GOVERNMENT
OF
THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

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BOARD OF ZONING ADJUSTMENT

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PUBLIC HEARING

+ + + + +

WEDNESDAY

JUNE 13, 2018

+ + + + +

The Regular Public Hearing convened in the Jerrily R. Kress Memorial Hearing Room, Room 220 South, 441 4th Street, N.W., Washington, D.C., 20001, pursuant to notice at 9:30 a.m., Frederick Hill, Chairperson, presiding.

BOARD OF ZONING ADJUSTMENT MEMBERS PRESENT:

FREDERICK L. HILL, Chairperson LESYLLEE M. WHITE, Board Member CARLTON HART, Board Member (NCPC) LORNA JOHN, Board Member

ZONING COMMISSION MEMBERS PRESENT:

PETER MAY, Commissioner

OFFICE OF ZONING STAFF PRESENT:

CLIFFORD MOY, Secretary

D.C. OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL PRESENT:

SHERRY GLAZER, ESQ.

OFFICE OF PLANNING STAFF PRESENT:

JOEL LAWSON
JONATHAN KIRSCHENBAUM
MATT JESICK
ELISA VITALE
MAXINE BROWN-ROBERTS
STEPHEN MORDFIN
KAREN THOMAS
ANNE FOTHERGILL

The transcript constitutes the minutes from the Public Hearing held on June 13, 2018.

CONTENTS

<u>Preliminary Matters</u>	
Appeal No. 19613 of B Monroe Ventures, LLC	4
Application No. 19614 of B Monroe Ventures, LLC	4
<u>Hearings</u>	
Application No. 19689 of M1C9 Owner, LLC	17
Application No. 19739 of Ben Safran and Margot Locker	.31
Application of No. 19759 of Christopher Cassimus 1	.53
Application No. 19769 of MR 1700 Columbia Retail LLC	.61
Application No. 19771 of Lee Wells and Malcolm Haith	.81
Application No. 19772 of 1729 T Street TF LLC 2	65
Adjourn	35

P-R-O-C-E-E-D-I-N-G-S

2	(9:57 a.m.)
3	CHAIRMAN HILL: All right, Mr. Moy.
4	SECRETARY MOY: All right, Mr. Chairman. The
5	first two cases, I don't know if, whether or not you want me
6	to call both cases or not, but for now, the first case is
7	appeal number 19613 of B Monroe Ventures, LLC, captioned and
8	advertised as an appeal from the determination made on July
9	28, 2017 by the Zoning Administrator at Department of
10	Consumer Regulatory Affairs, that per Subtitle E, Section
11	307.3, a side yard would be required to construct two flats
12	on the existing vacant lots in the RF-1 Zone.
13	This is at 1844 Monroe Street, Northwest, square
14	2614, lot 38. As I was mentioning earlier, there is a
15	related case application to the same subject property.
16	CHAIRMAN HILL: Can you read them both? Can we
17	do them both?
18	SECRETARY MOY: Yes, I, yes, I can.
19	CHAIRMAN HILL: Because they're both, they're both
20	requesting postponement, correct?
21	SECRETARY MOY: Absolutely, Mr. Chair. That is
22	case application number 19614 of B Monroe Ventures, LLC.
23	Captioned and advertised for a variance from the side yard
24	requirements, Subtitle E, Section 307.3, which would
25	construct a new three-story flat RE-1 Zone 1844 Monroe

1	Street, Northwest, square 2614, lot 38. And this Board will
2	recall, there is approved party status.
3	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. Whoever's here, could you
4	come to the table? Okay, good morning. If you could please
5	introduce yourselves, from my right to left.
6	MS. LORD-SORENSEN: Good morning, Chairman Hill,
7	and members of the Board. Adrianne Lord-Sorensen, assistant
8	general counsel with the DC Department of Consumer and
9	Regulatory Affairs.
10	MR. KELLER: Keenan Keller, 1850 Monroe Street
11	party intervenor, along with Donna Murphy.
12	CHAIRMAN HILL: Could you say your last name
13	again, sir? I'm sorry.
- 0	•
14	MR. KELLER: Keller. K-E-L-L-E-R.
14	MR. KELLER: Keller. K-E-L-L-E-R.
14 15	MR. KELLER: Keller. K-E-L-L-E-R. CHAIRMAN HILL: Keller. Thank you.
14 15 16	MR. KELLER: Keller. K-E-L-L-E-R. CHAIRMAN HILL: Keller. Thank you. MS. MURPHY: All right. I'm Donna Murphy, and
14 15 16 17	MR. KELLER: Keller. K-E-L-L-E-R. CHAIRMAN HILL: Keller. Thank you. MS. MURPHY: All right. I'm Donna Murphy, and together with my husband, Keenan Keller, we own the property
14 15 16 17	MR. KELLER: Keller. K-E-L-L-E-R. CHAIRMAN HILL: Keller. Thank you. MS. MURPHY: All right. I'm Donna Murphy, and together with my husband, Keenan Keller, we own the property at 1850 Monroe Street, and we're the party intervenors.
14 15 16 17 18	MR. KELLER: Keller. K-E-L-L-E-R. CHAIRMAN HILL: Keller. Thank you. MS. MURPHY: All right. I'm Donna Murphy, and together with my husband, Keenan Keller, we own the property at 1850 Monroe Street, and we're the party intervenors. CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay, great.
14 15 16 17 18 19	MR. KELLER: Keller. K-E-L-L-E-R. CHAIRMAN HILL: Keller. Thank you. MS. MURPHY: All right. I'm Donna Murphy, and together with my husband, Keenan Keller, we own the property at 1850 Monroe Street, and we're the party intervenors. CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay, great. MR. SULLIVAN: Good morning, Mr. Chairman, and
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	MR. KELLER: Keller. K-E-L-L-E-R. CHAIRMAN HILL: Keller. Thank you. MS. MURPHY: All right. I'm Donna Murphy, and together with my husband, Keenan Keller, we own the property at 1850 Monroe Street, and we're the party intervenors. CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay, great. MR. SULLIVAN: Good morning, Mr. Chairman, and members of the Board. My name is Marty Sullivan, on behalf
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	MR. KELLER: Keller. K-E-L-L-E-R. CHAIRMAN HILL: Keller. Thank you. MS. MURPHY: All right. I'm Donna Murphy, and together with my husband, Keenan Keller, we own the property at 1850 Monroe Street, and we're the party intervenors. CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay, great. MR. SULLIVAN: Good morning, Mr. Chairman, and members of the Board. My name is Marty Sullivan, on behalf of the Applicant and Appellant.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	MR. KELLER: Keller. K-E-L-L-E-R. CHAIRMAN HILL: Keller. Thank you. MS. MURPHY: All right. I'm Donna Murphy, and together with my husband, Keenan Keller, we own the property at 1850 Monroe Street, and we're the party intervenors. CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay, great. MR. SULLIVAN: Good morning, Mr. Chairman, and members of the Board. My name is Marty Sullivan, on behalf of the Applicant and Appellant. CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. So Mr. Sullivan, I guess

behind it was that you believe that this, that you're working 1 2 possibly resolve the issue, with DCRA to and is that basically it? 3 4 MR. SULLIVAN: That's it. And then, we wanted to especially for the appeal, 5 right, in the 6 meantime, to make sure that our, what's going to be, looks 7 like a matter of right solution, is, works. And as long as 8 that gets approved, but we would like to reserve our rights 9 in regard to the appeal. 10 And then, the Zoning Commission didn't resolve the issue of the text amendment that would've resolved this, in 11 12 their last meeting, and so that's been extended as well. 13 CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. So you're sort of trying 14 to, I mean, okay. So when is it that you think this will be 15 resolved, one way or the other? 16 MR. SULLIVAN: I'd like to think really quickly. 17 But since we requested the postponement, and I know the 18 neighbors have requested a date --19 CHAIRMAN HILL: The intervenor --2.0 -- and we're fine with that. MR. SULLIVAN: 21 CHAIRMAN HILL: Right. The intervenor was --22 MR. SULLIVAN: Yes. 23 objection CHAIRMAN HILL: in to the 24 postponement, and then they mentioned that they had prior 25 obligations, and that there was a date that possibly could

1 have worked for them. But even if that were the case, are 2 you saying that this will be resolved by July 18th? It sure seems like that. 3 MR. SULLIVAN: 4 CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay, one way or the other. Whether we're either going to be here or not, that --5 6 MR. SULLIVAN: Yes. 7 All right. CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. So now, Mr. 8 Murphy and -- oh, I'm sorry. Ms. Murphy and Mr. Keller, so 9 you guys are, we seen the objection to the postponement, and then also the possibility that even if we were to postpone, 10 11 to do something either July 18th or later, and would you, do 12 you have any comment on that? 13 We object to the postponement MS. MURPHY: Yes. 14 because, as parties to these cases, we think that the cases 15 should be resolved, involving us, and we have not been 16 notified or provided any information about what the possible 17 resolution is. 18 just, we didn't know, learn about the So we 19 possible resolution until we received a request to consent 2.0 to the motion to postpone. So if there's a resolution to 21 these matters, we think it should involve all of the parties. 22 And then, with regard to the date, if 23 postponed, yes, a date July 18th or later, you know, we'd 24 like the opportunity to make sure that we can be present for 25 whenever the hearing is rescheduled.

1 CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. So I actually don't know 2 what the intervenor is supposed to be involved in, right? I mean, and now I'm looking at Ms. Glazer. Like, there's not 3 4 any, that's not something that they are involved in as the They're an intervenor to this particular case, 5 intervenor. 6 correct? 7 Well, since this is an appeal, it's MS. GLAZER: 8 a little different than if it were an application, I think. 9 With an appeal, it sounds like the parties are, the other 10 parties, DCRA and the Appellant, are discussing a matter of 11 rights solution, which would probably result in a withdrawal 12 of the appeal, if I'm not --13 Okay. CHAIRMAN HILL: So I guess the answer to 14 that is you are not part of this process, and if the appeal 15 were to go through, you're an intervenor for the appeal. And so if the appeal is, if the appeal is dropped, 16 17 then I guess it would go away. And then, your, then I don't 18 know what the next steps would be on your part, in terms of, 19 I guess, then you would appeal a permit or anything like 2.0 that, that might, I don't know. I don't know. 21 MS. MURPHY: So this is the first time we've heard 22 that this is a matter of rights solution, so that's new 2.3 information to us. 24 Today, as of this moment. MR. KELLER:

MS.

MURPHY:

25

As of this moment, that was not

1 included in the motion. So that's useful information, 2 obviously. In terms of the application for variance though, 3 4 I don't know, we're a party also to the application for 5 variance, so I don't know whether that is a different legal 6 standard. 7 I think that, in the experience CHAIRMAN HILL: 8 that I've had, the parties will try to come to some kind of 9 resolution, and if you're here before us, you will then find 10 out, you know, any information during the hearing that you 11 would be privy to as an intervenor. 12 MS. MURPHY: And that really seems to put existing 13 property owners at a disadvantage in this process, but you 14 know, we will do what we can. 15 CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. MR. KELLER: I think the thing that we want to 16 17 stress at this particular moment, that the zoning approval 18 process shouldn't be a trial by ambush, with respect to 19 We're getting new information, as of this property owners. 2.0 moment, with respect to an as a right solution. 21 CHAIRMAN HILL: No, that, I'm just going to --22 MR. KELLER: Yes. 23 First of all, like, CHAIRMAN HILL: I don't 24 believe that there's any ambush involved. And so I mean, you 25 have, we just hear the cases that come before us.

1 And so you know, I can't, we're not here to force 2 people to do, like, you know, they're here, 3 Appellant is here, and they're trying to work whatever 4 they're trying to work through. You, as the neighbor, as a property owner, as the 5 6 intervenor, will have all of the information necessary during 7 the hearing for the appeal, if it does happen. And so --8 When you say during the hearing, do MR. KELLER: 9 you mean literally at this moment, so that we can't brief any 10 issue that comes before us? 11 CHAIRMAN HILL: You would have, if the appeal were 12 through, you would have an opportunity, the 13 intervenor, to cross-examine and present your testimony also, 14 during the appeal. And everything would be in the record 15 before the appeal happens. So you'd be able to see 16 everything in the record before you came to the appeal. 17 you'd see, you'd see everything in the record before you came 18 here. 19 So the other thing I would note, and MS. MURPHY: 2.0 I don't, again, I don't, I'm not an expert in this area, so 21 I don't know how it applies, but the ANC has also opposed the 22 variance in this case and submitted an opposition, so that 2.3 should be taken into account and --24 (Simultaneous speaking) Yes, it will be. 25 CHAIRMAN HILL: It will be.

1 Okay. So, and from our standpoint, again, I'm just trying 2 to, we're trying --3 MR. KELLER: So with respect to new any 4 application that would be made, before, given the fact that 5 the ANC has a right to comment, and they've taken a position 6 adverse to the original application, before there could 7 actually be any hearing, this information would have to come 8 before the ANC so they could actually review it also before 9 this body actually heard and took a position on any new 10 application that was given. 11 CHAIRMAN HILL: Yes. 12 So put it, to sort of make it simple, MR. KELLER: 13 assuming that they file a new application, before this body 14 would be able to make a determination, the ANC would have to 15 have its time period to review that new application and 16 potentially comment one way or another, or not comment at 17 all, before it would come back here? 18 CHAIRMAN HILL: Yes. Okay. 19 So that would actually extend MR. KELLER: 2.0 the time period for any hearing beyond July. And since the 21 ANCs don't meet in August, you're actually now into 22 September. 23 I mean, I don't understand what CHAIRMAN HILL: 24 your question is. 25 MR. KELLER: Му

1	MS. MURPHY: We just, I think what we're trying
2	to say is we want to make sure that the process is followed
3	in the way it needs to be, and that the ANC, and we as
4	parties, have an
5	CHAIRMAN HILL: Sure.
6	MS. MURPHY: opportunity to get the information
7	in advance. With regard to this July 18th date, it's not
8	clear that if there's new information relevant to the
9	variance, that that's going to allow enough time for ANC
10	participation. I don't, you know, we don't have any idea
11	what's being considered
12	(Simultaneous speaking)
13	MS. MURPHY: so that's the issue.
14	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. Mr. Sullivan?
15	MR. SULLIVAN: Yes, if I could clarify something.
16	If we, if we're here on July 18th, it's with, it's with this
17	case.
18	CHAIRMAN HILL: Yes.
19	MR. SULLIVAN: And if we, if we are, can satisfy
20	the matter of right requirements it's called compliance,
21	not an ambush then we won't be here.
22	CHAIRMAN HILL: Yes.
23	MR. SULLIVAN: So there's not going to be any
24	changes prior to
25	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. So if you have any

1	questions for, beyond, and I know it's confusing, but the
2	Office of Zoning is located across the hall, and they can
3	give you a little bit more information about the process.
4	But the process is followed.
5	And so if you are here on, if we do, and I don't
6	know what date we're going to do it, but if we do do it on
7	July 18th, then you would be here for the appeal, which is
8	what we're here for, and you would be here
9	MS. MURPHY: For the existing record?
LO	CHAIRMAN HILL: For the existing record. And you
11	would be here for the application that is, you know, whatever
12	the back up, you know, the other application that's also
13	being postponed today, if we're back here on
L4	MR. KELLER: On or about July 18th.
15	CHAIRMAN HILL: the 18th, yes. On or about
L6	July 18th, right. So
L7	MS. MURPHY: On the existing record?
18	CHAIRMAN HILL: Yes, on the, so Mr. Moy, can you
19	tell me how July 18th is looking, and also, then, I think
20	there's only one more day before we recess after that, right?
21	SECRETARY MOY: Yes. Well, actually, Mr.
22	Chairman, there, July 18th and July 25th, was it, they're
23	coequal, and so, in other words, it won't matter, in terms
24	of the load of the docket, on which day
25	CHAIRMAN HILL: For the Board? Okay. Then let's
I	I and the second

1	do July 18th, because the last day is the last day. So I'd
2	rather not
3	SECRETARY MOY: That's correct. That's correct.
4	CHAIRMAN HILL: you know, okay. So we're going
5	to postpone both, unless the Board has any other questions
6	or thoughts, I'd go ahead and say, let's postpone appeal
7	number 19613, as well as application number excuse me one
8	second as well as application number 19614, to September
9	I'm sorry, not September July 18th. Does the Board
10	have any thoughts on that? Okay. You had a question?
11	MS. MURPHY: Mr. Chairman, may I?
12	CHAIRMAN HILL: Sure.
13	MS. MURPHY: We, the first time we heard the July
14	18th date was when you just mentioned it. Could we have an
15	opportunity to check and make sure that we can be present on
16	that date? That was not ever
17	CHAIRMAN HILL: I thought that was the date that
18	you guys said that
19	MS. MURPHY: No.
20	CHAIRMAN HILL: worked for you guys.
21	MR. KELLER: No, we did not.
22	MS. MURPHY: We said, we said that we were not
23	available on the dates they had previously suggested.
24	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. I'm sorry. I'm trying to
25	

	15
1	MS. MURPHY: So
2	CHAIRMAN HILL: I'm trying to help also in this
3	
4	MS. MURPHY: I appreciate that.
5	CHAIRMAN HILL: particular area. I mean
6	MS. MURPHY: I'm just trying to make sure we're
7	
8	CHAIRMAN HILL: because if, the postponement
9	means that we wouldn't be here. I'm sorry. We're postponing
10	to see whether or not these two cases go away. And so that's
11	what I'm just trying to see, and if it, and we're going to
12	be back here and they're not going to go away I'm sorry.
13	If they don't go away by July 18th, then we will be back
14	here. So you're not here July 18th.
15	MS. MURPHY: I don't know. We need to, we don't
16	literally have our work calendars in front of us.
17	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. One second. One second.
18	VICE CHAIR HART: Mr. Chairman, the intervenor has
19	actually submitted a letter, and they submitted a letter in
20	opposition, of course. We all read through that. But in
21	that, it does say if the Board
22	MS. MURPHY: I'm sorry.
23	VICE CHAIR HART: does grant the Appellant's
24	request for postponement of the hearing, we would request

that it be postponed to July 18th or later, as we will be out

1	of time on a long planned trip, blah, blah, blah.
2	CHAIRMAN HILL: Right. All right.
3	MS. MURPHY: I apologize.
4	VICE CHAIR HART: But I'm just saying that we are
5	not just pulling the number out of the air, we're actually
6	looking at what it is that is before us, and we're trying to
7	make a determination on that.
8	MS. MURPHY: You're correct. That was my mistake.
9	I'm sorry.
10	CHAIRMAN HILL: That's okay.
11	VICE CHAIR HART: I'm just reading what's here.
12	CHAIRMAN HILL: That's okay. Did you guys submit
13	that one?
14	MR. KELLER: Yes.
14 15	MR. KELLER: Yes. MS. MURPHY: Yes, we did.
15	MS. MURPHY: Yes, we did.
15 16	MS. MURPHY: Yes, we did. CHAIRMAN HILL: Oh, okay. Yes. So
15 16 17	MS. MURPHY: Yes, we did. CHAIRMAN HILL: Oh, okay. Yes. So MS. MURPHY: I'm not going to look at it.
15 16 17 18	MS. MURPHY: Yes, we did. CHAIRMAN HILL: Oh, okay. Yes. So MS. MURPHY: I'm not going to look at it. CHAIRMAN HILL: That's all right. So July 18th,
15 16 17 18 19	MS. MURPHY: Yes, we did. CHAIRMAN HILL: Oh, okay. Yes. So MS. MURPHY: I'm not going to look at it. CHAIRMAN HILL: That's all right. So July 18th, then, we're going to put it on there, okay? Because
15 16 17 18 19 20	MS. MURPHY: Yes, we did. CHAIRMAN HILL: Oh, okay. Yes. So MS. MURPHY: I'm not going to look at it. CHAIRMAN HILL: That's all right. So July 18th, then, we're going to put it on there, okay? Because MS. MURPHY: Okay.
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	MS. MURPHY: Yes, we did. CHAIRMAN HILL: Oh, okay. Yes. So MS. MURPHY: I'm not going to look at it. CHAIRMAN HILL: That's all right. So July 18th, then, we're going to put it on there, okay? Because MS. MURPHY: Okay. CHAIRMAN HILL: that's what seemed to work.
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	MS. MURPHY: Yes, we did. CHAIRMAN HILL: Oh, okay. Yes. So MS. MURPHY: I'm not going to look at it. CHAIRMAN HILL: That's all right. So July 18th, then, we're going to put it on there, okay? Because MS. MURPHY: Okay. CHAIRMAN HILL: that's what seemed to work. And so Mr. Moy, July 18th, okay?
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	MS. MURPHY: Yes, we did. CHAIRMAN HILL: Oh, okay. Yes. So MS. MURPHY: I'm not going to look at it. CHAIRMAN HILL: That's all right. So July 18th, then, we're going to put it on there, okay? Because MS. MURPHY: Okay. CHAIRMAN HILL: that's what seemed to work. And so Mr. Moy, July 18th, okay? SECRETARY MOY: Yes, sir.

