dwelling units on the second and third floors. 14 The project is located in the MU-4 zone at 3413 14 Street, 15 Northwest, Square 2836, Lot 119. 16 17 CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay, let's see, applicant me, if they could please 18 can hear introduce 19 themselves for the record? MR. SULLIVAN: Thank you, Mr. Chairman and members 2.0 2.1 of the Board. Marty Sullivan with Sullivan and Barros, on 22 behalf of the applicant. 23 Thank you, Mr. Sullivan. CHAIRPERSON HILL: 24 Sullivan. you want to walk us through your client's application and why you believe they are meeting the criteria

for us to grant the relief requested? I'm going to put 15 minutes on the clock so I know where we are, and you can begin whenever you like.

MR. SULLIVAN: Thank you. If we could have the PowerPoint presentation loaded, please? So, the property's 3413 14 Street, Northwest. Next slide, please. Property's in the MU-4 zone district that's improved with a four-story mixed-use building. The building currently has a C of O for four residential units, and the applicant intends to renovate the interior of the building to use the basement as a grocery store, the first floor as a restaurant, and to continue the residential use on the second and third floors.

And as part of this project, the applicant is bringing the building up to code and needs to add a rear egress staircase, and that staircase will increase the overall lot occupancy to 62.1 percent. So we're simply asking for lot occupancy relief for that 2.1 percent.

Office of Planning is in support, the ANC opted not. They said, if we don't hear any concerns from neighbors, we're just going to stay out of it, it's too small for us. Which was unusual, but I know they have filed some things in the last two days, which I haven't really read yet -- I have them up in front of me -- saying that there was a neighbor next door that had concerns about the future use of the space. The specific use is not identified yet because

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there's no tenants, and they haven't even begun a tenant search.

The property is in bad shape and the objective of the owner is simply to get it back and clean it up renovate it, and at that point they'll look for tenants. it has nothing to do with the relief being the use of requested. Also, Ι did, and Ι don't think the Commissioner knew that I have communicated with the president of the condo association with the building at 3415, which is just to the north, abutting it.

I don't know if -- I didn't know what space this neighbor that Commissioner Layman referenced, I actually don't know what property they're from. Assuming it's from 3415, so I've spoken -- or I've emailed a couple times with her condo association, if that's the president of building, and let them know what was going on and he seemed Because, if it's a restaurant use that satisfied with that. they're concerned about, likely that will be an ABCA process, where the neighbors can get involved relevantly in that case. this one is just related to the 2.1 occupancy.

And I'm going to look, there was one other, there were two filings in there, there's a letter with additional context. The neighbor's concern was related to the use of the ground floor -- this is from Max Ewart who's the chair

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of the Housing Justice Committee for this ANC. While discussing with the neighbor, we explained that this is a by-right use and if the applicant chose to do so they could just rescind their request and operate a restaurant there, without BZA review. Our logic for not hearing this at the ANC level was because of the lack of voices of concern and because we are enthusiastic about an abandoned building becoming used in our neighborhood. So, that's the summary of where we are with the ANC. Next slide, please.

So, here are some photos of the building, front and back. It's the building in the middle, the building to the left is the building where I've had discussions with the Condo Association President. Next slide, please. Next slide, these are the existing floor plans. Next slide. And the proposed space. Next slide. The stairs are in the back, just in the back that added the lot occupancy, we're actually point-one percent over the minor deviation amount. Next slide, please.

is the rear elevation, And this showing the proposed stairway. Next slide, please. Next slide and next So, granting relief will be in harmony with the slide. general purpose and intent of the regulations, property is located in MU-4 which is intended to permit moderate density mixed-use development, this will be а moderate building and additional mixed-use the 2.1 percent

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occupancy will have no effect on the use of neighboring 1 Next slide, please. 2 properties. 3 And that's it because there's no specific criteria for a special exception in the MU-4 zone, it's just the 5 general criteria. And if the Board has any questions for myself, and actually the property owner may be here as well, 6 7 Sharon Momenian-Schneider, if you have any questions for 8 her. Thank you. 9 Okay, thanks Mr. Sullivan. CHAIRPERSON HILL: 10 Before I get to questions for my Board, could I hear from the Office of Planning? 11 12 MR. BARRON: Hello, good morning, Commissioners. For the record, my name is Ron Barron, development review 13 specialist with the D.C. Office of Planning. OP recommends 14 approval of the request for special exception relief, the 15 16 proposal would be in harmony with the general purpose and 17 intent of the MU-4 zone, it would be unlikely to affect adversely the use and privacy of neighboring properties. 18 19 is content to rest on our report in the record and I'm 2.0 available to answer any questions you may have. 2.1 very much. 22 Thank you, Mr. Barron. CHAIRPERSON HILL: Does my colleagues have any questions for the applicant or the 23

No.

VICE CHAIR JOHN:

Office of Planning?

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1	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. Mr. Young, is there
2	anyone
3	here wishing to speak?
4	MR. YOUNG: Yes, we have two witnesses signed up.
5	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay, can you tell me their
6	names, please?
7	MR. YOUNG: Yes, the first is Justin Schaber and
8	he is calling in by phone and the second is Madalina Pruna.
9	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay, Mr. Geeber, can you hear
10	me?
11	(No audible response.)
12	MR. YOUNG: Schaber I believe is his last name.
13	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Oh, Schaber. Mr. Schaber, can
14	you hear me?
15	(No audible response.)
16	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Mr. Schaber, can you hear
17	MR. SCHABER: I can hear you.
18	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Oh, great. If you could
19	introduce yourself for the record. And as a member of the
20	public you'll have three minutes to give your testimony, and
21	you can begin whenever you like.
22	MR. SCHABER: Yeah, my name is Justin Schaber, I
23	am the President of the HOA for the building directly to new
24	north which is 3415 14 Street. Most of the concerns that
25	have been expressed by the members of my HOA do relate to the

intended future use, specifically with the restaurant. 1 based on the presentation and the conversations that I've had 2 via email, it does sound like the majority of those are more 3 appropriately addressed through future concerns, 5 actual tenant is going to be found. CHAIRPERSON HILL: All right, let me see 6 Okay. 7 here. Ms. Pruna, can you hear me? 8 MS. PRUNA: Yes, I can hear you. 9 Great, thank you. CHAIRPERSON HILL: 10 introduce yourself for the record? And then, also as a member of the public you will have three minutes, and can 11 12 begin whenever you like. MS. PRUNA: Thank you. My name is Madalina Pruna, 13 I'm a resident of the same building, like Justin Schaber, at 14 3415 14 Street, Northwest, and I own a condo in the building 15 16 north of the building that has applied. I welcome the 17 development of the new building, however I am very concerned of the use of, proposed use of the building. 18 19 And I think that the current architectural plans 2.0 are supporting the restaurant use, therefore -- and that will 21 have negative externalities for our building, potentially 22 including smells, noise, rats, and also it might negatively 23 affect the value, the future value of the condos in the, in 24 my building.

So, I would encourage the owners to seek Gloria's

Restaurant's approval and sort of like, letter of support for this. So this is one, a second, to consider a different use for the building before going ahead with this proposal. So therefore, I oppose this application.

CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay, thank you, Ms. Pruna.

Does the Board have any questions for either witnesses?

VICE CHAIR JOHN: No.

CHAIRPERSON HILL: All right. Mr. Young, if you could please excuse the witnesses. Thank you guys, for taking the time to give us your testimony. Okay, I mean, just to comment on some of the feedback that we heard from the witnesses there, again, this is not -- the use is not what is before us and if they, the applicant, they don't even know who they're going to get yet, but if they did get a restaurant I'm sure then, again, through the ABRA process there would be an opportunity for the condo owners to provide some feedback at the next phase.

I mean, what they're here for, again, is the rear stair and how it's taking them, you know, 2.1 percent over the lot occupancy. So does anybody have any questions for anyone before I excuse the applicant? Go ahead, Mr. Miller.

COMMISSIONER MILLER: I guess I have one question, to Mr. Sullivan. The purpose of the rear staircase, I mean, obviously it's a safe -- it'll improve safety for the building and access, but is there -- what is

the specific -- you can get to each floor from the rear staircase?

MR. SULLIVAN: Right, and I believe a separate -now that the work's being done, I believe the separate egress
was required by building code as well.

COMMISSIONER MILLER: Okay, thank you.

CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay, anyone else?

(No audible response.)

CHAIRPERSON HILL: All right, going to go ahead and close the hearing and the record. I mean, for me, again, I think it's relatively straightforward. It's, again, a 2.1 percent increase in the lot occupancy and about, above what is permitted, and they're doing that so that they can bring the building up to code. The building, it looks like, is in need.

And as far as the concerns of the neighbors, you know, they're not asking for a use variance or anything like that, so it's something that is a matter of right there, in terms of the project it being in the MU-4 zone. And that they would have an opportunity, the neighbors again, to, during the ABRA process, if there were a restaurant, to voice their concerns and see what they could negotiate with the owner at that time. So, I will be voting in favor of this application. Mr. Blake, do you have anything you'd like to add?

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MEMBER BLAKE: I'll be voting in favor of the application as well. I do believe the applicant has met the burden of proof to be granted the relief. This is generally a matter of right project, regardless of the use of the first floor this relief is needed to provide the residential use, which is a permitted use in the zone for the upper floors to meet code. To the extent that the staircase, even though it's a modest increase of only 2.1 percentage points, the transient use of the stairs should not affect the privacy or light and air of the neighboring properties.

So, the modest increase in lot occupancy should not have an adverse effect on the use of neighboring properties. So, based on that, I give great weight to the Office of Planning's report, recommendation for approval, and I acknowledge the ANC's input. And, again, as you pointed out, there is, depending upon what happens later, there'll be opportunities once we do determine -- once the owner does determine what is there, for the neighbors to weigh in. So I'll be voting in favor of the application.

CHAIRPERSON HILL: Thank you. Vice Chair Miller?

COMMISSIONER MILLER: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

And I agree with the your comments and those of Board Member

Blake, that the lot occupancy increase is pretty de minimis,

as it's only point-one percent over the two percent

discretion that would have been allowed without coming before

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And that the stairs provide necessary access and safety 1 us. 2 for that building. 3 And I agree with you that the, with both of you, that the restaurant use, if that's what ends up happening 5 there, would -- or a grocery store, or both -- would be a by-right likely would, the restaurant 6 use and use 7 particularly would trigger a review by another agency at the 8 Alcohol Beverage Regulation Agency, and that is where any 9 issues about noise, trash, rats, hours of operation can be 10 worked out with the neighbors. So I'm supportive of this 11 application going forward. Thank you. Vice Chair John? 12 CHAIRPERSON HILL: I'm 13 VICE CHAIR JOHN: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. in support, and I agree with all of the comments. 14 15 that OP is in support and we don't have a formal report from the ANC, I believe, so. 16 17 CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay, great. I am going to go ahead and approve, or make a motion to approve Application 18 19 Number 2.0 21114 as captioned and read by the Secretary, and ask for a 2.1 second, Ms. John? 22 VICE CHAIR JOHN: Second. The motion made and seconded. 23 CHAIRPERSON HILL: 24 Ms. Mehlert, if you could take a roll call, please? 25 MS. MEHLERT: Please respond to the Chair's motion

1	to approve the application. Chairman Hill?
2	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Here, yes.
3	MS. MEHLERT: Vice Chair John?
4	VICE CHAIR JOHN: Yes.
5	MS. MEHLERT: Mr. Blake?
6	MEMBER BLAKE: Yes.
7	MS. MEHLERT: Commissioner Miller?
8	COMMISSIONER MILLER: Yes.
9	MS. MEHLERT: Staff would record the vote as four
10	to zero to one, to approve Application 21114 on the motion
11	made by Chairman Hill and seconded by Vice Chair John, with
12	one Board member not participating.
13	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. You guys, let's just
14	take a quick break, maybe 15 minutes and we'll come back.
15	Thank you.
16	(Whereupon, the above-entitled matter went off the
17	record at 10:35 a.m. and resumed at 10:54 a.m.)
18	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. Ms. Mehlert, you can
19	call our next one when you get an opportunity.
20	MS. MEHLERT: Okay. The next application in the
21	Board's hearing agenda is Application No. 21116 of William
22	Ford.
23	This is a self-certified application pursuant to
24	Subtitle X Section 901.2, for special exception under
25	Subtitle D Section 207.5, to allow the rear wall of an

attached building to extend further than ten feet beyond the farthest rear wall of an adjoining principle residential building, on an adjacent property.

This is a rear cellar addition to an existing two-story attached principle dwelling located in R-3 Zone. It's located at 1306 Longfellow Street, NW, Square 2801, Lot 58. And, just as a preliminary matter, I'll note that the affidavits of posting and maintenance were submitted yesterday.

CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. Thank you. If the Applicant could hear me, if they could please introduce themselves for the record.

MR. BANKS: My name is Andrei Banks. I'm an Architect with MWB Architects, and we're representing the owner.

CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay, Mr. Banks. If you want to, go ahead and explain your project to us and why you believe you're meeting the criteria for us to grant the relief, and I'll let you begin whenever you like.

MR. BANKS: Okay. We have a PowerPoint slide that, if you have it, you could put up. Okay. This project is for an addition to the cellar level only of 1306 Longfellow Street, NW, and it will include an addition of a recreation room, REC room, with a deck on, above it. The next two slides, please.

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So the owner is William and Bella Ford. The owners are William and Bella Ford. They're 18-year residents of this particular property, and they've been D.C. residents for more than 20 years.

And the project, again, is the construction of a 15-foot addition at the cellar level only, with a deck above. The zoning allows a ten-foot addition beyond the neighbor's rear walls.

We're here at the BZA to get five feet additional space, additional approval for a 15-foot addition, which is five feet beyond what's allowed. We have presented our project to the ANC, and have obtained approval from the ANC for this project. Next slide, please.

This is photographs of the existing front of the building at 1306 Longfellow. You'll see it's a typical row house in the middle of the row of existing properties on Longfellow Street. There'll be no modifications to the front of the building, at all. Next slide, please.

The rear of the building is the beige building that you see here in these two photos. There is a recessed area below the first and second floor that you can see at the cellar level, of which, will be filled in, and then a 15-foot addition will be added beyond that point. All the units in this row are in alignment as you can see in this photo. Next slide, please.

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So, this is context of the rear row. You can see 1306 is, again, is the beige unit. The neighbor at 1308, which is immediately to the west of our property, has built a deck. And to the rear of their unit, which is pretty much going to emulate what we're doing.

Though, we'll be filling in the space below as an enclosed space, and then the deck will be above. But, it will be very similar to what they've done at 1308. And then further down the road, you can see there has been some additions that, both the first floor and second floor of decks that are five or six units to the west. Next slide, please.

So this is the architectural drawing of the cellar addition. There will be no modifications within the existing building at the cellar, at the first and second floors, and the addition will be, again, at the cellar level only. Next slide, please.

So, this slide shows the cellar level. The grey area is the space that will be below the existing first and second floor. And then, the green space will be the 15-foot addition.

So, this again will be a family REC room addition. And then, at the first level will be the deck that'll be above the addition, the 15-foot addition. Next slide, please. So, these are architectural drawings of the

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elevations of the addition. Next slide, please.

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And the section that shows the space at the lower-right that we're filling in the space below the existing first and second levels, and then extending 15 feet beyond the rear wall for the addition, with a deck above.

Next slide, please. Next slide. So these are contextual drawings that show the addition in context with the adjacent units. This slide was taken, you know, standing on the roof of the vehicle we were in.

Because, there are many other garages and storage sheds and fences that, from the alley you, basically, won't be able to see very much, because of the other construction that the neighbors have. So, to get this view, we had to stand on our vehicle. So, you'll see that it's going to be minimal visual impact from this addition. Next slide, please.

So, this is the view from west looking back east at our addition. Again, there are quite a few privacy fences and, as a matter of fact, as a result of the ANC meeting, the neighbors requested that, the neighbor on the east side, at 1304, requested that a privacy fence be put up to enclose the space.

And the owner, Mr. Ford, had anticipated to do that anyway. So, his fence will also be installed around his property, similar to what you'll see here at the other

neighbors. Next slide, please.

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And so, this is the view from the rear, looking straight on. And again, a privacy fence will be put up to enclose his vehicles and his rear yard. Next slide, please.

So this is a view of the 3D rendering without any of the adjacent structures, just to give you an idea of what the actual addition will look like.

And the next slide is, is an MPD. I think if you scroll down towards the bottom, you can hit the go arrow. That'll show the shading that'll occur with this, with this addition.

So, this is in January, 8:30 a.m. in the morning, at 1:00 p.m., and at 5:00 p.m., I believe, the next morning, 4:00 p.m. So it gives you what the shading is, and it's relatively minimal in most cases, especially, with the fences.

And this is in July and summer, you know, at 1:00 p.m., the sun is pretty much directly overhead. And then, in the afternoon the buildings actually shade the entire rear. So, again, there's minimal impact from the shading.

And then the final slide. The next slide. So, basically, the project doesn't detract from the character of the neighborhood, you know, with the construction of decks and alleys and fences on the alley that the impact, visually, is going to be minimal, if at all.

1	The light and air of his neighbors is not unduly
2	affected. This construction immolates, basically, what has
3	gone on along the rest of the row. So, again, no real
4	negative impact on light or air.
5	The privacy, again, is not going to be adversely
6	impacted. These row houses have windows at the first and
7	second floor that can look across to each neighbor's yard.
8	So this addition, at just the cellar level, will
9	not adversely affect the privacy of its neighbors. And,
10	contextually, in the row, there's no real negative visual
11	impact for the character of the row from the alley.
12	So, we'll take any questions that the Board may
13	have.
14	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Thank you, Mr. Banks. Does the
15	Board have any questions of the Applicant?
16	(No audible response.)
17	CHAIRPERSON HILL: All right. Unmute your mike.
18	MEMBER BLAKE: One quick question. Is the privacy
19	fence in your renderings reflected in your renderings?
20	MR. BANKS: It was not. And it was, basically,
21	a concession that, that was developed as a result of the ANC
22	hearing. So, the privacy fence showed in the renderings that
23	we prepared.
24	MEMBER BLAKE: Okay. Thank you.
25	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. I'm going to turn to the

Office of Planning. 1 2 Good morning. Shepard Beamon, with MR. BEAMON: 3 the Office of Planning. We've reviewed the application for request of addition and we found that the request meets the 5 special exception criteria for Subtitles D and X, therefore, we're recommending approval. 6 7 And I'll also note that, DDOT has notified OP and 8 stated that they have no objection to the proposed addition. 9 We stand on the record, and I'm available for any questions. 10 CHAIRPERSON HILL: Thank you, Mr. Beamon. Does the Board have any questions for the Office of Planning? 11 12 (No audible response.) All right. 13 CHAIRPERSON HILL: Mr. Young, is there anyone here wishing to speak? 14 15 MR. YOUNG: We do not. 16 Okay. Mr. Banks, I apologize CHAIRPERSON HILL: 17 if you went over this. What happened at the ANC meeting? 18 Basically, the neighbors were in MR. BANKS: 19 support of the project. The neighbor to the east, at 1304, 2.0 asked what the height, relative to her deck, which was 21 actually a grade, was going to be, and suggested that if a privacy fence was put up that she would feel a little more 22 23 apt to accept it. 24 And the owner then agreed that he was actually

intending to put up a privacy fence, as a part of this, this

1	construction, so then, then there was support on her part.
2	But that was, basically, the only suggestion or concern that
3	the neighbor at 1304 had. But, she did provide support and
4	signed the neighbor notification, in agreement.
5	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. Because, the ANC letter,
6	it doesn't actually say what the vote was and it's not
7	signed.
8	MR. BANKS: Mm-hmm.
9	CHAIRPERSON HILL: So did they vote?
10	MR. BANKS: Yes, they did.
11	CHAIRPERSON HILL: And they voted in favor?
12	MR. BANKS: Yes.
13	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. All right. Okay.
14	Anybody else?
15	(No audible response.)
16	CHAIRPERSON HILL: All right. Mr. Young, I can
17	go ahead and close the hearing and the record. Mr. Banks,
18	I hope you have a nice day.
19	MR. BANKS: Thank you.
20	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. I will agree with the
21	Applicant and how they're meeting the criteria, of course,
22	should grant the relief requested. I don't I wasn't
23	concerned about the shadowing.
24	I don't think there's going to be privacy issues.
25	I think that, you know, it's five feet farther than they

would be allowed, matter of right. It's, kind of, an odd project in that it's, kind of, the cellar that's, kind of, going out.

And then, really, the deck is something that I think is more of a concern. But, I think that they -- I don't think that there's a whole lot of issue with this, in my opinion.

And that, the fact that the neighbors are comfortable with the project moving forward, and that the ANC apparently has given the testimony, did vote in favor. However, I don't think we have a full report in order to give it great weight.

I don't know why it wasn't signed and/or put the voting numbers in there. Maybe, in the future, the ANC would finish completing that. But, I'm going to be voting in favor. Mr. Blake?

MEMBER BLAKE: I'm comfortable. I believe, the Applicant has met the burden of proof to be granted the relief. The only thing I'm concerned about is the fence. It's not a -- it could -- we could include it as a condition of a proposal.

Even when I read the ANC's letter, it did not actually mention the fence. It talked about erode abatement and other things, but I don't see where the fence is actually mentioned.