1 and so, but we'll, hopefully, we'll see you on July 18th. 2 with the caveat being that we're not MR. KELLER: necessarily in control of our schedules. 3 Today, actually here for another postponement, when they, business 4 5 of the United States is being done, and we're not there, and 6 we'll get back to it. But thank you very much, Mr. Chairman. 7 CHAIRMAN HILL: All right, Mr. Keller. Thank you. Thank you. 8 MS. MURPHY: 9 Thank you. All right, Mr. Moy. CHAIRMAN HILL: 10 SECRETARY MOY: All right. If we could have 11 parties to the table to case application number 19689 of MIC9 12 LLC, as amended for special exceptions from the 13 private school regulations under Subtitle X, Section 104.1, 14 and from the bulk extension regulations under Subtitle A, 15 Section 207.2. 16 This would construct a new office space and a 17 111-unit apartment house on the campus of an existing adult 18 private school in the RA-2 and RA-4 Zones as premises 2300 19 16th Street Northwest, square 2568, lot 806, 808, and 809. 2.0 And I believe, in the record, Mr. Chair, there is a request 21 for party status under Exhibit 54. 22 CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. Is the party status request 23 Let's go ahead and do that first. person here? Okay, great. 24 Okay, give me one second. Just give me one second. Let's 25 introduce everybody, okay? So if I could just go right to

1	left
2	MS. PERRY: Amanda Perry. I'm the ANC
3	commissioner for 1C08.
4	MR. HITCHCOCK: Con Hitchcock, counsel for Beekman
5	Place Condominium Association.
6	CHAIRMAN HILL: Welcome back, Mr. Hitchcock.
7	MR. HITCHCOCK: Welcome back, sir.
8	MR. CUMMINGS: Jon Cummings with Westbrook
9	Partners, the Applicant.
10	MR. AVITABILE: David Avitabile with Goulston &
11	Storrs, counsel for the Applicant.
12	CHAIRMAN HILL: Could you say your last name
13	again, sir?
14	MR. AVITABILE: Avitabile.
15	MR. BELL: Matthew Bell with Perkins Eastman DC
16	architect.
17	MR. HART: Mathew Hart, Perkins Eastman architect.
18	MR. HOLLIDAY: Stuart Holliday , CEO, Meridian
19	International Center.
20	MS. MILANOVICH: Jami Milanovich with Wells +
21	Associates, traffic consultant for the Applicant.
22	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. Just if you all could just
23	turn off your microphones when you're not speaking, just
24	because there's feedback sometimes. Mr. Hitchcock, so you
25	had asked, requested party status?

1	MR. HITCHCOCK: Yes, sir. And yesterday, we filed
2	a letter on behalf of the association withdrawing the
3	request. It should be, it's in the record as Exhibit 70.
4	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. All right. Well, then,
5	that's easy. Well, then, thanks for coming.
6	MR. HITCHCOCK: Thank you.
7	CHAIRMAN HILL: All right. So which one of the
8	group here is going to be speaking? Okay.
9	MR. AVITABILE: I'll be the ringleader today.
10	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay.
11	MR. AVITABILE: We do have a two experts that we'd
12	like to proffer.
13	CHAIRMAN HILL: Yes.
14	MR. AVITABILE: They're in the record. Matt Bell
15	from Perkins Eastman DC as an expert in architecture, and
16	Jami Milanovich, at the end of the table, as an expert in the
17	field of transportation engineering.
18	CHAIRMAN HILL: I thought you guys were both in
19	the book already. Aren't you?
20	MR. AVITABILE: They are.
21	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay, great. All right. So Mr.
22	Avitabile
23	MR. AVITABILE: That's right.
24	CHAIRMAN HILL: Sorry. The first thing, just
25	really quick, so well, I, if we could go through your

presentation, and then, again, just highlighting what is the 1 2 request that you're asking of us to relief from, and then how you're meeting the standards for the, that relief, for us to 3 4 grant the relief. If you'd also touch on the DDOT condition that 5 they had mentioned, I'm going to go ahead and put 20 minutes 6 7 on the clock, just so I know where we are, and you can start 8 whenever you begin, or start whenever you like, 9 MR. AVITABILE: Right. Our case is somewhat 10 complicated. The presentation may be a little bit longer 11 than 20 minutes, but we'll --12 CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. 13 -- do our best to --MR. AVITABILE: 14 CHAIRMAN HILL: We'll just see where, we'll see 15 where you end up. 16 MR. AVITABILE: Great. All right. Good morning, 17 Chairman Hill, members of the Board. We're pleased to be 18 here today to present an application that's been years in the 19 making, and will permit the construction of a new building 2.0 on a missing gap in the 16th Street corridor, across from 21 It's a special and unique site. Meridian Hill Park. 22 located in the Meridian Hill historic It's 23 district, and it's also adjacent to two historic landmark 24 mansions designed by John Russell Pope. It's also located 25 in two different zones, the moderate density RA-2 Zone, and

the high density RA-4 Zone.

2.0

The site is located on the campus of Meridian International Center, which is operated here as a private school since 1960. We propose to construct a new condominium building on the site. The building will also contain space for modernized office and meeting space for Meridian, and parking for both uses.

To facilitate the project, we require two areas of special exception approval. Approval to move the zone boundary line of a split zone lot, and the approval to modify the existing private school plan to accommodate the project.

The building's followed a long and winding road to arrive before you today. I first started working on this project back in December 2013, four and a half years ago.

The initial proposal was for a larger building with a more modern design that was intended to proceed as a plan unit development. The version of the project that is before you today was discussed extensively, or the version of the project that we presented then was discussed extensively with a working group of neighbors that was a convened by a facilitator, and it was submitted to HPRB back in early 2015.

Based on extensive comment from community stakeholders, the ANC, staff at the Historic Preservation Office, and the Historic Preservation Review Board, we halted

the advancement of that version of the project in mid-2015.

We then took a fresh look at the project, and beginning in 2016, changed the direction with a new architect. Over a period of many months, and through three trips to HPRB, we ultimately secured concept approval from HPRB in June 2017.

Following HPRB approval, we prepared and submitted this application, and we also reconvened the working group of neighbors to discuss the anticipated impacts of this project, as well as other issues and concerns.

Over a period of many months, the working group engaged with us in a thoughtful, constructive, and deliberative manner, and we are pleased to say that we are here today with a revised design, and a memoranda of understanding that have been agreed to by the associations and representatives of our surrounding homeowners.

It's been a long road, but the end result has made it a worthwhile journey. As you may have seen in the last few days, we've reached consensus with the Beekman Place Condominium Association on an alternative circulation plan for the project. Those plans were submitted yesterday.

All vehicles will still enter from Belmont Street Northwest. However, under this revised plan, all vehicles that are parked in the garages exit directly out onto Crescent Place Northwest, rather than back onto Belmont.

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The trucks, valet, and vehicles conducting drop off and pickup activity do still use Belmont. We'll go through this in the presentation, but I wanted to make sure that you were aware of this change, which was just submitted yesterday, based on these last minute discussions with Beekman Place.

We submitted the plans, along with a brief memorandum from our traffic expert, affirming that the change will not have any adverse impact on the transportation network, and we also submitted revised versions of the MOUs with the surrounding associations acknowledging this change.

Presentation we have before you today, we have some comments from both Meridian and the Applicant. Our architect, Matt Bell, of Perkins Eastman will then review the design of the project with you, followed by a review of the transportation study from our traffic consultant, Jami Milanovich.

And then, I'll work through the remainder of the burden of proof. In the interest of time, we could cut the introductory comments from both Meridian and the Applicant to move this along.

I think that might be appreciative to move it along. I recognize you want to keep the presentation short, so we can jump right to Mr. Bell, if you'd like.

CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. Unless the Board has any

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24 objection. 1 2 MR. AVITABILE: Okay. 3 CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. So we'll skip to Matt. 4 MR. AVITABILE: 5 Oops, I'll turn the MR. BELL: Good morning. 6 microphone on. Good morning. Matt Bell with Perkins Eastman 7 I'm going to cover several different things that David 8 mentioned. 9 I'm going to talk a little bit about the site 10 context, and the historic district, and what some of the 11 issues are, and characteristics of that district that we are 12 embracing as part of the design. I want to talk a little bit about the Meridian 13 14 campus, and what's there on the site, and how we're 15 responding to what's there. Talk some more about the project 16 design, showed some perspectives, both aerials and ground 17 level views. 18 This is an aerial from the southeast, if you can 19 Talk about the floor plans. Mention, of course, I'll 2.0 point out the new parking arrangement, and how that works, 21 think that's essential because Ι to the most recent 22 developments that Mr. Avitabile has pointed out,

heightened density issues in the context of 16th Street, and

then move on to talk about the zoning building line moving,

and the adverse impact of that, and why that makes this a

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better project, and why that was a necessary aspect of the design in shifting the density to the, to the 16th Street side.

And also, the fact that the project will really not have any objectionable impacts, in terms of light air or shadow, and noise impacts. In the end, we're bringing to you both in harmony with project that is the zoning regulations, asking for this building zoning line movement to accommodate a very important aspect, which is the historic buildings next door, which, by right, would probably have a very different kind of impact.

So with the zoning change, it gives you something that is quite sympathetic to the historic buildings next And we think, in the end, through the feedback that door. we've gotten, the approval with HPRB, and also the back and forth of the neighborhood, we're bringing to you something think is quite in character with today that we the neighborhood, and quite, something that will add to historic character of the, character of the district, the grandeur of 16th Street, and also, the grandeur of the two John Russell Pope houses on the site.

So this is the design that was submitted initially, by another architect in 2015, and the design that we're bringing to you today, on the right side. And one of the things we've sought to do is to, a couple of things.

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Number one, design a building that is in character with the, with the landscape of 16th Street, and also the historic buildings next door, in a sense that we're using a language of bay windows, this tall vertical element in the center, and putting the main entry to the building on the center axis of the, of the facade.

Also, stepping the building back at the skyline to get a lot of interest and relief there, and using these corner balconies to make more vertical readings on the side elevations.

We also have corner entries. You can see, it's a lower portion there. I don't know if you all can see the arrow. Can you see the arrow there?

CHAIRMAN HILL: Yes.

MR. BELL: Okay. All right. And then, entries and stairways that I'll point as we go into the site plan. The building, where are we here? I thought we were going to that one. Yes. We'll get around to that.

Let me just back up a second and talk about the 16th Street Meridian Hill historic district. It is characterized as two essential building types. One of the grand apartment buildings that you see as you go up 16th Street, and surrounding Meridian Hill Park, these tend to be larger buildings, they tend to have vertical expressions, they tend to have centralized entries, bay windows.

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1	They tend to have a sort of sense of arrival at
2	the front door, which is quite distinct. Some of them extend
3	back into the block some distance there. You can see some
4	of those noted in red.
5	And also, we have smaller neoclassical pavilions
6	like the White-Meyer House and Meridian International, which
7	are two of the buildings that are part of the Meridian school
8	complex that are also on the site.
9	So the historic district talks about these two
10	buildings types as important characteristics of the area, as
11	important things to recognize and respond to, in particular,
12	on this site.
13	And this is a site where those two kinds of
14	buildings meet each other, the taller buildings on 16th
15	Street, and the sort of neoclassical pavilions to the, to the
16	west.
17	VICE CHAIR HART: Mr. Bell, just one quick
18	question. That, the slide that you just had, did you say the
19	buildings in black are part of the, are all historic
20	district, are all historical buildings?
21	MR. BELL: This is a, the, I don't, these aren't
22	
23	MR. HART: They're either historically significant
24	or on the registry.
25	MR. BELL: Yes, they're either historically

1	significant or on the registry, and the historic district is
2	outlined in the dotted line.
3	VICE CHAIR HART: Okay, thank you.
4	MR. BELL: Okay. And the two pavilion buildings
5	that are just to the west of our site, are the two buildings
6	I'm going to talk a little bit about.
7	VICE CHAIR HART: Thank you.
8	MEMBER WHITE: Yes, I had one question too. I'm
9	familiar with this area. What's on that site right now? The
10	
11	MR. BELL: You're way ahead of me.
12	MEMBER WHITE: Okay.
13	MR. BELL: We're getting there.
14	MEMBER WHITE: All right.
15	MR. BELL: Hold that thought. And typically,
16	these apartment buildings, this is one analysis we did, they
17	have centralized entries. They're typically made out of
18	masonry. There's a very formal sense of entry on 16th
19	Street, a very grand sense. Some of them are illustrated
20	there.
21	There's a general symmetry to the building in the
22	massing, mostly vertical expressions of the architectural
23	language. And also, very important aspect, there's a front
24	yard garden.
25	16th Street has this sort of continuous garden,

as you go up and down 16th Street, you can see illustrated here with our general massing taller on 16th and shorter to the west.

You can see Meridian Hill Park, but as a characteristic of that sort of grand boulevard, as it was extended from the L'Enfant plan to have this sort of green sort of front lawn across the front of the building. And you can see this a little bit more in detail here.

It also characterized by two very important items. One is a group of two trees. There are two very large trees on the site, you can see there, that we are seeking to preserve and enhance and extend their lives.

And the second is this berm. There's a berm that sort of goes up from 16th Street to the building that we, of course, unlike the previous design that was submitted, we think that's something that would be very good to experience, and we've designed a walkway that allows to people to move up and down that.

Getting onto the existing school plan, as you asked, this is what's there today. So the two buildings that are there today are the White-Meyer House and the Meridian House.

The earlier one was the White-Meyer House, designed by John Russell Pope, and also the Meridian House, also designed by Pope. Pope was the architect of the

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National Gallery, the National Archives, did a number of buildings, very important neoclassical buildings that are well-loved aspects of our city scape today.

These were residential buildings, but one important thing as well about Pope, is that he was a student at the Beaux-Arts in Paris. So he was a very academic architect, and these are buildings that have a sort of very academic kind of style associated with them. Back up.

I just want to point out entries. You can see along Crescent Place, Jami Milanovich is going to talk more about the traffic, but there's a wall that extends around this property. There are formal entries to the White-Meyer and the Meridian House on Crescent Place.

There's a loading entry for the Meridian House on Belmont, and then a loading area for White-Meyer on Crescent Place. The site, currently, as you can see there to the, to the east, on the eastern side, is currently used as a parking lot.

Next one. So that gives you a sense of the character. This is a view of the, of the rear of the White-Meyer from 16th -- or, excuse me -- from Belmont, and a view of the Meridian International House. And I mentioned Pope is a kind of academic architect.

Both of these two buildings that he designed have these very beautiful forecourts. White-Meyer came first, so

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that has a very generous kind of oval shaped forecourt that you go up, and maybe you've been to events there.

You go up into that, and it's a very beautiful sort of entrance into that building, and the same thing with the Meridian House, although that's a bit, a bit shallower.

The White-Meyer House, you can see clearly what he was doing was that when the Meridian project came along, he sort of pushed that building up so that it kind of flanks the side, rather than pushing it all the way back.

You have a slight difference in the approach to the street there, but they are actually oriented towards Crescent Place. They are, clearly, the idea was like a French hotel, that clearly, Pope was familiar with.

They were to be, meant to be experienced, first, through the forecourt, and then, rising up to the entry in both of these buildings. We have used the forecourt as a way of organizing our project, which you can see on the right hand part of the slide, and actually, a forecourt, in this case, facing south to Belmont.

That was the easiest way to make a very efficient forecourt for service, and for different kinds of entry into the building that I've explained, but it does something to compliment that.

So what we were doing, really, in adding to this site, was making a new edge that reflects the opposite side

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than what Pope was doing with the Meridian House.

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So our new edge, which is the lowered edge, which is in scale, and I'll walk through that, is in character and in scale that is complimentary to the White-Meyer House, which is the building in the middle of that complex.

So it's sort of framing it, in a sense. So in our design, moving from right to left, or from east to west, across the slide, we have a formal entry on 16th Street there, and on the north of that, I'll show the parking exit there on Crescent.

Then, we have an entry court on Belmont, which takes care of our pedestrians, it takes care of service entry, it takes care of entry into both parking of customers, which are the residential parking and the Meridian House parking, and it brings people into that complex.

So it pulls any kind of service, or those entries, into this sort of courtyard off the street. And then, there is a lawn entrance for Meridian's operations, which is on the upper part of our building, that goes out into the lawn areas that Meridian uses for different kinds of activities. And you can see the rest of them labeled there.

So just walking around the site now, from the, from, starting from the southeast, you can see, this is a view, you can see the bay windows and the prominent entry, the way in which the site entourage and the stairs referred

to, bringing you up onto the, onto the site, over the berm.

You can see the two existing trees that are there, that we'll be designing around. And you can see the way in which the building has, we believe, the sense of the grandeur that you have along 16th Street that makes it such a wonderful part of our city scape. You can see to the north, as well, some of the tall apartment buildings that are our neighbors.

So the bay windows, the balconies, and the lawn, sort of contribute to that, and then, the garden wall steps up to the court, the entry court on Belmont, that you can see between us and the White-Meyer House. So we're just going to move around the corner there.

This is a view of the entry court, moving into the building from Belmont. And as I mentioned, this will be an entry point for pedestrians, cars for Meridian, cars for residents, and also, this service entry.

So won't have any service or loading docks or parking entries on this side of the street, facing the street. That's all taken care of in the court, so this is a place where Ubers will come, and taxis will leave people off, and so on and so forth.

The materials of the building are designed to be a kind of subtle but rich palate of brick, of irrigated stone, and some probably metal architecture that will be of

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1	a warmer color. This is the palate we presented to the HPRB,
2	and we think that this is really consistent with what we see
3	on 16th Street.
4	The building, as it sits next to the White-Meyer
5	House, if you sort of came out of White-Meyer and took
6	immediate view to the right, you would see this facade, with
7	one caveat I'll mention, which is a really a three-story
8	facade, which is in scale with the Meridian House on the
9	other side.
LO	Next slide here. It's changed a slight bit,
11	because Meridian's requested us to put a door on that side,
L2	and this is an updated drawing that Mat's highlighting the
L3	new door there, so it's pretty much the same facade. We're
L4	just moving the door around from the end elevation to this
15	elevation, facing Meridian.
L6	VICE CHAIR HART: Sorry. Mr. Bell, the, that,
L7	this elevation is, you're saying that it's the, is this, I
18	didn't remember seeing this drawing in the, in the packet.
L9	MR. BELL: Yes.
20	VICE CHAIR HART: This is the, this is the first
21	time we're seeing this?
22	MR. BELL: Yes, this is the
23	VICE CHAIR HART: Which is fine, I just wanted to
24	make sure that that's what I'm
25	MR. AVITABILE: There's actually a package in our
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pre-hearing submission from three weeks ago.

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VICE CHAIR HART: Okay.

MR. AVITABILE: One of the sets of plans should have this change, but it is, it is new. It's not, it wasn't in the original set.

VICE CHAIR HART: I understand that. Thank you.

It's not changing the MR. BELL: height It's just moving the door around the corner. you can see here, as well, in this drawing, the way in which we're shifting heights to respond to the different conditions on different sides of the building. So moving around the building, then, from that facade, this is on Crescent Place now, and you can see the wall of the White-Meyer building, and the red brick, and then you can see the lower portion, the 50-foot high portion of our section there, again, articulated with bay windows and a general vertical massing is compatible with the scale of in stone that the neighborhood. As we step down, there's a bit of grade here, stepping down, and then you can see the building as it is taller on 16th Street with the various setbacks there that we've agreed to, in terms of the height. And this, of course, is what's been approved by the Historic Preservation So we come all the way around to the, to the Review Board. northeast corner of the building, and you can see, again, the entry from the sidewalk, coming up some steps, with a ramp

to the front door. A very prominent front door there, and
then the central entry feature and the vertical bay windows.
I will point out one thing that is not in the drawings that
is in the plans, we will have a parking exit door there, and
that's been a result of the late-breaking developments that
Mr. Avitabile referred to, in terms of changing the parking
ramp there. We will have a parking exit door there that will
be a one way out condition. I'll explain that in a minute.
It's a fairly minimal change to that facade. So just talking
about the building's plan and organization, as has been
mentioned, this building is, and in the submissions, this
building is both a residential building, and it is also a
conference facility for Meridian. So it is solving a number
of problems at once. It has an entry lobby on the east,
which is the main lobby for the residential building, and
that, this is shown at the 168 elevation, and we'll show
what, so this is a, if you were walking into the building
from 16th Street, up the ramps, you would go into that main
lobby, and you would find the elevator lobby and some
residential units along the hallways there. And if you
continued on, you would find, to the west, in pink, the
conference facilities for Meridian. Okay? If you go down
a level

24 CHAIRMAN HILL: Mr. Bell?

MR. BELL: Yes?

1	VICE CHAIR HART: Could I, just
2	MR. BELL: Sure.
3	VICE CHAIR HART: one question again. I'm
4	sorry I'm interrupting, but it's
5	MR. BELL: That's all right.
6	VICE CHAIR HART: as you're kind of showing
7	them, they're kind of coming to me. In one of the images,
8	you've noted a couple of times that there's some existing
9	trees on 16th Street
10	MR. BELL: Yes.
11	VICE CHAIR HART: that you wanted save. They,
12	are they heritage trees? Are they they are? And can you
13	just describe a little bit about the topographic change that
14	you're, that's happening along, because I'm not really sure
15	that there is
16	MR. BELL: How far up is this?
17	VICE CHAIR HART: you know
18	(Off microphone comments)
19	MR. BELL: Yes, it's about 11 feet of grade.
20	VICE CHAIR HART: And so what is the, so you're
21	regrading a portion of this? This is all staying the same?
22	MR. BELL: We're, so here, okay. I'm glad you
23	asked, I'm glad you asked that.
24	VICE CHAIR HART: That, well, that's kind of
25	MR. BELL: Yes, no, that's important. I

1 VICE CHAIR HART: what I'm trying to 2 understand. 3 The, it's in public space, first of MR. BELL: 4 We are working, we've designed a ramp system that will 5 work with the roots of those trees so as not to disturb them. 6 They are in public space, so obviously, there's an issue 7 there relative to how, you know, getting approval for what 8 you would do there. 9 There's significantly more grade from the south 10 than there is from the north on the sweep arc of that, 11 the building's pictured, the street's pictured 12 downhill. 13 What we've designed is a that will ramp 14 accessible, there's a small accessible jump ramp on Crescent 15 that comes up to the front door there, and then there's a 16 step ramp that comes up from the southern, southeastern 17 corner. 18 That berm is sloped pretty good, but it is a 19 fundamental characteristic of 16th Street, and we want to 2.0 keep it. It's a nice thing. There are two significant 21 specimen trees that are more or less symmetrically disposed 22 around the axis of the building. Not exactly, but close 23 enough, you know? 24 So what we want to do is have the entry of the

building and the trees work in as a kind of framing element

together so the ensemble of those things seems like they're, 2 they always were. So it's more, you're looking at 3 VICE CHAIR HART: 4 a more natural, as, you've kind of laid out, this is how 5 you've seen it in other instances, and you're trying to 6 emulate that in this case? 7 You said it much better than I did. MR. BELL: 8 I mean, in a sense, we think that adds to the grandeur of the 9 building on 16th Street. There was concern by HPRB with the 10 previous design about the corner entry and things, and we 11 think that, you know, this will be a very important way for 12 the building to nest along that street, to have the formality 13 of the symmetry of the two trees, and the berm in referring 14 to all that. 15 We spent a fair amount of time, by the way, 16 looking at the design of that ramp to make sure it would 17 work. 18 VICE CHAIR HART: Yes, no, that's fine. I just 19 wanted to make sure that I was understanding it. 2.0 MR. BETITI: Yes. 21 VICE CHAIR HART: Actually, looking at this image, 22 and you had another image that was actually down 16th Street, 23 looking up, and I was kind of looking at it like, wow, 24 they're, are they building, you know, are they adding some 25 topography? And I was trying to understand what

1	existing topography was
2	MR. BELL: No, sir.
3	VICE CHAIR HART: with that. So thank you.
4	MR. BELL: We're working with what's there.
5	VICE CHAIR HART: Thank you.
6	COMMISSIONER MAY: So while we're on that topic,
7	the, you're actually increasing the berming there, where the
8	trees are? Or is it all existing?
9	MR. BELL: It's all there.
10	COMMISSIONER MAY: All existing, okay. That's
11	all.
12	MR. BELL: We've embraced the berm. Have a lot
13	of history with berms in this town, but
14	MR. AVITABILE: Very early on in the process, we
15	met with DDOT and with Urban Forestry, and they directed us
16	that those trees must be saved. They wouldn't allow them to
17	be removed, and so that became a fundamental concern at the
18	site.
19	MR. BELL: And we think they're great things, so
20	we want to keep them. So this is the entry I just mentioned.
21	If you go down a level, you get to the entry court level that
22	comes in off of Belmont. So those are at two different
23	levels in the building.
24	Now, someone arriving by car could, would come
25	into the court, and they would go into the garage if they

were parking, and if they were a residential, you know, someone living in the building, they would go down a speed ramp to the lower level, which Mat's showing here.

If they were coming for a Meridian event, they would go into the garage, and they would park on that level. So the Meridian parking and the residential parking are separated there.

If you were coming to an event, you could get dropped off at the pink lobby there for Meridian, or if you were coming to visit somebody via car, you could come into a residential lobby and go into the elevators there on the right side.

The service entry and the service activity is just inside the gate, so a truck would come in and then could back into there, and then pull back out. So the, and the other thing I want to point out, in the upper right corner, is the exiting of the ramp out onto Crescent.

This enables the vehicles from the residential level, and also from the Meridian level, the meeting conference level, to exit out onto Crescent. So the cars can go out onto Crescent, but the truck traffic and service still goes out onto Belmont. So a couple things have been achieved here.

As I mentioned, service vehicles and service doors and loading docks are all contained within the courtyard, so

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the visual impact of that is significantly minimized, as compared to what you might see in other projects. And we have the private vehicles of either Meridian business or residential inhabitants of the building going out onto Crescent there.

That was a significant advancement from previous design, and we think that's a totally acceptable way for this to work, and it has assuaged many of the issues that some of the community groups had with the building. These are lower level parking.

You can see, you come down on the lower level there, on the left, and you go back out on the far right there. All right? You go up, this is, again, that first level.

Again, so going up above that, you can see residential levels there, double height space, Meridian's conference facilities, in yellow are all of the residential levels, and that's, these are floors six, seven, and eight, and you can see the extent to which -- go back one, Mat, if you don't mind -- yes, you can see the Crescent side, it pulls out to the street, but as we, the second floor, but by the time we hit the sixth floor, that piece is pulling back there, so we're at a 50-foot height, plus penthouse there, and then we're pulling back even further on seventh and eighth.

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So the bulk of the massing of the building is along 16th Street. Let me just take you to some elevations, so you can see these things in a, in a more conceptual way.

This is the elevation on 16th Street, and I think this gets to the question of the formal entry and the trees, you know, what we were seeking to do with the ramp and the front door and the expression of the skyline and preserving the two trees.

The berm is existing, and we're setting back and using that berm as part of that entry. We've also stepped the roof line back to get both a more interesting roof line, and that was also something we worked very hard on the design to make it something that was, could be embraced by all.

The court here, the Belmont court is here in elevation. This is the side elevation, facing south. You can see the balconies on the corner, which tend to make the building seem more vertical on that elevation. We have a more vertical expression there, which we think, proportionally, is nicer.

And then, you can see the extent to which the building, more or less, addresses the cornice height of the White-Meyer, with the 50-foot height there, and we have another drawing to show that. So the building steps down.

VICE CHAIR HART: And for, sorry, and for this one, you have the red brick on the wall.

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1 MR. BELL: Right.

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VICE CHAIR HART: That's existing? That's --

MR. BELL: Some of that's existing, some of that will be part of our wall, extending the White-Meyer wall down to our courtyard. We have a view of that. We'll show you --

VICE CHAIR HART: Thanks.

MR. BELL: -- in a second here. This is the section here showing the piece facing the White-Meyer House, and the outline of a piece of the White-Meyer House beyond, and you can see the building, the height differential between 16th Street and the Crescent Place sign here. And this is the Crescent elevation.

So on the far right, is the White-Meyer building, and you can see the way in which our height approximates the White-Meyer building, and then we step up to 16th Street, again, addressing the characteristics of the historic district, which are tall, grand, Beaux-Art apartment buildings, and then these pavilion, neoclassical pavilions that are also characteristic of the historic district.

So that building makes very clear reference to both. And then, the further elevation along 16th Street, the extent to which you can see some of the taller buildings, and grand apartment buildings, and how our building fits in there.

1	We have the characteristic berm probably a little
2	bit more so than some of the other buildings, and we're, as
3	I mentioned, we'll be retaining that. And then, the
4	elevation of the courtyard.
5	So you can see, there was a wall that will be
6	continuing, that sort of becomes the wall of our Belmont
7	Place courtyard there, and you can see the general massing
8	there.
9	It's easier to see in this slide, the 50-foot
10	height of our building, and then the outline of the buildings
11	beyond, which are some of the other existing apartment
12	buildings in the area.
13	And then, the Crescent elevation, showing from
14	right to left, the Meridian International House on the right,
15	the original White-Meyer, which was the first building here,
16	and then our proposal to the left, and then the height as it
17	goes up along 16th Street.
18	CHAIRMAN HILL: Mr. Bell, I'm going to, do you
19	have a lot more slides?
20	MR. BELL: We just want to talk a little bit about
21	the zoning request.
22	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. Yes, because you just
23	MR. BELL: Yes, not a lot more.
24	CHAIRMAN HILL: No, I appreciate it. I mean, it's
25	a lovely project, and if it wasn't for we're going to be here

1	all day, I'd like to
2	MR. BELL: I hear you.
3	CHAIRMAN HILL: spend more time on it, but
4	just, I was kind of, like, you know, about the traffic noise,
5	adverse impact issues, if you can kind of
6	MR. BELL: Yes.
7	CHAIRMAN HILL: touch on those, but
8	MR. BELL: Sure.
9	CHAIRMAN HILL: Thanks.
10	MR. BELL: So this is the view looking down 16th
11	Street. You can see the way it fits into that context. So
12	the zoning issue, we're requesting a zoning boundary shift.
13	This is the existing RA-4 on the, on the east,
14	RA-2 on the west there. We are requesting the shift of 35
15	feet. This would allow us to place more of the FAR buildable
16	area into the west, or the eastern portion of the site, which
17	has some significant benefits in terms of the massing of the
18	building. And this gives you a sense of the density by
19	right.
20	On the left side would be 182,000. On the right
21	side, with the shift, would be 195,000, but we're only
22	building 141,996, so we're not maximizing the density, we're
23	shifting what would be in the RA-2 zone into the RA-4 zone
24	so that we can more directly address the character, the

character difference between the shorter side of the site and

the taller side on 16th Street.

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Where that is most felt is in the height of the building. The maximum allowable height in the RA-4 zone is 90 feet. Our building is 80 feet 4 inches there. You can see by the measuring point.

The maximum allowable height in the RA-2 is 50, but we're extending that 50-foot height further east. So the yellow zone shows, theoretically, what we could do in the taller zone, but not what we are doing. The green line is what we are proposing.

So this is the massing, as has been approved by the Historic Preservation Review Board. We have been careful to, as I mentioned, make the building massing have a very salubrious effect on the White-Meyer House with the courtyard and the steppings there.

Just to show a little bit of what that would be like, if we didn't have the boundary shift and shifted the density on the 16th Street portion further east there, it's not clear whether HPRB would've approved this, but certainly, that's where that massing could've ended up.

So it does have a very important positive impact on both making a building that is in character and taller on 16th Street, and addressing the character of the historic buildings to the west.

So just to go back and toggle back and forth a

1	little bit, you can see, excuse me, you can see what that
2	does by putting that massing there. It makes a big
3	difference in terms of the height of the building, and even
4	though we're not maximizing any of the FAR.
5	We have solar studies we could show. They don't
6	make any adverse impact, or objectionable impacts of the, we
7	have them as compared to by right, or what we're proposing.
8	I don't know if you want to see them or not, but we do have
9	them if the, anyone would like to
10	CHAIRMAN HILL: At least not yet. We'll see what
11	happens.
12	(Simultaneous speaking.)
13	CHAIRMAN HILL: There's a bunch of stuff I think
14	we're still going to go through, but okay.
15	MR. BELL: Right. This is showing the height of
16	our building as compared to some of the adjacent buildings.
17	There, 1661 Crescent is actually closer. It's a tall
18	building. It's actually closer to the White-Meyer building
19	than 2300 16th, as we are proposing it. So before I turn it
20	over to Jami, I think what we have here
21	(Off mic comments.)
22	MR. BELL: David's telling me now, that's enough.
23	So that's enough.
24	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay.
25	MR. BELL: But I think we have something that

1 works pretty well. 2 CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. And it's a nice design, and we think 3 MR. BELL: that there's no objectionable impacts or no adverse impacts. 4 5 All right. MR. AVITABILE: Now we have a few comments from our traffic engineer on the traffic and parking 6 7 impacts, and then I'll summarize it. 8 Okay, great. CHAIRMAN HILL: Thank you. 9 Good morning. I'd like to start MS. MILANOVICH: 10 by talking about the proposed circulation in the context of 11 the larger neighborhood, but before I do that, I think it's 12 really helpful to understand the existing circulation. 13 So you can see on this slide, our site, what is 14 currently an existing parking lot is located here, obviously 15 16th Street to the, to the east. This portion of Belmont 16 Street, between 16th Street and Beekman Place, is two-way. 17 The rest of Belmont Street to the west, and then 18 the loop around to Crescent, is one-way, as you can see by 19 Street is arrows. And 17th here, also, one-way northbound. 2.0 21 So currently, all of the traffic that enters this 22 neighborhood to the various residential buildings must enter 23 from Belmont Street, because that's the only two-way portion. 24 And so you can see Beekman Place, which is immediately to our

south.

1	They enter via Belmont Street, make the left into
2	their site, and the existing parking lot that occupies the
3	site currently, you have to enter Belmont, travel around the
4	loop, and then make the right turn into the parking lot.
5	CHAIRMAN HILL: Is Beekman Place there, is that
6	two-way right there?
7	MS. MILANOVICH: Beekman Place?
8	CHAIRMAN HILL: That street, is that
9	MS. MILANOVICH: Yes. That is street is two-way
10	as well.
11	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay.
12	MS. MILANOVICH: That's, essentially, a driveway
13	to that condominium development.
14	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay, thank you.
15	MS. MILANOVICH: And then, in terms of outbound
16	traffic, Beekman Place has the option of turning left or
17	right out of their site. They get to take advantage of that
18	two-way portion of Belmont Street.
19	Belmont is a stop sign controlled intersection,
20	where it intersects with 16th Street. The Meridian traffic
21	that is in the existing parking lot has to turn right out of
22	their site, again, because Crescent is one-way.
23	And so all of the current Meridian traffic is
24	exiting via Crescent Street I'm sorry Crescent Place,
25	to the traffic signal there. So in terms of the proposed

circulation, again, you can see, we've overlaid the site plan on the aerial.

Again, all traffic has to enter from Belmont Street, taking advantage of that two-way portion of Belmont Street. We're not changing any access for Beekman, so our cars that are heading to the parking garage will enter there. Trucks will enter there.

As Matt indicated, this service court not only serves cars, provides access to cars that are going to the garage, it also can accommodate Uber and Lyft traffic, so we're getting those on private space, and not having them stop on the public street to create traffic congestion.

And the loading facility has also been designed so that all of the backing maneuvers happen on private space. So they're, the trucks are entering and exiting front first from Belmont. In terms of the outbound traffic, this is the change that we've been talking about.

We have incorporated an additional curb cut on the north side of the project in this location that will allow traffic that parks in the parking garage to exit via Crescent Place, where they would have to make that right turn, and then they will be able to turn onto 16th Street with the aid of the traffic signal there.

CHAIRMAN HILL: It wasn't clear to me, just real quick, the parking garage, is that one-way? Like, everyone

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1	has to come in and out the same direction, correct?
2	MS. MILANOVICH: Everybody comes in via Belmont
3	to the, to our parking facility.
4	CHAIRMAN HILL: The parking garage?
5	MS. MILANOVICH: Yes.
6	CHAIRMAN HILL: Yes.
7	MS. MILANOVICH: And then, they exit onto Crescent
8	Place.
9	CHAIRMAN HILL: Right. Everyone that goes into
10	the parking garage will have to come out there?
11	MS. MILANOVICH: That's correct.
12	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay.
13	MR. CUMMINGS: The only, the only are that I'd add
14	to that is if Meridian has valet, the valet operators will
15	be able to use the garage in two-way fashion. So valet would
16	return the car back through the entry court, deliver it to
17	
18	CHAIRMAN HILL: To the courtyard?
19	MR. CUMMINGS: the passenger, the courtyard,
20	right.
21	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. So then people would come
22	out that courtyard and take a left?
23	MR. CUMMINGS: That's correct. But if you're a
24	resident in the building, if you're an employee of Meridian,
25	if you're a self-parker for an event or a meeting there, you
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1	would have to use the exit onto Crescent, so we'd have a
2	mechanized arm bar or something of that measure to, you know,
3	notify and signalize traffic which direction that they should
4	go at the time.
5	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay.
6	MR. CUMMINGS: Yes.
7	MS. MILANOVICH: And
8	CHAIRMAN HILL: Thank you.
9	MS. MILANOVICH: And I would also add, trucks will
10	be required to exit via Belmont Street. They'll make the
11	left turn onto Belmont, and then the right turn onto 16th.
12	And the reason for that is the grading of the site. We
13	weren't able to get enough clearance to get the trucks up to
14	Crescent Place.
15	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. And again, and thank you
16	for pointing that out. When the receptions are over, then
17	there would be, you're saying, a bar or something, so they
18	couldn't take a right turn. They'd have to take a left turn.
19	MR. CUMMINGS: The, if you're receiving your car
20	through valet, you could take either a left or a right out
21	of that, out of the entry car, with your car. Trucks have
22	to turn left towards 16th Street.
23	CHAIRMAN HILL: You said something about a bar.
24	That's what I just didn't understand, so
25	MR. CUMMINGS: Yes. So in a valet scenario, the

1	bar would be raised, allowing two-way traffic. We're still
2	working through the logistics of
3	CHAIRMAN HILL: Oh, okay, you're talking about
4	inside the garage?
5	MR. CUMMINGS: Correct, inside the garage.
6	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. So then, but people from
7	the reception, or whatever it is, the special event, they
8	could take a left or a right, leaving that court?
9	MR. CUMMINGS: That's right.
10	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay.
11	MR. CUMMINGS: And then, the intent was not to
12	have valet run all the way through Crescent, back down
13	through 16th Street, back into Belmont. So it was, again,
14	trying to internalize
15	(Simultaneous speaking.)
16	CHAIRMAN HILL: So I mean, most likely, they're
17	not going to take a right anyway, but okay. All right.
18	MR. AVITABILE: Right. And well, part of it is,
19	too, when the garage is being used for valet operations, many
20	of those events will still actually be up at either Meridian
21	House or White-Meyer House.
22	So the valet will actually be returning the car
23	to the person coming out at Meridian or White-Meyer on
24	Crescent Place. So that's part of the reason why, for valet
25	operations, they're coming out on Belmont, because they're

1	coming out on Belmont, and the valet is bringing the car
2	around to the front of either historic house, and then that's
3	when they're picking it up.
4	CHAIRMAN HILL: So how do they do it now? They
5	do it with that, the courtyard
6	MR. AVITABILE: Well, right now, if you have an,
7	they have that surface parking lot right now.
8	CHAIRMAN HILL: Oh, okay.
9	MR. AVITABILE: And so right now, the car has to
10	come out on Crescent and go all the way around the block.
11	CHAIRMAN HILL: Or the valet in that court, you
12	mean, the existing court?
13	MR. AVITABILE: Right, on the existing parking
14	lot. That's right.
15	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay.
16	MS. MILANOVICH: Right. So the valet actually has
17	to come out of the parking lot, and they have to go back out
18	to 16th Street, and loop around down to Belmont to return,
19	because they can't make a left
20	(Simultaneous speaking.)
21	CHAIRMAN HILL: I see. Okay. All right. Thank
22	you. I'm sorry.
23	MEMBER WHITE: Quick question. Rush hour, 16th
24	Street, how, are there any accommodations for that? And how
25	is that going to impact the area?
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56 MS. MILANOVICH: Yes. So if you can bear with me one minute, I'm going to get into that. We have actually done a detailed study, looking at the evaluation during both the morning and the afternoon peaks. MEMBER WHITE: Okay. So in terms of trip generation MS. MILANOVICH: for the proposed project, you can see the number of vehicle trips that this project is expected to generate in this table. I would note that DDOT has a trip threshold that requires a traffic impact analysis, and that threshold is if you have 25 or more trips in the peak hour, in the peak direction. And you can see, in the morning, we have 28 trips in the peak direction, and in the PM, we have 26 trips in the peak direction. So we barely meet DDOT's threshold for requiring a traffic impact analysis. Anything less than 25 trips is generally considered inconsequential, and so a traffic impact analysis isn't required. Nevertheless, we, you know, we did exceed that,

Nevertheless, we, you know, we did exceed that, and so we did, we actually did, despite the fact that we barely exceeded that, we did an extensive study that included 12 study intersections that you can see on this map.

I just note that north is pointed to the left, so 16th Street is running horizontally across your page, and our

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1 development is on the bottom side of 16th Street on this map. 2 paid particular attention to the three We intersections that are shown in this, in this box, and that's 3 because, as we've been working with the neighbors over the 4 5 last several years, they obviously were most concerned about 6 those three intersections. 7 So most of our discussion, despite the fact that 8 the study included all 12 of those intersections, most of our 9 study, discussion with the community, has focused on those 10 three intersections. 11 DDOT defines an impact as a drop in a level of 12 service from a level of service D or better, to either a 13 level of service E or a level of service F, as a result of 14 the proposed project. 15 For intersections that are currently operating at 16 a level of service E or F without the project, any increase 17 in average delay per vehicle of more than 5 percent is 18 considered an impact. 19 Likewise, if you increase any queue lengths by 2.0 more than, by 150 feet or more, that would be considered an 21 impact by DDOT. DDOT requires all impacts to be identified, 22 and mitigation measures to be recommended to alleviate those 23 impacts. 24 Based on DDOT's criteria that I've just listed,

the, and as we've shown in our study, the proposed project

1 would not have any adverse impact on any of those 12 study 2 intersections. I will say that DDOT, their criteria for an impact 3 is one of the most aggressive of any jurisdiction that I've 4 5 It's very difficult to not have an impact. worked in. Ι 6 think is probably the first project I've worked on in 15 7 years that didn't have an impact that needed to be mitigated. 8 So I think that just goes to two things. One, the 9 trip generation for this project is pretty low, and two, the 10 existing volume on the neighborhood streets is relatively 11 low, and there's some additional capacity there. 12 CHAIRMAN HILL: So since you're talking about 13 DDOT, I mean, the condition that they had was that, you know, 14 the Applicant fund and construct improvements that bring the 15 intersections of 16th Street Northwest and Belmont Street 16 Northwest and 16th Street Northwest and Crescent Place up to 17 DDOT standards. All improvements are subject to DDOT review 18 and approval, so the Applicant does agree to that situation? 19 MR. AVITABILE: Yes. Yes, we do. 2.0 MS. MILANOVICH: Yes, we do. 21 CHAIRMAN HILL: Okav. 22 focused MS. MILANOVICH: And those are on 23 pedestrian improvements. 24 Yes, I was just curious. CHAIRMAN HILL: Just 25 since we were talking about DDOT, like, what are, what are

DDOT's standards?

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MS. MILANOVICH: Yes. So the ADA ramps at the crosswalks do not currently comply with the existing standards. At Belmont, where it intersects, there's a crosswalk here.

There are ADA ramps, but they don't have the truncated domes on them, which allows visually impaired people to sense that they're approaching a crossing. So those need to be updated. DDOT is trying to move away from what are considered mid-block crossings, or unsignalized crossings.

So they had actually done a study a number of years ago that recommended the removal of these two crosswalks across 16th Street, because the traffic on 16th Street does not stop. And so we've agreed to remove those crosswalks. That was part of what DDOT had requested.