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And I do believe the fence, the ease, would be 2 helpful, but it's not necessarily required, because we don't necessarily think that the testimony would not suggest in the 3 ask, status, studies, and so forth, that there would be an 5 issue with privacy, because of the low level of the addition. So, for that reason, I think that I would like to 6 7 get your thoughts on including that condition for the fence 8 to the east. 9 CHAIRPERSON HILL: I don't have a, necessarily, I'll let my 10 an issue with including that as a condition. other fellow Board Members give any feedback. 11 Vice Chair 12 Miller? 13 COMMISSIONER MILLER: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. And thank Applicant's representative 14 Ι the for their presentation, and the Office of Planning report supporting 15 the application. 16 17 Yes, I wish ANC 4-E, had submitted a signed letter with the vote count, and that if the privacy fence was an 18 19 issue with their support, I wish it was included in that, in the text of the letter, which it isn't. 20 2.1 But, I mean, I tend to agree. So, I think the 22 Applicant, in general -- not in general. The Applicant has 2.3 methods and specific and general criteria for the special 24 exception relief that's been requested. 25 think I would be more comfortable, if

1	included the privacy fence as a condition. We don't have a
2	rendering. I don't want to delay this from going forward,
3	to wait for a rendering.
4	So, I don't know what others think about that?
5	I'd be more comfortable including it as a condition, if that
6	would be appropriate. But, I'm supportive of this
7	application.
8	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Thank you. Vice Chair John?
9	VICE CHAIR JOHN: I believe, I heard the Applicant
10	state that they had planned to put in a privacy fence anyway.
11	And so, they would've been okay with what the neighbor
12	requested.
13	So, I am not opposed to putting it in as a
14	condition, since there's nothing in the architectural plans
15	to show the fence. So, I realize this is a little different
16	than what we normally do, but in this case, the Applicant has
17	agreed to including the fence.
18	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. And, Mr. Young, is Mr.
19	Banks still there?
20	MR. YOUNG: Yes, he is.
21	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Could you bring him back in?
22	MR. BANKS: I'm here.
23	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Hi, Mr. Banks. Can you hear
24	me?
25	MR. BANKS: Yes.

1	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. Just, for the record,
2	could you reintroduce yourself, please?
3	MR. BANKS: Yes. Andrei Banks with MWB
4	Architects.
5	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Thank you. Mr. Banks, what I'm
6	looking at, in your slide deck, is Slide 13.
7	MR. BANKS: Mm-hmm.
8	CHAIRPERSON HILL: There's, like, a privacy fence
9	that is when you were talking about the privacy fence, you
10	made it seem as though you're going to be creating a privacy
11	fence, just like the neighbor.
12	MR. BANKS: Yes.
13	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Is that correct?
14	MR. BANKS: Correct.
15	CHAIRPERSON HILL: So it's
16	MR. BANKS: So the
17	CHAIRPERSON HILL: six
18	MR. BANKS: So the
19	CHAIRPERSON HILL: feet tall, correct?
20	(Simultaneous speaking.)
21	MR. BANKS: Correct. Yes.
22	CHAIRPERSON HILL: And it goes all the way around
23	the property, actually enclosing the cars, correct?
24	MR. BANKS: Correct. That's correct.
25	CHAIRPERSON HILL: And is that the intent of your

1	client?
2	MR. BANKS: That's correct.
3	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay.
4	MR. BANKS: Yes.
5	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Then that would be included as
6	a condition, it sounds like, from the Board.
7	MR. BANKS: That's fine.
8	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. All right.
9	MR. BANKS: Yes. He intends to do it anyway.
10	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. Great.
11	MR. BANKS: Yes.
12	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Does anybody have any final
13	questions, since I've got Mr. Banks back?
14	(No audible response.)
15	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. All right. I'm going
16	to go ahead excuse you, again, and close the hearing, Mr.
17	Banks. Thank you.
18	MR. BANKS: Okay. Thank you.
19	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. So, again, I don't
20	really need to re-describe what I think of this case, but I
21	will add the condition, as such.
22	I'll make a motion to approve Application No.
23	21116, as caption read by the Secretary, including a
24	condition that a privacy fence, six feet high, to encompass
25	the entire property, similar to the one that is in Slide 13

1	in the Applicant's PowerPoint presentation, be listed as a
2	condition, and ask for a second, Ms. John?
3	VICE CHAIR JOHN: Second.
4	CHAIRPERSON HILL: The motion made and seconded.
5	Ms. Mehlert, will you take a roll call, please?
6	MS. MEHLERT: Please respond to the Chair's motion
7	to approve the application, with the privacy fence condition.
8	Chairman Hill?
9	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Yes.
10	MS. MEHLERT: Vice Chair John?
11	VICE CHAIR JOHN: Yes.
12	MS. MEHLERT: Member Blake?
13	(No audible response.)
14	MS. MEHLERT: Commissioner Miller?
15	COMMISSIONER MILLER: Yes.
16	MS. MEHLERT: The Staff would recorded the vote
17	as 4-0-1, to approve Applicant 21116, with a condition on the
18	motion made by Chairman Hill and seconded by Vice Chair John,
19	with one board member not participating.
20	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Thank you. If you want to call
21	our next case, when you get a chance, Ms. Mehlert.
22	MS. MEHLERT: So, the next case is Applicant No.
23	21117 of RSSN Associates, LP, and Atelier Verre, LLC. This
24	is a self-certified application, pursuant to Subtitle X
25	Section 901.2, for a special exception under Subtitle U

Section 513.1(h), to allow a massage establishment in one unit, on the second floor of an existing building. This is located in MU-4 Zone, at 1228 1/2 31st Street, NW, Square 1208, Lot 879.

CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. Thank you. If the Applicant can hear me, if they could please introduce themselves for the record.

MS. WILSON: Hi. Alex Wilson from Sullivan and Barrows, on behalf of the Applicant in this case.

CHAIRPERSON HILL: Great. Ms. Wilson, I guess, if you want to walk us through your client's application and why you believe they're meeting the criteria for us to grant the relief requested.

The one question, I guess, some of us, kind of, had was, like, we weren't clear as to who the owner was, and just wanted to make sure that all the proper paperwork had been signed, so that we can have this here before us. If you can clarify that, and make sure that, you know, we are all tidy, I suppose? And you can begin whenever you like.

MS. WILSON: Sure. Thank you so much. Mr. Young, could you please pull up the presentation? And, as he's doing that, Exhibit 28 and 30 should clarify the ownership. It's owned by Hamilton Court, LLC. And we now have a letter of authorization from that entity, to represent them in front of the Board of Zoning Adjustment.

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1	CHAIRPERSON HILL: And where's that letter, I'm
2	sorry, can you tell me again?
3	MS. WILSON: Sure. It's in Exhibit 30.
4	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay.
5	MS. WILSON: And we sent the deed to the Office
6	of Zoning and, I believe, they submitted that into the
7	record, as Exhibit 28.
8	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay.
9	MS. WILSON: Sorry that confusion.
10	CHAIRPERSON HILL: No, it's okay. All right. Go
11	ahead, Ms. Wilson.
12	MS. WILSON: Great. Thank you so much. If Mr.
13	Young could please go to the next slide. The property is
14	located in Georgetown in the MU-4 Zone district, and is
15	improved with a three-story office building.
16	And the Applicant is proposing to lease one of the
17	existing commercial units to Global Wellness Options, an
18	existing massage establishment in the Georgetown area. In
19	the MU-4 Zone, massage as a principle use is permitted via
20	special exception, subject to the conditions of U 513.1(h).
21	The Office of Planning is recommending approval.
22	ANC 2-E voted unanimously to support, and there are three
23	letters of support in the record.
24	Next slide, please. Global Wellness Options
25	currently operates in Georgetown, but would like to relocate

operations to the subject property. The Applicant is proposing two treatment rooms with the total of three massage tables.

There are a variety of massage services offered. The hours of operation are 9:00 a.m. to 7:30 p.m., Monday through Friday, and 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m., on Sunday. And Global Wellness is closed on Saturdays.

The unit is small, approximately, 450 square feet and will have a limited capacity, given there are only two massage rooms, and so even at peak intensity, the establishment would have a maximum of three massage tables, one to two guests in the waiting room, and a staff member in the waiting area.

Next slide, please. Providing the general special exception requirements, the property is located in the MU-4 Zone, which is a mix-use commercial zone. There are no proposed changes to the building, as a result of this relief, only a change to one of the existing commercial units, in an existing commercial office building, located behind M Street, in Georgetown.

The property is an existing commercial office building. And so, the limited nature of the proposed use shall not adversely affect the use of neighboring properties, which appear to have more intense commercial uses than the proposed massage establishment.

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Next slide, please. Regarding the specific special exception requirements, the proposal safely meets the criteria, as it will be compatible with other uses in the area, will be contained in a small, existing commercial unit within an existing office building, have limited patronage and, therefore, limited foot traffic.

It's also located close to public transit bus stops and a parking garage. The nature of a massage establishment is such that no noise should be expected. And, finally, Global Wellness is run by Ms. McLinden, a licensed professional, who operates in a professional manner, in Georgetown already.

Existing customers have written letters of support, in the record, attesting to her professional and capable operation within the community, and they look forward to watching her business continue to thrive in the Georgetown community.

Accordingly, the proposed use shall not have an adverse impact on religious, educational, or other institutional facilities in the area. Next slide, please. That concludes my presentation. I'm happy to answer any questions.

CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. Thank you. Before I turn to my Board Members, can I turn to the Office of Planning?

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Hi. Good morning, again, Mr. Chair 1 MR. LAWSON: and Members of the Board. Joel Lawson with the Office of 2 3 Planning. 4 I'm just here for a second to interview us a new 5 staff member to the Board of Zoning Adjustment. Phillip Bradford joined OP, just a few months ago. Pretty recent 6 7 recruit. 8 He has a ton of experience working in Oregon, in 9 Ohio, and more recently and locally, in Arlington. He brings 10 to us a lot of experience in review of large projects and small projects in development and preparing reports and 11 presenting them to boards, such as the BZA, such as you. So, we just want to welcome Phillip to the team 13 and introduce him to you, and I'll turn it over to Phillip 14 15 to give our report. 16 CHAIRPERSON HILL: Thank you, Mr. Lawson. Mr. 17 Bradford, welcome. And, you know, I know that, you know, without the Office of Planning it would be very, 18 difficult to do this job. 19 20 And so, I appreciate all of the time that all of 21 you put in and I hope you enjoy your time with them. 22 Bradford, if you would like, give us your report. 23 Good morning, Commissioners. MR. BRADFORD: Му 24 name is Phillip Bradford with the Office of Planning. We

the application meets

that

the special

criteria for massage establishment in Subtitle U. 1 2 And we stand on the record of the report 3 support of the application. And I'm available for any 4 questions you may have. 5 CHAIRPERSON HILL: Thank you. Does anyone have any questions for the Office of Planning? 6 7 (No audible response.) CHAIRPERSON HILL: 8 All right. Let's see, Mr. 9 Young, is there anyone here wishing to speak? 10 (No audible response.) 11 CHAIRPERSON HILL: Thank you. Ms. Wilson, do you have anything else, are you at the end? Thank you for your time today. 13 MS. WILSON: CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. Great. Thank you. 14 All 15 I'm going to go ahead and close the hearing and the I would agree with the application that the 16 record. Okay. 17 client -- I'm sorry. That the application that has been before us, I believe, is meeting the criteria for us to grant 18 19 the relief requested. 2.0 take comfort in the analysis the Office of 2.1 Planning has provided, as well as that of ANC 2-E. 22 didn't really have a lot of concerns with this. Also, being 2.3 an establishment that is already there in the Georgetown 24 community and is trying to expand, I'm going to be voting in

favor.

1	Mr. Blake, do you have anything you would like to
2	add?
3	MEMBER BLAKE: I agree with your assessment and
4	I will be voting in favor of the application.
5	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. Great. Let's see, Vice
6	Chair Miller?
7	COMMISSIONER MILLER: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
8	Yes, I support the application and agree with your comments,
9	and believe that the Applicant has met the specific and
10	general criteria for special exception relief in this case.
11	And I give great weight to the Office of Planning
12	and ANC 2-E's comments in favor of it, and the neighbors who
13	have also used the establishment where it's previously been
14	located, so I'm supportive. Thank you.
15	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Thank you. Vice Chair John?
16	VICE CHAIR JOHN: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. I have
17	nothing further to add. I believe the application meets the
18	criteria for relief, as explained by my colleagues.
19	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Thank you. All right. I'm
20	going to go ahead to make a motion to approve Application No.
21	21117, as caption read by the Secretary, and ask for a
22	second, Ms. John?
23	VICE CHAIR JOHN: Second.
24	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Motion been made, and seconded.
25	And, Ms. Mehlert, if you'd take a roll call?

1	MS. MEHLERT: Motion to approve the application.
2	Chairman Hill?
3	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Yes.
4	MS. MEHLERT: Vice Chair John?
5	VICE CHAIR JOHN: Yes.
6	MS. MEHLERT: Member Blake?
7	MEMBER BLAKE: Yes.
8	MS. MEHLERT: And Commissioner Miller?
9	COMMISSIONER MILLER: Yes.
10	MS. MEHLERT: Staff would record the vote as 4-0-1
11	to approve Application 21117, on the motion made by Chairman
12	Hill and seconded by Vice Chair John, with one board member
13	not participating.
14	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Thank you. All right. So, we
15	have an appeal before us. And I think that that will take,
16	you know, some time. I'm not clear if we should go ahead.
17	And I'm just looking at my fellow board members.
18	Go ahead and try to take lunch now, or go ahead
19	and see how far we can get? I'm, kind of, curious as to what
20	my fellow board members think? I don't have a preference.
21	(No audible response.)
22	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. We'll just see. I mean,
23	if nobody really has a preference, let's just go ahead and
24	see how far we get. And if we want to take a break, we can
25	go ahead and take a break. Okay?

(No audible response.) 1 2 CHAIRPERSON HILL: All right. Then, if that's the 3 case, let us at least take a quick ten minutes and just get, you know, coffee, get whatever we want. 5 (Whereupon, the above-entitled matter went off the record at 11:25 a.m. and resumed at 11:49 a.m.) 6 7 CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. Ms. Mehlert, you may 8 call our appeal. 9 Okay. So, the next and last case MS. MEHLERT: 10 of the day is Appeal No. 21082, of Wardman Hotel Strategy 11 Team, Madhusan Ramachandran, and Renate Wallenberg. This is an appeal, pursuant to Subtitle X, Section 12 1100, challenging decisions made on October 23rd and 26th, 13 Department Building 14 by the D.C. οf and 15 Administrator, to issue building permits Nos. B2307474, and B2305655. 16 17 This is located in the RA-2 and RA-4 Zones, at 2650 Woodley Road, NW, and 2601 Calvert Street, NW. 18 It's Square 2132, Lots 855 and 856. As preliminary matters, both, 19 2.0 the property owner and Department of Buildings have filed 2.1 motions to dismiss. 22 CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. Great. Let's see. 23 Let's wait until everybody gets put in here. Okay. 24 Appellant hear me? And, if so, could they

themselves for the record?

1	(No audible response.)
2	CHAIRPERSON HILL: I think it's Mr. Brown.
3	(Pause.)
4	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. We'll wait for Mr. Brown
5	to log in. I think, is possibly what's going on. Can DOB
6	introduce themselves for the record?
7	MR. COX: Good morning. My name is Erik Cox. I'm
8	the Deputy General Counsel for the D.C. Department of
9	Buildings. With me today are Attorneys Brent Fuller, Colleen
10	Smythe, and they will be presenting DOB's case in this
11	appeal. And, also, on is Zoning Administrator Kathleen
12	Beeton. Good morning.
13	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Yes. Okay. Give me one
14	second, please. Good morning. Let's see. Okay. Okay.
15	Great. Mr. Brown, can you hear me?
16	MR. BROWN: Can you see me and hear me?
17	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Yes, I can see and hear you.
18	MR. BROWN: Good morning. It's just, we're still
19	barely morning, Mr. Chairman. Glad to be back to see you
20	again, and ready to proceed.
21	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. Great, Mr. Brown. You
22	look like you're in better health than the last time we saw
23	you.
24	MR. BROWN: That's correct.
25	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Let's see. Okay. Is the ANC

1	Commissioner here?
2	MS. PAGATS: I am, as well as Adam Prinzo, who's
3	a single-member District Rep. I'm the Chair of the 3C.
4	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. Great. Could you
5	introduce yourself, Commissioner?
6	MS. PAGATS: I'm Janell Pagats, so the Chair of
7	3C, and a single-member District 3C-03.
8	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. And you said the SMD is
9	with us?
10	MS. PAGATS: Yes. Commissioner Adam Prinzo.
11	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Commissioner Prinzo, if you can
12	hear me, could you introduce yourself, for the record?
13	MR. PRINZO: This is Adam Prinzo, and I am the ANC
14	Commissioner for 3C-02, which includes the Wardman property.
15	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. Great. Let's see. Who
16	else do we have with us that hasn't introduced themselves?
17	Oh, the property owners. Is the property owner with us?
18	MR. AVITABILE: Yes we are, Chair Hill. This is
19	David Avitabile, with Goulston and Storrs, on behalf of the
20	property owner. I'm joined by Shane Dettman, our urban
21	planner. My colleague, Liv Torres, is also with me.
22	Our Architect, Ari Blumenthal, is also available.
23	I don't believe he'll be speaking directly, but we wanted to
24	have him if questions arose.
25	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. One moment, please.

(Pause.)

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CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. All right. So, I am going to look up something real quick here.

(Pause.)

CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. So, I'm just, kind of, going to go over this list again. So, we're going to deal with any preliminary matters. Then, we're going to have a statement from the Appellant and the Appellant's witnesses.

Then, we're going to have respective cases that the parties are interveners in support of the appeal, which would be, you know, if you would in support of the appeal, the owners, the effected ANC, any other party permitted to intervene in support of the appeal. Then -- and then, we'll hear from Department of Buildings and the property owner, if they're opposed to the appeal. And everyone will have a chance to go ahead and ask questions of one another, and we're just going to, kind of, move this as best we can.

So, welcome, Zoning Administrator. Another Zoning Administrator day, with us. So, let's see. There was a preliminary matter, and it was, and I'm like looking at my fellow board members.

I mean, there was, you know, a lot of information in the record about the dismissal, or the request to dismiss, because the Appellant wasn't able to appeal. Like, they aren't actually here before us correctly, and/or they are not

putting anything forward that is a zoning issue, right?

And so, I'm just looking at my fellow board members. Because, if we're all in agreement on this same side, then we don't need to go through this process of presentations on this particular issue.

I did see the presentations on the PowerPoints from the DOB and the interveners. And so, I thought it was helpful. But, I mean, I was able to read everything. I think that, in terms of people bringing an appeal to us, I mean, the bar is relatively low, in terms of, you know, those that are able to bring an appeal to us.

It's not based on location. It's not based on the criteria that was argued, at one point, from the dismissal, as to, you know, how they're effected. And I think that in the past the Board has taken appeals from people that live outside the 200 feet.

In this particular case, there are a couple of people that are in this group that are within the 200 feet. In addition to that, there are a couple of zoning issues that had been brought up in the appeal, concerning, I guess, one of which, is being, you know, a meaningful connection that I think is something that we are going to be hearing from, if we get past this.

So, I wouldn't be voting to dismiss this appeal and I would be voting to just go ahead and hear it and see

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where we get, and that would be my thoughts. I'm going to 1 go around the table for my fellow board members, to see what 2 3 their thoughts are, and I'm going to begin with Mr. Blake. 4 MEMBER BLAKE: Thank you, Mr. Chair. 5 agree that, there is a relatively low bar for an appeal. It's certainly much lower than the bar that we've used to 6 7 establish party status in our typical cases. 8 I do know that, recognize that there are a couple 9 of people that are, any association that do reside, however, 10 within the 200-foot range, and as you point out, a number of the issues that have been brought up, and for question, are 11 12 zoning-related issues. I'm not sure if this is a charted entity, but I 13 do not believe the zoning regulations require that, or 14 15 preclude those, such an organization from doing that, and I do not believe that the level of aggrievement is met. 16 That 17 it's significantly, a significant requirement in this. I do see elements of that, here. So, I would be in favor of 18 denying the dismissal of this, and hearing the appeal. 19 20 CHAIRPERSON HILL: Thank you. Vice Chair Miller? 2.1 COMMISSIONER MILLER: Mr. Chairman, yes, I think that I want to hear the substantive arguments on the appeal, 22

and I concur with the comments that each of you have made.

Thank you.

So, I am ready to proceed.

CHAIRPERSON HILL:

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Vice Chair John?

VICE CHAIR JOHN: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. Ι would also agree that the Appellant has standing to file the appeal and that, the level, the degree of the aggrievement, for want of a better word, is not as high as for an appeal in the D.C. Court of Appeals. That, the BZA has a much more relaxed standard, as has been the Board's practice in the past, which has been confirmed by the D.C. Court of Appeals. So, on that issue I would not dismiss for lack of standing. I think there's some issues that were mentioned at some point that are not zoning issues. Like, the need for more IC units. And that's not a zoning issue. And that, the Appellant has to really cite a particular regulation, which was done in one of the amended filings. 14 So, on that basis, I believe there is a claim of error, a legitimate claim of error of a zoning regulation. And so, based on all of that, I would not dismiss the appeal, but would go ahead and hear the case. 18 Thank you. All right. CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. So, I'm going to make a motion then, to deny the dismissal of the appeals from both the Department of Buildings and the property owners, and ask for a second, Ms. John? VICE CHAIR JOHN: Second. CHAIRPERSON HILL: The motion made and seconded, Ms. Mehlert. If you could take a roll call.