Up at Crescent Place, the ADA ramps, I think they're actually even missing on the east side of 16th Street, so we'll need to construct those. And then, on the west side, there's only one ramp for two crosswalks, and the current standards require you to have separate ADA ramps for each crosswalk. So we'll have to construct new ADA ramps at that intersection as well.

CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay.

MS. MILANOVICH: So that's what DDOT was referring

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2 CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. Okay.

3 MS. MILANOVICH: I just --

CHAIRMAN HILL: Sure, yes, go on.

MS. MILANOVICH: -- one more thing. I just want to answer Ms. White's questions.

CHAIRMAN HILL: Sorry.

MS. MILANOVICH: So we did look specifically at the intersection of Belmont and 16th Street. The Belmont Street approach was an unsignalized intersection during the AM peak period, as projected to operate at a level of service A, and during the PM peak period, is projected to operate at a level of service C. That's primarily due to the fact that the vast majority are turning right.

I think there's one car in the PM that turned left when we did our traffic counts. No one in the AM turned left, because everybody that lives in that development has the opportunity to traverse the loop and come out at Crescent with the aide of the signal, where it's much easier to make a left.

I've spent a fair amount of time at that intersection myself, just looking at it, and that's exactly what happens. Every once in a while, you see somebody trying to make a left, but it's much easier and quicker to go up to the signal to do it. So that's why we're seeing such a good

level of service there.

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And then, at Crescent Place, the eastbound approach on Crescent Place, as it approaches 16th Street, is projected to operate at a level of service D during both the AM and PM peak period. And in both cases, the queues are very short.

One of the things that we'd heard from the neighbors at Belmont Street is that that two-way portion is very constrained, and it's very hard for two-way traffic to get through.

And if you look at this picture, you can see, with parking on both sides of the street, it is pretty tight. And so, you know, based on the concerns that we heard from the neighbors, you can see on the left here, there's about 16 feet of travel way in between the two sides of parked vehicles.

That's very tight for two-way traffic. So what we've proposed is to remove those three parking spaces on the south side of Belmont that would allow us to open up that travel way to 22 feet, which is more typical for two-way travel.

And then, we would stripe a double yellow line to further delineate that there's two separate lanes of traffic.

CHAIRMAN HILL: And then you're just losing the three spots?

1 MS. MILANOVICH: That's correct. 2 CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. And then, just really quickly, 3 MS. MILANOVICH: 4 some additional improvements that we've recommended, based 5 on our, not because we have an impact, but based on our 6 discussions with the neighbors, they very much wanted a 7 signal installed at Belmont. The Applicant was willing to 8 do that. 9 Unfortunately, the traffic volumes aren't high 10 It doesn't meet any of the warrants enough. that are 11 required to be met in order to install a signal. But what 12 we've done is we've said, once the building is open and 13 occupied, we'll conduct a study afterward, in 14 projections were off, for whatever reason. And if a traffic signal is warranted at that time, 15 16 and if approved by DDOT, we would install the traffic signal 17 at that time. I mentioned the upgrade to the ADA ramps. 18 We've also, will be working with DDOT to see if 19 they'll allow us to install do not block the box markings. 2.0 That's the cross hatch pattern that signals to people on 16th 21 Street to stop in advance of the intersection, and not block 22 that intersection. 23 We think that'll help people as they're exiting 24 Belmont Street. One of the other things was a recommendation 25 by one of the neighbors, a very creative suggestion, was,

well, if we can't get a traffic signal at Belmont, could we install a signal detector at Belmont that would essentially trip the signal at Crescent, and stop traffic on 16th Street to allow traffic at Belmont, that creates a gap in 16th Street, to help facilitate that traffic?

So we're exploring that with DDOT. They seemed open to it. They needed to look into it a little further. But again, I thought that was a creative solution that we can work on with DDOT.

We do have a transportation management plan. I won't read all of those. It's pretty typical of what we see. I would note that DDOT has indicated that it is appropriate, given the level of impacts that this project is projected to have.

We'll have a loading management plan as well, and we do meet the minimum parking requirements, and we looked at census data, as well as DDOT's parking tool, and our proposed parking ratio is in the range of those two pieces of information.

So we feel pretty comfortable that we have the right number of parking spaces. So with that, I'll turn it back over to David to summarize.

MR. AVITABILE: All right. And we'll wrap up as how we address the burden of proof. I think you've heard from Mr. Bell how we've generally addressed the burden of

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proof for adjusting the zone boundary line.

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The standard is that there's no adverse impact on present development character or future in neighborhood. And as Mr. Bell walked through, the way we've massed and organized the development at this site is the best approach for fitting in with the surrounding focusing the density towards 16th Street, pulling away from the center of the neighborhood, pulling away from the historic landmarks, and that's the conclusion that HPRB came the right balance, given the mix of historic character of the historic district, as well as the historic landmarks.

And I think the other important point here is, even though moving that zone boundary line does increase the amount of density we can build on the RA-4 side of that line by about 13,000 square feet, we're leaving far more than that on the table, so to speak, by not building it over on the RA-2 side, in the moderate density.

So it, I think, is not only, meets the test, but it's consistent with the intent and purpose of the zoning regulations of focusing density in medium and high density zones, and away from moderate density zones. That's that special exception.

The other special exception is the modification of the private school. And of course, the standard there is

no objectionable impact due to noise, traffic, the number of students, or other objectionable conditions.

And what we've done, through the extensive conversations with the neighbors, as encapsulated in those three memoranda of understanding that are in the record, is come up with a whole series, I mean, there's 15, 20 pages to each of those agreements, of measures that we've committed to put into place to address those impacts.

And to summarize, on noise, we have limits on the use of amplified music for both Meridian events, and for anything that's happening on the rooftop of the residential building, restrictions on the hours and location of Meridian events to limit where outdoor events do happen for Meridian, and how late they go.

We have screening requirements and restriction on hours for the residential rooftop as well to limit the noise impact from that. And finally, a number of measure to mitigate noise related to truck traffic, you know, the fact that the loading is interior to the development and inside the building, limitations on the locations of where that sort of activity occurs, and again, limitations on the hours of when trash trucks and loading and catering is going to happen.

All will help to reduce adverse impacts due to noise during, you know, off hours, when people are sleeping

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or relaxing. Next slide. That was, next slide after that.
Thank you.

Traffic impacts, I think Ms. Milanovich addressed many of those, how we don't have the objectionable impacts there.

I mean, the change in addressing the circulation of the traffic through the building really does go a long way toward ensuring that the project won't have an adverse impact on the surrounding network. The MOUs have a number of other measures in them to address traffic impacts.

All of those different street improvements for, not just vehicular traffic, but pedestrian traffic, improvements to the intersections, will all help address any impact of this project, and frankly, represent an improvement over existing conditions.

There are also numerous measures in the MOUs, particularly in the Meridian MOU, that deal with management of, not just truck traffic and trash, but also the shuttle bus and the Meridian events, the Meridian valet.

And then, moving to the next slide, there's objectionable impact here due to parking. We're providing nearly double the amount of required residential parking, and the Meridian use will use both valet and offsite.

There are commitments to offsite parking as well to accommodate their event needs. And finally, there are two

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ways in which the project will actually help improve existing conditions in the neighborhood. Meridian will continue to allow for evening and weekend parking in its garage by neighborhood residents, so that provides an additional parking resource for neighborhood residents or their guests.

And to the extent that we don't sell all of the parking spaces in our building, in the residential building, we have offered to give the neighbors an opportunity to purchase those spaces as well. Go to the next slide.

The next standard is no objectionable impact due to number of students or number of people. And here, again, Meridian's committed to maintain its existing levels of activity. We've mentioned this a number of times in the filing, that this new space within our building for Meridian, isn't being used to expand their use.

It's merely modernized state of the art space that will be an alternative to holding events or having offices in the existing historic mansions. Some of the programs and events that Meridian operates, there's a need to have a more state of the art venue for audio visual capabilities. That's what this space will provide.

And in terms of number of people, the residential building is a matter of right, and there's no limit on the number of units you could have. So from that perspective, there's no adverse impact. Okay.

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And then, finally, the last, you know, any other objectionable impacts, I think we've also encapsulated in the MOUs. You know, there are commitments to maintain the surrounding sidewalks, you know, removal of litter management, even a commitment to put up dog waste stations to help with people walking their dogs, commitments to address potential light pollution with cutoff lights.

And the last item, but it's certainly not the least, one of the major items that's encapsulated in the MOUs, and comes out of this project, is the creation of an ongoing group for dialogue between Meridian and all of the surrounding neighborhood associations.

And this partnership will provide an opportunity to talk through issues, resolve disputes, if and when they arise.

There's a measure for, there are measures to address complaints, and there's even provisions in there where the neighbors can impose fines on Meridian, and on the new condominium development, should they not live up to the commitments that they've made to help, to help ensure the enforcement of these commitments.

And I think that's important. I think the last thing I'd note on the MOUs is that the versions we submitted to you, we have continued to have conversations with all of our neighbors, and as we've been talking through the impact

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of the change in the garage entrance, which was primarily required, requested by the neighbors to the south, some of the neighbors to the north have, had some very good insights onto making sure that that entrance is designed in a way where we're thinking through pedestrian safety and other things.

And so we're continuing to look at that, and continuing to have that dialogue, and there may be one or two items that are added to address that. So then, finally, you know, the last standard of proof for a special exception, any special exception, is that it's in harmony with the purpose and the intent of the zoning regulations and the zoning map.

And I think as we walked through in our written submissions, and you've heard today, you know, you've got, the residential use here is permitted as a matter of right, so it's consistent with the underlying zoning.

The Meridian has coexisted in this use neighborhood since 1960. It has, it has expanded its uses over those years and decades, but this project here is not to expand the intensity of the use. It's merely to reallocate the uses across the site. And the overall height and density of the project is within the matter of right zoning limits.

So this is consistent with the purpose and intent of the zoning regulations. And then, the last standard is

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that the special exceptions will not tend to adversely affect 1 2 neighboring property, and I think that's very similar to the no objectionable impact, and we've walked through that. 3 You know, you've got a building design that's been 4 determined to be compatible with the historic context. 5 Not 6 only the overall historic context of 16th Street or along specifically these 7 Park, Meridian Hill but also two 8 We've got massing here that results in actually 9 less impact than matter of right. 10 CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. 11 MR. AVITABILE: And then, finally, all of the 12 other impacts. 13 CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. 14 MR. AVITABILE: That's it. 15 CHAIRMAN HILL: All right. Thanks, Mr. Avitabile. Mr. Avitabile, I ran into you before, at the little coffee 16 17 You said you were going to help me get out of here shop. 18 fast, right? Okay. I'm going to turn, I'm sorry, does the 19 Board have any questions? Please. 2.0 Just one quick question. MEMBER WHITE: Can you 21 respond to some of the push back that you've gotten from the 22 ANC on this project? I mean, it's a very extensive project. like you've made 23 Ιt looks some significant 24 attempts to address some of the concerns of the neighbors, 25 but I'm looking at their response in the record. So I have

some concerns and questions about that, so I'd like you to respond to it.

MR. AVITABILE: Sure. You know, I think, first, understand that the ANC resolution was passed before we had reached this most recent design change to address the concerns of Beekman Place, I think at that ANC meeting.

The majority of the people that were there and were still expressing concerns about the project were Beekman Place residents. I won't speak to whether the changes we've made addressed the ANC's concerns or not. You know, the ANC commissioner's here. He can speak to that.

What I will say is that, I think that, of the concerns that were raised in that resolution that are issues that are before the BZA in this case, I think we've addressed all of them, and I think we've addressed all of them in a very comprehensive and meaningful manner, and I think the fact that the condominium association to the south, that had filed for party status and has withdrawn, that shows you that that condominium association determined that we had addressed it, and that the other associations around the perimeter did not even choose to file for party status.

I know some of them are here today, and I'm not going to presume to speak for them as well, but you know, they'll address, I think, the process that we all went through in pulling together these MOUs, that ultimately, I

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do think, represent a concerted balance, concerted effort to balance the impact of this project, and make sure it would fit within the context in an acceptable way.

I would note that there were two other areas that come up repeatedly in the ANC resolution. One are construction impacts, and I think the Board has traditionally found that construction impacts aren't really a zoning impact that gets considered when you consider whether or not a project has objectionable or adverse impacts.

With that said, one of those three MOUs is a very detailed memoranda of understanding on construction, intended to deal with the impacts of this project while it's being constructed.

Not only the construction itself, but also ensuring the provision of parking, not only alternative parking for Meridian, since we'll be constructing on their existing parking lot, but also, there are provisions in there to deal with alternative parking for the on-street parking spaces that will come out of service during the construction of the project.

The other item that's raised in the ANC resolution repeatedly is the comprehensive plan. And as I think as the Board knows, the comprehensive plan is not, is not considered when you're considering a special exception request.

It's not listed in the criteria. It's not

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They're relying largely

2 on the provisions of the comprehensive plan that say, should consider the comprehensive plan, 3 comprehensive plan itself is not a self-executing document. 4 The, ultimately, if the Board were to consider the 5 6 comprehensive plan, the Zoning Commission would have to write 7 that into the Board's rules and regulations and say, Board, 8 we'd like you to consider the comprehensive plan. So those 9 10 CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay, one second. I think, 11 think Ms. White got her answer. 12 MR. AVITABILE: Okay. 13 Commissioner May? CHAIRMAN HILL: 14 COMMISSIONER MAY: Thank you, Mr. Avitabile, for 15 that lengthy explanation, but I don't think you really got 16 to the key issue from my perspective. I mean, everything you 17 said was, you know, I could've pretty much said that. 18 The real issue, from my perspective, is that the 19 complaint from the neighbors, and from the party, before the 2.0 withdrew their request for party status, was the fact that 21 the school is not living up to current agreements. 22 And now, we have a new and improved agreement, and 23 there are definitely some operational improvements that are 24 apparent for the operation of the school, private events and 25 things like that, that will come with this project, I mean,

something that the Board considers.

1	along with the massive change that it's going to be.
2	But generally speaking, I think operational
3	improvements. But I mean, what is it, you know, why do we,
4	why should we believe at this point that the school is going
5	to behave better than the neighbors allege they have not in
6	the past?
7	And I'm not saying, you know, I don't know how
8	accurate all that stuff is, but it's in there. Let's have
9	an answer to it.
10	MR. HOLLIDAY: So Stuart Holliday. I'm the CEO
11	of Meridian, and I just wanted to state that, you know,
12	Meridian, while it's classified as a school, is a, is a,
13	really a leadership center. We bring work with the State
14	Department to help strengthen international understanding.
15	COMMISSIONER MAY: I, you know, I'm going to cut
16	you off, because we've been going on too long. We don't need
17	to know the mission. From our perspective, a school is a
18	school.
19	MR. HOLLIDAY: Okay.
20	COMMISSIONER MAY: So if you can speak to the
21	specific
22	MR. HOLLIDAY: Sure.
23	COMMISSIONER MAY: complaints about
24	MR. HOLLIDAY: Yes.
25	COMMISSIONER MAY: you not behaving in
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1	accordance with previous agreements.
2	MR. HOLLIDAY: Thank you. We have received very
3	few complaints at Meridian over the last decade. There is
4	a, we see, a very, a gap in understanding between how some
5	of our neighbors feel about our living up to our existing
6	MOU, which was voluntarily entered into, and their
7	perception.
8	The evidence is that we simply have not received
9	that many complaints over the last five years about our work.
10	There are areas of improvement. There are, there have been
11	complaints that are legitimate that relate to shuttle buses
12	double parked, noise at events.
13	But this characterization, I think, is not widely
14	held, I would submit, by the majority of neighbors in terms
15	of how we conduct our activities. So we actually disagree,
16	and do not have a
17	CHAIRMAN HILL: So Mr. Holliday, I'm going to, I'm
18	going to follow up with
19	MR. HOLLIDAY: Yes.
20	CHAIRMAN HILL: Commissioner May, because, so
21	basically, like, what's the teeth in this now
22	MR. HOLLIDAY: Right.
23	CHAIRMAN HILL: that wasn't there before?
24	MR. HOLLIDAY: So this will become part of the BZA
25	order, as I understand it. This is a binding, you know,

1	document, which we have to live up to, and has penalties in
2	there. We're a not for profit
3	CHAIRMAN HILL: That's okay.
4	MR. HOLLIDAY: organization.
5	CHAIRMAN HILL: So what are the penalties? How
6	do the penalties work?
7	MR. HOLLIDAY: The penalties work in that, through
8	this community group mechanism, that if there, if an issue
9	has not been resolved immediately, that the group can meet,
10	and can impose a penalty
11	CHAIRMAN HILL: All right. And what's the
12	penalty?
13	MR. HOLLIDAY: a monetary penalty.
14	CHAIRMAN HILL: What's the monetary penalty?
15	MR. HOLLIDAY: Well, there are successive
16	penalties. There, as up to \$7,000 worth of penalties that
17	can be incurred.
18	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay.
19	MR. HOLLIDAY: And we also think, frankly, that
20	having this mechanism, this community group, and better
21	relationship and open channel with our neighbors is going to
22	lead to, I think, us being aware where there are issues, be
23	more readily to respond to them, and to put into place
24	whatever policies we can to make sure that the, that the
25	issues are addressed.

1	CHAIRMAN HILL: Commissioner May, are you getting
2	your question answered?
3	COMMISSIONER MAY: Yes, I just have one followup,
4	which is, you specifically cited shuttle buses double
5	parking.
6	MR. HOLLIDAY: Yes.
7	COMMISSIONER MAY: What do you do when that
8	happens? Somebody complains that that's happened, what do
9	you do?
10	MR. HOLLIDAY: So two thing. First, is we have
11	our staff that goes out and actually, if somebody calls
12	Meridian or emails us, we go out and make sure we get on that
13	right away. We have a great staff of people who manage our
14	operations.
15	The second thing is we have contracts with our
16	shuttle bus providers. These are for our State Department
17	programs, and these guidelines are very specifically put in
18	there, and we have said two things.
19	One is we have reached out as a result of this
20	process to actually reaffirm that we will not use these
21	vendors or partners anymore if they, if they exhibit, you
22	know, disregard for the, for our standards, and we are
23	serious about that, and we've put them on notice.
24	COMMISSIONER MAY: Well, one last question. How
25	long have you been the CEO?

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1	MR. HOLLIDAY: Eleven years.
2	COMMISSIONER MAY: Okay, thanks.
3	MR. CUMMINGS: If I may just talk to process
4	quickly, about
5	CHAIRMAN HILL: No, that's okay.
6	MR. CUMMINGS: No? With the evaluation reports
7	
8	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay, all right. Okay. Thanks.
9	Appreciate the offer. Anyone else real quick? I know the
10	Office of Planning, I mean, we've still got to go through a
11	bunch of people and things. Office of Planning?
12	MR. JESICK: Thank you, Mr. Chairman, and members
13	of the Board. While this is a very complex case with a lot
14	of moving pieces, the criteria for a zoning evaluation are
15	relatively straightforward, and that gets to, what are the
16	impacts of the project? And that is for both of the special
17	exceptions.
18	So in regards to the special exception for the
19	private school, we felt that the impacts would be minimal.
20	According to the Applicant, the number of staff and number
21	of events would not increase as a result of the new physical
22	space of the school, and therefore, the traffic study
23	concluded that the overall level of traffic would not
24	increase a significant amount.
25	Visually, the school was, the expansion of the

school was designed to almost feel like it was tucked into the hillside, and would act as an extension of the plinth on which the White-Meyer House sits, and that was done in cooperation with HPRB to minimize the visual impacts of the expansion of the school.

It would be visible from some vantage points, and a portion of the retaining wall would increase in height along Belmont Street, but that retaining wall would still be much, much lower than the existing retaining wall immediately behind the White-Meyer House.

Similarly, in regard to the zone boundary line shift, we found it compelling that the overall level of density would be significantly less than what could be achieved as a matter of right under the current zoning. So therefore, any impacts related to density would not be a result from the zone boundary line shift.

The zone boundary line shift simply allows a concentration of the density along 16th Street, where it has historically been developed in that neighborhood. Also, we placed a lot of value on the design review that went into the HPRB process.

They sought to minimize the appearance of height, while not wanting the building to appear too squat along that 16th Street frontage, which is characterized by taller buildings.

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1 So we felt that overall the project did not have 2 unacceptable impacts on the surrounding neighborhood, and recommended 3 therefore, we approval of both special 4 exceptions. I'd be happy to take any questions. Thank you. 5 CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. Does the Board have any 6 questions for the Office of Planning? 7 VICE CHAIR HART: Just a quick question. Maybe 8 it's not a quick one. Just saying. So just the question on 9 the, you know, the issue that talked about a little bit. 10 think you may have heard some of that. 11 But the question that I had was really around, 12 what was envisioned with the, I mean, this has a split zone, 13 so there was some acknowledgment that there would be a 14 different type of development on the eastern side than there 15 would be on the western side. So this is, you're saying that 16 this is in keeping with that, with that idea? 17 MR. JESICK: Yes, I think the design, as proposed, 18 is in keeping with that. Although, the, as the Applicant 19 their presentation, some of those 2.0 apartment buildings extend well back into the block. 21 In this particular situation, you do have those 22 landmarks of the Meridian House and the White-Meyer House, 23 and I think the density is appropriately kept off of those 24 buildings and concentrated along 16th Street. So yes,

felt that the density in that location was appropriate.

VICE CHAIR HART: And the, and the, as you're going down 16th Street, from north to south, you have kind of taller buildings, and then you get to south of the site, which is much more, much lower density development that's happening just south of, what is that street now? Belmont, I think.

MR. JESICK: Yes, the Beekman Place development is row houses, so that is much lower density.

VICE CHAIR HART: And so you wouldn't, you wouldn't expect there to be an even lower transition between the apartment houses that are, or apartment buildings that are to the north of the site, and, or do you think that this is, and the Beekman Place development, you wouldn't think there would be an even greater kind of stepping down in development?

MR. JESICK: We concurred with the outcome reached by the HPRB, which is the development, as proposed, is compatible with the buildings to the north, and that it had no adverse impact on the townhouses to the south, if you examine the shadow studies.

I can get you those, obviously, since this building is to the north, but not have light impacts. Also, the building is symmetrical, you know, in and of itself, so a step down within the building mass would likely be viewed as inappropriate, from a historic preservation standpoint.

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1	And furthermore, I believe the HPRB and HPO staff
2	did not want the building to be reduced in height as a whole.
3	They didn't want it to appear too low scale for that historic
4	district, which is characterized by taller buildings.
5	VICE CHAIR HART: Thank you.
6	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. We can jump around here,
7	but let me just keep moving forward, unless anybody has a
8	pressing question for OP? Okay.
9	Commissioner Perry, welcome. So is there anyone
10	else here from the ANC, other than this commissioner? Okay,
11	please, come forward. If you could please also introduce
12	yourself.
13	MR. GUTHRIE: Ted Guthrie.
14	CHAIRMAN HILL: So are you a commissioner, Mr.
15	Guthrie?
16	MR. GUTHRIE: Yes.
17	CHAIRMAN HILL: You're both the same ANC?
18	MR. GUTHRIE: yes.
19	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. Are you both presenting the
20	same opinion, or you have different views, or you don't know?
21	MR. GUTHRIE: We are presenting a consistent
22	opinion
23	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay.
24	MR. GUTHRIE: which is focused more on the
25	specifics.

2 MR. GUTHRIE: And I'm a more generalized speaker. CHAIRMAN HILL: Just, so the ANC has five minutes, 3 4 so you all can divide your time up the way you like, and 5 we'll have, I'm sure we'll have questions, but I just wanted 6 to let you know. 7 And so since Ms. Perry came first here, I'll start 8 with you, Ms. Perry. I'm going to put five minutes on the 9 clock, and you guys can just kind of go through what you want 10 And then, I'm sure we'll have some the Board to know. 11 questions for you. But welcome to both of you. Thanks for 12 coming out. 13 MS. PERRY: Okay. 14 CHAIRMAN HILL: Please. 15 MS. PERRY: Thank you. Amanda Perry. I'm the commissioner for 1C08, which is the district in which this 16 17 is located. The ANC, as you know, adopted a project 18 resolution unanimously on May 23rd, at a special forum that 19 we convened just for this project. 2.0 The, some of the residential groups have since 21 entered into MOUs with the developer, however, there continue 22 to be individual residents who have concerns. I know some 23 of them have submitted their concerns to the record for this 24 case, and given some of our own concerns, we maintain our 25 opposition to this project.

Okay.

CHAIRMAN HILL:

And some of that also is that there's other members of this ANC who will be impacted if this is allowed to move forward, including the residents at the envoy, who weren't a part of the working group, negotiations, people who are using 16th Street are going to be impacted, or that's how we see it.

So I know you wanted to just kind of keep this focused on the zoning impacts, so I will try to, try to keep it within that analysis. Critical to this case is the Applicant's request for an expansion of an institutional use, and to do so, obviously they need to show that doing, putting this project there is not going to be likely to create any objectionable impacts on the surrounding neighborhood.

So the first point I want to make, which we also pointed out in the resolution, is that this isn't a question of likelihood, this is certainty. They, Meridian is already creating a burden on the community. Commissioner May raised that, and I appreciate that, you know, and Mr. Avitabile noted as well, that the prior BZA orders allowing Meridian to operate as a private school have expanded over the years.

And even though it was anticipated as functioning like a private school, it's functioning as a private event center, as much as anything else. In 2017, they had 149 events, 87 of which were private rentals, 39 weddings. You know, when that happens, the entire neighborhood turns into

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a parking lot. You know, the shuttle traffic is a problem.

I know Mr. Holliday said that, you know, when they get complaints about it, they move them, but half the time, when we say that complaints have been registered with them, they say they didn't get them, and the fact remains that the shuttles end up exactly where they were the next time they have an event.

So in light of that, and the history of their, of violating this previously enacted MOU with the community, you should not allow them to modify this. The Applicant states that it's not going to, that this conference center is not going to have any undue impacts, and we think that's a bold assertion.

And when you look at the, at the size and the location of this project, it really strains belief to think that a 10,000 square foot conference center is not going to create additional undue burdens on the community.

On page 10 of the Applicant's statement, they discuss all the ways that this conference center is going to, you know, help them and help Meridian, and you know, enable them to come into the next century, and you know, attract business and whatnot.

But that only makes it harder for us to believe that they're not going to expand their operations, despite their assertion that this is not about adding additional

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space, it's just going to be alternative space.

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And again, that would be easier to believe, if they had not consistently violated the underlying MOU. You know, and there was reference to the enforcement provisions of the MOUs that create a working group for the community, which I think is good.

It's really important that those MOUs have that. But it's still unfortunate that that puts a huge burden on the residents, who have spent so much time already, you know, trying to improve the situation there, then going through this working group process, to then have to come together every time and vote on whether violations have occurred, and hopefully make them stick.

So I realize I'm running out of time. The other thing, too, is that we're being told, only look at the conference center, and not at the building, because the building is by right.

The components of this project are inseparable from each other. You've got the motor court, the parking garage. They're all going to be shared. So we would say that it really is impossible to separate them, and that the burdens, the impacts from both should be considered.

And even if you don't include it as being covered under the requirements of 11X1041, it needs to be considered as an existing entity. And it's hard to say that it, that

1	as an existing entity, a 10,000 square foot conference center
2	would not have a burden on the noise and traffic and
3	congestion, because, you know, if you assume for the moment
4	that that building was already built, how would that
5	conference center, a 10,000 square foot conference center and
6	parking garage in your backyard not create an impact?
7	You know, I am also concerned, based on what I'm
8	seeing from the OP report, is that that seems to be working
9	off of the Applicant's statement and the MOUs, and I'm
10	curious to know what other studies were done to really assess
11	this project, and some of the underlying complaints about,
12	you know, what's been going on there, to just take it at the
13	Applicant's word and these MOUs
14	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay.
15	MS. PERRY: does not, does not give the, a full
16	picture.
17	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay, Commissioner Perry. I just
18	want to let the other commissioner also have some time.
19	Would you like to go ahead?
20	MR. GUTHRIE: Yes, I've just got a couple of brief
21	points to make. This process has been going on for a long
22	time. The ANC had a special meeting, passed a resolution two
23	weeks ago.
24	During the discussion of that resolution, we were
25	told that it was absolutely physically impossible to direct

traffic onto Crescent Place. That was two weeks ago.

Suddenly, miraculously, that it is possible, and we would suggest that they're coming here before you today without bringing it back in front of the ANC, suggests that they're trying to avoid getting the ANC's position on this newly reframed transportation approach.

The other piece is that they look at this as solving two problems, but the two problems aren't existence of a condominium project and a conference center. The two problems are funding for the conference center, and the conference center.

The only reason that we have had such continued and strenuous objection from the neighborhood is that they're trying to do too much on what is actually a fairly small lot.

They are putting two project where there should only be one. They should either have the conference center or have the residences. When you put both of them on, that has to have the sort of impact that will be substantially all people detrimental to of the who live neighborhood, probably all of the people who commute down 16th.

And for them to claim that their studies show that this will have no impact on traffic to build a substantial condominium, and to have substantially additional space for their conference facilities is disingenuous, to say the last.

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CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. Okay. I mean, I don't think, I mean, I hear what you guys are saying, and I'm glad that we're going to have a chance to kind of, like, vet some of this and talk a little bit more about it.

I don't think, they're not saying that they're not

I don't think, they're not saying that they're not going to have any impact. They're saying they're not going to have any undue impact. And so that's where we also always seem to come in.

I do have another question for Mr. Avitabile, and we're going to kind of go back and forth here a little bit, but does the Board have any questions for the commissioners?

MEMBER JOHN: I have a question.

CHAIRMAN HILL: Sure.

MEMBER JOHN: I was wondering if, in your opinion, the provision of parking spaces in the project would somehow ameliorate some of the problems that the residents were having in the past, and whether the provision of that new circular driveway off of Belmont Street would help with some of the load, not loading, some of the traffic that would come from the events, you know, that might occur?

MR. GUTHRIE: Well, I do think that putting all of the heavy traffic into that court that is right off Belmont is going to limit the impact on, and requiring them to leave going out to 16th, is going to reduce the amount of traffic that has historically been there for events or

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1	conferences, because, you know, they had to go all the way
2	around before. So yes, it will reduce from, basically, from
3	Beekman on, the impact of traffic there. Your first question
4	was
5	MEMBER JOHN: Well, the second question was about
6	the traffic light at, I believe that's Crescent. There will
7	be a new traffic light at Crescent?
8	MR. GUTHRIE: There is currently
9	MEMBER JOHN: It's proposed, or there is one now?
10	MR. GUTHRIE: There is currently one at Crescent.
11	There was requested by the Belmont, by the Beekman people
12	that there be one at Belmont as well
13	MEMBER JOHN: Okay.
14	MR. GUTHRIE: but the DDOT study suggested that
15	it was not sufficient to meet their threshold requirement.
16	But they've indicated that they're going to do another
17	traffic study later to see whether once the facility is
18	built, it meets the threshold for DDOT, is my understanding.
19	MEMBER JOHN: Thank you.
20	VICE CHAIR HART: Mr. Guthrie, I was trying to,
21	and I asked the Office of Planning this as well, but, and I'm
22	only asking you or Ms. Perry, either one of you can answer.
23	The, there is existing zoning that's there. The
24	existing zoning allows a certain amount of development. Are
25	you, are you thinking that that is allowing too much

1	development by right? Or are you thinking that what they're
2	proposing is too much?
3	I'm trying to kind of understand where you're
4	coming down on it, because it does allow 182,000 total square
5	feet of development. They're doing 141. I understand that's
6	still a lot, but I'm trying to kind of understand where you
7	all are with that.
8	MR. GUTHRIE: The problem comes from both the
9	expansion of the school facility and the construction of this
10	substantial residential facility on a piece of property that
11	reasonably supports one or the other, but not both. That's
12	where the problem comes in. Yes, zoning
13	VICE CHAIR HART: Yes
14	(Simultaneous speaking.)
15	MR. GUTHRIE: Zoning allows a certain amount.
16	HPRB limits the amount that you can use the available zoning,
17	because of historical context, that they won't allow you to
18	build to the full height.
19	But the problem is that they're wedging two
20	projects into one site that will have such an adverse impact
21	because the amount of traffic generated by those two is
22	clearly more than either one would be by the, by itself.
23	VICE CHAIR HART: Okay.
24	MR. GUTHRIE: And the fact that they've chosen to
25	finance it that way is what leads to the imposition on the

1	neighborhood.
2	VICE CHAIR HART: Okay, thank you. And one other
3	questions that doesn't have anything to do with the actual,
4	the structure itself. The, Ms. Milanovich, who is our
5	traffic consultant, said that as part of the things that DDOT
6	asked them to do, one of them was to actually, to remove the
7	pedestrian crossings along 16th Street at Belmont.
8	MR. GUTHRIE: I'm not sure whether it's Belmont
9	or Crescent.
10	VICE CHAIR HART: I think it was Belmont, because
11	
12	MR. GUTHRIE: Belmont?
13	VICE CHAIR HART: Belmont because there's no,
14	there's no light there.
15	MR. GUTHRIE: Right. And
16	VICE CHAIR HART: And I didn't know what, I didn't
17	know what your, the ANC's position was on that.
18	MR. GUTHRIE: We haven't taken a position on that.
19	VICE CHAIR HART: Okay, thank you.
20	CHAIRMAN HILL: Anyone else? Okay. Just a
21	reminder, Commissioner Guthrie, so you meet, Commissioner
22	Perry, you're the SMD for this project. Where are you,
23	Commissioner Guthrie?
24	MR. GUTHRIE: I'm over in the Washington Heights
25	historic district, but also sit on the Timing Zoning and

2 the chair for this ANC. 3 CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. I'd say congratulations, 4 but our, for getting off of it, I quess. But still on. Mr. Avitabile, what, can you explain to 5 Okay. Let's see. 6 me, just a little bit again, kind of what the matter of right 7 option would be for your client? 8 MR. AVITABILE: So the height of the building that 9 could be built in the RA-4 zone is 90 feet. Our building is 10 80 feet tall. Over on the RA-4 side of the line, if we didn't 11 12 move the zone boundary line, could we bring up the slide that 13 has that data? You could build, what's 103 minus 13? 14 you, 90. So you could build, on that --15 Right, you wouldn't get, CHAIRMAN HILL: you 16 wouldn't get the height. You wouldn't get the height. So, 17 because the HPRB wouldn't give you the height. 18 MR. AVITABILE: Well, right. But we're not even, 19 but the point is, we're not even using 90 feet of height, 2.0 even on all of the property where we could do 90 feet of 21 height. 22 So we're, the little sliver in the center, where 23 we're moving the property line, we're not doing that to get 24 What it does is it allows extra density. height. Ιt 25 increases the amount of density that's generated by that

Transportation Committee, and was, until the 1st of the year,

1	portion of the property
2	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay.
3	MR. AVITABILE: by 13,000 square feet.
4	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. So that takes care of that.
5	And then, the expansion of the use, so you wouldn't then do
6	the conference center?
7	MR. AVITABILE: You couldn't have the Meridian,
8	the problem, it's a little bit of a complicated puzzle here,
9	because the existing parking lot is used by Meridian right
10	now.
11	It's been mentioned in their previous private
12	school approvals. It's questionable as to whether, if we
13	were simply building a condominium building here, whether
14	that alone would require you to go back and modify the
15	private school plan, because this has been historically used.
16	But we're not asking that question. So
17	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. I'm just, I got my answer.
18	I got my answer.
19	MR. AVITABILE: Okay.
20	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. Okay, yes. So, and I think
21	we're going to hear from a lot of people, and I don't know
22	if we need to take a, how many people are here testifying,
23	if you could raise your hand. Okay. Oh, okay. Two, three.
24	Okay. Okay.
25	Let me just ask my one quick question, and then

1	I think we're going to take a break. The, so right now,
2	commissioners, so, and this is where we're going to kind of
3	get back, I think, to again, the teeth of all of this,
4	because I live in, I live next to a place that's turned into
5	a conference center, and so, you know, there's a bunch of
6	things that happen, and we have to complain, and they go on
7	deaf ears at times. So the process now that you guys kind
8	of go through, what's the process now?
9	MS. PERRY: For?
10	CHAIRMAN HILL: A complaint. They're double
11	MS. PERRY: Complaining?
12	CHAIRMAN HILL: parking on the, you know,
13	whatever. Do you call somebody?
14	MS. PERRY: Sending emails, text messages.
15	CHAIRMAN HILL: To who?
16	MS. PERRY: It's harder, to the Meridian event
17	staff, usually during the event
18	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay.
19	MS. PERRY: but oftentimes, that person who's
20	designated is in the middle of running an event, so
21	CHAIRMAN HILL: Right.
22	MS. PERRY: can't necessarily be responsive.
23	CHAIRMAN HILL: Right. So you didn't have, up
24	until, and I don't know, and I'm going to ask for
25	clarification in terms of the MOU, you didn't have a direct

1	person that you could call, that is an immediate, you know,
2	will answer the phone and you'll deal with that? It was just
3	kind of like, you know, you called the center and you got who
4	you got?
5	MS. PERRY: No. My understanding is that we did,
6	and I think it has evolved kind of over the years, but that
7	there was a directed person to contact. It wasn't just like
8	we were calling over to Meridian, you know, their general
9	number.
LO	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. And have either of you had
11	experience with like calling them and then nothing really
L2	happened?
L3	MS. PERRY: Yes. How do you mean though?
L4	CHAIRMAN HILL: You guys. Either, anyone in your
15	community? I mean, you've had feedback
L6	MS. PERRY: Oh, yes.
L7	CHAIRMAN HILL: that people have called, and
18	they call, and nothing happens.
L9	MS. PERRY: Absolutely. Absolutely.
20	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay.
21	MS. PERRY: Yes, I mean, the, you know, events are
22	going late, or that, you know, the shuttles are double
23	parked, or that people can't get through to their homes
24	because there's, you know, they're doing drop offs for, you
25	know, the event rentals.

1	CHAIRMAN HILL: Right.
2	MS. PERRY: And yes, generally
3	CHAIRMAN HILL: Right. Okay.
4	MS. PERRY: those complaints are not responded
5	to.
6	CHAIRMAN HILL: Because, and we're going to, we're
7	going to take a quick break here, but Mr. Avitabile, I mean,
8	I thought this was going to be easy, or I didn't necessarily
9	know it was going to be easy or not, but like, I'm really
10	going to, and I think the Board members, at least one other
11	has expressed, again, what is the difference now between what
12	we're agreeing to as the Board versus the MOU that we did the
13	last time with the Board, right?
13	, 5
14	And there seems to be enough in the record to
14	And there seems to be enough in the record to
14 15	And there seems to be enough in the record to indicate that it hasn't been the easiest to take care of, and
14 15 16	And there seems to be enough in the record to indicate that it hasn't been the easiest to take care of, and unfortunately, you're the CEO and have been for 11 years, so
14 15 16 17	And there seems to be enough in the record to indicate that it hasn't been the easiest to take care of, and unfortunately, you're the CEO and have been for 11 years, so you got kind of a bad track record that's going on here at
14 15 16 17 18	And there seems to be enough in the record to indicate that it hasn't been the easiest to take care of, and unfortunately, you're the CEO and have been for 11 years, so you got kind of a bad track record that's going on here at this point.
14 15 16 17 18	And there seems to be enough in the record to indicate that it hasn't been the easiest to take care of, and unfortunately, you're the CEO and have been for 11 years, so you got kind of a bad track record that's going on here at this point. You're disagreeing with it, but there's other
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	And there seems to be enough in the record to indicate that it hasn't been the easiest to take care of, and unfortunately, you're the CEO and have been for 11 years, so you got kind of a bad track record that's going on here at this point. You're disagreeing with it, but there's other people that are saying, you know, and as somebody who lives
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	And there seems to be enough in the record to indicate that it hasn't been the easiest to take care of, and unfortunately, you're the CEO and have been for 11 years, so you got kind of a bad track record that's going on here at this point. You're disagreeing with it, but there's other people that are saying, you know, and as somebody who lives next to one of these things, you know, you know, you know,
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	And there seems to be enough in the record to indicate that it hasn't been the easiest to take care of, and unfortunately, you're the CEO and have been for 11 years, so you got kind of a bad track record that's going on here at this point. You're disagreeing with it, but there's other people that are saying, you know, and as somebody who lives next to one of these things, you know, you know, you know, yes. So okay. So anyway, so we're going to take a break,
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	And there seems to be enough in the record to indicate that it hasn't been the easiest to take care of, and unfortunately, you're the CEO and have been for 11 years, so you got kind of a bad track record that's going on here at this point. You're disagreeing with it, but there's other people that are saying, you know, and as somebody who lives next to one of these things, you know, you know, you know, yes. So okay. So anyway, so we're going to take a break, okay? All right, we're going to take a 15 minute break.

1	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. All right. So, there was
2	people so, we asked for we talked to the ANC people.
3	Before the Commissioners come back, or if they come back,
4	we'll see, is there anyone here wishing to speak in support?
5	Doubted it.
6	Is there anybody here wishing to speak in
7	opposition? Okay, if you can come forward. I thought there
8	was one other okay. You okay, that's all right. You
9	can come forward or you don't have to, it's up to you if you
10	want to come forward. You can come forward and if you want
11	to speak, now's your opportunity.
12	I think you guys got sworn in, correct? Okay.
13	Did you get sworn in? No, you did not? If anybody's here
14	who hasn't gotten sworn in who plans on testifying today, if
15	you could please stand and take the oath administered by Mr.
16	Moy here, to the right?
17	If anyone's going to testify, I don't know if that
18	gentleman is okay, if you can stand and take the oath
19	here, administered by Mr. Moy. Anyone else? Great.
20	(Witnesses sworn.)
21	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. So, if you could please
22	state your name for me, both of you?
23	MR. PERRY: Jake Perry.
24	CHAIRMAN HILL: And where do you live, Mr. Perry?
25	MR. PERRY: I live at 1664 Beekman Place

1	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay.
2	MR. PERRY: Washington, D.C.
3	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. And, sir?
4	MR. McPEEK: Steve McPeek, I live at 2200 17th
5	Street Northeast.
6	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. So, you'll each have three
7	minutes, as members of the public. And so, the clocks are
8	up there on the ceilings and you can begin whenever you like.
9	MR. McPEEK: Great, thank you.
10	MR. PERRY: Thank you, first, to the Board. I just
11	want to say, as a former member of the Alcohol Beverage
12	Control Board, I appreciate your service. I spent many, many
13	hours and days in your position.
14	CHAIRMAN HILL: Yes, your board sucks more than
15	this Board, by the way.
16	(Laughter.)
17	MR. PERRY: It was a very learning experience.
18	Anyway, I'm just here to express my opposition to the
19	application before you right now.
20	The developers are obligated to show that the
21	special exemption they seek will not have an adverse impact
22	on the neighboring properties. As a ten-year resident of
23	this SMD, they have not and cannot satisfy that obligation
24	under the current proposal.
25	Again, I just want to say, when I was on the

Alcohol Beverage Control Board, I gave great -- the idea of the ANC's great weight weighed heavy with me and I think the fact that the ANC sort of voted unanimously on this, I think it says a lot.

I would just say, as an 11-year resident, I think a lot of what has been said about the -- the complaints, I think are valid. I think the shuttle buses are there all the time, so they block the way, the delivery loading docks block the way.

And I would just say, I mean, I'm sorry, but for me, we're all busy, for me to look up a number and try to figure out how I call the person, I got to -- usually, I'm trying to get somewhere.