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1	MS. MEHLERT: Please respond to the Chair's motion
2	to deny the motion to dismiss from the Department of
3	Buildings and the property owner.
4	Chairman Hill?
5	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Yes.
6	MS. MEHLERT: Vice Chair John?
7	VICE CHAIR JOHN: Yes.
8	MS. MEHLERT: Mr. Blake?
9	(No audible response.)
10	MS. MEHLERT: Commissioner Miller?
11	COMMISSIONER MILLER: Yes.
12	MS. MEHLERT: And staff will record the vote as
13	4-0-1, to deny the motions to dismiss on the motion made by
14	Chairman Hill and seconded by Vice Chair John, with one board
15	member not participating.
16	CHAIRPERSON HILL: That'll be great. Thank you.
17	Let me see. Just one moment, please.
18	(Pause.)
19	MR. FULLER: Chairman Hill, Brent Fuller, on
20	behalf of the Department of Buildings. I know you guys just,
21	sort of, articulated on the record your rationale for denying
22	the motion to dismiss.
23	Just for the record, there were a couple of bases
24	indicated in the premise to substantiate the denial of the
25	motion to dismiss. Just for the record and to clarify, I

think there was a mention that there are board members, or members of this organization that live within 200 feet of the property.

I'm not aware of any indication on the record that there are members of this organization that reside within 200 feet of the property. If possible, I would like some clarification on that issue.

Moreover, there was indication that the Reg does permit this type of organization to file an appeal. I'm not sure where in the zoning regulation this type of organization would be included as in person, entitled to file an appeal with the Board of Zoning Administration.

So, I'd just like to mention that, for the record, and to the extent that the Board might be willing to shed some light, or provide additional clarification on those issues. It could be appreciated, just for purposes of the record.

CHAIRPERSON HILL: That's fine, Mr. Fuller. And I might of misspoke. I thought there was a couple of people that were in the organization that were inside the 200 feet.

But, whether there were or not, it still doesn't change the opinions, I believe, of the Board, in terms of what they were thinking -- in terms of what we've had people before us with appeals.

And then, in terms of, with the organization and,

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you know, whatever regulation was being cited, I can come 1 2 back to you on that one, then. I have to ask legal. 3 me think here. 4 So, what I'm going to do is, I'm going to go ahead 5 and start with the Appellant, Mr. Brown. And then, the owner was, like, kind of, confused. Is the Chair here, Chairman 6 7 Pagats, can you hear me, again? MS. PAGATS: 8 Yes. 9 CHAIRPERSON HILL: It was unclear to me, from your 10 letter, if you guys were in support of the appeal, or opposed 11 to the appeal? 12 MS. PAGATS: We are very much opposed to the 13 appeal. CHAIRPERSON HILL: 14 Okay. Got it. So then, 15 going ahead, Commissioner, and we'll hear to go Appellant, and then we'll hear from you, and then we'll hear 16 17 from the Department of Building. 18 Let me think, how are we going to do this? We're going to hear from the Appellant, we're going to hear from 19 20 the Department of Buildings, then we're going to hear the 21 property owner. 22 Then, we'll come back to you, Commissioner, at the And, everybody will get a chance to give their 23 24 presentation and ask questions. Mr. Brown, you may begin,

whenever you like.

1 **BROWN:** I ask Mr. Young to bring up MR. 2 PowerPoint presentation, which is Exhibit 20. And I will -that's not it. Exhibit 20. 3 4 (Pause.) 5 MR. **BROWN:** Thank you. I'd like to just through these slides as quickly as I 6 can. This is a 7 complicated case, and I need a little time to, sort of, lay 8 the background for you. 9 If you could, next slide, please. Our basic 10 principle claim is that, there's a violation in the issuance of these two building permits, because the property is 11 12 subject to being in an RA-zoned area, is subject to the prohibition on multiple buildings on a single record lot. 13 14 The basic framework for our claim is that, there are already two principle buildings on record, Lot 32, and 15 16 the permit would allow either one or two more, and that would 17 be in violation of Section 3, Section 302.2. 18 Next slide, please. What's on record Lot 32, 19 right now? There are two existing structures. One is the 2.0 Wardman Tower. It used to be, until recently, it was on 2.1 former, on Lot 833. I'm not sure exactly what has happened 22 to that lot, but I think it's been subdivided up further as 23 a condominium properties.

852, and the proposed structures are going to be on ANT Lots

The Woodley Apartments are on ANT Lots 848 and

855. That's one of the permits. And the other one is going to be on ANT Lot 856. That's the other permit.

And I will show you, by diagram, exactly how that looks on the next slide. The property that the Applicant owns used to be ANT Lot 854. On the next slide, please. It used to be Lot, ANT Lot 854.

It's now been broken up into two other ANT Lots 855 and 856, for purposes of construction of the two apartment buildings that are going to be joined together, one on each ANT lot.

Next slide, please. This shows you the complexity of the proposal. This is the zoning site plan from the permit documents, which I've colored up, a bit, to illustrate the points.

You see the overall plan is to show that most of this record lot is in the RA-2 zone, with a small portion of it at the south end in the RA-4 zone. The RA-2 portion is in what's called -- the purpose of the RA-2 zone is for moderate density apartments. And the purpose of the RA-4 zone is medium to high-density apartments.

And what you see on this diagram is that, the claim that we are going to be challenging is that, we don't see how you can justify the notion that there's only going to be one building on record Lot 32.

The Woodley Apartments are owned by,

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independently, by another entity. The Wardman Tower is owned independently, in part, the lower floors are owned by the Applicant and most of the upper floors are owned in condominium ownership.

And, if you turn to Slide No. 6, this is where the prohibition on multiple primary buildings on one record lot exists. It's a combination of A Section 301.3 and C 302.2. There are three exceptions that are allowed to that basic rule.

Providing a theoretical lot subdivision approval. Erecting primary buildings in accord with an approved campus plan, or erecting multiple buildings in accordance with an approved plan unit development.

There is no claim in this case that any of those three exceptions apply. So, we go back to the question of whether or not this is or is not more than one building.

And we say that, if you look at Slide No. 7, that right now, the Applicant is relying on Section B 309.1 to claim that multiple buildings can be deemed a single building for zoning purposes, if they meet the requirements of 309.1.

We do not dispute that. But, the dispute here is, whether or not they actually meet those requirements. So, on the next slide, Slide No. 8, I have quoted the exact language from Paragraph 309.1 that has to be met.

Now, at this point, some of the claims -- well,

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Mr. -- if you'll go to Slide No. 9, you will see that, when 1 our architect, Mr. Schulman, prepared his analysis of the 2 3 permits, he concluded that the A/B connection between the Applicant's two segments was not fully above grade, and, 5 therefore, failed at Section 309.1(a). And, since that time, additional clarification 6 7 information has come in from the Applicant, explaining why 8 that segment will be fully above grade. We have decided not 9 to challenge the Applicant on that basis, in light of this 10 new information. So, our claim under 309.1 is withdrawn. 11 12 In a similar fashion, we understand that it's --13 CHAIRPERSON HILL: Mr. Brown, can you repeat that, again? I'm sorry. Can you repeat what you just said? 14 15 (Simultaneous speaking.) 16 I'm sorry? MR. BROWN: 17 Can you repeat what you just CHAIRPERSON HILL: 18 said? 19 We made a claim that there was MR. BROWN: Yes. 2.0 a violation of Section 309.1(a), because the two segments of 21 the Applicant's building, Segment A and Segment B, were not 22 joined with a connection that was fully above grade. 23 Now, the Applicant has submitted information to 24 show that, when you evaluate that under the, what's called

the grade plain method, the property is fully above grade.

And we have decided to withdraw that aspect of our claim.

So, we're not contesting that the Building Segments A and B have a connection that is fully above grade. We also do not contest that the connection between A and B is lacking in being enclosed and artificially heated and lit.

So, we also have no claim that, that in any respect, Building Segments A and B could not properly be treated as a single building, under Section 309.1.

What's left to consider is, whether or not the connection between the Woodley and these two segments and the connection between the Wardman and these two segments meets the test of Subparagraph D, of Section 309.1.

Mr. Schulman will explain that, just to use the shorthand that the Applicant has used, the connection between the Woodley and Building Segment B, is called a breeze-way, and the connection between the Wardman Tower and Building Segment A, is called arcade.

So I will refer to these two connections, respectively, as the breeze-way and the arcade. Mr. Schulman will explain from the drawings, why the connections do not comply with the requirements of D(1) and D(2), either one.

And that means that, neither, the Woodley nor the Wardman can be considered part of the Applicant's single building, whether they characterize it as one or two segments, and therefore, fails the test of Section 309.1(d).

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But, if you will go back to Slide 8, I just, before Mr. Schulman explains from the drawings, why that is so, I just want to make a few comments about these requirements in Section 309.1(d).

First of all, I would note that, back in the day when there was a hotel on the property, this project, or these three buildings, the Woodley, the Wardman, and the Wardman Park Hotel qualified as a single building under zoning regulations that have been amended, since the time that happened.

been Now, the hotel has raised and those connections have been severed. And it's being not a hotel, reconstructed as it's being constructed two-segment apartment building.

The intervener does not claim any grand fathering from that earlier decision and recognizes that, to restore the single building status, the new connections must meet the current standards that were enacted in the 2016 zoning regulations.

Now, one of the things that came up in the process of getting approval for this single building was something called a single record lot covenant. A private agreement between the owners of the three buildings at that time, to maintain the single building status.

We argued and there's a legal analysis in the

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record that, that a covenant of this sort is a private agreement that cannot override the requirements. And, now, in response, the intervener seems to agree.

But, the intervener will also tell you that, the single record lot covenant really played no part in the Zoning Administrator's determination that this was a single building, he just applied the law.

But, if you will look at Slide 12, you will see that, in the second paragraph that, our contingent is that the Applicant, nevertheless, sought and obtained the Zoning Administrator's non-binding preliminary agreement, with its baseless claim that the single building connection must be maintained, regardless of any development or redevelopment of the hotel property, pursuant to a recorded single record lot covenant.

This is a claim, as we understand it, that they were trying to get the Zoning Administrator to agree that the covenant, itself, would control. When, in fact, now the intervener is claiming, well we recognize that it doesn't control.

But that's why we said that the single record lot covenant was given an outside significance in the Zoning Administrator's determination.

The quote there on Page 12, is from a July 25th, 2023 Email to legal counsel from the Zoning Administrator,

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just two or three months before the final building permits 1 2 were approved. 3 Going back to the plain language, on Slide No. 8, 4 just a few additional comments about what this language 5 means. 6 (Pause.) 7 CHAIRPERSON HILL: Mr. Young, could you pop back 8 over to Slide No. 8, please? 9 MR. YOUNG: Yes. 10 CHAIRPERSON HILL: Thank you. MR. BROWN: Our contention is that the Application 11 12 of 309.1(d) should be guided the determination, by the plain language of this particular statute, which was new in 2016. 13 Particularly, since the single building lot status of the 14 15 property was effectively extinguished with the destruction of the hotel. 16 17 Turning to this plain language, there are types of qualifying connections that you see there. 18 Let me look at D(1), first. 19 Common space shared by users of all 2.0 portions of the building. This means all of the connected 2.1 buildings segments. 22 Now, four not necessarily exhausted examples of such shared common space are provided. A lobby, a recreation 23 room, a loading dock, and a service bay. 24 In each case,

however, the common space must be shared by users of all

portions of the building.

Then, turning to Subparagraph 2, the other possibilities is space designed and used to provide free and unrestricted passage between separate portions of the building. And, one, not necessarily exhaustive example is given, an restricted door, or passageway.

The lack of restriction must extend to the separate portions of the building. For example, for a three-tower building, the passageway must be unrestricted so as to get from Tower A to Tower B, and from B to C and, also, from A to C.

And if there isn't a direct connection from A to C, you've got to be able to get there through B. A to B to C. That's what Subparagraph 2 is all about. And the language is plainly about, either, the accessibility of to common space, under G-1, or the unrestrictiveness of the passageway from one building segment to the next, under D-2.

While, the language was adopted -- when this language was adopted in the 2016 zoning rewrite, an additional clarifying section was added, which is 309.2. Which, I'm sorry, is not on here.

But, what it says is that, it's okay, notwithstanding D-1 and D-2, for the individual segments to contain multiple uses or dwellings that do not share access. That's a pretty close paraphrase of what 309.2 says.

This is quite plainly about access within the building segment and not access to, from, or within the connection. For example, let me just give you a couple of common sense examples.

Two apartment towers might be connected by a passageway that provides unrestricted access from one tower to the other, and thus, meets the D-2 requirement, even though, every apartment in both buildings is locked and inaccessible to everyone using the passage, except the owner or occupant of the apartment.

The same would be true of a lobby between apartment towers, where residents of Tower 1 would not even have elevator access to the upper floors of Tower 2, and vice-versa.

In these cases, 309.2 makes clear that, such restrictions within the building segment do not disqualify the passageway or the lobby between them, so long as those passageways are not restricted.

In short, the clarification does not negate the requirements of shared or unrestricted use in, either, D-1 or D-2. I mention all of this in some detail, because you're going to hear that the primary defense of these connections is 309.2. But, it is not about the connections, it's about access to parts of the building outside the connection.

But, let's look at what the axis is within the

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connections and to and from the building segments. They both fail the common space test. Intervener makes clear that the connection, the breeze-way connection will not be shared by users of all segments.

Access is denied to most of the Wardman residents. Similarly, access to the Wardman, through the arcade, is denied to both Woodley residents and most of the Wardman residents. This wasn't completely clear from the building permits, but the intervener has made it quite clear in their presentation that this is their plan.

Both of those connections also fail the unrestricted passageway alternative under D-2. The breeze-way connection is not passable by the users of all segments. All of the Wardman residents are restricted out.

Similarly, the arcade connection is to be denied to, both, Woodley residents and most of the Wardman residents above the first or second floor, which is controlled by the Applicant.

All of this analysis on how to properly apply these connections is explained in greater detail in our supplemental pre-hearing statement, Exhibit 32, Pages 9 to 13.

In addition, this submission discusses in detail the two Boar cases that have dealt with a single building issue, under the current regulations. Those are cases BZA

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19550 and 20183, one in which, I actually participated. Those are discussed in detail in our supplemental filing, at Pages 14 to 20.

I'm not going to go into detail on those. But, I believe, that our presentation, our supplemental presentation makes it quite clear that, neither one of those cases should be regarded as a precedent that provides any reliable justification for uploading the intervener's single building claim in this case.

Let me to turn to Slide No. 13, now, please. This relates to our alternative claim that, even if the single building connection were upheld, there is still a problem. There is a setback problem, with regard to the buildings.

The majority of the project site, in our view, needs to be rezoned to RA-4, where the building height maximum is 90 feet and right No. ow it's in the RA-2 zone, where 90 feet is not allowed, unless it qualifies for the setback exemption, or exception that you will find in Section 3(f), 30203.6.

And the converse of that is, if this property, if that segment of the property were rezoned to RA-4, there would be no question about, either, the height or the setback. The height, the 90-foot building height, at the building height measuring point, we don't contest that, as being in anyway illegal.

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And with no setback requirement in the RA, zone, there's no problem there, either. Our point is, they didn't ask for a rezoning, they're claiming by-right. But, you just don't get to by-right under rezoning, unless you qualify for the exemption under F 203.6.

And when you turn to Slide 14, and you see what you need to do to qualify for the exemption, under 203.6. You can go up to 90 feet, in compliance with the following: the building shall be removed from all lot lines of its lot, for a distance equal to the height of the building above the adjacent natural or finish grade, whichever is lower.

This language establishes a one-to-one setback ratio rule for the length of the setback that's required for the increase in the allowed maximum building height from 50 feet to 90 feet.

So, the first question I have, we need to look at, is what does all along the lot lines mean? What is the plain language? What does that mean, in this context? Well, we say that it means what it says. The setback ratio has to be met all around the lot parameter.

If the project fails this test and places along the parameter, there are three possible fixes. One of them is to lower the building height in that location to match the distance to the lot line.

The second is, instead of lowering the building

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in those places, remove the building further back from the lot line to match the height at that point. Or, the third possible fix, is a combination of those two.

Maybe, adjust the building height and adjust its location, so that it meets the one-to-one setback ratio.

The next question is, well, what is the distance from the building to the lot line? We say, it has to be equal to or more than the height of the building at each point along the lot line.

That's the plain understanding of this language. And if that means that the building has to be lower than -- let me restate it this way. It means that, the horizontal distance can be greater than the legal maximum building height that's measured at the building height measuring point, if the building is higher at some points along the lot lines, as long as it meets the setback requirement.

That, this building height occurs if the zoning maximum height is measured at a higher elevation and the roof line is level. That's the natural effect of having a building height measuring point at a high point and a level roof.

But that is perfectly proper, as long as the exception is met. It doesn't invalidate the building height, and we make no challenge to the building height at the measuring point. But that's what the plain language of

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Section 302 requires. And I show on Slide 15 how we interpret Section 203.6.

The intervener says no. This interpretation is all wrong. The requirement, it means simply that the setback must be at least the legal building height, as measured in just one place, at the building height measuring point.

But, if that was the intent of Section 203.6, it could've simply said, instead of this more complicated language, the building height shall be removed from all lot lines, if it's not by at least 90 feet, end of story.

Instead, we have this complicated, much more complicated one-to-one setback ration requirement. Mr. Schulman will go into detail about how Section 203.6 works in this section.

But, I want to, before I turn it over to him, on this score, I want to emphasize, well, does it really matter who's right on this, the intervener, or us? And, I would say, in many cases, it doesn't.

If the lot is level, or nearly level, just about everywhere, the setback requirement will be 90 feet everywhere, because the building height doesn't really change, because there's no slope in grade. It matters only when the land is sloping downward away from the building height measuring point.

And it should matter in these cases, because the

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exception produces buildings, who's above grade elevation will run higher than 90 feet in the RA-2 zone, and it certainly does that in this case.

The overall slope of this property is at least 70 feet from Woodland down to Calvert, and that means a whole lot of the elevations are going to show that the distance from the natural grade, or the finish grade, to the roof line, is going to be way, way more than 90 feet.

But, it's legal, so long as the building height measuring point is legal and so long as the building is adequately setback under the standards of F 203.6.

I just want to emphasize, and I'm saying -- I put this on Line 17, on Slide 17, or Slide 16. That, there just would be no problem with this complaint, if the property were properly re-zoned to the RA-4 zone.

But, of course, the reason the Wardman Hotel strategy team is complaining about this is because, the Applicant insisting on proceeding on a by-right basis, rather than go through a re-zoning.

And, in Slide No. 18, we point out that, if the Applicant had gone through a PUD map amendment process, it would've obligated all issues presented in this appeal, but would've required a demonstration of public benefits to justify zoning relief.

Instead, it went through the large track review

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process. And I've shown very briefly in the concluding slides that, the large track review process didn't analyze this particular question.

In fact, the Office of Planning's LTR report lamented the fact that, that the Applicant should be encouraged to work with the District agencies to take advantage of existing programs to increase the number of dedicated affordable housing units, rather than just go with the legal minimum.

A similar concern, as you'll see on Slide 21, was echoed by DHCD, which was reflected in the OP letter, LTR report, and strongly encouraging the Applicant to provide additional licensed square footage.

That means above and beyond the eight percent That sentimentality is also reflected, you'll see minimum. in the next slide, about the Connecticut Avenue redevelopment quidelines, which than that, are even newer opportunities for affordable September, pursue greater housing for this particular project, if you could, if it doesn't exceed exactly as proposed, which is exactly what we would like to see happen.

It should not proceed exactly as proposed, because it's not a single building, when it's a combined with Woodley and the Wardman. Next slide, also, shows the same sentimentality with regard to the entire Rock Creek West

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area, as reflected in PUDs that have come up.

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I know from personal experience, how strongly the Commission regards the importance of the public benefit of exceeding the statutory minimum in inclusionary zoning. That's a number one basic, major public benefit.

And the comprehensive plan and everything about zoning policy is oriented to achieving a greater amount of affordable housing throughout the city, and particularly in the Rock Creek West area, and particularly on the Connecticut Avenue area, and particularly on this particular project.

That's why the strategy team is involved in this case. They are not saying that, that there is a violation of the amount of affordable housing being provided, they meet the legal minimum.

They want to see this project get out from under this claim that it's by-right, it's not by-right. It needs a re-zoning. It needs a PUD process, and that's exactly where they will have to face the Commission and the public's concern about providing more affordable housing, and that's where they're hope is and why they've been involved in this case from the beginning.

So, turning to Slide No. 24. This is the combination of what we think this case is about, even though, we have to base it on the single building claim.

The Applicant has done everything it can to bend

1	and distort and abuse the by-right process, with this single
2	building claim, in an unspoken effort to minimize it's
3	affordable housing commitment and evade all of these
4	well-grounded entreaties of district agencies and like-minded
5	residents
6	VICE CHAIR JOHN: Mr. Brown.
7	MR. BROWN: to do more than the bare legal
8	minimum
9	VICE CHAIR JOHN: Mr. Brown.
10	MR. BROWN: for affordable housing.
11	(Simultaneous speaking.)
12	VICE CHAIR JOHN: Mr. Brown, can you hear me?
13	MR. BROWN: Yes.
14	VICE CHAIR JOHN: I know you've practiced before
15	this Board, a lot, and you do know that we cannot consider
16	the issues relating to the Plan Unit Development, or the
17	motive, and we're just here to determine if the project
18	complies with the zoning regulations. So, to the extent that
19	you can focus your presentation on those issues
20	MR. BROWN: I'm almost
21	VICE CHAIR JOHN: that will be very helpful.
22	And, you know, we can't consider those policy issues. So,
23	it's
24	MR. BROWN: I understand. But
25	VICE CHAIR JOHN: Okay.