So, the idea that I'm going to have to call and make a complaint -- if there aren't a lot of them, which I don't think that's true, but I think it's just, you know, sometimes people just don't have time to complain. But I just say, it does happen. The shuttle buses are there all the time.

And, look, there's also just the noise and I would just tell you this, come to that block on a Saturday after a wedding, I guarantee you you're going to see cigarette butts on the sidewalk, because there's a patio, people smoke cigarettes, and that's what happens.

So, thank you for your time, thank you for your

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service, and I hope you will oppose this.

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CHAIRMAN HILL: All right, Mr. Perry. Sir? Yes, you get a new three minutes. Mr. Moy, you got a new three minutes there? And you have to push the button in order to -- yes. No problem.

MR. McPEEK: Okay. My name is Steve McPeek. I've been an owner at Meridian Crescent Condominium for 12 years and I represented our association on the community working groups, developing the MOUs. I participated in 16 working group meetings since December. I also engaged our association and board during this process.

In my observation, the developer and Meridian International Center acted in good faith while collaborating with neighbors to draft the MOUs to address community demands and to mitigate potential adverse impacts of the proposed development.

We understand the MOUs are now near final and the Meridian Crescent Condominium Association Board has voted to sign them. On behalf of our association, I would like to provide the following brief statement.

Meridian Crescent Condominium neither supports nor objects to the new development at 2300 16th Street. Our building is situated on 17th Street between Belmont Street and Crescent Place, where 100 percent of our residences face the street across from Meridian House.

If you look on the diagram, we're the crescent shaped building at the lower-left hand corner of the screen. And you can see where we overlook Meridian House and also, that court -- or that lawn, which a lot of the events are held, including the weddings. We have large windows of our living rooms and bedrooms across the face of our building.

Our residents have raised concerns about adverse impacts of the development, especially increased traffic flow in front of our building, and increased delays at 16th and Crescent Place intersection. We also understand the importance of safety and unobstructed traffic flow at the 16th and Belmont intersection, as the intersection is the gateway of our community.

The proposed building will sit directly on 16th Street, a major thoroughfare. We strongly oppose diverting traffic through the quiet streets of the neighborhood, including 17th Street. We endorse the MOUs as written, as they ensure that traffic flow will exit onto 16th Street in the most direct way.

By having traffic enter the new development from Belmont and garage traffic exit onto Crescent, the overall adverse impacts on both intersections should be less than previously considered alternatives.

The MOUs also contain numerous provisions to mitigate potential adverse impacts from Meridian operations,

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1	the construction of the building, and activities of the
2	proposed condominium. Most importantly, they include a
3	framework for accountability, including penalties designed
4	to enforce the provisions of the agreements.
5	It is essential that Meridian and the developer
6	abide by the obligations of these agreements and that the BZA
7	or other appropriate body will help the neighbors enforce the
8	MOUs, if necessary.
9	Although we are in close proximity to Meridian
10	House, we have not heard significant objections to Meridian's
11	current operations from our residents. We trust that they
12	will continue to act as good neighbors. And I thank you for
13	the opportunity to present.
14	CHAIRMAN HILL: Could you repeat that second
15	what you just said just before the end?
16	MR. McPEEK: Although we are in close proximity to
17	Meridian House, we have not heard significant objections to
18	Meridian's current operations from our residents. And that
19	we trust that they'll continue to act as good neighbors.
20	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. All right. Does the Board
21	have any questions for the witnesses? Okay. All right. For
22	the record, this Board does not suck, it's a very good Board.
23	(Laughter.)
24	CHAIRMAN HILL: And ABRA also does not suck,
25	they're just I was just using a term of endearment.

1	(Laughter.)
2	CHAIRMAN HILL: Exactly, it's a very, very
3	important job ABRA does. Oh, the clock, right, no, it
4	doesn't work all the time. Okay. Thank you all very much.
5	Thank you. Okay. So, we're back over here.
6	Mr. Avitabile, I'm just kind of curious, since you
7	have this thing on here, what could you build in that little
8	lot that's right there, next to Meridian House? To the left
9	of Meridian House?
10	MR. AVITABILE: So, theoretically, that's in the
11	RA-2 zone. You could build a building of up to 50-feet in
12	height and a 1.8 FAR. You'd have to deduct the existing
13	Meridian House from that.
14	I'm not sure exactly what you'd be able to build,
15	but that's a lot that's about 30,000 square feet and change.
16	So, double that for the amount of density you could build,
17	backup in Meridian House.
18	We'd have to do the math, but you could
19	theoretically build something there. Whether it would get
20	approved or not, unlikely given that that is a historic
21	CHAIRMAN HILL: Oh, HPRB, you'd have to go through
22	HPRB? That's right.
23	MR. AVITABILE: It's a historic landmark
24	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay, all right.
25	MR. AVITABILE: and that lawn is considered to

1	be
2	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay.
3	MR. AVITABILE: I think part of the landmark.
4	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay, great. Just curious.
5	MR. AVITABILE: So, ultimately, nothing.
6	CHAIRMAN HILL: All right. Does the Board have
7	questions for the applicant?
8	MR. AVITABILE: We did have a very short rebuttal,
9	that was really to go
10	CHAIRMAN HILL: Yes, that's okay.
11	MR. AVITABILE: Okay. But
12	CHAIRMAN HILL: Yes, that's all right. I think
13	we're going to have some things we're going to ask of you.
14	Do you guys have any questions? I mean, I know what I'm kind
15	of struggling with and it's still, again, is the I mean,
16	there's three MOUs, right? And they're extensive.
17	And so, I guess I'll kind of talk a little bit
18	through this. I mean, how did you get the group, the Beekman
19	Place Condominium to withdraw their party status? So, that's
20	my first question. What did what were they sticking on
21	or how did you kind of get through that? So, I'd be curious
22	of that.
23	Then, I know that what I would like to see later,
24	I'm just asking the question about the how you got their

withdrawal, right, Beekman Place -- actually, why don't you

just answer that first. 1 2 MR. AVITABILE: Sure. John will speak to that, I think, and then I'll fill in color. 3 4 CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. 5 Yes, thank you. MR. CUMMINGS: So, back in 6 November of last year, we had, through the HPRB process, we 7 had a group of working members through the neighborhood of 8 key stakeholder neighborhoods. So, 1661 Crescent to the 9 north, Meridian Crescent, 17th Street neighbors, and Beekman 10 Place to the south. 11 It was roughly about 15 members in total of those 12 So, we were working together through HPRB communities. 13 In November of last year, we reformed that group 14 again to focus on the matters at hand, as it relates to the 15 BZA, the two special exceptions that we were seeking. 16 We knew that we had to address things like noise, 17 traffic, otherwise objectionable impacts. So, we set out 18 this framework to try to pull out what were the concerns from 19 the neighborhood? We essentially did a charrette process. 2.0 So, back in November, we had the existing Meridian 21 MOU that had been in place, that they offered back in 2000, 22 so it's almost 20 years old at this point. We used that as 2.3 kind of the guiding framework of what that document would look like. 24

From that process, we solicited out about 120

1	individual comments from each community. So, we had a
2	running list of about 120 kind of areas of either concern or
3	improvements that they would like to see addressed in these
4	various MOUs. Some of them were related to the new condos,
5	some were related to
6	CHAIRMAN HILL: I'm sorry, Mr. Cummings
7	MR. CUMMINGS: Yes?
8	CHAIRMAN HILL: I'm going to cut you off.
9	MR. CUMMINGS: Okay.
10	CHAIRMAN HILL: So, what, again so, they just
11	withdrew
12	MR. CUMMINGS: Yes.
13	CHAIRMAN HILL: like last week.
14	MR. CUMMINGS: Yes.
15	CHAIRMAN HILL: So, what finally got them to
16	withdraw?
17	MR. CUMMINGS: So, basically the drive aisle. The
18	original design had everything coming in off Belmont, also
19	exiting off of Belmont.
20	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay.
21	MR. CUMMINGS: We
22	CHAIRMAN HILL: So, you moved that up to the top
23	corner there?
24	MR. CUMMINGS: We moved the drive aisle exit from
25	the resident parking garage and the Meridian garage to allow

1 that traffic to exit onto Crescent. The main concern that 2 was identified from Beekman was really the peak hour traffic 3 congestion. And by moving residents who were leaving the site 4 or coming to the site for rush hour times, I believe that 5 6 mitigated their concerns, so they were ready to sign on to 7 the MOU and withdraw their concerns at that point. They were 8 involved in the process from the start --CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. 9 MR. CUMMINGS: -- a lot of their --10 11 CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. MR. CUMMINGS: -- fingerprints are --12 13 CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. All right. 14 MR. CUMMINGS: -- in that MOU. CHAIRMAN HILL: So, Mr. Avitabile, and you can go 15 16 ahead and rebut things in a minute here and give a little bit 17 of a conclusion. I mean, I'm not going to, personally, and 18 the Board can speak up, I'm not going to be able to decide this today. 19 2.0 What I'd really want to see from you, for the 21 record, is kind of just -- I mean, again, there's three MOUs 22 and there's a lot of things in there. What I would want to 23 know is just exactly how do we know that the applicant will 24 live up to the agreement that they've put forth? And in a 25 very practical sense.

I mean, unfortunately, to one of the witness' testimonies, nobody wants to have the phone call anyway and it seems, at least from some of the witnesses that we've had, it has — the reputation is not as clean as maybe, obviously, you would have liked it to have been before you came before us.

And I can understand that, over 20 years, things

And I can understand that, over 20 years, things might shift. Like that first year, it might be pretty intense, everybody's making sure that things go properly and then, they just kind of go away, less concerns from the applicant.

So, really, I would be looking for whatever, just a summary of whatever the teeth are and how the teeth work and convincing the Board that the applicant now is going to live up with these conditions, so that we can feel comfortable in terms of the adverse impact.

So, that's my first thought. Does the Board have any other thoughts?

MEMBER WHITE: My only thought is, just based upon what Chair Hill just said, because you were able to get Beekman on board with the project, and my question is, whether or not there's anything out there that you believe would get the ANC to be more supportive of it.

Maybe it's too late to do that, but it sounds like we probably won't make final decisions on this today. But

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anything in the record that would be helpful in terms of olive leaves that you've extended out to the ANC that would address some of their concerns, I think would be helpful, because it is a pretty strong vote here, so I've got to pay attention to it. But that would be my only comment.

VICE CHAIR HART: Mr. Chairman, I think that, while I am appreciative of the MOU, there are things in the MOU that are not pertaining to us and it just seems like I'm almost wanting -- I mean, while I understand the OP kind of says the conditions that we had back in -- that the previous zoning order, we shouldn't be kind of moving forward with those, which I don't have an issue with.

But I almost feel like we need to have -- kind of pull out some of the items that are in the MOU and to be able to make them conditions in the zoning order, in the BZA order.

And I'm just struggling with cutting through the 17 pages and kind of saying, okay, well, you're telling us how many events that you're going to have per year, and whatever that is, but those things kind of deal with the amount of impact that is kind of agreed to. And some of the timing and all that stuff, that seems like it should be kind of a condition.

And I'm almost thinking that we should have the applicant just go through it and say, these are conditions

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that are pertaining to zoning, or that you think are pertaining to zoning, and this is what we should -- we could incorporate as part of the, or include as part of the zoning order, if we do approve this. I mean, that's the big assumption.

CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. So, Mr. Avitabile, you heard what Vice Chair Hart said, in terms of giving us a list of conditions that we would then add to the order. And just to follow up what he's saying, then, I would want to know in the document that you provide us, what are the teeth to those conditions, right? And so, that's -- go ahead, sorry.

VICE CHAIR HART: Yes, and one other item is, the drawings, if we could have a complete set that is all updated, because I think we have it in several different places right now. And I appreciate Mr. Bell for going through the drawings, I think it's very helpful to hear the analysis and all that stuff.

But it seemed like there were some things that have happened, or at least included, like the new exit of the ramp onto Crescent, you know, that's something that is, while it may be in the drawings in our file, it seems like it's kind of, some of these things are in different places or, oh, we updated this portion of it.

And I'd like to have just one set that has, these are all the updated drawings that we have. And then we can

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1 say, if, again, we get to a zoning order, we can say, Exhibit 2 80-whatever, or whatever, these are the final drawings that we're approving, as opposed to, well, Exhibits 50 and 21 and 3 4 -- so, I just think that would be a little cleaner. 5 MEMBER JOHN: Mr. Chairman? 6 CHAIRMAN HILL: Sure. 7 MEMBER JOHN: I also have a question concerning 8 Paragraph 15 of the Meridian MOU. And it sort of relates to 9 what Mr. Hart has said. It's Exhibit 69D. And in one of the 10 paragraphs, it says that the parties reserve the right to 11 bring this matter before the BZA or DCRA if they cannot come to resolution in terms of payment of fines and things like 12 13 that. 14 I'm not sure to what extent that that paragraph 15 belongs in the MOU, if the Board is expected to enforce some 16 of the issues. Same thing Mr. Hart said. I mean, we would 17 not have jurisdiction to enforce a lot of the issues that are 18 addressed in the MOU. 19 So, I'm not sure if we want to hear from the 2.0 parties concerning whether or not the fine was paid or it's 21 an appropriate fine or what. So, I'm not sure --22 MR. AVITABILE: Right. That's not the intent of 23 The intent of that provision is -- and that provision. 24 again, I think our commitment to the neighbors was that we

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I think we all understood that some of these of these things do go beyond zoning and the Board might very well say, parse out the ones that are zoning conditions versus the ones that -- like the construction MOU, those are all commitments that are outside the bounds of zoning.

And I think we can and will pull together a list of the conditions that are appropriate for a zoning order. All of the commitments would still stand and be enforceable through the MOUs.

The point of that particular provision was to suggest, really, to the extent that the MOUs themselves were conditions of the zoning order or to the extent that provisions of the zoning order, conditions of the zoning order, if we violate a condition of a zoning order, they have a right to ask for enforcement action to be taken.

First step is going to the zoning administrator and if they don't agree with the zoning administrator and he declines to take enforcement, they can ultimately appeal that to the BZA.

So, I think the important point here was, the neighbors wanted to make it clear that, to the extent that there's a zoning order that says, Meridian or Developer, you need to do this, and we don't do it, the fine isn't their sole remedy, if there's actually a zoning condition. That's

1	the point.
2	MEMBER JOHN: So
3	MR. AVITABILE: We're not thinking, if we the
4	intent here is not
5	MEMBER JOHN: I get it.
6	MR. AVITABILE: if a truck was
7	MEMBER JOHN: I get it.
8	MR. AVITABILE: Yes.
9	MEMBER JOHN: So, my rule of thumb is, if someone's
10	asking a question about the language, there's something wrong
11	with it.
12	MR. AVITABILE: Okay.
13	MEMBER JOHN: So, maybe it would be a good idea to
14	rephrase it to say exactly what you just said.
15	MR. AVITABILE: Okay.
16	MEMBER JOHN: Thank you.
17	MR. CUMMINGS: And I think, Ms. White, you had a
18	question about olive branches to the ANC, to go back to your
19	question there. The ANC, back in November when we started
20	this working group, the ANC was part of that. They've been
21	invited to and engaged in pretty much all the meetings to
22	date with the working group.
23	They have every opportunity to provide, you know,
24	comments and concerns in that process. We responded to, a
25	lot of their gengerns are in the MOIIs. So they were a party

1	to that and part of that whole process as well. So, it's
2	been over seven months now of direct engagement, almost on
3	a weekly basis.
4	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. Any sorry, Commissioner
5	May?
6	COMMISSIONER MAY: I'm sorry, was Mr. Avitabile
7	going to actually do a rebuttal?
8	CHAIRMAN HILL: No, we're not yes, I just he
9	didn't
LO	COMMISSIONER MAY: I mean, I have some things to
11	say, but I think they're more deliberative than questions.
12	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay.
13	COMMISSIONER MAY: So, I'm interested in the
L4	rebuttal and then, I'll just have a few comments.
15	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. Then, the last thing that
L6	I would be interested in, and this is I don't know
L7	whether, Mr. Avitabile, this is something that you could
18	proffer or I'm going to try to understand with OAG later.
19	Because what I'm and I'm just, because we do this in the
20	public, I'm just struggling with this myself in trying to
21	speak out loud.
22	That the expansion of the use, I'm trying to
23	figure out how to put some kind of a time limit, or at least,
24	this is just what I'm initially thinking, I don't know, and
25	if you can help me get there, great.
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1	But, like, an expansion of the use, in terms of
2	the conference facilities, like, what we've had, oftentimes,
3	is we'll do a time limit. And so, we'll go ahead and present
4	the order, the order will and you have to come back in
5	five years three years, five years.
6	And then, you then show us that the we made the
7	right judgment in terms of approving it. So, I have to
8	figure out how one even goes about that. But the building's
9	going to be there, so it would be the expansion of the use,
10	I guess, that could be on a time limit, where you'd have to
11	come back.
12	So, I just have to kind of figure that out, I'm
13	just throwing that out there. You want to go ahead and do
14	your rebuttal? Because then, Mr. May has, I think, some
15	questions for you or comments.
16	MR. AVITABILE: Sure. And I think what we were
17	going to focus on in rebuttal was largely answering your
18	really everyone's question about the existing conditions with
19	Meridian and enforcement
20	CHAIRMAN HILL: Sure, that sounds great.
21	MR. AVITABILE: going forward.
22	CHAIRMAN HILL: That's a good idea.
23	MR. AVITABILE: So, I think the first thing,
24	though, that's helpful can you go up and put up the
25	Meridian, the floor plan? We did want to address the nature

	of the Meridian space in the building. I think it was
2	suggested it was a 10,000 square foot conference center.
3	It's not quite that's not quite accurate. One
4	of, actually, the changes we made in response to the
5	community comments, originally, it was proposed as a single
6	meeting room, but what we've since done is divide it up.
7	So, there is a meeting room there, maximum of 175
8	people, that's on the bottom part of it. That's a room about
9	the size of this room here. And then, the rest of that is
10	open office space, that will be used by Meridian.
11	So, I think the suggestion that this is a
12	conference center is a bit of a misnomer. This is additional
13	space for Meridian to keep doing what they do.
14	CHAIRMAN HILL: Yes, that's okay.
15	MR. AVITABILE: Okay.
16	CHAIRMAN HILL: I think it's a conference space
17	MR. AVITABILE: Okay.
18	CHAIRMAN HILL: but that's okay.
19	MR. AVITABILE: Okay.
20	CHAIRMAN HILL: All right.
21	MR. AVITABILE: But then, regarding the Meridian
22	use, and Ambassador Holliday will speak a little bit to this
23	as well, but I think one of the things that we try to do
24	through the MOU process was identify as John said, we
25	started with the existing MOIIs and then we look through them

1 and try to identify, what isn't being done now that could or 2 should be done? Looking at all the other institutions in the 3 4 District, both private schools and universities, what are the 5 best practices? And I think we've implemented and brought 6 onboard here nearly every single one. 7 Establishing a hotline that people can call with 8 specific person as a single point of contact to be 9 addressed. You know, providing notification out to neighbors 10 of when events are going to be and following up on when those 11 events were held. Setting up a system for receiving complaints and 12 13 reporting out on how they were resolved. Creating this 14 partnership -- and I will say, this partnership is not a 15 novel idea, it's an approach we used very successfully to 16 resolve the issues with Georgetown University. And I think 17 that, I'm optimistic that the same formula can work here, and 18 has worked here, it helped --19 COMMISSIONER MAY: Are you going to bring in Don 2.0 Edwards? 21 Don Edwards actually was MR. AVITABILE: the 22 original facilitator on this three and a half years ago. 23 COMMISSIONER MAY: Is he still on it? 24 MR. AVITABILE: He hasn't been on it, we've been 25 operating without him. But I like to think that Don -- we're

1 using Don's playbook. 2 COMMISSIONER MAY: Okay. MR. AVITABILE: We -- well, I mean, we've had --3 4 I mean, the fact is, of the four community association 5 representatives that engage in this working group process, 6 all four of them either have filed party status or actively 7 withdrawn, showed up here and said, we don't oppose or 8 object, or didn't show up, which sometimes silence is golden. 9 I mean, I think --10 CHAIRMAN HILL: All right Mr. Avitabile. 11 MR. AVITABILE: And then, the last part is, the 12 dispute resolution process. You want to speak to that? MR. HOLLIDAY: I 13 just wanted to make just one 14 minute point, which is, we've been there 58 years. 15 a history, there are a lot of neighbors, there are a lot of 16 I think, while we may disagree on the anecdotes 17 that have been mentioned previously, it doesn't matter, we 18 want to do a better job, we want to be held accountable. 19 We want to be held to the highest standards and 2.0 we want to do whatever we can do to make sure that this does 21 not affect our neighborhood. And if we need to go back and 22 look at existing approaches to things, we will, 23 committed to that. 24 We want to be here and functioning into the 25 future. And so, we're not arguing that there have been

1	issues, we're just saying they need to be put and framed in
2	the context of our work and that we want to resolve them and
3	make sure we're held accountable.
4	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. All right. Well, I mean,
5	we're all hearing the same thing. And so, we're just trying
6	to figure out how to make sure it gets done this time
7	differently than it got done the last time. And I appreciate
8	that, as I said, over 20 years, priorities shift, in terms
9	of what might have been important. And so, Ambassador
LO	Holliday?
11	MR. HOLLIDAY: Yes.
L2	CHAIRMAN HILL: What were you the ambassador of?
13	MR. HOLLIDAY: I was our deputy representative at
L4	the United Nations, back in a different era.
15	CHAIRMAN HILL: So, once you get the Ambassador
L6	title, that just sticks?
L7	MR. HOLLIDAY: It's good for restaurant
18	reservations, but I don't typically use it.
L9	(Laughter.)
20	CHAIRMAN HILL: That's interesting. That's
21	interesting. Okay. All right. I'm pretty I mean, I
22	just, I want to be convinced. I mean, I'm just stuck, okay?
23	Like, I just, and no offense, like, there's just I just
24	don't know what to say, right? Like you have to kind of
25	you have to prove it to us, right?