1	(Simultaneous speaking.)
2	MR. BROWN: But, there is argument here about,
3	whether or not they do or do not comply with the single
4	building thing, and
5	VICE CHAIR JOHN: So let's
6	MR. BROWN: and
7	VICE CHAIR JOHN: let's focus
8	(Laughter.)
9	VICE CHAIR JOHN: let's focus on that, Mr.
10	Brown, because this Board has a lot of experience dealing
11	with that particular issue.
12	(Simultaneous speaking.)
13	MR. BROWN: Yes. All right. Let me if you
14	like, I can go into more detail about why the two cases that
15	have come up, since the enactment of the 2016 regulations
16	should not be applied here.
17	That, the most important point I would make is
18	that, the statute, Subparagraph 1 and Subparagraph 2, have
19	differing requirements and you cannot mix and match them.
20	In the case, the 19550 case, what the Board did
21	in that case, was to characterize a three-foot, eight-inch
22	passageway between two segments, as a lobby. But, a
23	passageway is not a lobby.
24	The plain language of the statute does not allow
25	you to basically say that a three-foot, eight-inch passageway

that's barely wide enough for one person, let alone two people to pass each other, as if it were a sidewalk. It's a lobby. It just doesn't make any sense. That case was not challenged in the court of appeals.

The Applicant was not represented by counsel and it is, simply, an reliable precedent to be applied here. With respect to the other case, in which, I participated, we made no claim that there was a violation of Subparagraph D, either, 1 or 2.

Our claim was focused on, whether or not the passageway between the community center and, what I thought, was characterized as a homeless shelter, was or was not a fully above grade, and that's where this issue about the grade plain method for application of the fully above grade standard was at issue.

We lost on that issue, and I'm not reiterating it here. That we've dropped our claim. That, the connection between Building Segment A and Building Segment B, is not fully above grade.

Even though, It's pretty clear to me that it really isn't fully above grade, but we're not making an issue of that, we are focusing entirely on Subparagraph D, and Subparagraph D was not something that was looked at and carefully considered in that case.

It's not a precedent for this case. So, the only

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precedent that you have from the 2016 regulations, which are 1 the only cases where there was any adjudication of the new 2 standards, should not apply. 3 4 Because, what the Board did in that case, without 5 any judicial review, was to basically say, well it's going to be fine, because even though it's not a passageway and the 6 7 Zoning Commissioner abandoned his claim that this was an unrestricted passageway, because the doors were locked at 8 9 both ends. 10 There was, nevertheless, a three-foot, eight-inch lobby, and I say that this is just nonsense. With all due 11 12 respect to the Commission's decision, and we've explained that in great detail in our supplemental memorandum. 13 And, with that, I would like to turn it over to 14 15 Mr. Schulman, but I do want to take a moment to qualify him as an expert witness, if that's necessary? 16 17 CHAIRPERSON HILL: Mr. Schulman, can you hear me? 18 (No audible response.) 19 CHAIRPERSON HILL: All right, Mr. Schulman. Are 20 you an architect, Mr. Schulman? 2.1 SCHABER: am registered, MR. Ι in D.C. Maryland. 22 23 All right. And that's the --CHAIRPERSON HILL: 24 was that -- Mr. Brown, was that 14, I think, where was his Where was his resume?

1	MR. BROWN: His resume is hang on a second.
2	(Simultaneous speaking.)
3	MR. BROWN: Under the record.
4	MR. SCHABER: Number 10, yes. Number 10.
5	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Thank you. Thank you.
6	MR. BROWN: Mr. Schulman, have you testified in
7	prior Board proceedings, or Zoning Agency proceedings?
8	MR. SCHULMAN: I have. I've not testified as an
9	expert witness, before the BZA, but I have testified before
10	the BZA just as a member of the Public.
11	MR. BROWN: Okay.
12	MR. SCHULMAN: The Zoning Commission and the
13	MR. BROWN: That's it
14	MR. SCHULMAN: Mayor to special
15	MR. BROWN: Mr. Schulman
16	MR. SCHULMAN: agent.
17	(Simultaneous speaking.)
18	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Mr. Schulman, I'm sorry. So
19	you're a registered architect in the city?
20	MR. SCHULMAN: Yes.
21	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. I'm fine with it. I
22	mean, unless the rest of the Board has any issues? You know,
23	we, again, have not had a there hasn't been a really
24	processed way we've gone about this, I must say. And so, you
25	know, him being a registered architect, I'm fine with him

1	being an expect in architecture. Does the Board have any
2	issues with that?
3	VICE CHAIR JOHN: No.
4	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. All right. Okay. So,
5	Mr. Schulman, you have a slide deck, also?
6	MR. SCHULMAN: I do. But, I've made some
7	revisions to it that I wasn't able to upload, and I'm
8	wondering, if I might get permission to screen share a
9	reduced and slightly revised PowerPoint?
10	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Yes, unfortunately, you can't
11	share. So
12	MR. BROWN: I think it's Exhibit 37, now.
13	MR. SCHULMAN: Oh. Maybe, it did pop up. Okay.
14	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay.
15	MR. YOUNG: Okay.
16	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Right. Mr. Young, and so if
17	you could pull up that. But, before you pull that up, Mr.
18	Young oh, never mind. Mr. Brown, so I'm just trying to
19	get an idea as to where we are?
20	Like, you've gone on for about, like, 40 minutes
21	now, right. And so, what other testimony? You're going to
22	have your architect, and then, who?
23	MR. BROWN: Well, I have lined up two members of
24	the Wardman Hotel strategy team to testify, but they were
25	primarily to answer any questions or concerns about their

ability to participate in this case. I am, unless you have 1 questions of them, I'm perfectly happy to conclude with Mr. 2 3 Schulman. 4 CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. All right. Great. 5 Okay, Mr. Schulman. Mr. Young, you want to pull up that PowerPoint? 6 7 (Pause.) hello, 8 MR. **SCHULMAN:** So, thank you and 9 Chairperson Hill, BZA Members, and Staff. My name is Jim 10 Schulman and I've practiced architecture in D.C., since 1985. I will not repeat the whole argument, as laid out by Mr. 11 Brown, but I concur with it, as an architect. Next slide, please. So, again, here is the zoning 13 site plan from the permit drawing sheet A2004. 14 15 remember that, there are four tax lots and two different zoning designations divided between RA, to the north, and 16 17 RA-4 to the south, divided by that dash blue line. 18 By the way, the tax lot lines, we depicted them, and not just the record lot lines, for the case where the 19 2.0 interveners attempt to prove the project to be one building, 2.1 in the case that attempt fails. 22 Next slide. So, there are two clear passageways 23 design, un-designated one passageway partially 24 underground, and none between the Wardman Apartments and the

Woodley Tower that's illustrated by the dash line towards the

top, in purple.

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Much less, any passageways between Segment A, on the proposed new development on the right and the Wardman Tower on the left, or, nor between Segment B, the lowest new construction shown, and the Wardman Tower on the far right.

Next slide. So, we've conceded, as Mr. Brown has indicated that, the intervener's docket submissions have better demonstrated how the partially below grade fitness studio satisfies the zoning requirement that the passageway connections, for the purpose of qualifying a new construction, plus existing buildings on the lot, to be one building.

That, they are fully above grade, using the grade plain method of measurement. I also concede, based on our team having brought the matter of needing to heat and light the connections to the intervener's attention that they claim to have filed for building permit amendments to address those deficiencies.

Nevertheless, I concur with Mr. Brown that the project, as currently designed, fails those two significant zoning requirements to be considered one building on one record lot.

Next slide. So, let's focus for the moment on the southwest corner of the site, marked here in blue. Next slide. Next slide, please. There we go. And which, is

enlarged here, the note, in red, indicates a required setback from the building to the lot line of 90 feet, with 91-foot, three inches provided.

Next slide. But, here, at the top of the screen

Next slide. But, here, at the top of the screen is an excerpt from the zoning analysis, which was submitted for permits on Sheet A10003, and that excerpt clearly indicates a one-to-one setback, in addition to the base 50 feet that are allowed in the RA-2 zoning.

And, below that, the box highlighted below, is the language referenced in Section, from the D.C. Zoning 11 DCMR. I guess that's Subsection F, Section 203.4.

The plain language interpretation of the highlighted portion, here, is that the setback from every point along the lot line, should equal at least the actual height of the building at the point on the new construction closest to that point.

Next slide. So, this is the site key plan that is from the intervener's drawings. And I've highlighted the east west site line from the project site key plan. So, next slide.

And so if you cut the building at the point I indicated in the last slide, you would see a Segment B construction in the upper left. So, we're looking at Segment B, from Sheet 2353.

Next slide. And what you see here, clearly, is

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an extra 68 feet in height, between the zoning and minimum setback, which is 90 feet, and the 158-foot building height from grade to roof, shown at that left, which is the west side of Segment B, and it gives the project a disallowed seven extra stories, so this is where we believe the zoning is violated.

Next slide. And you can see that plotted and planned at one foot horizontally for each foot of height, as called for in the RA-2 zoning. So, please note that, I acknowledge that a portion of the setback violation at the very east end, the small, the smallest portion highlighted in orange, at the far right of the drawing, it in parts, represents an inadvertent measurement I took from the Segment A portion of the building that's in the RA-4 zone.

The general point remains, however, that there are violations of, both, record lot and tax lot setbacks that ought to be addressed by redesign of the building, or re-zoning.

And the reason I mention tax lots is, in the case that the interveners claim that it's a single building fails. If that fails, then the tax lots would become record lots and they would be relevant.

Next slide. So here's a close end, where the construction violates setback requirements by 158 feet, minus

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the 91-foot, three inches that they've identified, to leave a violation of 23-foot, nine inches.

The setbacks to lot lines are violated elsewhere, wherever the height of the roof above the grade at that point crosses beyond a lot line. This violation is an issue, even if the interveners were to prevail with their claim that the project is a single building.

Next slide. So, for lack of meaningful connections, the fact that it's not one building, and the nonconformance with the RA-2 zoning, which relates to the setbacks from the lot lines, the building permits issued authorize construction that is not in compliance with D.C. zoning regulations.

Next slide. And, you know, again, here's the same excerpt I showed you previously from the zoning analysis on Sheet A10003, and it clearly includes in the yellow portion a one-to-one setback requirement, in addition to the base 50-foot building height allowable.

And highlighted in pink, at the top, you can see where if the project were rezoned properly to RA-4, that would free the project from an obligation to have a one-to-one setback, where the whole site rezoned is a PUD process to RA-4.

The 94-foot allowable height would be defined differently, without a setback requirement. And I

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1	acknowledge that, you know, maybe the BZA doesn't want to
2	necessarily focus on those kind of what ifs, but I think it's
3	important.
4	So, next slide, please. So at the north end of
5	Building B, and this is from Bar 1 Section from Sheet A2355,
6	from the submitted permit drawings. The building height is
7	indicated to be less than 90 feet.
8	And so, with a hypothetical rezoning, this would
9	mean that the building height would be established for the
10	entire building, okay. And the
11	VICE CHAIR JOHN: Mr. Schulman
12	MR. SCHULMAN: only plan
13	VICE CHAIR JOHN: Mr. Schulman, could you please
14	just discuss the application that's in front of us. If you
15	could tell us where you would put the building height
16	measuring point?
17	And I had a hard time trying to figure out the
18	setback, based on your previous diagrams. Remember, we're
19	not architects, so try to, you know, explain this to me like
20	I'm an 8-year-old.
21	So, if you could show me where you would put the
22	building height measuring point and
23	MR. SCHULMAN: Right.
24	VICE CHAIR JOHN: is
25	MR. SCHULMAN: We're

1	VICE CHAIR JOHN: what
2	MR. SCHULMAN: We're not
3	VICE CHAIR JOHN: is
4	MR. SCHULMAN: Yes. We're not disputing where the
5	developers have claimed the building height measuring point
6	should be.
7	(Simultaneous speaking.)
8	VICE CHAIR JOHN: Okay. Thank you.
9	MR. SCHULMAN: And so, on basically this slide,
10	and if you'll go to the next slide, you'll see the same
11	thing. You'll see that, that point, which happens to be at
12	the north end of Building A, of Segment A.
13	This is from Sheet A1302, the building height is
14	shown to be less than 90 feet, or 90 feet precisely. So, and
15	that's at the midpoint of the building facade nearest Woodley
16	Road. So, I hope that helps. And I can go back to my
17	earlier slide, if Vice Chair John
18	VICE CHAIR JOHN: Yes. And, based on that
19	measuring, building height measuring point and the height of
20	the building, please explain to me, if this is one building,
21	why the application does not meet the one-to-one setback?
22	(Simultaneous speaking.)
23	MR. SCHULMAN: Okay. The best slide for me to
24	demonstrate that, is Slide well, it's a combination of
25	Slide 16 and Slide 14. So let's go back to 16.

1	VICE CHAIR JOHN: All right.
2	MR. SCHULMAN: Oh. That's 16? I'm sorry. I
3	misspoke. I misspoke, I apologize. Slide 12. Yes. So, if
4	you well, forgive me. I think it will help you, if we
5	first got to Slide 10. Okay.
6	So, the one-to-one setback is different from
7	building height. They're two separate requirements.
8	VICE CHAIR JOHN: Yes.
9	MR. SCHULMAN: The building has a height, which
10	the Applicants have identified as 90 feet, at the appropriate
11	building height measuring point.
12	VICE CHAIR JOHN: Right.
13	MR. SCHULMAN: But, it also has a one-to-one
14	setback and the setback means that, from the base of the
15	building where it meets the grade, to the roof, which in this
16	case, is 158 feet, is well-beyond the 90 feet.
17	And so, if you go to this slide to Slide 12, you
18	will see in detail what that 158-foot looks like on the site
19	plan. And, lo and behold, it's past the record lot line.
20	It violates zoning. I don't know if
21	VICE CHAIR JOHN: Okay. So, you're saying that
22	setback should be 158 feet, not 90 feet?
23	(Simultaneous speaking.)
24	MR. SCHULMAN: Correct.
25	VICE CHAIR JOHN: Okay.

1	MR. SCHULMAN: And that is what the clear language
2	of the zoning indicates.
3	VICE CHAIR JOHN: Okay. All right. Thank you for
4	that.
5	MEMBER BLAKE: Mr. Schulman, could you go back to
6	Slide 10 and show me where the building height measuring
7	point would be, on Slide 10?
8	MR. SCHULMAN: The building height measuring point
9	is not shown on Slide 10, it's better shown on
10	MEMBER BLAKE: Could you show it to me where it
11	would be on slide? Would it be visible from Slide 10? Could
12	you point it out where it would be on Slide 10?
13	(Simultaneous speaking.)
14	MR. SCHULMAN: Yes. This slide is not at the
15	north end of the building, this is at the west end of the
16	building. So, in order to see where the building height
17	measuring point would be, you'd have to go to Slide 15.
18	Right. So, there, the building height measuring
19	point is shown as 88-foot, four inches, okay? So, it's valid
20	there, for height, but not for setback.
21	VICE CHAIR JOHN: So please explain, why it's not
22	valid for setback?
23	MR. SCHULMAN: Because, setback
24	VICE CHAIR JOHN: Or, assuming
25	MR. SCHULMAN: is measured

1	VICE CHAIR JOHN: assuming we have one record
2	lot, why isn't it valid for the setback?
3	(Simultaneous speaking.)
4	MR. SCHULMAN: Because, setback is a horizontal
5	measure
6	VICE CHAIR JOHN: Yes.
7	MR. SCHULMAN: and building height is a
8	vertical measure.
9	(Simultaneous speaking.)
10	VICE CHAIR JOHN: Yes.
11	MR. SCHULMAN: Okay. So, the building has,
12	according to the zoning in RA-2, in the RA-2 zone there are
13	two criteria for the building to satisfy its zoning, and
14	those are both the height and the setback. The building
15	we're not disputing that the building height is correct,
16	we're disputing that it doesn't meet the setback requirement.
17	VICE CHAIR JOHN: The setback from the lot line.
18	MR. SCHULMAN: Correct.
19	VICE CHAIR JOHN: Needs to be 90 feet, or I'll
20	call it 90 feet?
21	MR. SCHULMAN: Correct. Now, I don't know if this
22	violation on the west side of the building was inadvertent,
23	or if it was a sneaky way to add seven extra stories to the
24	building. Don't know that, for sure. But, it is a
25	violation. It's a clear violation.

VICE CHAIR JOHN: Can I ask you, if that's on the 1 The building point measuring point is on the 2 Woodley side? 3 building height measuring point is on the Woodley side, That's the front of the building? 5 MR. SCHULMAN: Yes. Thank you for mentioning I don't have a section drawing in my presentation that 6 that. 7 shows the Woodley. But, I understand, I think that the Woodley building point, measuring point, was 89 feet --8 9 VICE CHAIR JOHN: 10 MR. SCHULMAN: -- is my recollection. Paul, do 11 I have that correct? 12 (No audible response.) 13 MR. SCHULMAN: In any case, my argument here is that, even if the development team and the interveners prove 14 15 their point that it is one building, it still fails on this setback issue. 16 17 VICE CHAIR JOHN: Thank you. 18 MR. And, clarify SCHULMAN: to for you, Commissioner John, if the building is not one building, but 19 2.0 four separate buildings, then they would necessarily be for 21 building height measuring points. 22 to Slide 17 let me return, if I may, conclude my remarks. So, primary points are that, the zoning 23 24 is clear in stating that the maximum 90-foot building height is allowed, if the height of the building is removed from all

lot lines at its lots, for a distance equal to the height of the building or structure above the adjacent natural, or finished grade, and is not the building height.

Those are two separate things, which is determined at the building height measuring point. And I've already stated that we concede. That, the intervener team is in the process of rectifying the connections issue related to whether the arcade and breeze-way are heated and artificially lit.

Once our team brought those deficiencies to their attention. Nevertheless, the project fails a plain language reading of Subtitle B309.1, which states that the common space be shared by users of all portions of the building, and Mr. Brown has explained that.

Or, alternatively, that the space is designed and use to provide free and unrestricted passage between separate portions of the building, and without the caveat of Section 309.2 that a single building may, nevertheless, contain multiple uses or dwelling units that do not share access.

That caveat pertains to the rest of the building, not to the connections, themselves, the arcade and the breeze-way and the fitness center. So, our fundamental argument here is, unless the fitness center is accessible to the people who use the Wardman and the Woodley, this building fails to be meaningfully one building.

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1	Next slide. And I just want to leave you with the
2	language, actually, from Subtitle B309.1. The development
3	and this is critical. The development team is certainly
4	entitled to build a by-right project.
5	We don't dispute that, okay? But, only if they
6	get the zoning right. Thank you. I concluded my testimony
7	and am open to any further questions.
8	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. Thank you, Mr. Schulman.
9	Okay. Mr. Brown, are you guys done?
10	MR. BROWN: Yes. Let me just ask, I'd like to ask
11	Mr. Schulman one more question, if I might?
12	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Sure, go ahead.
13	MR. BROWN: Mr. Schulman, do you agree that, if
14	this property is re-zoned to R-4, at least the parts that are
15	right now RA-2 go to RA-4, that this whole question about the
16	setback requirements just vanishes entirely, because there's
17	no setback requirement in the RA-4 zone?
18	MR. SCHULMAN: That's correct.
19	MR. BROWN: Thank you.
20	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. All right. So let me
21	think, what should we do? I think, I'm not sure what should
22	we do? Meaning, I don't know whether to hear everybody's
23	presentation, or go ahead and do questions now.
24	Like, I'd rather, actually, I'm looking to my
25	Board Members. I'd rather hear the presentations and then

have everybody ask questions, because then it'll be clearer 1 2 for us, I think. 3 And so, I see at least one Board Member shaking their head. So, I'm going to go that route. 4 So DOB's going 5 to speak next, and who's going to speak for DOB? Chairman Hill, I'm going to have a 6 MR. FULLER: 7 , just a short, sort of, opening. I'm not putting on any 8 sort of slide presentation, it's probably going to be, like, two minutes. And then, we're going to call Kathleen Beeton 9 10 to testify on behalf of Department of Buildings. CHAIRPERSON HILL: 11 Okay. Great. 12 MR. FULLER: I think, I would say, I would say 13 this, and sorry to interrupt, there's been a lot of it seems to be, sort of, narrowing of the, sort of, issue, contested 14 15 issues in this case, pursuant to the Appellant's supplemental 16 filing, submitted two to three days ago, and also, pursuant 17 to their testimony here. 18 If the Board would be willing to give us, like, five to ten minutes, at a minimum, we might be able to 19 2.0 shortcut some of Ms. Beeton's testimony. 2.1 CHAIRPERSON HILL: That's fine. 22 If that makes sense? MR. FULLER: 2.3 VICE CHAIR JOHN: Mm-hmm. 24 CHAIRPERSON HILL: Yes. 25 VICE CHAIR JOHN: Sure.

CHAIRPERSON HILL: Let me think here, now, then. 1 we're, are we going to have -- I'm looking at my fellow 2 Board Members, are we going to have lunch, or did you all 3 sneak away and have lunch already, while I was taking a 5 break? And so, if we're going to have lunch, then it's 6 7 1:10 p.m., so maybe, we'll come back at like 1:30 p.m., 8 right, 1:40 p.m., 1:40 p.m., 1:40 p.m., okay? 9 And so, DOB, what, you know, I'm just pointing 10 out, as you also now know, and we all know, like, we're not the Zoning Commission. We don't do PUDs and we don't have 11 12 anything to do with PUDs, right? If this did get to a PUD, then all these people 13 14 could come back before the Zoning Commission and do whatever they needed to do. I think, Mr. Fuller -- and, I know, Mr. 15 16 Fuller, sorry. 17 And the Zoning Administrator, you know, there are some claims that we have been familiar with in our past, 18 19 which is, the meaningful connection, the common space, the 2.0 heated lit, all the stuff that they're bringing up, you know, 2.1 the height issue, right? 22 And then, if you want to talk about the tax lots 23 and the lots, you know. So, we're here, again, did the 24 Zoning Administrator -- I hate the way that this is even

done, Zoning Administrator Beeton.

1	But, I love how it's always like, did you err?
2	And so, it's always, like, did you make a mistake? So, we're
3	trying to figure out, whether you made a mistake on these
4	things.
5	So, with that, let's go have lunch. We'll come
б	back at 1:40 p.m., I hope. Oh. Sorry, Ms. John, you had
7	your hand up?
8	VICE CHAIR JOHN: May I add something to your
9	comments, Mr. Chair?
10	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Yes, please.
11	VICE CHAIR JOHN: I just want to make it clear
12	that, the Board is not going to consider that private
13	covenant, so it would not factor into our decision. We're
14	looking, solely, at the zoning issues. And, to the extent
15	that you can make it understandable, as if you're talking to
16	an 8-year-old that would be great. Thank you.
17	CHAIRPERSON HILL: And, just as a note, we're
18	probably not going to make a decision today, I would think,
19	because I have to consult with all my 8-year-olds after this
20	is over and try to make sure I understand, okay?
21	VICE CHAIR JOHN: Thank you.
22	CHAIRPERSON HILL: So, everybody just okay.
23	All right. Anybody else, before we go?
24	VICE CHAIR JOHN: No.
25	(Whereupon, the above-entitled matter went off the

record at 1:13 p.m. and resumed at 1:50 p.m.)

CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. Ms. Mehlert, if you want to call us back?

MS. MEHLERT: Sure. The Board is back to its public hearing session after a lunch recess and is returning to Appeal Number 20182 of Wardman Hotel Strategy Team, Madhususan Ramachandran and Renada Wallenburg.

CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. So where I think we left us off was with Mr. Fuller at DOB. Then we're going to hear from everybody, and then we're going to let everybody ask questions of everybody. And then there will be a rebuttal from the appellant because it's their appeal. And then we will conclusions and then along the way, we'll have questions from the Board as well. Mr. Fuller, you may begin whenever you like.

Thank you very much and again, MR. FULLER: appreciate everybody's time this afternoon. Again, we're here today because appellants were challenging DOB's issuance of building permits B2305655 and B2307474, again, related to a project at 2650 Woodley Road, NW, and 2601 Calvert Street, Reality is that we're really here today because NW. appellant, WHST, believes the property should have been used provide affordable housing yet there's actual regulation specific to affordable housing that's fully being disputed here.

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Nonetheless, appellant's May 13, 2024 response brief and really, in its argument today, appellant effectively concedes what were the majority of the issues initially raised by appellants. And I guess to some extent, we appreciate that and that led us to -- sort of led us to spend a little bit time here this afternoon.

It's -- appellant's appeal now relies on what are still two mistaken premises; one, it seems that their belief that the required building setback in the RA-2 Zone should be effectively varying distances throughout the perimeter of the building dependent on the adjacent slope, one it doesn't -- that's not the reading of the regulations; and two, that just doesn't make practical sense form a sort of a regulation standpoint, really a building standpoint.

Two, they believe that the connections are not compliant with 11B DCMR 309.1 and 309.2. There's really no legal or other support that would justify the illogical and counter practical suggestion raised by appellants that the setback should be based on a measurement taken at each individual segment of the building. Again, it doesn't — it's just not sensical or, quite frankly, practical. And again, it doesn't comport with applicable regulations, maybe more importantly, for purposes of this appeal.

The regulation clearly specifies that the height of the building is measured according to the HMT, and

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appellants are not actually here contesting -- and again, we They're not contesting the BHM calculation, appreciate it. utilized location for establishing the BHMP or the measurement methodology utilized by DOT. They're just contesting that the height of the building established by BHMP should not be used for -- to apply the one-to-one setback under 203.6 for the entirety of the single building at issue here. But again, that's exactly what the regulation It says the structure shall be removed from all lot lines of its lot for a distance equal to the height of 308.6 specifies how you measure height of the the building. building, and that's not being disputed here.

Really, in sum, appellants sort of just ignore and sort of hope the Board and, quite frankly, DOB, would have ignored 308 -- 11B DCMR 308, which specifies how you actually calculate the height of the building. And that's how you determine also the one-to-one setback relative to 11F DCMR 203.6.

Moreover, the connections at issue, I know there's been discussion on those. Those connections, as planned, they comport with the requirements of DCMR 309.1 and 309.2. The -- and really, with the prior decisions, quite, frankly, of the Board applicable to those two issues, it seems to be here that the appellants are disputing two prior BZA decisions discussed at some point by appellant's counsel.

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decisions that of being disputed 1 are sort by appellants, they haven't been appealed, they haven't been 2 3 Appellants are basically suggesting that the overturned. prior decisions of the Board were just flat wrong. And quite 5 frankly, that's wrong and DOB, as it should, considered those decisions when approving these permits and this project. 6 7 Despite all of this, DOB was -- is going to unsupported 8 appellant's contentions will aggress and 9 elaborate on the Zoning Administrator's determination in 10 approving the permit applications relative to the applicable Again, the determinations were based 11 zoning requirements. 12 upon a thorough review, careful consideration, correct application of the Zoning regulations. 13 14 Again, in support of the agency's position, I call 15 Ms. Kathleen Beeton, the Zoning Administrator, to testify at 16 this time. And I'd also ask if we could pull up the DOB 17 slide presentation sort of on the merits of the case. Ms. Beetman, could you just go ahead and please state your 18 19 name? 20 MS. BEETMAN: Sure. My name is Kathleen Beetman. 2.1 MR. FULLER: And what is your position with the Department of Buildings? 22 23 I'm the Zoning Administrator. MS. BEETMAN: 24 MR. FULLER: And roughly how long have you been

the position of, as a zoning administrator with

1	Department of Buildings?
2	MS. BEETMAN: Thank you. I was appointed to this
3	position in November 2023.
4	MR. FULLER: Actually, if we could go ahead and
5	turn to, I think, slide 2? Thank you. And prior to your
6	position as the zoning administrator with the Department of
7	Buildings, you were the deputy zoning administrator, correct?
8	MS. BEETMAN: Yes, I was.
9	MR. FULLER: And how long were you the deputy
10	zoning administrator with the Department of Buildings?
11	MS. BEETMAN: For 13 years.
12	MR. FULLER: Could you just generally describe
13	and feel free to refer to the slide presentation but just
14	generally describe sort of your duties and responsibilities
15	as a zoning administrator for the Department of Buildings?
16	MS. BEETMAN: Sure. Thank you. Very briefly,
17	role of the zoning administration is to administer,
18	interpret, and enforce the zoning regulations for the
19	District of Columbia. We do that primarily through the
20	review of building permit applications, certificates of
21	occupancy applications. My position covers the subdivisions
22	for compliance with the zoning regulations. We also spend
23	a lot of our time talking with customers about the zoning
24	regulations to help them understand how they apply to their

25 particular projects, and we also, of course, make sure that

is trained in the zoning regulations as You know, they're constantly being modified and evolve. changed, and so we want to make sure that we're up to date with the current zoning regulations. Lastly, and this, it's most applicable in this case, we partner with you, the -- our Office of General Counsel, to represent the Office of Zoning Administration in appeals before the Board of Zoning Adjustment.

MR. FULLER: And sort of I guess more specific to this case and this appeal, could you describe sort of the Office of the Zoning Administrator during the process and approval of a building permit?

So for building --MS. BEETMAN: Sure. when building permit applications come into our office, vetted to the different -- throughout the Office of Zoning Administration for our review to verify that they comply with the zoning regulations. And the way we do that is we look at the application that's submitted, the plans that come along with the application, the DC surveyor's plat which shows the footprint of the building. We use that to verify that the plans are consistent. We also use the plat to verify setbacks, lot occupancy, pervious surface, anything that we can -- need to calculate based upon a plan view we use that for.

We verify setbacks, height, lot occupancy, FAR,

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or area ratio where that's applicable, parking standards, off 1 street parking and bicycle parking, loading, and pretty much 2 3 the development standards would apply all that particular project. We ensure that those are complied before 5 we sign off on a building permit. For the building permit, also, I'd like to review 6 7 we do review orders of the Board of Zoning Adjustment or the 8 Zoning Commission. If there is an order that's associated 9 with a particular project, we verify the exhibits and the 10 conditions that are imposed to make sure that the plans that we're reviewing are consistent with our approval. 11 12 MR. FULLER: And Ms. Beetman, I know you weren't the zoning administrator for DOB necessarily at the time that 13 the, I quess, relevant determinations were made. 14 15 part of this process, reviewed  ${\tt Mr.}$ LeGrant 16 representing administrative of his LeGrant's the DOB, 17 determinations related to a single record lot connections and height requirements relative to this particular project? 18 19 MS. BEETMAN: Yes, I have. 2.0 MR. FULLER: And based on your review, you would 2.1 agree with those determinations and their consistency with 22 the applicable zoning regulations, would that be correct? 23 I would agree with them. MS. BEETMAN: Yes. 24 MR. FULLER: Could we please turn to slide 3?

Ms. Beetman, could you just sort of generally describe your

understanding of the Wardman Park Project?

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It's an record as a split lot, it's MS. BEETMAN: split-zoned RA-2 and RA-4 have formerly developed where the Wardman Park Marriott has since been demolished and existing buildings, the Wardman Tower and the Woodley Tower. The project is matter front project consisting new residential development -- sorry -- to constructing residential development consisting of 867 units including 72 inclusionary zoning, or IZ units, with the required bicycle and off street parking and moving, and the attendant building permits are attached there. References shown there.

MR. FULLER: Thank you. Could we get the next slide, please? And Ms. Beetman, with respect to the issuance of building permits, what lot lines are relevant to Department of Buildings?

So the zoning regulations require MS. BEETMAN: that building permits be issued on a record lot, and a record lot is actually defined in the zoning regulations and that recorded on the records of the survey of the District of Columbia. So use the record lot make determinations about compliance with setbacks. We measure the setback from the record lot to the building wall, so the tax lots have no bearing on zoning compliance when we're looking at a set of plans.

MR. FULLER: And if we turn to the next slide,

1	please? And would it be correct that the Wardman Park
2	Project I think this is technically agreed to by the
3	appellants, though do you agree that the project would lie
4	within record lot 32?
5	MS. BEETMAN: Yes. I agree with that.
6	MR. FULLER: And the slide that's sort of before
7	us, is that just does that sort of show the record lot in
8	square 2132?
9	MS. BEETMAN: Yes. That's shows the boundaries
10	of record lot 32 and square 2132.
11	MR. FULLER: Okay. Now if we turn to the next
12	slide, please? And then you sort of mentioned earlier the
13	fact that this is sort of a split-zone, I guess, project.
14	What zones does this project lie in?
15	MR. FULLER: Okay. So the property lies in the
16	RA-2 Zone and the RA-4 zone, and the black line that you see
17	lay overlay the zoning map is actually the boundaries of
18	the record lot subdivision that we saw just a moment ago.
19	MR. FULLER: And can we turn to the next slide,
20	please? And why is sort of the sort of this split-zone
21	aspect of this project relevant to the building height and
22	setbacks related to the applicable regulations, 203.2 and
23	203.6?
24	MS. BEETMAN: Okay. So as I said a few minutes
25	ago the property is zoned RA-2 and RA-4. There are

different height limitations in these zones. Pursuant to Act 203.2, maximum height in the RA-2 zone is 50 feet; maximum permitted height in the RA-4 zone is 90 feet. However, maximum height of 90 feet is permitted in the RA-2 zone if the building provides a setback equal to the height, its height from the record lot lines must pursuant to Act 203.6. There is no setback from the RA-4 zone because the RA-4 zone permits a maximum height of 90 feet as a matter without the need for a setback requirement.

MR. FULLER: And could we then turn to the next slide, please? And based on the Department of Buildings' review, what are the measured setbacks in this particular instance?

So thank you. So this graphic shows MS. BEETMAN: the setbacks of the project as the site plan was taken from the approved plans. Up at the top, you'll see a designation of a minimum of 90 feet. It's the circle up at the very top near Woodley Road. To your left, that dimension, which is sort of hard to see but is captured outside of the circle, the measures reads as 91 feet 3 inches; again, measured from the building wall to the record lot line. And then on the other side, off to the right-hand side, that measurement is 91 feet 7 inches. All those requirements -- those minimums meet the minimum 90-foot setback that's required in the RA-2 zone.

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MR. FULLER: And sort of when you're saying the required 90-foot setback, again, that's, in part, based on the building height measuring point pursuant to the application of 30 -- it's 11F 308.2?

MS. BEETMAN: Right. So height is measured, the BHMP, which in this case is located on the Woodley Road It is that that has pegged the height of that number, that amount back to the Sub. So BHMP, building height measuring point, is a set location on the measured at property. That height then dictates the setback requirements that are required by Sub -- F Sub at 6.3. And so this visual representation is showing how those -- that minimum 90-foot setback is provided on the site plan.

MR. FULLER: And sort of staying on the slides, how did we go about or I should say how did Department of Buildings go about determining the accuracy of the setbacks as depicted on the plans?

MS. BEETMAN: Okay. So we have a measuring tool in the software that we use to review building plans and plats, and we are able to take the measuring tool and measure from the lot line to the wall of the building to verify that the setbacks that were provided on this plan are, in fact, accurate. So that is something we did with this project, that we do with every other project that we review to verify that the setbacks are, in fact, complying with the minimum

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zoning requirements.

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MR. FULLER: If we turn to the next slide, please? And I apologize. To some extent, this may be a bit of a moot point, but it's a little bit, I guess, still unclear, so we'll address it briefly. Just can you describe how is the height of the building determined based on BHMP?

MS. BEETMAN: Sure. So pursuant to B-308.2, the building height measuring point, which is BHMP for short, is established either the adjacent natural or finished grade, whichever is lower in elevation with the midpoint of the building facade of the principal building that's closest to the street lot line.

In this case -- the BHMP for this record that was established at elevation 179. And that point is along the Woodley Street lot line frontage. That BHMP was determined by the prior zoning administrator and his review of the plans for the Woodley Tower, which is the most recently-constructed building on the property, back around 2013.

So in his review of the plans for that, Mr. LeGrant determined that the grid for that project was determined to be at elevation -- the ground level rather was determined to be at elevation 179 and, therefore, the BHMP for that building and the record lot at elevation 179. So in his determination of the -- this particular project, he advised that that BHMP would be -- could be used for the new

construction that we have -- that was the subject of the 1 building permit that had already been issued. 2 3 So again, the BHMP establishes height in the 4 location where height is measured. It's used for 5 purposes of measuring height. Setbacks for this particular zone are tied to F-203.6, which is -- those are measured at 6 7 the wall of the building and the record lot line based upon 8 the height that is determined at the BHMP height. 9 And that height of the building, MR. FULLER: 10 that's sort of spoken -- so in 203.6, it refers to the 11 setback shall be sort of one-to-one in accordance with the 12 height of the building. And so here this is what we're using to measure the height of the building relative to 203.6? 13 14 MS. BEETMAN: Yes. That's correct because the height of the building is determined at the BHMP, which in 15 this case is elevation of 196, and the height of the building 16 17 at that elevation site is 90 feet, yes, to question. 18 19 FULLER: Can we turn to the next slide, MR. 2.0 Is -- I quess let me ask you this, is there a -- is 2.1 there any zoning requirement that the height of a building 22 on sloping sites be measured at multiple points along the 23 building? 24 There's no requirement in the MS. BEETMAN: No. zoning regulations that the height of a slope -- a decreased

sloped or sloping site be measured at any location other than the established BHMP.

MR. FULLER: I apologize. I don't know that this slide is necessarily applicable to that line of questioning. If anybody's focused on the slide, we're sort of going to skip this because I think somebody can definitely see it. But if we could turn to the next slide, please? And did we verify the height of the building, us -- I'm saying "we," the question is did DOB verify the height of the building based on the plans submitted by the Wardman folks?

MS. BEETMAN: Yes, we did. As I had said a few minutes ago, one of the things -- one of the development standards that we always kind of follow when we're reviewing a set of plans is height, and we did. We confirmed the height of the structure is not higher than 90 feet at the BHMP and just reflected in the drawing you have in front of you.

MR. FULLER: And sort of switching gears here and sort of focusing now, I think, more on the connections issue, the appellant's are sort of disputing, I think, sort of prior decisions of the Board of Zoning Adjustment and potentially the application of the prior zoning regulations. What is your understanding of the genesis of the language included in 30 -- actually, let me just brief -- I think it's 11B-309.1 and 309.2.

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MS. BEETMAN: Right. Okay. So my understanding is that in the mid 2000's, as the Office of Planning was starting to consider revision to the zoning regulations, one of the things that they were considering was in the 1958 zoning regulations, many of the definitions actually include requirements. So setback, sometimes lot occupancy, oftentimes lot coverage in the case of the definition of building what it meant to have a single or separate building. And so the Office of Planning, in thinking about how to rewrite the zoning regulations wanted to create a section or an area that had the standards of measurement that were codified in a single location, not within the definitions section itself.

So part of what drove them to look at this, to think about changes to single or separate building was taking it out of the definition section an providing a location within the zoning regulations that provided standards for also, measurement. And codifying ten past zonina administrator interpretations. So those sort of goals and underlay the creation of what we have as 309.1 today and In particular, my understanding about 309.2 is that that was something that was brought forward by Holland & Knight around the time of 2015 when the Office of Planning and the Zoning Commission were seeking public input into the draft regulations that were being discussed. And so that

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1	letter was reviewed by the Zoning Commission and adopted into
2	what became the 2016 zoning regulations.
3	MR. FULLER: And what is DOB's determination
4	regarding whether the project, as planned, technically
5	results in a single building?
6	MS. BEETMAN: We believe that the building the
7	construction is planned with the connections that are
8	probably the proposed or existing compliance with the
9	requirements of a single building in B-309.1.
10	MR. FULLER: I guess just not only do we believe
11	that the DOB's determination is that this does comprise a
12	single building under the zoning regulations, is that
13	correct?
14	MS. BEETMAN: Yes yes, that's correct.
15	MR. FULLER: Can we then turn to slide 12? I'm
16	sorry. Actually, I say that that but I don't think these
17	slides are I don't know if any of them are actually
18	numbered. I apologize.
19	And could you just elaborate on specifically why
20	DOB's determination, this comprises a single building
21	according to the zoning regulations?
22	MS. BEETMAN: Sure. So this section of the code
23	B-309.1 which has been discussed quite a bit today, has four
24	requirements for something for a connection to be for a
25	section to be considered a single building if they're joined

by a connection, that the connection have these following features. So it's fully above grade, enclosed, heated and artificially lit, and either a common space shared by users or operations of the building such as a lobby or recreation room, floating dock or service bank; or space is designed and used to provide free and unrestrictive passage between separate portions of the building such as n unrestricted doorway or walkway.

So we believe, based upon our review of the plans, that the existing connector for the arcade -- the Wardman arcade, the posed enhanced connection between the Woodley Tower and the new construction, which has been referred to as Segments A and B, or Towers A and B, variously, but those connections meet these standards, fully above grade, enclosed, heated and artificially lit, and that they either function as shared space among all users or space is just designed to provide free and unrestricted passage.

In the case of new construction for the Towers A and B, the fitness center, I think, definitely meets the standard of one, as a shared space, but the other connectors, connectors provide would say, that these and unrestricted passage between separate portions οf the building, meaning you can get from the Woodley to --Woodley Tower to the new construction, you can get from that arcade to the new construction. You may not be able to

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travel from the Woodley Tower all the way through to the Wardman Tower, but this provision, 309.2 -- D2 rather does not require that you have completely unfettered access through all portions of the connection by a single person, just that that passage exists between the connections. So we would argue that the connection between -- the passageway between the connections has been made and, therefore, that and the requirements of the new connector, the existing connection, and certainly the connection between Towers A and B.

MR. FULLER: And could we move to slide 13, please? Or actually, could we move to the next slide, please? And again, is it your understanding that the Woodley Tower, Wardman Tower, and what's been referred to sort of as part of this appeal as Towers A and B are connected via zoning regulation -- or via zoning regulation compliant connections for purposes of establishing a single building?

MS. BEETMAN: Yes. That is my understanding of the termination, and this bracket just shows sort of visually those connections I described a minute ago in writing, the one on the far left being the Woodley Tower connection, the central circle there being the connection -- the fitness center between Towers A and B, and then the one over on the right-hand side adjacent to the Wardman Tower that's been referred to as Historic Arcade.

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1	MR. FULLER: And the regulations don't require a
2	person have free and unfettered access to all portions of the
3	single background, correct? It's more so that the
4	connections exist and that they can allow free passage, is
5	that accurate?
6	MS. BEETMAN: Yes. That's correct.
7	MR. FULLER: And common ownership is not a
8	requirement of the zoning regulations, correct?
9	MS. BEETMAN: No. There's nothing in the zoning
10	regulations in B-309.1 that requires common ownership of all
11	the buildings as a requirement for providing either the
12	common space or the unrestricted passage.
13	MR. FULLER: Could we move to the next slide,
14	please? Is it part of your understanding that this that
15	DOB's application is consistent with prior to determinations
16	on how to apply the BZA? And I think those have been
17	discussed already to some extent by the appellants in this
18	case?
19	MS. BEETMAN: Yes. That is my understanding.
20	MR. FULLER: Next slide, please? And actually,
21	I guess before we sort of focus on this, is it generally
22	DOB's practice to consider, as part of its analysis, prior
23	zoning administrator determinations and BZA decisions related
24	to those determinations?
25	MS. BEETMAN: Yes, absolutely. We are guided by

the zoning regulations for sure, but we are also mindful and aware of any prior zoning administrator interpretations or determinations and certainly the cases that the BZA has considered and the outcome of perhaps appeals in those particular cases.

MR. FULLER: And so unlike the appellants are

MR. FULLER: And so unlike the appellants are doing in this case, we don't -- DOB just doesn't ignore prior decisions of the Board of Zoning Adjustment? We actually appreciate and incorp-- and -- appreciate those decisions and incorporate those into our analysis?

MS. BEETMAN: Yes, absolutely. It becomes part of the volume of knowledge we use when we're reviewing plans for determining compliance with the zoning regulations.