1 And again, Mr. Avitabile, if you can figure out 2 how to parse this out so that there's a term limit for the, whatever you want to call it, that would be a helpful thing. 3 4 Does anybody got anything else? COMMISSIONER MAY: Yes, I have a few things to say. 5 6 CHAIRMAN HILL: Sure, oh, great. Commissioner May? COMMISSIONER MAY: So, I mean, this is a really 7 8 interesting case and I know it has a long history, I mean, it occasionally gets -- makes the news somewhere and I've 9 10 seen how it evolved. 11 And I can say that, I mean, not having paid much 12 attention to it before, but seeing what we see today and how sensitively designed the building is and how well it fits, 13 I mean, and the fact that the relief needed to build a 14 building like this, I mean, putting aside the school use, the 15 16 relief needed to build a building like this is really pretty 17 minor. 18 And I think that the architectural approach, if 19 necessitates shifting the line. 2.0 boundary, I think that's really very minor. And I think 21 that, in comparison to what can be done as a matter-of-right, 22 what's being done here I think is being done extremely well 23 and the neighbors should be grateful that the design is as 24 strong as it is and they've done the moves that they've done.

So, I don't think that there's any question that,

ultimately, the special exception for moving the zone boundary or that shift, is something that can be done. And I think that -- I mean, we did hear a fair amount of opposition, there's opposition in the record, most of that opposition goes to the building.

And I think that is rooted in the fact that this has been an open space for a long time and it's been a green space and it's been a substantial amenity just to have that. I mean, granted, there was a parking lot in the middle of it, but still, it was green and open space.

And people don't like seeing stuff like that change, but this is -- I mean, it's pretty clear that there's a matter-of-right ability to do something pretty substantial here.

So, I think that the concerns having to do with the building itself, while I can appreciate where they come from, I don't think from a zoning perspective that those concerns weigh against approval of that particular special exception.

When it comes to the operation of the school, I think that there are unresolved questions and there is clarity that is needed. And I think the Chairman has already stated some of the things that we need in order to get to a decision on this. Of course, having clarity about what's going to become a condition of the order, including a

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condition that limits the time.

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Certainly, the time, I mean, after the time limit is up, if we come back here in three years or five years and say, oh, things are still terrible and everybody's complaining about it, it's not going to make the building go away, but it could certainly change the nature of operation of the school. And I think that's what recourse would be in the long run. So, I think having that kind of a time limit is important.

And of course, having really excellent operations.

I mean, this is an event facility in a residential neighbor and so, it has to be managed extremely well and very much in a hands-on way.

And the only way that you can make something like this work and have the neighbors be happy is to bend over backwards to make sure that there are not cigarette butts on the floor and there are not people double-parking and things like that.

Those are all manageable things. And based on what you are doing here, I think that they are all within the realm of what the Meridian Center can accomplish. So, I think spelling it out very clearly and making that conditions of the order and then, having to renew in a few years, I think is the way we have to address that.

I think the one last thing is that there was a

substantial change in the plans between happened -- or what the ANC reviewed and what we see now. And I think, frankly, it is a huge, huge development, and I don't fault the design team for not having come up with this before. I mean, sometimes, you have to take a few steps backwards and rethink things in order to come to something like this.

But I think it is a huge, huge improvement, because it puts people leaving the building right next to the light where they will be getting onto 16th Street. And there are not going to be that many of them, but you certainly don't want to have them loop through the neighborhood and line up at that intersection in order to get out.

And I think that this is just a, as I said, a huge improvement and I'm glad it happened, even if it happened late. Just the same, it would be useful to take this back to the ANC and get their reaction to this change and see if that changes any minds.

And I think that's an important thing. So, that's something else that I would like to see. Other than that, I mean, if we get those things that you've asked for and some word from the ANC, then I think that we could make a decision on this.

CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. Mr. Avitabile, so, obviously the ANC would be better, because then you don't have to get a full order, you could get a summary order. So,

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1	Commissioner May is asking you to go back to the ANC, would
2	that be something you'd be interested in doing?
3	MR. AVITABILE: We'll do that.
4	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. So then, we can put this on
5	for decision, or do you all want to talk to anybody?
6	COMMISSIONER MAY: I think that if we just get the
7	submissions that we requested, then I think we can go
8	straight to deliberation.
9	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. All right. Okay. All
10	right. So, then, you would have to go back to the ANC, I
11	don't know when the ANC can get you on their calendar. Yes?
12	MR. AVITABILE: They meet in early July, I'm not
13	sure when. They normally meet the first Wednesday of the
14	month, but that's July 4. July 11?
15	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay.
16	MR. AVITABILE: So, it would be after July 11 that
17	we'd need to come back to you all
18	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay.
19	MR. AVITABILE: unfortunately, on those two
20	CHAIRMAN HILL: That's all right. That's all
21	right. Commissioner Perry, since you're here, would you mind
22	coming forward again?
23	MS. PERRY: Yes?
24	CHAIRMAN HILL: Can you get them on the agenda, do
25	you know?

1	MS. PERRY: I think, because it should go through
2	PZT, I don't know that I can make that decision
3	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay.
4	MS. PERRY: at this second.
5	CHAIRMAN HILL: So, that's all right. So, you can
6	try to get we'll just see. I mean, you can try to get
7	them on the agenda, whatever, and then, that would be the
8	11th, is the and then and I'm not saying we're if
9	you could get us something one way or the other, that would
10	be great, and then we would have it in the record and be able
11	to at least get your position. I don't necessarily think
12	it's going to change, by the way, but that's just my opinion.
13	So then we would be back here again, maybe for a
14	decision, the last day of July, Mr. Moy? So, can you walk
15	me through how the filings and all that would have to go, if
16	we came here for a decision the last day?
17	SECRETARY MOY: Yes, sir. Yes, sir, with pleasure.
18	CHAIRMAN HILL: And can you come, Mr. May?
19	COMMISSIONER MAY: I'm going to be here for an
20	FMBZA case on the 25th
21	CHAIRMAN HILL: The 25th?
22	COMMISSIONER MAY: so, I'll be able to stay.
23	CHAIRMAN HILL: Oh, great, perfect.
24	COMMISSIONER MAY: That's the last one.
25	CHAIRMAN HILL: Oh, that's perfect.
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1	SECRETARY MOY: Yes. So, I would propose, Mr.
2	Chairman, that, working backwards, then the Board sets this
3	for decision on July 25. Perhaps something in writing, a
4	response from the ANC, July 18, assuming that they meet on
5	this application on their hearing on the 11th.
6	Then perhaps the applicant can submit additional
7	information requested by the Board by how much time would
8	you need, Mr. Avitabile? July 4?
9	MR. AVITABILE: Well, other than that being the
10	holiday, but we could certainly I think submit either before,
11	immediately before or immediately after the holiday. I think
12	that's enough time for us to pull together
13	SECRETARY MOY: Well, let's
14	MR. AVITABILE: a full set of plans.
15	SECRETARY MOY: Okay, let's do before. I mean, I'm
16	assuming
17	MR. AVITABILE: Sure.
18	SECRETARY MOY: you're coordinating with the ANC
19	
20	MR. AVITABILE: Yes.
21	SECRETARY MOY: and that would give the ANC even
22	more time, too.
23	MR. AVITABILE: That's fine with us.
24	SECRETARY MOY: So, how about Monday, July 2?
25	MR. AVITABILE: Sure.
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1	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. Everybody got the time line?
2	Okay. So, after Mr. Avitabile I'm never going to believe
3	you when I see you again out in public about how long things
4	are going to take.
5	(Laughter.)
6	MR. AVITABILE: This is shorter than I thought it
7	was going to take.
8	CHAIRMAN HILL: Oh, wow.
9	(Laughter.)
10	CHAIRMAN HILL: You're definitely not you're at
11	the end every day now. You're at the end. I will see your
12	name and I will go, oh, put him at the end, so all these
13	people can go home before you come up.
14	(Laughter.)
15	COMMISSIONER MAY: We might need to watch out for
16	Mr. Bell, as well.
17	CHAIRMAN HILL: Oh, right, Mr. Bell.
18	(Laughter.)
19	CHAIRMAN HILL: We're calling out names. So, let's
20	see. So, then, Mr. Avitabile, you definitely need to have
21	this tidy, okay? So, you've heard from Commissioner May, in
22	terms of like a time limit of some kind.
23	So go ahead and split that out however you think.
24	I'm looking at five years, you know. And so, that sounds
25	like a reasonable time frame for the expansion of the use.

1	And so, you can submit that however you want it, make it
2	easier for us.
3	And then, I guess that's it. Does anybody have
4	any other oh, sorry, Ms. White?
5	MEMBER JOHN: Mr. Chairman
6	CHAIRMAN HILL: I mean, John?
7	MEMBER JOHN: John. Can you summarize again
8	what we're asking for? The proposed conditions that relate
9	to zoning, split those out of the MOU. And I'm not sure what
10	else.
11	CHAIRMAN HILL: Sure. Mr. Avitabile, I'm going to
12	let you read it back to us, so we know we're on the same
13	page.
14	MR. AVITABILE: The conditions related to zoning.
15	Full set of plans. We're submitting the considering the
16	time frame, the time limit, which I think would be part of
17	the conditions.
18	And then, I think, the last item would be the
19	again, addressing the operational issue, spelling out exactly
20	what Meridian's going to be doing to manage its operations,
21	to live up to the commitments it has made.
22	CHAIRMAN HILL: Yes, specificity of the teeth,
23	right
24	MR. AVITABILE: Right.
25	CHAIRMAN HILL: the repercussions if you don't

1	live up to those.
2	MR. AVITABILE: And I think
3	MEMBER JOHN: Mr. Chairman, I thought we were
4	looking at what processes would Meridian institute to handle
5	all of these operations, not just the resolution part of it,
6	but on the front end, what new processes, since apparently
7	some people in the neighborhood feel that whatever is there
8	now is not working.
9	MR. AVITABILE: That's part of what I intended
10	MEMBER JOHN: Okay, thank you.
11	MR. AVITABILE: the process, as well as the
12	results.
13	MEMBER JOHN: Thank you.
14	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. Yes, the cleaner it sounds
15	to us, the better your chances, I guess.
16	SECRETARY MOY: Mr. Chairman?
17	CHAIRMAN HILL: Yes?
18	SECRETARY MOY: Just one final thought, does the
19	Board need any further from Office of Planning or not?
20	CHAIRMAN HILL: I don't think so.
21	SECRETARY MOY: Okay. I just wanted to
22	CHAIRMAN HILL: No, I appreciate that. All right.
23	Okay. All right. Are we clear?
24	MEMBER WHITE: Just one thing, you were going to
25	have them connect with the ANC.

1	CHAIRMAN HILL: Yes, and then, you have to go back
2	to the ANC, which you know that.
3	MEMBER WHITE: Yes.
4	CHAIRMAN HILL: Mr. Avitabile
5	MR. AVITABILE: Yes.
6	CHAIRMAN HILL: any questions?
7	MR. AVITABILE: No questions.
8	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. So unfortunately, you all,
9	we are going to take another five minute break. And then,
10	we'll be right back.
11	MR. AVITABILE: Thank you all.
12	CHAIRMAN HILL: Ten minutes, ten minutes.
13	(Whereupon, the above-entitled matter went off the
14	record at 12:40 p.m. and resumed at 12:49 p.m.)
15	CHAIRMAN HILL: All right, Mr. Moy, you want to go
16	ahead and call our next case?
17	SECRETARY MOY: Thank you. Mr. Chair, I believe the
18	next case application is 19739 of Ben Saran and Margot
19	Licker, as amended for special exceptions under the use
20	requirements Subtitle U, Section 301.1(3), Subtitle E,
21	Section 5201 Lot Occupancy Requirements of Subtitle E,
22	Section 404.1, and under Subtitle E, Section 5007 from the
23	accessory building rear yards setback requirements of
24	Subtitle E, Section 5004.1 and pursuant to 11 D.C.MR Subtitle
25	F, Chapter 10, for area variance from the accessory

1 structured dwelling access requirement of Subtitle U, Section 2 301.1(c). This would construct a two-story rear addition to an existing principal dwelling unit and to construct 3 4 two-story accessory structure RF-2 Zone, 1828 15 Street N.W., 5 Square 191, Lot 58. 6 CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay, great. Thank you, Mr. Moy. 7 before we get started, are the people here for 8 application 19759 of Christopher Cassimus in the room? Okay, 9 great. We're going to try to hear that before lunch, so just 10 want to make sure that everybody doesn't leave. And I don't 11 know how much farther, but I think that's it. We'll go 12 through these next two cases and then we're going to have 13 lunch, because a few board members here will start to get mad 14 and you don't want that. So if you could please introduce yourselves? 15 MS. DOWNEY: Hi, I'm Megan Downey, architect. 16 17 MR. SAFRAN: And I'm Ben Safran, the homeowner. 18 CHAIRMAN HILL: Ms. Downey, I think you presented 19 last time? 2.0 MS. DOWNEY: Yes. 21 CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay, that's great. If you could 22 just kind of again tell us what has happened since then. I 23 know there's a lot in the record that explains it, but if you 24 could tell what has happened since the last time you were

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here.

MS. DOWNEY: Sure. Certainly. So just quickly, just so you remember that this is a carriage we're adding, just to the house and a carriage house, accessory structure back of the house. There have really been three main things that have happened since the last hearing.

One is that we were able to get the letter of support from both adjacent neighbors and those have been uploaded into the record. The second is that since the hearing we discussed the project with FEMS, which is Fire and Emergency Medical Service. FEMS has reviewed our project and has found it to not impede emergency access. We now have a written statement of approval from them, also uploaded in the record, and lastly, since our presentation we've been working with the Office of Planning to address their concerns and we now have OP support for all four areas of relief.

CHAIRMAN HILL: As I said, the record you have, you've put everything into the record, which we reviewed since you were last here. Does anybody have any questions for the Applicant concerning either the previous hearing or this hearing? Or, I mean, what has been submitted into the record? Okay. Then I'm going to turn to the Office of Planning.

MS. VITALE: Good afternoon, Mr. Chairman, members of the Board, Elisa Vitale with the Office of Planning. Just briefly, as indicated by the Applicant, the additional information has been submitted into the record. In our

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initial report we noted that we believe one additional area of relief was necessary and that we would like to see input from Fire and Emergency Management Services prior to analyzing the Applicant's request for that new and additional relief.

We now have that information and we can recommend approval of the variance relief from the access requirements, normally a 15 foot alley within 300 feet of a street is required. In this instance the new accessory structure would be located on a 10 foot alley but it is within 85 feet of Swann Street and there is also a fire hydrant located in close proximity to the proposed accessory structure.

That concludes my report. I'm happy to answer questions.

CHAIRMAN HILL: Does anyone have any questions for the Office of Planning?

My one question MEMBER WHITE: is, I'm still struggling a little bit with the variance test for this particular case. I'm not clear that they've met the test but if you could walk me through what your analysis is with relief, respect that part of the that would be appreciated.

MS. VITALE: Certainly. I think in this instance the variance necessary because the Applicant was proposing to locate an accessory unit, or locate a second principal

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unit in an accessory building. When the Zoning Commission updated the zoning regulations in 2016, the ability to split the two principal units in the RF-1 zone between the principal dwelling and the accessory building, this was a new provision.

At that time if the accessory building was not in existence as of January of 2013, there was a five-year waiting period that was adopted by the Zoning Commission just so that these new accessory buildings weren't, there wasn't kind of a rush to construct these for a second unit in RF zones.

So you can obtain relief to use that new accessory building for a second unit by special exception. In this case, because the Applicant requested that special exception, we supported it, and because they weren't on a 15 foot alley, that's what kicked them into the variance relief and the variance request, and in this instance because they were able to get input from Fire and EMS that that narrower alley width would not present an issue for access for emergency response vehicles we believe that this is relief that we can support for the variance for this second unit in this new accessory dwelling.

COMMISSIONER MAY: All right, so I'm struggling with the same thing and I don't think my question was answered by your response. What I'm struggling with is, what

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is the necessity, what is the exceptional circumstance and practical difficulty that this, the Applicant faces in the use of this property? Because they could build this and not build it as an accessory unit, or they could have the accessory unit in the basement. And even the plans show something that looks almost like an accessory unit.

So I'm having trouble understanding what the circumstances that drives us? I appreciate the fact that it's not going to be a hazard. And don't get me wrong, I like the idea of doing things like this, and in fact when we debated this at the Zoning Commission, the original proposal was, did not include the 15 foot wide alley within 300 feet of the road or whatever it was. And those conditions came out of consultation with FEMS.

So if now we are hearing that there are different requirements from FEMS, it seems to me that that implies that there should be a reconsideration of the zoning regulations to allow this wherever it occurs, rather than trying to make an exception in this circumstance because for reasons I don't know. So, anyway, maybe you can shed more light on that.

MS. VITALE: I don't think we're, I don't think this is a change from the input from the FEMS because I think that 15 foot wide alley requirement within 300 feet of the street, and then also I think that was to provide the ability for FEMS to weigh in and to look at other factors like the

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location of hydrants in the square and other items.

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I think certainly if the variance test isn't the appropriate kind of test of relief for whether or not this type of use in an accessory building is appropriate, I think that's certainly something we could bring to the Zoning Commission to take a look at if that's not the right test here.

COMMISSIONER MAY: I think the real thing I'm struggling with is I just don't see how this meets the variance test. It's not that I'm unsympathetic to what they want to try to do, and I think that the idea of having a carriage house with an upper floor unit makes a lot of sense in this circumstance, providing it can be done safely, but I don't see how it meets the variance test. So anyway, leave it at that.

VICE CHAIR HART: Yeah, I actually had the same questions. I just, what makes it difficult is that if you look at even the OP report, the supplemental report, on page 6 there was kind of like an image showing the entire, or at least this portion of the block where this alley is, and it looks like just about all of the, if we use the reasoning that you stated, all of those units could be, could actually get the same variance as well for the same reason.

Because they are fairly, at least a number of them could, so I don't know what the difference is between why

1 this property is different than the other properties and that 2 difference should then be allowing this property and not those other properties to be able to get the, this property 3 should get the variance and not those. 4 If not, it seems like all of them could get it and 5 then it becomes well, if it's just kind of normal then why 6 7 is this, how does this one stand out? 8 CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay, was there, no question just 9 a comment? Okay. Just real quick, back to the Applicant, 10 again, I can't remember, if you don't get the variance, then 11 the whole project doesn't work? 12 MS. DOWNEY: We're not able to put a unit above --13 CHAIRMAN HILL: Right, so you can have a garage or 14 whatever. So I, in terms of what has been said and in terms 15 also the Office of Planning, the analysis is not necessarily the strongest in some regard, but I'm comfortable with the 16 analysis that the Office of Planning has provided. However, 17 18 if there is something that the Zoning Commission should look 19 at a little bit more clearly, then that might be something 2.0 that the Office of Planning again could bring up with the 21 Zoning Commission. But again, that's just kind of a comment 22 you have any questions for the Office Do 2.3 Planning? 24 MS. DOWNEY: No.

CHAIRMAN HILL: And I think I did the last time,

1 but since we're here, is anybody here wishing to speak in support? Is there anyone here wishing to speak in opposition? 2 Is there anyone here from the ANC? Okay. Is there anything 3 4 else you'd like to add? MR. SAFRAN: Just a question for the Board. Is it 5 6 helpful for us to share our perspective to the points on that 7 first variance test, or you're --8 COMMISSIONER MAY: If you're going to repeat what 9 you've already stated in the previous hearing or in the 10 written submissions for this hearing today, it's not really 11 worth doing it over again. But if you have something that you 12 think we're missing, by all means. 13 CHAIRMAN HILL: You can clarify, if you want, how 14 you think you're meeting the first prong of the test, I 15 suppose. 16 MR. SAFRAN: Yeah, and maybe point one in 17 clarification in particular to multiple structures and my 18 neighbors being able to meet it the test, I think our 19 understanding was uniqueness isn't necessarily limited to 2.0 just our building. If there are one or two properties that 21 are meeting the test, for example, in the square, 22 neighbors could also meet the same criteria. 23 In addition there are structures that are adjacent 24 to us that have in fact kind of built, they are granted, they

had structures previously.

CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. That's okay. So, I'm sorry?

MS. DOWNEY: I was going to say, I was just going to follow up on that. I think what he's trying to say is that our understanding of the first part of the variance test is that it can be unique to block, it doesn't necessarily have to be unique to the site, and then following up on Mr. Hart's comment, I was just going to say that there three other existing structures there which kind of limit us in where we can locate it and it will also prevent them from doing the

same thing because they already exist.

CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. Does the Board have any questions, final questions, for the Applicant? Okay. Let's see. So is the Board ready to deliberate? Okay. I kind of stated my position in terms of that I think the Applicant has met the requirements, and I think that the Office of Planning has provided a report that I can get behind. I don't necessarily think it is the most strong, but it still is something that I can get behind.

In addition to that, the support that they've received from the ANC as well as the neighbors on either side of them, although that does not influence our decision, it is great weight that we give to the ANC to this particular project. So I'd be in support, and look to my colleagues for their opinion.

COMMISSIONER MAY: So, maybe I'm an outlier on

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this, I don't know, but I think that the test for the variance for the accessory unit in the carriage house has not been met. I think that in terms of the other relief, it's all very sensible, the addition, the lot occupancy, the setback, you know, clearly it's difficult to meet setback requirements when your alley is ten feet wide.

I don't have any problem with those, that relief, and certainly building a carriage house makes sense, it's whether that carriage house can be an accessory unit within the bounds of the zoning regulations. And again, I just don't think that the test has been made that there is an exceptional circumstance that creates a practical difficult for the Applicant.