MR. FULLER: Could we move to the next slide, please? Actually, I'm sorry. Could we go back to the other, the last slide? I apologize. And could you just sort of describe again sort of why in DOB's determination did the connections proposing plan comply with the zoning regulations?

MS. BEETMAN: Okay. Sure. So as I said a few minutes ago, the graphic I saw up earlier -- you had up earlier, the Wardman Tower has the existing arcade that will connect Woodley construction. The Woodley Tower is proposing we do a closed connection that will be fully conditioned and lit to provide the connection to the new

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1	construction. The new towers themselves, A and B, will be
2	connected by a fitness center that meets the standards of
3	B-309.1.
4	And as I said previously, unrestricted access with
5	buyers passage between separate portions of the building,
6	such as an unrestricted doorway or walkway, that does not
7	require continuous passageway from one building to another,
8	one portion of the building to another, just that there is
9	the possibility of moving between those connections.
10	And then as I also testified earlier, there's no
11	requirement in B-309.1 that the property be under common
12	ownership to constitute a single building.
13	MR. FULLER: And is it DOB's conclusion that this
14	project, as planned, is compliant with the applicable zoning
15	regulations?
16	MS. BEETMAN: Yes, it is.
17	MR. FULLER: And that's why the zoning
18	administrator's office approved the building permits, at
19	least as it relates to the compliance with the zoning
20	regulations?
21	MS. BEETMAN: Yes. That is correct.
22	MR. FULLER: And the building permits, they were
23	properly approved by the Office of the Zoning Administrator,
24	correct?
25	MS. BEETMAN: Yes, they were.

I don't have any further questions 1 I think that concludes effectively the DOB 2 on my end. 3 presentation. 4 CHAIRPERSON HILL: I said is the property owner 5 here again? Okay. 6 MR. AVITABILE: Yes, we are. 7 CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. Would you like to, Mr. 8 Avitabile, go ahead and give us your testimony? 9 MR. AVITABILE: Certainly, we'd be happy to do so. 10 Again, David Avitabile with Goulston and Storrs here on 11 behalf of the property owner. Chair Hill, Members of the 12 Board, thank you for your time this afternoon. As you know, we filed a detailed prehearing submission that walks through 13 the contested issues on the merits in this appeal. 14 15 minutes, my colleague, Shane Dettman, Urban Planner, will 16 review the remaining issues at play and affirm why the two building connections and the height setback each conform to 17 the requirements of the zoning regulations. His presentation 18 is, I believe, Exhibit 35 of the record if we want to start 19 20 bringing that up. 2.1 Before we do so, I did want to ask for Mr. Dettman to be qualified as an expert. He's been qualified many times 22 23 before the Board. I was going to reference the exhibit in 24 the record where his resume is located, but it looks like

although we uploaded it --

CHAIRPERSON HILL: It's okay. Mr. Dettman's been before us many, many times.

MR. AVITABILE: Right. Good. I just wanted for the record make it clear we had served it on the parties, but that's great, and the Board knows Mr. Dettman was a -- before he was in this practice, he was a member of the National Capitol Planning Commission and also served on the board for a number of years. In fact, the first appeal I handled was an appeal involving building connections and height setbacks, so -- and Commissioner Miller, Ruth Ann was the vice chair at that time. So I feel like I'm going back in time. But we're happy to be here today.

So I have a couple of introductory thoughts to You know, Mr. Brown started this hearing help organize us. by saying this is a very complicated case. We disagree. actually believe it's a very simple case. The zoning regulations have permitted the ability to connect otherwise separate structures for building connections for decades. There's nothing new or unusual at play here. And the same is true for this site. Record Lot 32 has been developed as a multi-structure complex that operates as a single building for zoning purposes for many decades as well, as long as I have been alive. And all this project does is remove and replace the middle piece with a new structure that complies the current zoning regulations and with

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conforming use that is more set back than the prior convention hotel.

We think it's a simple case for two reasons. First, all of these elements meet the plain language of the zoning regulations. And second, our application of the zoning regulations is fully consistent with the Board's prior precedent and the application of those regulations to this property. Regarding the building connections, the building connection requirements of Subtitle B Section 309.1.d, as we all talked about today, give you two paths to compliance.

First, you can provide a common space shared by users of all portions of the building such as a lobby or By definition, this section is discussing recreation room. a connection between two structures, and so the clear focus is on the shared use of that common space by users on both sides of that connection. And as we've explained, both the Woodley and the Wardman connectors, the arcade and the breezeway meet this requirement. Both operate as secondary lobbies for residents traveling from the south, which is exactly the type of connection that the Board concluded was sufficient in BZA Appeal Number 19550.

The appellants offered nothing to rebut the clear application of this requirement other than to challenge the Board's own conclusions in that appeal as the wrong outcome. I'll add that our two connectors are substantially larger,

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in all respects, than the one that was approved in that case and they include seating and other functional uses that really make them operate as secondary lobbies. Just like the fitness center between Towers A and B, which the appellants concede complies with the zoning regulations, the arcade and the breezeway spaces are, in all respects, shared common space connecting separate building segments.

The second path that you can choose is to provide a quote, "corridor that is designed and used to provide free and unrestricted passage between separate portions of the Appellants get passed the first part of this building." regulation, but it's important because the regulation focuses on the physical corridor itself, not the operation of the Unrestricted does not mean unlocked doors. connection. Unrestricted refers to the corridor itself. It's there. word is there to ensure that the corridor actually connects the two buildings through doorways that allow you to pass directly from one to the other. And nothing in this provision requires the passageway is open to, quote, "users of all portions of the building."

Again, both connectors meet this requirement as there are doors at either end through which the authorized building occupants may pass. And again, this is exactly the type of connection that the Board concluded was sufficient, this time in BZA Appeal Number 2183. Contrary to appellant's

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recollection, the limited access of the corridor was a material contested issue in that appeal. Mr. Brown expressly raised locked doors a couple of times in his presentation on that case. So in affirming that permit, the Board also affirmed zoning administrator's consistent conclusion that limited access passageways were allowed in mixed use and multi-use buildings as connections so long as the authorized users had free and unrestricted passageway.

And then finally, regarding the last issue in this appeal, which is the height setback requirement, the plain language of Subtitle F, Section 203.6 clearly requires a setback equal to the height of the building. This makes sense because the 90-foot height provision is, at bottom, a height requirement. It makes perfect sense to tie the extent of the setback to the measured height of the building. Ιt is not a yard or an open space requirement, and there's no of height at, "the adjacent quote, line," height property at, quote, "the rear of the structure, " or any of the other ways in which the Zoning Commission signals that you should measure height adjacent to yards, open spaces, or other transition points.

The appellants offered no support or justification for their interpretation that runs counter to the clear application of this requirement to the property for over a century. And I think when we get to that part of Mr.

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Dettman's presentation, you see building-by-building how everything has complied with that 90-foot requirement. It just makes it absolutely clear.

appellants have tried to defend their interpretation by arguing that no sites are flat sites, but anyone who's developed land in the District knows most sites have some slope. And further, plenty of sites slope upwards. And so the appellant's interpretation would result in less setback for those properties. Again, that's not the way the regulations have been interpreted or applied by the Board or The setback requirement is tied to the the Commission. measured height of the building from its measuring point. Full stop.

And then finally, I know that we -- John, you indicated that the single wide covenant is irrelevant and we agree, but I just want to, for the record, address it. The zoning administrator, as we all know, is responsible administering and enforcing the zoning regulations, which are controls public land that require building the use connections, and that is what the zoning administrator has done here, a single record lot covenant is a separate private And in the prior zoning determinations, land use control. particularly the first one, which is Exhibit of prehearing submission, it's clear that the zoning administrator understood that, quote, "the single building

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condition is required under the zoning regulations," end quote. And the single lot covenant was only sited to note that there was a separate private agreement requiring the same thing.

To the extent that subsequent determinations may have only referenced the single lot covenant, it doesn't matter because the public land use regulation still controls, and the zoning administrator's approval of the permits here was in accordance and based on those regulations.

So with that opening statement, thank you for indulging me, and I will now turn the presentation over to Mr. Dettman.

MR. DETTMAN: Thank you, David. Good afternoon, Mr. Chairman, and Members of the Board. Can you all hear me okay? Thank you. For the record, again, Shane Dettman, Urban Planner with Goulston and Storrs. Mr. Young, can you move on to the next slide, please?

My testimony will detail how the project is fully consistent and compliant with the two areas of zoning that the appellants have raised in this case. My testimony will show that the project is fully compliant with applicable height and building connection requirements based on a plain reading of the regulations and will show how the plain language of the regulations is supported by the record relied upon by the Zoning Commission in adopting ZR 16, by decisions

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made by the Board in past and recent appeals on the very issues raised by the appellants including on this very site, and by the longstanding consistent application of these specific areas of the zoning regulations, again, on this very site.

Before getting into the substance of the issues, it's necessary to take a minute to provide some context about the site and the project. Some of this has already been covered, so I won't spend too much time on it, but I think it's important in order to lay this all out in as clear and simply as possible. And I think at the end of the testimony, you will find, as Mr. Avitabile has stated, that this is not a very complicated case.

As mentioned, the project is located on Record Lot and specifically on the site of the former Marriott Wardman Park Hotel. The Record Lot contains approximately 16 acres and contains the Historic Wardman Tower on the east and the Woodley Apartments on the west. The Wardman Tower was constructed in the 1920's as an addition to the original Wardman Hotel. And in 2015, the Historic Wardman Tower was converted to 32 individually-owned condominiums. Notably, as it relates to this proceeding, when Wardman Tower was converted to condos, Marriott retained ownership of the first two floors which intervenor acquired together with the former The Woodley was constructed as a matter of right in

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2014 and contains approximately 212 rental dwelling units.

Both the Wardman Tower condos and the Woodley Apartments were connected to the former hotel through above grade meaningful connections as interpreted under the zoning regulations in effect at the time of their construction thus making them a single building for purposes of zoning. As my testimony will cover, these two structures will continue to be meaningfully connected to the intervenor's project in full in accordance with the current zoning regulations. Next slide.

The last point I wanted to reiterate about the Record Lot is the significant change in grade that's already been mentioned that occurs across the site. Specifically, the grade of the site slopes downward from Woodley Road on the north to Calvert Street on the south by approximately 70 is this substantial change in grade that the feet. appellant brings its challenge of the project's setback. However, as or submissions clearly demonstrate, while there are provisions within the zoning regulations that consider changes in grade when determining a particular requirement, the height provision being challenged by the appellant is not one of those provisions. Next slide.

The overall site has an interesting and, at times, complicated development history that helps demonstrate how the height setback requirement has consistently been

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interpreted and applied for over a century and that the appellant's interpretation is not correct. The image on the top left shows the original Wardman Hotel which was constructed in 1918, prior to the adoption of zoning. This was followed by the construction of the Historic Wardman Tower addition in 1928 which by that time, zoning had been adopted. In fact, it was constructed under the first adopted set of zoning regulations, the 1920 zoning regulations.

The 1950's and 60's brought significant change to the site with large portions of the original hotel being demolished and replaced with what was known as the Sheraton Park Hotel and the Motor Inn. And notably, the specifically granted variance relief from this very height setback requirement for that development. We'll touch upon that a little bit later. The late 1970's brought another significant period of development to the site with the construction of Center Tower or what we refer to Replacement And while pleadings as the Hotel. t.he Replacement Hotel was constructed as a matter of right, its compliance with the same height setback requirement challenged in this case was appealed to the BZA. denied that appeal.

The most recently completed development on the site is the Woodley Apartments on the west side in 2014 which again was a matter of right project.

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Mr. Young, I'm going to try to make up a little time because I know we've been at this for a while. Young, could you skip to slide 9? Perfect. Following the submission of its supplemental prehearing statement Exhibit 32, the appellant, as has already been explained, no longer is challenging the whether the arcade, breezeway, and fitness center connections are fully above enclosed, heated and artificially lit. In addition, the appellant no longer is challenging anything related to the fitness center. Next slide.

Since the appellant is no longer challenging anything related to the fitness center, my testimony on the building connection issue will focus on the arcade and the breezeway. The appellant's remaining question related to the arcade and the breezeway is whether they serve as shared common space and/or a walkway providing passage between portions the building required of as under B-309.1.d. Next slide.

The arcade and the breezeway both serve as shared common space and as a walkway that is designed to provide passage between the parts of the building or uses located on either side of that connection. The arcade is a shared common space and walkway providing passage between the Wardman Tower and Tower A. The breezeway is a shared common space and walkway providing passage between the Woodley and

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It's important to note that the requirements for building connections have always focused on the physical or structural aspects of a connection. Thus, the ability to limit access between separate structures that are connected in a manner that makes them a single building has always been permitted and continues to be permitted under the current zoning regulations. Not only has this been the consistent interpretation of the ZA, but there are multiple BZA appeals brought under both ZR 58 and ZR 16 that support this as does the Zoning Commission's record for the adoption of current single building connection requirements under ZR 16, testified which Ms. Beeton just codified ZANext slide. interpretations.

Understanding that the project, including the arcade and the breezeway connections, are being reviewed under the requirements of ZR 16, understanding how the single building requirements evolved from ZR 58 is instructive to the remaining questions in this appeal. Under ZF 58, there is no prescribed building connection criteria but rather the criteria or the requirement arose from the definition of building and specifically the portion of the definition stating "the existence of communication between separate portions of a structure below the main floor shall not be construed as making a structure one building." In the absence of specific physical connection criteria like what

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exists today, the meaning of what constituted, quote, "communication between separation portions of a structure" was debated on occasion, particularly in cases involving questions around building height and around connections that are access controlled.

Our prehearing statement cites to multiple cases where the ZA, the BZA, and the Commission had discussed and approved building connections that were designed to allow passage but had limited limitations on access. One example is BZA Appeal Number 18735, 18737 where the Board stated that communication need only allow passage from one portion of the building to the other. The Board goes on to say here the proposed connections not only meet the basic test for passage but actually will be actively used by occupants of the existing building to cross over into the project. Net slide.

And so leading up to the development of ZR 16, it was well-established that single building connections were allowed to have limited access to address instances where there were multiple uses and/or ownerships and to address typical security considerations. Much of the debate really was around the physical aspects of a building connection and what should be required from a structural perspective to be considered a, quote, "meaningful connection." Up to that point, connections like the unenclosed covered walkways that you see on the slide here were deemed adequate to make two

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otherwise separated structures a single building under zoning, the image on the left being the previous connection between the Woodley Apartments and the former hotel, which connected two secure access doors, and the image on the right showing an existing connection that quite literally leads to two solid walls.

And I want to call your attention, Board Members, to the image on the left again cause again, that was the connection that connected the Woodley to the hotel before the hotel building was torn down. And I want to particularly point out the height of the Woodley from this vantage point. This is from an access road or a motor court road that leads up from Calvert Road into the site. It's from this specific point where the appellant is raising its issues with the height of the proposed project. And from this proposed height, you can see the height of the Woodley building, which is measured from the same elevation as the proposed project, elevation 196, which is up on Woodley Road. The Woodley is a 90-foot building, and the elevation at this point is about 50 to 60 feet lower than the building height measuring point. And I want to just sort of point that out again in terms of the height of the Woodley from this vantage point. Next slide.

So again, the idea of connections allowing, you know, limited access, whatnot, that was the lay of the land

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when OP and the Zoning Commission set out to rewrite the zoning regulations. As a docket, the Commission maintained the same definition of the term "building" under ZR 16 and, know, adopted а set of general new measurement relating to single or separate buildings that are forth B-309 which in Ms. Beetman clearly set articulated. The process of adopting ZR 16 started with OP and the Commission first evaluating general topics without any actual zoning text.

And in Case Number 08061, OP and the Commission specifically focused on height and specifically looked at the issue of single versus multiple buildings. In reviewing the record for this case, the outcome of which informed the ZR 16 text that was ultimately adopted, it is clear the intent of the new building connection rules was to strengthen the physical aspects of a connection and not require absolute unfettered access without any limitations. We see this very clearly in the case record. For example, the image on the left is an excerpt from OP's final height worksheet that I've provided to the Commission, which provided three conceptual options for the new set of building connection criteria.

The first option, which was adopted by the Commission, strengthened the physical aspects of the building connections and set forth the general parameters for shared common space and passage that we have today under ZR 16. The

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second option was essentially to continue the existing practice of allowing unenclosed covered walkways that the Commission was trying to get away from. Notably, the third option, which would have established a more restrictive standard that included, quite, requirements for shared functionality between and among structures and/or shared footplate requirements, the idea that both sides connection had to have unfettered access between the two, that was the third option, and that option was rejected by the Commission.

OP also clearly states the intent of the new building connection rules in its testimony Commission was considering these three options. They state, "And we would like to start the discussion on these options by saying to be considered a single building, the building must have one of two things, either an enclosed connection that permits passage between two halves of the structure, for example, a hallway between the two, or a connection between one common area and another common area, and/or a common usable space in the middle, a lobby in the middle, example, for a function room in the middle that is accessible to both sides of the building." And they go on to say, "not that in a mixed use building the residents could get into the office side or the office could get into the residents but that both could use the common space in the middle."

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slide -- next slide, please? Perfect.

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Again, the Commission's guidance on height in Case Number 08061 -- slide 15, back -- yes, thank you, Mr. Young -- the Commission's quidance on height in Case Number 08061 was the basis for the Commission's consideration of actual zoning text in Case Number 0806A, a case that eventually resulted in the adoption of ZR 16. During ZR 16 proceedings, the Commission provided further clarification on the intent of the new building connection rules by adding B-309.2, which specifically allows multiple uses in dwelling units within a single building shell that do not share access despite the provision requirements of 309.1. The states, "Notwithstanding B-309.1, a single building shell may contain multiple uses or dwelling units that do not share access." Next slide.

Ms. Beetman already mentioned this but shown on this slide, it sort of shows the genesis of B-309.2. And as Ms. Beetman mentioned, it was a direct response to comments that were submitted expressing concern with the unrestricted passage language of B-309.1.d. in mixed use buildings. Next slide.

Since ZR 16 took effect in September of 2016, there have been multiple appeals brought to the Board that involved challenges to whether a building connection complied with the criteria of B-309 and specifically the shared common

space and passage criteria of 309.1.d. In Appeal Number 19550, which some of you may recall, the Board affirmed that a breezeway connecting two residential lobbies satisfied 309.1.d as shared common space similar to a lobby because it could be accessed and used by occupants on either side of that connection.

The Board's conclusion as to the breezeway's compliance with 309.1.d is provided on the slide for your convenience. To paraphrase, the Board concluded that the breezeway constituted a common space shared by users of all portions of the building such as a lobby noting that a lobby does not require all users to travel to all parts of the building served by that lobby.

The Board stated that just because occupants of the units on either side of the breezeway would walk in different directions once inside the breezeway, that does not convert the single common area lobby into two functionally separate abutting corridors. And the Board agreed with the ZA's determination that, quote, "The presence of locked doors at the individual units would not negate the shared nature of the use of the breezeway as a lobby." Next slide.

In Appeal Number 20183, an ZR 16 case that Mr. Brown already mentioned he was involved in, the appellant specifically challenged a proposed connection to compliance with 309.1.d and specifically questioned the controlled

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access of the proposed connection both in its prehearing statements and during the hearing. At the hearing, Board Members engaged in a dialogue with the ZA on how they interpret the unrestricted passage language of 309.1.d during which the ZA explained, it's never been my understanding that the doorways would allow any person at any time to travel to and from. The key here is that the operators of the facilities would have access to be able to go through, and whether that's keys or door fobs or whatever, to go through those separate doors.

The ZA went on to say, I've never taken the view that they had to be open and unlocked doors and that they had to have equal access for the authorities that are in control of the buildings. I believe it's a programmatic decision of the operator. Board Members did not question the ZA's interpretation. They expressed on concerns and proceeded to deny the appeal thus affirming issuance of the building permit in that project and again confirming that connections with limited access is acceptable under 309.1.d. Next slide.

I think the plain language of 309.1(d) and 309.2 is clear and unambiguous. To the extent that one might think it isn't unambiguous, I believe the record and transcript supporting the adoption of the current building connection requirements under ZR 16 and subsequent ZA interpretations and appeals that have been brought to this Board make it

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abundantly clear that to satisfy the criteria of 309.1(d), the connection need only be able to allow passage between the portions of a building on either side, like a hallway, or the connection serves as a shared common space that is accessible to residents, occupants on both sides of the building, on both sides of the connection, that separate portions of a single building shell can contain uses and units that do not share access, and the presence of locked doors or other means of access control is permitted without running afoul of B-309.1(d).

And based upon all that, the arcade and breezeway connections of intervenor's project are fully compliant with B-309.1(d) as soon on the diagrams on this slide. They are both designed to provide passage between the parts of the building or uses located on either side of the connection. They both will shared serve as common space that is equivalent to a lobby, that will provide residents with, on either side, access to their respective portions of building and a means of egress to reach a destination. To that end, I believe the ZA did not err in their determination that the arcade and breezeway connections fully comply with the criteria under B-309. Next slide.

The appellant's second claim is that the project violates the height requirement of F-203.6. It's there. The text is there. I won't read it verbatim. According to the

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appellant, to achieve a height of 90 feet, the project must be set back from all lot lines a distance equal to the height of the building measured all along the perimeter of the The appellants make this assertion even though the structure and plain language of the regulations say otherwise specific height requirement and that this has been consistently interpreted and applied for over a century on this very site in projects built matter of right, in a BZA application seeking a variance from this specific height requirement, and in a BZA appeal involving this specific height requirement. Next slide.

The appellant focuses solely on F-203.6 but as Ms. Beeton testified, you can't read this provision in isolation. Like every height provision in the regulations, it must be read together with the rules of measuring building height in Subtitle B and in this instance, the rule of measurement for building height in residential zones under B-308. do that, you will clearly see there is a parody between the height requirement provisions including the one at issue here, F-203.6, and the rules of measurement, the parody being that building height always ties back to the building height measuring point unless the regulations expressly state Next slide. I'm sorry, Mr. Young. otherwise. Could you go back?

This parody, this is the case in the current

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regulations and as we will see, this is the case that has always existed in the regulations. You see it here on the slide before you. F-203.6 states that the setback shall be equal to, quote, "the height of the building or structure above adjacent natural or finished grade, whichever lies lower in elevation." The language in this height regulation directly ties back to the rule of measuring building height in B-308.2, which states the BHMP shall be established at, quote, "adjacent natural or finished grade, whichever is lower in elevation." The language is exactly the same.

Further, B-308.6 specifically tells you where the height of the building must be measured when a building is removed from all lot lines equal to the building height as is the case in this situation. That provision states, "where a building is removed from all lot lines by a distance equal to its proposed height above grade, the height of building shall be measured from the building height measuring point to the highest point of the roof or parapet." B-308.6 is proof in and of itself that the appellant's interpretation of F-203.6 is erroneous. Again, measurement of building height and requirements based on background height always tie back to the building height measuring point unless regulations specifically state otherwise. A clear example of this is shown on the slide for rear yard requirements in certain mixed use zones where the height used to calculate

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the required rear yard is measured, quote, "from the mean finished grade at the middle of the rear of the structure."

It is a deviation from the measurement of height from the building height measuring point. Next slide.

To further demonstrate that the building height used to determine the setback under F-203.6 is tied to the height of the building at the building height measuring point, we prepared the next series of slides to show that this specific provision has been applied this way on this very site for over a century. As we'll see, while the language of this provision has been modified over time to provide clarity, it has continued to be applied the same exact way since this requirement first appeared in the 1920's regulations with no indication whatsoever that the height setback requirement was ever intended to be interpreted any Notably, the appellant has also not provided any other way. evidence precedent that substantiates its own interpretation of this provision. Next slide.

Just to sort of kind of bring us back to the site and kind of its conditions, it's been stated that the record lot has a significant change in grade of approximately 70 feet sloping down from Woodley to Calvert. As it has throughout the development history of the site, this change in grade is evident around the perimeters of all structures on the site including the Wardman Tower and the Woodley.

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So this slide shows the footprints of the existing Wardman Tower on the east, or on the right, the Woodley Apartments on the left, and the former Marriott Hotel Park -- Marriott -- Wardman Park Hotel. What is also show in the hatched area is a 0-foot setback along the lot lines within the R A-2 portion of the record lot. Now as I mentioned, the height setback provision has existed in the regulations since 1920. Thus, if the required setback was intended to be derived from the height around the perimeter of the building rather than from the building height measuring point, you would expect to see other buildings on the site, all of which were constructed to a height of 85 or 90 feet, to provide setbacks of greater than 85 or 90 feet due to the changes in grade that occur from north to south. Next slide.

So what this next few slides show is you're going to see the buildings sort of pop in on the site when they were constructed. And on the left, you're going to see the regulation that was in effect, the building height setback regulation that was in effect at the time the building was constructed. And so again, in the 1920's regulations, the regulation says that, you know, in the 40- or 55-foot height district, you could actually exceed that. You could go to 85 feet if the building was removed from all lot lines by a distance at least equal to the height of the building. The

Wardman Tower, which was built in 1926, 1928, under the regulations when it was constructed, it was allowed to go to 85 feet. It is an 85-foot structure, and you can see that even though the grade tapers off as you move to the south of the building, you can see that it is consistent with that 90-foot setback, 85-foot setback, cause that was the maximum height at the time. Next slide.

In the 1950's and 60's, the Sheraton Park Hotel and the Motor Inn was constructed, and you can see on the left, that's what the regulations said at the time. of measuring height, the height shall be measured from the natural grade of the middle of the front of the building. The height setback requirement, which was Section 3201.24 at the time, says that the -- you can achieve a height of 90 feet so long as the building is removed from all lot lines equal to the height of such building or structure above the natural grade. Again, you can see that parody between the rule of measurement from the natural grade and the height setback from the natural grade. Notably in this case, in this project, this is the case where the BZA granted a variance from the height setback requirement. That was BZA Case Number 6750 in 1962. The prehearing statement for the applicant, which we pulled from archives, summarizes how the height setback provision was to be measured and applied. it says, "If Sheraton Park is erected to a height of 90 feet,

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and it is located in part of the R5-B District, and therefore all portions of the structure located in the R5-B District must be set back a distance of 90 feet from the lot line. It is a 90-foot building and so the setback was 90 feet. But the Board -- you can see how that blue portion goes into the 90-foot setback because the Board granted a variance from that specific provision. Next slide.

In the 1970's, Center Tower was constructed or what we refer to in our pleading as the Replacement Hotel. Center Tower was constructed as a matter of right, but what's interesting about this case, two things. We found the zoning computation sheet for this specific project in the archives, which is at Exhibit 26Q of the record. And the zoning building's computation sheet clearly says that the constructed to 90 feet, and the side yard requirement is 90 Again, that parody. feet.

This project was also challenged in BZA Appeal Number 13112 specifically on the height setback requirement, and the Board upheld the challenge of that project's compliance on the height setback requirement ruling in favor of the zoning administrator's interpretation of this regulation. Next slide.

And there's the Woodley. The Woodley was constructed in 2014. Again, there is the language of the regulations showing that parody between the rule of

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measurement, that the building shall be measured from the natural grade to the middle of the front of the building and then Section 400.4 showing that the setback removed from all lot lines equal to the height of the building above the natural grade. I want to recall attention to that image of previous slide the old connector from that and the appellant's argument that the project all along the west side has to be set back much greater than 90 feet. Well, the height of the Woodley from that same point that the appellant is arguing in connection with this project, the Woodley is much higher than 90 feet from that point. But nonetheless, you can very clearly see on this diagram that front -- at that point, about midpoint up the west lot line of the site, the Woodley is only set back 90 feet despite if you were to measure the height of that building from that point, it being much higher than 90 feet. Next slide.

When the Zoning Commission adopted ZR 16, it kind of got things -- the language got a little bit jumbled in terms of the rules and measurement and whatnot. But a later came forward in ZR in Case Number 17-18 clarifications to the zoning regulations. And you can see here this is where we see that language about adjacent natural or finished grade, whichever is lower in elevation. the right, these are excerpts from the Office Planning's reports, and you can see it reestablishes that

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parody between the rules of measurement for height in 308.2, that image on the top. You can see in the highlighted area OP specifically saying that the proposed change is just a clarification. There is no intent to change the way that this height setback provision was intended -- was being interpreted for 100 years; right? But you can see because they changed the rule of measurement to introduce language of adjacent natural or finished grade, whichever is lower, they make a similar change to Subtitle F, and at the time, 203.4. That parody is still there, and it all ties back to the building height measuring point. Next slide.

And so here we are with the language today, and you can see clearly in this diagram that the proposed project, as approved, as being constructed in accordance with building permits issued by the Department of Buildings, satisfies that 90-foot setback requirement, because it is a 90-foot project from the building height measuring point at elevation 196. Next slide.

This is my last slide, Board Members, and I really appreciate your time letting me get through all that, but I want to go back to my point that the structure of the regulations and the plain language of the regulations make it very clear that the way that the Department of Buildings applied the height setback requirement to this project and how iterations of that same provision over the past 100 years

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were applied. I want to get back to sort of the plain language, and that if you look at Subtitle F-203, which are the height requirements for the RA zones and applicable to RA-2 zones, they sort of tier off one another. And you find this all throughout the regulations.

In 203.4, if you were to build a public recreation or community center in the RA-2 zone, you can have a maximum Notably, and so in the side yard, which height of 45 feet. would be along the west side of this property, the side yard requirement would only be 4 feet, not 90 feet, but it be 4 feet. And the rear yard is based upon the principal building height, again, tying back to that building height measuring The RA-2 zone for any other building allows matter point. of right 50 feet, and if you build a 50-foot building, again, you just have to a 4-foot side yard and your rear yard is based upon principal building height at the building height measuring point. You build a place of worship, you can get to 60 feet and again, it's just a regular side yard and rare But then, again, working our way through yard requirements. height provisions, these are all height provisions.

In 203.7, it says that an institutional building could be constructed to a height of 90 feet provided the building is set back from all lot lines of its lot a distance equal to the height above the matter of right height. So if you were to build a 90-foot institutional building, the

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setback along the west side of this site would only need to
be 40 feet, because it ties back to the building height
measuring point to determine 40 feet above the 50 foot.
203.6 is the provision that's at issue here, and it makes no
logical sense to read that provision any differently than the
other four height requirements that are under 203.3. The
other four tie directly back to the building height measuring
point. So the read the fifth one any differently would
makes no logical sense and actually sort of resulted in sort
of an absurd outcome to suggest that literally the same
building could be constructed on this site and if it was
institutional, the side setback on the west side would only
have to be 40 feet, but if it's a non-institutional building,
that setback has to be well in advance of 90 feet. Again,
it kind of goes to the absurd result of the appellant's
interpretation of that single provision amongst all four
height requirements.

Board Members, again, thank you for your time. I appreciate you taking the time and spending all this time on this hearing. So I'll hand it back to Dave. Thank you.

MR. AVITABILE: Thank you. That concludes our presentation and we're happy to answer questions.

CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. AS I mentioned, let's continue hearing from everyone, and then we'll start with Board Member questions and then have others question each

Commissioner, are you still there, 1 2 Pagats? 3 MS. PAGATS: I am. 4 CHAIRPERSON HILL: All right. Great. 5 Commissioner, you can give your testimony as a party with standing, and you can begin whenever you like. 6 7 MS. PAGATS: Great. My name is Janell Pagats. 8 I'm the Single Member District Commissioner for 3C03 and the 9 Chair of ANC3C, and I'm representing the ANC in that capacity 10 today. I'm also serving in my second term and -- my second term as an ANC and as such, I've been involved with this 11 project since the beginning. At a regularly scheduled and properly noticed 13 14 public meeting on February 20, 2024, with a quorum present, quorum being five commissioners, ANC3C voted 8 to 0 to 0 to 15 16 submit written comments on this matter, and you have them in 17 your record. ANC3C is in firm opposition to the appeal filed by the Wardman Hotel Strategy Team against the issuance of 18 19 the building permits for the proposed development at the site 2.0 of the former Wardman Hotel. ANC3C believes that the appeal 2.1 lacks merit and undermines the significant benefits that the 22 approved development would bring to our community. 23 We have a few points on this, the first being 24 community and governmental review. The redevelopment of this

site has already been the subject of numerous reviews by

various D.C. Government agencies and bodies include ANC3C. The project went before HPRB twice and was also the subject to the large tract review by the Office of Planning. The project was the subject of multiple community meetings through both the Woodley Park Community Association as well as various ANC committees. The ANC also held a large tract review community meeting in January 2023. The project has been the subject of other various community-based ANC3C has supported the project in the past and continues to support the project now.

Our second point is WHST's affordable housing plan. The project meets the IZ requirements of a buy right building under existing zoning and use reservations. If the WHST desires to change the requirements, the correct avenue for that is the DC Council. Further, the 72 affordable units will be higher than the zero that the property is currently offering.

Three, good neighbors. The property owner, Carmel Partners, has gone above and beyond in terms of being good neighbors offering kids the opportunity to paint the wooden fence around the property during art all night, properly salting sidewalks during winter weather events among other things and including being incredibly responsive to neighbors who have complained about dust and noise and all of the like.

Four, the standing of the Wardman Hotel Strategy

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Team. As the ANC has stated in the letters to the record, the standing of the Wardman Hotel Strategy Team in its filing appears should be further investigated. We can skip over that right now since that's already been kind of settled.

Safety concerns. As of today, the project site is currently half-ish built. Should this appeal move forward, it could lead to the property sitting idle and unused and would become a lingering safety hazard in the neighborhood. Also, as we note, this property is surrounded by schools further exacerbating the safety risks if the project is ultimately abandoned due to this nuisance appeal. That would be troubling for our community and the neighbors.

In conclusion, ANC3C urges the Board to uphold the decision to issue building permits for the redevelopment of the Wardman Hotel site. The appeal by the Wardman Hotel Strategy Team should be denied as the project is in full compliance with regulatory requirements. Thank you for considering the ANC3C input and testimony. I'm confident you will recognize the substantial advantages of this project and the lack of substantive grounds for the appeal.

I would also like to point out that cases like this actually tend to lead to less housing overall, market rate and affordable getting built. We are talking about passageways, passageways. The vast majority of people in the neighborhood are thrilled that this project is getting done

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1	and includes a significant number of affordable units. While
2	not perfect, it is good. This also strangely group who
3	claims to want more affordable units seems to be arguing that
4	a smaller building needs to be built. I'm not an expert, but
5	it would seem to result in less housing overall. There are
6	a number of reasons why Rock Creek West Planning Area is so
7	far behind in reaching the Mayor's housing and affordable
8	housing goals, and this appeal is one of the reasons.
9	I'm happy to answer any questions you may have and
10	thank you for your time.
11	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. Thank you, Chair Pagats
12	and thank you so much for your service as well. The ANC is
13	a monthly battle that everybody goes through. All right.
14	So let me see. Okay. I'm going to first start with my
15	fellow Board Members, if anyone has any questions for
16	anybody.
17	(No response.)
18	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. I'll let you all think
19	about it. Then in that case, I'll go ahead and start with
20	the appellant. Mr. Brown, do you have any questions for
21	anyone? You're on mute, Mr. Brown.
22	MR. BROWN: Couple of questions for the applicant.
23	I want to make sure
24	CHAIRPERSON HILL: I'm sorry, the property owner
25	or DOB?

1	MR. BROWN: I'm sorry, the property owner.
2	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. Sure.
3	MR. BROWN: All right. I want to make sure I
4	understand what you've said in your submission. I want to
5	make sure that there's no that I'm clear with regard to
6	certain points. I want to talk first about the use of the
7	arcade and the breezeway as common space shared by users of
8	all portions of the building. An I correct in reading what
9	you have said as saying, number one, the arcade will not be
10	common space shared with Woodley residents or with the upper
11	floor occupants of the Wardman Tower?
12	MR. AVITABILE: That's what the word said. We
13	as we explained
13 14	MR. BROWN: Yes. My question was
14	MR. BROWN: Yes. My question was
14 15	MR. BROWN: Yes. My question was MR. AVITABILE: No. I'm answering the question
14 15 16	MR. BROWN: Yes. My question was  MR. AVITABILE: No. I'm answering the question  I'm answering the question. Each connector provides a
14 15 16 17	MR. BROWN: Yes. My question was  MR. AVITABILE: No. I'm answering the question  I'm answering the question. Each connector provides a shared space for the users on either side of that connector.
14 15 16 17	MR. BROWN: Yes. My question was  MR. AVITABILE: No. I'm answering the question  I'm answering the question. Each connector provides a  shared space for the users on either side of that connector.  MR. BROWN: That means that this is correct, the
14 15 16 17 18	MR. BROWN: Yes. My question was  MR. AVITABILE: No. I'm answering the question  I'm answering the question. Each connector provides a shared space for the users on either side of that connector.  MR. BROWN: That means that this is correct, the arcade will not be common space shared with Woodley residents
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1	are going to you know, like I'm going to go back just
2	so you all know, I'm going to go back and look at all those
3	cases again and getting back to again this whole point of
4	this. And we're done this many times before. And Mr. Brown,
5	you would know, because you also have been involved in some
6	of these appeals now, as to whether or not a the
7	connection is, you know, heated, enclosed, and whether or not
8	those doors have to be locked. I mean there are some things
9	that I'm going to kind of go back on.
10	And so what Mr. Brown, I think, is asking and
11	I'm just trying to understand your question also is that
12	are all the people on those floors going to have access to
13	that arcade; is that what your question is?
14	MR. AVITABILE: Yeah. So let me just
15	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Wait a minute. I just want to
16	make sure I understand the question, Mr. Avitabile. Mr
17	MR. AVITABILE: Sure.
18	CHAIRPERSON HILL: that's your question?
19	MR. BROWN: Yes.
20	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Right. So your question is
21	will all the people in all the different buildings I'm
22	sorry just for the you're currently talking about the
23	arcade, right, so will those condo units all have access to
24	that passageway? That's the question, correct, Mr. Brown?
25	MR. BROWN: No, it's not.

CHAIRPERSON HILL: Oh.

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MR. BROWN: This is common space. This is the common space requirement, and that is that it is shared by users of all portions of the building, which in the case of a single building means all three parts. Is it common space that will be shared by users of all three parts of the building? And what I read Mr. Avitabile statement to say is that the arcade will not be common space shared by -- with Woodley residents or with the upper floor occupants of the Wardman Tower. And I want to make sure I'm reading his statement correct.

CHAIRPERSON HILL: So let me try responding to that again. I'll take each one in turn. Let's start with the arcade. So that's the connection that connects the Wardman Tower to Tower A of the new construction. That's been there, the arcade, in some form or another, since 1928. It will be used as shared common space for people who live in the new construction, Tower A and Tower B, and at a minimum, people who are on the first two floors Wardman Tower, so people within Wardman Tower and people within the new construction will be able to use that as a shared common space.

The condo owners, at this point in time, to my knowledge, do not have the access to that space just as they do not have the access to that space when the Wardman Tower

1	building was converted to a condominium in 2014. Under the
2	58 regulations, that states function as a valid building
3	connection simply allowing passage for the lower two floors
4	back and forth. Yes.
5	MR. BROWN: I got my hand up. So your answer is
6	no, right? The upper floors of that Wardman do not have
7	access?
8	MR. AVITABILE: At this time, I don't believe they
9	do, no.
10	CHAIRPERSON HILL: That's fine. Okay. Mr. Brown,
11	so you got that question answered.
12	MR. BROWN: Is that also true, Mr. Avitabile, with
13	regard to the Woodley residents?
14	MR. AVITABILE: Yes. At this time, the Woodley
15	residents don't have access to that portion of the building
16	as and now again, I think your question is asking a
17	specific question but ignores the broader context of what we
18	have said, which is that we believe that 309.2 is an
19	important qualifier to that language about shared common
20	space, all users of the building, and makes it clear that
21	some portions can't. I recognize you disagree, but I just
22	want the Board to understand that what we are
23	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. I'm just everybody
24	how should I say this? I'm trying to get through
25	questions, which always seem to be the most difficult thing.

1	If everyone can ask their questions in a way that the other
2	person can understand them and get some answered, you guys
3	will have a chance to write a I think what's going to
4	happen is I'm going to get a conclusion from everybody, and
5	if everybody wants to restate whatever they want the Board
6	to remember most about this, we're going to get that in
7	writing, and we're going to read that before we make a
8	decision. Okay. But what Mr. Brown is saying and what he's
9	pointing out is that everybody in all these buildings are not
10	going to have access to all these different corridors and
11	whether or not that's something, again, that matters, I guess
12	we'll have to figure out later. But that was Mr. Brown's
13	first question about the I'm sorry about the arcade.
14	And I
15	MR. AVITABILE: Correct.
16	CHAIRPERSON HILL: guess you, Mr. Avitabile,
17	are just saying you're you're cutting to the chase. Not
18	everybody in all the buildings will have access to all these
19	corridors?
20	MR. AVITABILE: Correct.
21	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. Go ahead, Mr. Brown.
22	MR. AVITABILE: And shared common space, correct.
23	MR. BROWN: Let me move on to the breezeway and
24	the question of common space. Is it correct, looking at your
25	statement on page 14, the breezeway will not be common space

1	accessible to Wardman Tower condominium owners?
2	MR. AVITABILE: At this time, yes, that's correct.
3	As far as I know, they would not have the ability to access
4	that space.
5	MR. BROWN: Right.
6	MR. AVITABILE: Residents of the Woodley,
7	residents of the new construction would have access to that
8	common space.
9	MR. BROWN: All right. Now, let's go on to the
10	question of free and unrestricted passageway under paragraph
11	d.2. And again, is it correct I'm again looking at your
12	statement, page 14 and 15 that Woodley residents and upper
13	floor occupants of the Wardman Tower will not have access to
14	the arcade?
15	MR. AVITABILE: As far as I know, that's correct.
16	MR. BROWN: And this is also correct
17	MR. AVITABILE: Hold on
18	MR. BROWN: as far as you know
19	MR. AVITABILE: let me answer the question.
20	That's correct but that corridor will provide passage for
21	residents on the lower floors of the Wardman Tower into the
22	new construction and vice versa, so it is providing
23	passageway between the otherwise separate portions of the
24	structure.
25	MR. BROWN: Will it provide free and unrestricted

1	passageway for Wardman Tower condominium residents through
2	the breezeway?
3	MR. AVITABILE: I'm sorry, can you repeat the
4	question. I didn't quite follow.
5	MR. BROWN: The breezeway, will it provide free
6	and unrestricted passage between the buildings for the
7	Wardman Tower condominium owners?
8	MR. AVITABILE: No, though there's nothing in the
9	definition of B-309.2 that says that the connector has to be
10	open to all residents of the building.
11	MR. BROWN: I'm talking now about compliance
12	with Section d.2.
13	MR. AVITABILE: Yes, the free and unrestricted
14	passage. There's nothing in that definition that says it has
15	to be open to all residents of a single shared building.
16	MR. BROWN: Mr. Chairman, you'll be glad to hear
17	my questions are done.
18	CHAIRPERSON HILL: That's fine, Mr. Brown. Mr.
19	Brown, I mean like I guess I think it's pretty
20	straightforward what the Board's going to have to figure out,
21	and so thankfully, I think it is actually pretty
22	straightforward. So okay, Mr. Schulman, you have a
23	MR. SCHULMAN: Just wanted to, if I may I know
24	this is unusual, but I'd like to piggyback on Mr. Brown's
25	questions about the breezeway and the arcade.

CHAIRPERSON HILL: I'm sorry. One second. Everybody, just hold on. So Mr. Schulman, what unusually happens is that all questions come through the person who is the appellant, right, who is giving the testimony. since we've been in this Zoom world, when we -- I can't believe it, like I actually remember when we weren't in the Zoom world -- so you could have told your person, Mr. Brown, what your questions were, right, or what your question is, So as long as this doesn't get too far afield, if you have a question, what would normally have happened is you would have told Mr. Brown, and Mr. Brown would have asked his So what question do you have and who is questions. Okay. it for?

Again, to Mr. Avitabile, just even MR. SCHULMAN: we've acknowledged that the fitness center is. according definition, above grade, to the haven't acquiesced to the understanding that the fitness satisfies Section 309 point whatever. So the question is with regard to the fitness center, will access to the fitness be open to residents of the Wardman and the Woodley?

CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. So this is -- Mr. Avitabile, this is what we're going to get to, and this is what we're always going to get to. So Mr. Schulman's asking if everybody in all these three buildings will have access to this fitness center. And I would imagine the answer is

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no, correct?

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MR. AVITABILE: Yes. That's correct though, Chair Hill, again, it's mostly just for the record, and I'll point out I'm not going to have any questions for anyone, so there's some good news at the -- light at the end of this tunnel. But I want to point out on page two of their reply that was filed on Monday, the bottom, they say they've withdrawn their B-309.1 claim as to the connection. They -- and they did not go on to address it in their presentation. They said the fitness center is fine.

CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. So again --

MR. AVITABILE: As I've ready it anyway.

CHAIRPERSON HILL: -- so now I'm asking the question. Who will have access to the fitness center?

MR. AVITABILE: The residents of the new construction, at a minimum. So on either side of the fitness center, Tower A and Tower B.

CHAIRPERSON HILL: So will -- the Board will figure out -- again, I have to go back. It hasn't been that long ago that we did this, right -- whether -- how the meaningful connection is actually analyzed, right, in terms of whether the doors have to be locked, or if everybody has to get in there, and so that we can work through, the Board.

Okay. So I did that. Okay. Oh, Mr. Avitabile, you don't have any questions?

1	MR. AVITABILE: No.
2	CHAIRPERSON HILL: DOB, do you have any questions?
3	MR. FULLER: I have a couple of two or three
4	questions for, actually, Mr. Schulman.
5	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay, Mr. Fuller.
6	MR. FULLER: Mr. Schulman, you would agree that
7	the building height is calculated according to and pursuant
8	to 11B DCMR 308, is that correct?
9	MR. SCHULMAN: Yes, but not the setback.
10	MR. FULLER: Right. I understand. Your
11	contention is that somehow the building height measurement
12	from 11-B DCMR 308 somehow doesn't apply to 11-B DCMR 203.6;
13	is that that's basically your case or your argument?
14	MR. SCHULMAN: Yes. And the zoning rewrite gave
15	more opportunity for that separation even if it historically
16	had been the case.
17	MR. FULLER: And you would agree that and I
18	think it's in was in your slide 15 you would agree that
19	the building height using BHMP and 11 DCMR 308 is, I think
20	you said, 88 feet 4 inches; is that correct?
21	MR. SCHULMAN: Yes. I can find it to confirm it
22	here. Give me one second. Yes. That is the height of the
23	building at that point, so it's under 90 feet.
24	MR. FULLER: Okay. And I know I don't think
25	this is your argument or your point, but just to clarify

1	since you're sort of speaking as the expert on behalf of
2	WHST, you're not contending that the Board erred in deciding
3	cases 19550 and 20183, correct? I'm saying you personally.
4	MR. SCHULMAN: I believe that their as I
5	believe Mr. Brown has indicated, that those cases are not
6	directly relevant because they're not directly germane to the
7	question being raised today.
8	MR. FULLER: But that's not your contention,
9	correct?
10	MR. SCHULMAN: It is. I would say that as an
11	architect having read them.
12	MR. FULLER: And you would agree that those cases
13	haven't been and since then you're going to speak to those
14	cases, you would agree that those cases haven't been either
15	appealed or overturned; is that correct?
16	MR. SCHULMAN: Correct.
17	MR. FULLER: Okay. And you are have been put
18	up by WHST as an expert and representative to speak
19	specifically to the zoning regulations that DOB purportedly
20	incorrectly applied when issuing the building permits.
21	You're not contending that the project violates any
22	affordable housing regulations, is that correct?
23	MR. SCHULMAN: That's correct. The I checked,
24	actually, the IZ distribution of units and how many
25	three-bedroom apartments there are, and I from my cursory

examination, I believe it complies with IZ rules as they stand.

MR. FULLER: And you would agree that generally speaking, the grievance of WHST with this project is that -- is with the sort of amount of affordable housing available in the District of Columbia, is that correct?

MR. SCHULMAN: Not fully. The grievance, as I understand it, is that the developers were unwilling to work with the community on community benefits.

MR. FULLER: Okay. And so that's your understanding of WHST's --

CHAIRPERSON HILL: No. Just to -- I mean I don't know, Mr. Schulman, again -- he was just giving -- and I'm saying this for the record -- he was giving his opinion on nothing that had been necessarily talked about yet. don't even know, you know, whether or not -- I don't know whether the question was asked correctly, I suppose, whether or not these guys have done anything with community benefits or anything, that's not anything we have been talking about. And so, Mr. Fuller, I'm trying to understand your question a little bit more. We are all here for the zoning issues that we have been talking about for five hours, and so, you know, what was your question again, Mr. Fuller? MR. FULLER: And my only point --Sure.

Chairperson Hill, just to give you some context, my only

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1	point is just to verify that the zoning regulations at issue
2	and that we're addressing as part of this hearing have
3	nothing to do with affordable housing. That was the basis
4	of my question.
5	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay.
6	MR. FULLER: And I think Mr. Schulman agreed with
7	that. Is that correct, Mr. Schulman?
8	(No audible response.)
9	MR. FULLER: I don't have any further questions.
10	CHAIRPERSON HILL: That's all right. Mr.
11	Schulman's nodding his head yes. Okay. And I can see the
12	Commissioner also nodding her head, so I mean she's been
13	involved in this thing now for eight years or however long,
14	you know, in dog years the ANC Commissioner actually, you
15	know, works.
16	So let's see. Okay. So DOB. Okay. All right.
17	You guys have all asked your questions. Mr. Brown, do you
18	have any rebuttal?
19	MR. BROWN: Very quick.
20	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. And then what they're
21	going to do again is have an opportunity to ask questions on
22	your rebuttal just to make sure everybody understands. And
23	then I'm going to ask for written conclusions. So ahead, Mr.
24	Brown.
25	MR. BROGAN: Did you say are or are not going to

ask?

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CHAIRPERSON HILL: I am going to ask for a written conclusion.

MR. FULLER: Oh. I'll be happy to provide a written conclusion and that pretty much obviates what I would say in rebuttal, because all I would do in rebuttal is talk about the arguments that have been made. I have no new information --

CHAIRPERSON HILL: That's fine. That's great.

MR. FULLER: -- to present.

CHAIRPERSON HILL: That's great. So then I quess what I would need -- and the ANC is welcome to put something in the record, but what I'm looking for is a conclusion and really what I'm looking for a conclusion is anything you might want the Board to think most about. I don't know what else to say. Like, you know, it doesn't have to be more than You know, I mean we know exactly what these issues are, right, in terms of what zoning issues we are now talking And, you know, I know I'm going to go back and do my homework again on meaningful connection and whether the -you know, the -- who has access to that and doors being locked and then the building height measuring point which we've talked about ad nauseam, you know, in a lot of other cases, to be quite honest, and then the setbacks. are the things that I, you know, am going to be looking for

the conclusion, and if my fellow Board Members anything else that they might feel -- like to hear in the conclusion, I'll go around the table and see if, you know, they'd like to add anything about that. And I'm going to start with Mr. Blake, do you have anything else you'd like to maybe have further clarification on for you to chew on? MEMBER BLAKE: Mr. Chair, at this point, I think the record's pretty full, and I don't have anything else that I need other than a conclusion and a summary, yes. CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. And let's see. Oh, Vice Chair Miller? COMMISSIONER MILLER: THANK YOU, Mr. Chairman. just want to thank all the participants today, Wardman Hotel Strategy Group representatives, appellant,

COMMISSIONER MILLER: THANK YOU, Mr. Chairman. I just want to thank all the participants today, the appellant, Wardman Hotel Strategy Group representatives, David Brown and Jim Schulman, and presentations by Department of Buildings, Kathleen Beetman and Brent Fuller. And Colleen Smyth, did you talk? Your present so we appreciate it. And the intervenor, the property owner, David Avitabile and Shane Dettman.

I found the review of the legislative history of ZR 16, which was a long case, interesting and pretty persuasive in terms of my recollection of what we were trying to accomplish. And that was a question I had at the outset, about the non-reference to the building height measuring point when talking about setbacks for the RA-2 zone versus

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the RA-4, and why did we use -- we did we go to the task of defining the building height measuring point definition in that regulation rather than just refer to the building height measuring point. And that just triggered in my mind the recollection that we didn't want people to have to go back forth through different sections and of the zoning regulations, and so we were proceeding -- and maybe we should have included both given that there's five hours that we've debated this today. But the language is pretty similar in terms of what the building height measurement, all lot lines, and all that.

So I appreciate that height setback discussion. I appreciate all the meaningful connection discussion, and maybe add a little reference to an earlier case, almost 20 years ago, I think, that my wife was involved with when she was on the BZA. I didn't review that case for today and talk about it with her, but I think she might be interested in watching because of that. I knew it was coming up, but I think she had grandparent duties to -- double duty since I wasn't available. So appreciate all of that information. I appreciate the Advisory Neighborhood Commission's work on this.

You know, I live in ANC3C. I'm not in the single member district, and I'm in North Creek West which, as we all know, and the data has a dearth of the affordable housing

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that we need in this -- in our neighborhood and throughout the city, and -- but this case is not about how we get to that unfortunately. That might be a zoning condition case that we've had before us which we have increased set asides in certain types of map amendment situations. Maybe there should have been a map amendment that somebody should have applied for that might have triggered IZ plus 20 percent. That didn't happen. I think, you know, maybe it's a missed opportunity by the executive to purchase a very expensive piece of land with our limited housing dollars. That's not all -- that's not before the Board today. It's the zoning issues, the interpretation of the zoning, and carefully review again -- I've read everything in the record thus far -- maybe what might have just come in today, although I saw the PowerPoints, and so -- and I'll read the conclusions and rebuttals that are in the conclusion that you all provide.

I appreciate the discussion, and there's nothing I'm specifically asking for beyond what my fellow Board Members have already asked for, but appreciate your all being here today. So thank you very much for your time. Thanks, Mr. Chairman.

CHAIRPERSON HILL: Thank you, Vice Chair Miller.

Vice Chair John, do you have anything you'd like to add?

VICE CHAIR JOHN: Yes. This is for Mr. Brown.

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1	I believe I saw this in the record, but I wanted to be sure
2	that it's there; that is the discussion concerning the
3	relationship of the two witnesses that were listed in the
4	application who are they what is their connection to
5	WHST? Is there an affirmative statement that they are
6	members of WHST?
7	MR. BROWN: The only people that I am that I
8	will represent to you are members of WHST are the witnesses
9	that I had lined up for today, Mr. Delladonne and Ms.
10	Touston. The other two individual plaintiffs, there is no
11	claim that they are members of the organization.
12	VICE CHAIR JOHN: Okay.
13	MR. BROWN: They are just neighbors.
14	VICE CHAIR JOHN: Okay. And since they did not
15	testify, can you put something in the record with your
16	closing statement? I thought they were going to testify, and
17	I would have asked them questions. But since they're not
18	testifying, I would like to see something in the record.
19	MR. BROWN: Is there anything in particular you
20	would like them to address?
21	VICE CHAIR JOHN: What is their relationship to
22	WHST? Are they members?
23	MR. BROWN: There is no
24	VICE CHAIR JOHN: Are they members of WHST?
25	MR. BROWN: No no. I will clarify that in the

closing statement that they are not. 1 VICE CHAIR JOHN: Is there any discussion 2 Okay. about who are the members of WHST in the file? 3 4 MR. BROWN: Yes. I believe that the testimony of 5 Mr. Delladonne and Ms. Touston explain basically what the membership is comprised of and what they do and how they 6 7 operate. That testimony is in the record. 8 VICE CHAIR JOHN: Okay. Ι thought Ι saw 9 something, but I wanted to make sure it's there. 10 MR. BROWN: Okay. 11 VICE CHAIR JOHN: Thank you. 12 CHAIRPERSON HILL: I guess, Mr. Brown -- and this is what Vice Chair John is trying to also clarify -- like 13 there are couple of people here, like Mr. Delladonne -- I 14 15 quess Mr. Delladonne and then -- and I'm sorry, the gentleman who's turned his camera on, and I would have a hard time with 16 17 last name right now -- before you guys even speak, because now you've been here, I don't know, I'm trying to 18 19 clarify, Mr. Brown, that you've presented your case. All the 20 people that you wanted to testify have testified, correct? 2.1 MR. BROWN: That is correct. 22 CHAIRPERSON HILL: So then the other people that are in the hearing room right now, who are they? 23 24 MR. BROWN: There are probably a lot of people who

wanted to listen to this, but the individual plaintiffs would

be available to answer questions that you might have had 1 concerning their injury and standing. But since you decided 2 3 that matter at the beginning, I saw no need for anyone to 4 testify. 5 CHAIRPERSON HILL: Right. That's fine. I just want to be clear for the record, because the only people that 6 7 are allowed to testify are those that have standing. And the 8 only people that have standing are you as the appellant and 9 your team and then, you know, whoever brings the appeal, and 10 then the ANC and the property owner and the DOB. So your team consisted of these other individuals, and you were going 11 12 to use them as witnesses if there was an issue about 13 standing; is that correct? 14 MR. BROWN: That's correct. 15 CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. So they don't have 16 anything to add at this point that they're being -- that you 17 would have used them as witnesses, correct? 18 MR. BROWN: No, because our case is based upon 19 application of law to the facts of the case, the zoning 2.0 regulation violation claims. It's not about the strength or 2.1 significance of the injury. That's all that they could have 22 addressed.

make sure that you have gotten your say, that's -- and all

CHAIRPERSON HILL:

Brown, I -- you understand what I'm saying?

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Mr.

I just want to

That's all right.

the people that you had wanted to talk have talked, correct? 1 That is completely correct. 2 MR. BROWN: 3 Okay. CHAIRPERSON HILL: Great. 4 VICE CHAIR JOHN: And Mr. Chairman, my question 5 about clarification went to the organization, who is the appellant, to make sure that there is information in the 6 7 record concerning at least one of -- one member of that 8 organization, and my understanding is that there is something 9 from Mr. Delledonne which I may have missed. Is that 10 correct, Mr. Brown? 11 MR. BROWN: Yes. 12 VICE CHAIR JOHN: Okay. That's it for me, Chairman. 13 Thanks, Ms. -- go ahead, 14 CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. 15 Mr. Blake. MEMBER BLAKE: 16 The names on the appeal -- and I 17 see a fellow here on the dais is consistent with a name on Could you just -- I'm just trying to reconcile 18 the appeal. 19 Mr. Brown, maybe you can help me? 2.0 MR. BROWN: The two individual appellants are Mr. 2.1 Ramachandran and Ms. Wallenberg and basically, they had 22 nothing to add on the merits except to explain their claims 23 of injury aggrievement. And since the standing motions have 24 been denied, I simply did not see any reason for them -although I represent them unquestionably, I didn't see any

need for them to testify.

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CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay.

MEMBER BLAKE: Okay. But those -- excuse me, just one second. At that beginning of the hearing, Department of Buildings asked us to clarify the people that were in a certain zone. Would those two people be -- would that person be within that 200 feet?

MR. BROWN: There -- I -- my position with respect to the 200 feet is that both of them live in apartment buildings that are within 200 feet of the property.

MEMBER BLAKE: Okay. So that -- Mr. Fuller, would that answer your question about those two people?

He just indicated that they live in MR. FULLER: an apartment building that may be within 200 feet of the property. The question -- I think the -- I think is what was said at the beginning was that these two individuals reside and live within 200 feet of the property. That's not correct nor has that ever been represented or asserted, knowledge, the only reason bу WHTS. And that that's conceivably -and I know Ι'm -- you quys have decision already. I'm sort of beating a dead horse. understand that but these folks, you know, to the extent that like people are talking about this 200-foot thing, these folks wouldn't receive -- are required to receive notice in relation to like a special exception, receiving a variance

between -- anything to that effect. These folks, as far -- there's been no representation by WHST that they actually live -- reside within 300 feet of --

CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay.

MR. FULLER: -- the --

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CHAIRPERSON HILL: Mr. Fuller, I'm going to way sidetrack all this also, and I appreciate that everybody's trying to clear up whatever has gone to screen, right, and so -- and I'm going to make another statement which is, again, as far as people able to bring appeals, they haven't necessarily had to be within the 200 feet. So I just want that to be very clear for the record; okay? So all this is getting started again because there's two people on the screen that haven't said anything. And all I want to make sure -- and Mr. Brown said that he has -- that everyone has had their opportunity to speak. Is that correct, Mr. Brown?

(No audible response.)

CHAIRPERSON HILL: Thank you. Okay. So now I'm trying to get the conclusion statement, okay, as we have asked for with -- from the appellant and then also the DOB and the property. And if the ANC wants to, they're fine. Okay. And I think -- I can't -- if Ms. John is going to get the information she wants from you, Mr. Brown, so I just want to make sure that Ms. John has had a chance to clarify what information -- no, not Ms. John? I'm sorry.

1	VICE CHAIR JOHN: No. I think I asked the									
2	question, and Mr. Brown assured me that the information was									
3	there, and so I'm fine with that. Maybe I missed it.									
4	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. All right. Okay. I'm									
5	sorry, you guys. I'm also I'm just tired. It's been five									
6	hours now. So if we can get a conclusion from everybody.									
7	All right. And Ms. Mehlert, you're going to tell me when									
8	works out for getting conclusions.									
9	MS. MEHLERT: So would you like to schedule this									
10	for a decision or do you									
11	CHAIRPERSON HILL: I unless my fellow Board									
12	Members have any other need for a continued hearing, then I'd									
13	just have a decision.									
14	VICE CHAIR JOHN: Decision is fine for me.									
15	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. Thank you, Vice Chair									
16	John. And then so then, you know, I mean give them a									
17	little time, I guess. Like we could come back around the									
18	29th for a decision if they want to submit some conclusions									
19	before then.									
20	MS. MEHLERT: We could I believe that those are									
21	hearings that are usually on the 29th, but we could put it									
22	on June 5th									
23	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay.									
24	MS. MEHLERT: and so they could submit									
	Mo. MENDERT: and so they could submit									

1	is the holiday but.							
2	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Or if you want to give them til							
3	the 29th?							
4	COMMISSIONER MILLER: 29th is fine with me.							
5	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. All right. Then we'll							
6	have conclusions on the 29th and we'll come back for a							
7	decision on the 5th. Mr. Miller, you can come for that I							
8	assume?							
9	COMMISSIONER MILLER: The 29th?							
10	CHAIRPERSON HILL: No, the 5th.							
11	COMMISSIONER MILLER: The 5th, June 5th, is that							
12	what you said?							
13	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Yes.							
14	COMMISSIONER MILLER: Yes. I can be there and as							
15	long as I have the mic, I shouldn't have started naming names							
16	cause I think I left off a few names and I apologize if I							
17	left off your name, like Erik Cox, who I gave a hard time							
18	with the last time I think we were here, a different appeal.							
19	So I just want to acknowledge that and then Janell Pagats,							
20	I don't think I mentioned your name although I mentioned your							
21	agency but and any other today else, I appreciate							
22	everybody's participation.							
23	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Thanks, Vice Chair Miller. All							
24	right. I'm going to go ahead and close this hearing and the							
25	record except for what we've asked for, and I will echo							

1	Commissioner Miller and thank you for your time. Bye-bye.									
2	VICE CHAIR JOHN: Thank you.									
3	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Have a good day.									
4	MR. BROWN: Mr. Chairman, one quick question?									
5	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Sure. Just hold on. Mr.									
6	Young, don't lose everybody now.									
7	MR. BROWN: It's my understanding that the									
8	submissions on May 29th are more or less contemporaneous or									
9	simultaneous, is that right?									
10	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Yes.									
11	MR. BROWN: Could we have a fixed time by which									
12	the submissions must be submitted?									
13	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Sure. By 5:00.									
14	MR. BROWN: Sounds good to me.									
15	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. 5:00 on the 29th.									
16	MR. BROWN: Thank you.									
17	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. Great. Thank you. All									
18	right.									
19	MR. BROWN: And with the record closed, no									
20	additional non-record information is to be submitted, just									
21	summation from what's in the record, is that correct?									
22	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Exactly, just clarity that you									
23	want the Board to take a look at while we're making our									
24	decision.									
25	MR. BROWN: Thank you, sir.									

1			CHAI	IRPERSON	HILL:	Okay.	Thank you	.•		
2	MR. BROWN: One page.									
3			CHAI	IRPERSON	HILL:	Okay.	Bye-bye.	See you all.		
4			MR.	BROWN:	Bye-by	e.				
5	(Whereupon, the above-entitled matter went off the									
6	record	at	3:50	p.m.)						
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## <u>CERTIFICATE</u>

This is to certify that the foregoing transcript

In the matter of: Public Hearing

Before: DC BZA

Date: 05-15-24

Place: teleconference

was duly recorded and accurately transcribed under my direction; further, that said transcript is a true and accurate complete record of the proceedings.

Court Reporter

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