They can still have a second unit in the basement, they could use the space over the garage for other purposes, just not for an accessory unit, again within the bounds of what the Zoning Commission previously decided.

I think that if we decide that, if this Board decides not to grant that variance as I am suggesting, certainly the Applicant could work with the Office of Planning or could petition the Zoning Commission to have that requirement for a 15 foot wide alley and 300 feet in order to be, have this considered as a special exception. I mean, if this fit within those criteria based upon the information that we have in the record, I mean if it were a 15 foot wide

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alley, it would be no problem, but it's not a 15 foot wide alley.

And again, those regulations came out of consultation with FEMS and we, as I recall, pushed the Office of Planning and FEMS as far as we thought we could. And apparently FEMS could be pushed farther if they're willing to agree to this.

So anyway, I would argue that we grant all of the relief except for the accessory unit in the carriage house and that if there is, if the Applicant still wants to pursue this in the future that again they could petition the Zoning Commission to have that regulation changed and we would have to consider that case.

MEMBER WHITE: I guess I kind of question, had the first question about the fact that I was struggling with the variance aspect of it and obviously the, I'm comfortable with the special exception portion of the relief that's requested, but the variance test is a higher test, it's harder to meet that test, I don't think the 10 foot alley is, I don't think that's an exceptional condition that meets the variance test.

I would concur with Mr. Peter May there, indicating that I think the best way to resolve this would be to work with the Office of Planning and the Zoning Commission to see if they can make some amendments to the rules here, but looking at the strict construction of the

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regulations with respect to meeting the variance test for the accessory dwelling structure access, I don't believe at this point that they've met this test. So I would not support that aspect of it but I would support the special exception request.

MEMBER JOHN: Chairman, I too cannot get past the the size of the lot variance test because is exceptional condition if there are other lots on the block that are the same size. And while I like the project and it's great to have the carriage house, and if you had come before us for a special exception, I would have been in support of the application. So everything else, all of the arguments that you made are fine, but I have to disagree with the Office of Planning in this case and I cannot give great weight to that part of their recommendation.

CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay, just give me one second.

VICE CHAIR HART: Yeah, I actually would also be in support of the special exception relief that the Applicant is looking for, but unfortunately I too don't think that you've met the variance test and I think, just for the reasons that my other Board members have given and I don't need to add any more to that,

CHAIRMAN HILL: You had something you wanted to say?

MR. SAFRAN: Yeah, so given the Board's

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1	deliberation for their consideration, if we were to amend the
2	application to remove the kitchen defining elements such that
3	it wouldn't be an additional dwelling unit and it would
4	instead just require a special exemption, would the Board,
5	can we amend our application at this time and have that be
6	something that the Board considers now instead?
7	CHAIRMAN HILL: Well, first of all, I'm turning to
8	OAG first. How does that work?
9	MS. GLAZER: I can't comment on what the Applicant
10	would have to do to negate the existence of the accessory
11	dwelling unit. I think the accessory structure requires
12	relief from the Board, and the Board seems inclined to grant
13	that. But I think in terms of how to build or construct the
14	accessory structure, it might be better off discussing that
15	with OP or with the ZA.
16	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. That's fine. What I was just
17	confused about was given the deliberations that the Board is
18	having in that if there was a denial of the variance, and I'm
19	looking to Commissioner May, then do they need the denial in
20	order to go to the Zoning Commission to get reconsideration?
21	Is that what you were
22	COMMISSIONER MAY: No, no. This case would be
23	decided once and for all here.(Simultaneous speaking.)
24	Petition the Zoning Commission to have a rule, the

15 foot alley and 300 feet away from a street rule changed

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CHAIRMAN HILL: Changed to a special exception.

COMMISSIONER MAY: No, it is a special exception now, but those are the minimum standards to get the special exception to have the accessory unit, right? Ms. Vitale, maybe you want to come it.

MS. VITALE: Sorry, and I think this one, it gets a bit confusing here because we actually had to consult with the zoning administrator to determine the appropriate relief for this case. In the RF zones, as I mentioned previously, you can have two dwelling units. Those dwelling units can be split between the principal building and the accessory building. Subtitle U, Section 301.1 lays out certain items whereby that second dwelling unit can go in the accessory building as a matter of right, and that includes the access requirement which is that 15 foot alley within 300 feet of a street.

In that section of the use permissions for the RF zoned in the zoning regulations, it doesn't give you a special exception out. It doesn't provide for that relief if they don't meet those criteria. So then in this instance, because they're not on a 15 foot alley, they can't do it as a matter of right, they can't do it as a special exception, it has to be a variance.

There's also another section in 301 in the use

permissions for accessory buildings that relates to this of dwelling units of new and newly constructed accessory buildings and it actually says that you can request special exception to locate that second unit in an accessory is building that constructed after 2013, so newly constructed accessory building, that you can get relief to put, if your accessory building is built as a matter of right, so meaning it complies with all of those requirements laid out in 301.1, if you meet all of those and the building is constructed as a matter of right, you can request special exception.

This accessory building cannot be constructed as a matter of right because it doesn't meet the alley centerline setback requirement and because it doesn't meet the minimum access requirements.

I think that one thing too, when the Office of Planning was reviewing this was in the lower-density zones, in the R zones, if you want to put, in the R zones you can't have two principal units but you can have an accessory dwelling unit in an accessory building. In the R zones if you don't meet the access requirement, you can get relief from that by special exception. It's not a variance. I think this is something that OP believes would be appropriate to bring back to the Zoning Commission to consider.

I think, I don't think there needs to be a change

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with respect to the 15 feet, I just think the relief valve, the more appropriate relief valve, is special exception and not variance and that's not accounted for in the RF zones.

COMMISSIONER MAY: Right, I got confused for a second, but yeah, the 15 feet is the, that's the matter of right requirement as an alternative to having a 20 foot wide alley.

MS. VITALE: 24 foot.

COMMISSIONER MAY: 24 foot, right.

MS. VITALE: Correct.

COMMISSIONER MAY: That's what we worked hard to get when we read the zoning regulations. So petitioning to have special exception relief to that conditioned on FEMS support or something like that, it would not be unreasonable that would mean is having but what that, the Zoning Commission would have to make that change and then the Applicant would have to come back and seek that special exception in another application. Or you could put the whole thing on hold while you get the text amendment and six months from now come back with this case, at which point it wouldn't be a variance relief, it would be a special exception relief assuming the Zoning Commission decided it favorably.

But what I think that we could, in terms of the question in front of us right now, I think that the only thing that's an issue is the accessory dwelling unit in the

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carriage house and there are two types of relief that are needed for that, the special exception to have it not in the main building, and then the variance for the access issue for the 15 foot wide alley.

So if that's what, if you are withdrawing those requests, then I think that the building can still be built, the alley building can still be built, and the addition can still be built, you just will not be able to use it as an accessory dwelling unit. You could do all of those things and then you could petition and then come back for your special exception later and by the time you have it all constructing, because you know the contractor's going to string you out for like a year or two, and maybe you'll get it done before you finish construction. But then it does mean filing for a separate application.

MS. GLAZER: Mr. Chair, I don't see a problem with that, or I guess the Applicant could choose and hold this case in abeyance for a period of say, six months, and then come back and amend the application if the text amendment has been changed.

CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay, wait a second. Ms. John?

MEMBER JOHN: So I have a question. If they went ahead with the building, they could not have any indication that it's being used as a dwelling, because it couldn't have a kitchen or anything like that. So I doubt if they'd get a

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permit to put in a kitchen and all of those things and maybe a meter in the back or whatever people do, so I think the advice from OAG might be your best option.

COMMISSIONER MAY: Yeah, I think they would have to amend the drawings to take out the things that make it a dwelling unit, whether it's the kitchen and the bathroom, I think there can be a powder room or something like that.

CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay, so now I'm jumping around. So what I'm not clear on just in terms of the procedure, I've got the Applicant in front of me, I've already done whether there's people here or not people here, so I can ask questions of the Applicant now. Sometimes I do it the wrong way, and I get told that later.

So I'm asking the Applicant here if you would be interested in holding this in abeyance, the application, while you possibly pursue whatever it is you're going to pursue, but do you want to hold this in abeyance for six months?

MR. SAFRAN: If I can clarify the options, what I'm hearing is one option is if we withdrew the additional dwelling unit in the back carriage house and instead had all of the other components of the design, but amended, work with OP and work with DCRA to not have the components that make that an additional dwelling unit, that that would be a project that would be supportable.

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In parallel, we could work with the zoning administrator and OP and whoever else to determine whatever steps we might be able to take in terms of revision to make that a dwelling unit, however it would not be approved as such at this time. And given that understanding, that feels like a course that we would like to pursue. We would be --

CHAIRMAN HILL: You would amend your application.

MR. SAFRAN: Amend our application, withdraw the additional dwelling unit.

CHAIRMAN HILL: So you'd have to amend your application, then we'd be back here on a decision for the amended application.

MS. GLAZER: Plans would also have to be amended.

CHAIRMAN HILL: Yeah. We'd have to see new plans and so we'd have to go back to the ANC now instead of just variance, right? Because we're getting the relief. you're asking is So what to do amend your application. We'll go ahead and let you have time to amend your application, submit drawings, get a supplemental from OP, do we need a supplemental from OP? Guess we don't need a supplemental from OP. Okay. Submit drawings, and then we can put this on for a decision based upon the amended application. Does the Board have any questions, thoughts?

MEMBER JOHN: Mr. Chairman, I would just suggest that they confirm that what we have said here is something

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they could do. You know. Studios are allowed, I don't know 1 2 if this would be like a studio, but I would hate for you to go away from here thinking you have a solution and we might 3 4 not have said what the regulation ---CHAIRMAN HILL: Well, we're not, yeah. 5 They'll 6 submit their application however they will. 7 MEMBER JOHN: I don't want to leave the impression 8 saying solution we're that that's а that would 9 definitely work. 10 MS. DOWNEY: I actually talked to DCRA about this, 11 when we get to permit what would be considered a unit, and 12 they told me that there were three things. Than one was being 13 independent, one was a bathroom and one was a functioning 14 kitchen. I can't remember which, I think it's like a stove 15 and a fridge, and that we couldn't have one -- As long as one 16 of them wasn't there we would be okay for a permit to not be 17 considered a unit. 18 CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. 19 MR. SAFRAN: And if I understand your question, we 2.0 recognize the risk that that may not be able to become an 21 additional dwelling unit, it would have to be used as a home 22 office or something to that effect. Unless as we went through 23 the process that changed. If I'm understanding.

process is, because I believe you just said you spoke with

MEMBER JOHN: Well, I think you know what the

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DCRA and this is what they advised you to do. So I would say go with DCRA and their advice.

MS. DOWNEY: I guess my question is, and what's something I don't know, and maybe you probably know this better, I don't know if DCRA, if there's anything between DCRA and zoning, that there's any kind of overlap. Or that there's a difference. I don't know.

MEMBER JOHN: Well, I'll look to the Chairman, but I would suggest you work with OP and DCRA and figure out what the best solution is.

COMMISSIONER MAY: I think the best solution is, figure out what you, how you would amend your application, make sure it's okay with the Office of Planning, run it by DCRA so that you know what you will be able to do with what you have in your proposed plans. Because they're the enforcer for the zoning regulations and they'll look at our decision and make sure that we've given you the relief that you are supposed to have to be able to do what you want to do with it. Make those couple steps and then come back. That's the way to make sure that you're safe.

MS. DOWNEY: Okay.

CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay, so you're going to amend your application, you're going to submit revised plans and then we can put this on for decision and Mr. Moy, are we going to go with the same thing, to try to get it the last day, since

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1	Mr. May is here?
2	SECRETARY MOY: It would be July 25th.
3	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. So can you talk me back
4	through the deadlines again?
5	SECRETARY MOY: Okay, so you met before the Board
6	July 25th, and I believe I heard you say that this would be
7	for a meeting as opposed to a hearing, is that what you said?
8	So deferring to the Office of OAG, but I think it might be
9	wise to have a period in the event that there may be
10	additional filings from the public, so I'd give that a week
11	if there are any, for any filings for, but for the Applicant
12	to file the amendment, new drawings, whatnot, let's say by
13	July 9, is that possible? That's a Monday.
14	MS. DOWNEY: Yes, that's possible.
15	SECRETARY MOY: Okay.
16	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay, thanks.
17	MS. DOWNEY: Thank you.
18	CHAIRMAN HILL: Sure. So we've been here for 5, 6
19	hours and we've decided nothing. Anyway, we're going to do
20	one more and then we're going to have lunch, okay? O whoever
21	is next?
22	SECRETARY MOY: All right, that one more is Case
23	Application number 19759, that of Christopher Cassimus, did
24	I pronounce that correctly? Captioned and advertised for a
25	special exception under Subtitle E, Section 205.5 and 5201

from the rear yard addition requirements, and Subtitle E, Section 205.4 and under Subtitle E, Section 206.2 and 5203 from the upper floor addition requirements of Subtitle E, Section 206.1, to construct a third story and two-story rear addition to an existing flat RF-1 zone at 1307 S Street, N.W., Square 238, Lot 803.

CHAIRMAN HILL: All right, if you would please introduce yourself for the record?

MR. ROUSE: Yes. My name is Michael Rouse, architect with MPR Architecture, here representing my client Chris Cassimus. There's a letter of authorization for my representation of him in the record. He is unable to be with us today.

CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. I don't have a lot of particular questions about your application, I thought it was relatively straightforward but if you want to go ahead and kind of walk us through the project as well as the relief that you're requesting and the reason why you think you're meeting the standards for us to grant that relief. I'm going to go ahead and put 15 minutes on the clock just so I know where we are, and you can begin whenever you would like.

MR. ROUSE: The project is at 1307 S Street, there's an image here of that streetscape, everything from 1320 being a D.C.-owned warehouse to three-story townhouses, two-story standalones and two-story attached houses, so we

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have a lot of variety on the street. Just a view from the alley area and then some closeups of the project.

What we're proposing to do is, I'm just going to zoom ahead here just to get to the site plan. Basically, 1307 is a duplex. It's a frame building in the front, which would be on the south side of the property and then at the back is a 1936 brick structure that is basically a one-bedroom apartment. It's under one ownership, and my client is the owner. He would like to expand the back unit for his own residence and rent out the front to create a three-bedroom house in the back.

I'm just going to go back here to some of the elevations. The east side elevation showing that frame building in the front, the very tall three-story brick townhouse in the back and then this two-story kind of brick mass towards the back with a little frame addition on the back which is a filled-in porch and greenhouse.

We worked a lot with the Historic Office, Historic Preservation, and I really look to minimize our site lines from the street so this section kind of shows that from directly in front of the house, we've minimized the street views.

Some of the interior plans, just kind of showing the layout of the three-bedroom house, two bedrooms on the second level and then a master suite up above. Here's the

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east elevation. I do want to talk for just a second about the massing and what you're seeing. We are basically putting a mansard roof on this brick box to kind of help mitigate that, bring the scale down.

But the other thing is, the neighbor directly to the east of us, kind of behind us in this view, that would be 1305, we've tried to stop the third story mass at the back of their building so we're not encroaching too much on their rear yard. And then at the back we do step down to a two-story addition there to get some extra space for that second bedroom.

Images from the front, now obviously this is an elevation, everything's pulled forward, but as I showed you in Section D, the view of that mansard roof is mitigated.

And then this is the view of the west side. One of the things we're doing here with that addition, we're going back an additional four and a half feet from where we are previously, and also in kind of filling the side yard that the little infilled porch left us. Materially, we are going to stop the break at about a two-story level and then go to stucco to help to break down the scale for the western neighbor. And then just some three-dimensional views.

I want to talk briefly about the ANC and also reaching out to the neighbors. We received full approval from the ANC. We received a letter of support from 1305, which is

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the neighbor in that right hand image, that two-story stucco. In addition, we reached out to everyone through a form letter that my client reviewed the project with them, they signed it that they reviewed it and had no objection. We've been working closely also with the neighbor at 1309. We did ask for a letter, we did not receive one, but we did receive his no objection, I guess, support through that form letter.

We also provided solar studies. I'm sorry I don't have those in this file, but we also received favorable reports from OP and also the Department of Transportation. We feel that with the special exceptions tests of light and air, we feel that we're not, we've got a side yard of five feet on the east side so we're not really messing with any windows on that side, light and air is still available for 1305, and at 1307 all their windows face north so they're still available at least for their air. They're already not getting any direct sunlight.

Privacy of the enjoyment of t.he and use neighboring yards. On the west we have no windows overlooking into that rear yard for 1309. For 1305, we're actually taking what was a glassed-in porch that had a lot of visibility into the rear yard of 1305 and changing that to just a windows, so we're reducing the amount of visibility into the yard there. In addition, there's a five-foot privacy fence as well.

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1	Visually intruding on the character, scale or
2	pattern of houses along the street, I think the image on the
3	right of this sheet that you're seeing is about the minimal
4	view that you're going to see so we've been very careful to
5	limit that view and to also make it compatible with the
6	mansard roof.
7	We feel that with this special exception grant of
8	extending the 10 foot that we're not, we're still in harmony
9	with the zoning code and the zoning maps. That's all pretty
10	much spelled out in my burden of proof. I'm happy to answer
11	any questions.
12	CHAIRMAN HILL: All right, thank you, Mr. Rouse.
13	Does the Board have any questions for the Applicant?
14	VICE CHAIR HART: Your matter of right is, would
15	be taller than what you're proposing.
16	MR. ROUSE: Yes, it would be. Just heading back
17	here, yes. We can go 35 feet and we propose a height of just
18	about 30 feet, 29.9.
19	VICE CHAIR HART: Thank you.
20	MEMBER WHITE: Can you just tell me specifically
21	what kind of feedback you've gotten from your neighbor, the
22	neighbor at 1309 S Street? Is that the neighbor who didn't
23	submit any
24	(Simultaneous speaking.)
25	MR. ROUSE: Did not submit any letter.

1	MEMBER WHITE: But signed a statement.
2	MR. ROUSE: Signed a statement saying he had
3	reviewed it and he had no objections.
4	MEMBER WHITE: So he, he or she is going to have
5	the biggest impact.
6	MR. ROUSE: Correct. We offered kind of a draft
7	letter that he could revise. My client is going through some
8	medical stuff right now so he's been indisposed for two
9	weeks, and right before him being indisposed we were trying
10	to get that letter. The neighbor said yeah, I'll sign it,
11	I'll give it to you, but we never received it.
12	MEMBER WHITE: So no objections what so ever, no
13	concerns.
14	MR. ROUSE: No. And I believe they've been
15	neighbors together for over a decade so they're very much on
16	good speaking terms and things like that.
17	CHAIRMAN HILL: Anyone else? Okay. Going to turn
18	to the Office of Planning.
19	MS. BROWN-ROBERTS: Good afternoon, Mr. Chairman
20	and members of the BZA. The
21	CHAIRMAN HILL: I'm sorry. Could you state your
22	name?
23	MS. BROWN-ROBERTS: Oh, sorry, Maxine Brown-Roberts
24	from the Office of Planning.
25	CHAIRMAN HILL: Thank you.

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1	MS. BROWN-ROBERTS: Thanks. The addition results
2	in the building extending beyond the minimum ten feet and
3	therefore they need to meet the requirements of Chapter 5201.
4	As outlined in our report, the Applicant has demonstrated
5	that the addition will not affect the light and air or
6	privacy of the adjacent properties and that the addition will
7	not be visible from the street. We do not recommend any other
8	special treatment and therefore we recommend approval. Thank
9	you, Mr. Chairman. I'm available for questions.
10	CHAIRMAN HILL: Does anyone have any questions for
11	the Office of Planning? Okay. Does the Applicant have any
12	questions for the Office of Planning?
13	MR. ROUSE: No.
14	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. Is there anybody here from
15	the ANC? Is there anyone here wishing to speak in support?
16	Is there anyone here wishing to speak in opposition? Okay.
17	I'm back to the Applicant. Anything you like to add in
18	closing.
19	MR. ROUSE: No.

CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. I'm going to close the hearing. Is the Board ready to deliberate? Okay. I, as I was stating in the beginning I didn't have a particular issue with it in terms of I thought that they were meeting the criteria for us to grant the special exception. I also would agree with the report that the Office of Planning has

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1 provided as well as the report that we received from the 2 ANC1-B, they were in unanimous approval of 10-0-0 and did not state any issues or concerns. 3 4 I am happy to see that the neighbors on either side who will be the most affected have at least submitted 5 6 something into the record in terms of their approval. So I 7 again think that the standards have been met so I would be 8 in approval of this application. Does anyone have anything 9 they would like to add? Okay. Then I'm going to go ahead and 10 a motion to approve application number 19759 11 captioned and read by the Secretary and ask for a second. 12 VICE CHAIR HART: Second. 13 CHAIRMAN HILL: Motion made and seconded. All those 14 in favor say aye. 15 (Chorus of ayes.) 16 Those opposed? Motion passes, Mr. Moy. 17 SECRETARY MOY: Staff would record the vote of 18 5-0-0 that's on the motion of Chairman Hill to approve the 19 application for the relief being requested. Seconding the 2.0 motion, Vice Chair Hart, also in support then Mr. Peter May, 21 Ms. White, Ms. John and the motion carries. 22 CHAIRMAN HILL: Thank you. Summary order, Mr. Moy? 23 SECRETARY MOY: Yes, sir. 24 CHAIRMAN HILL: So as I mentioned before, we're 25 going to go ahead and break for lunch. We're going to shoot

1	for 2:00, which means 2:05 at least. We're back here 2:00,
2	2:05.
3	(Whereupon the above-entitled matter went off the
4	record at 1:37 p.m. and back on at 2:26 p.m.)
5	CHAIRMAN HILL: All right, Mr. Moy. We can get
6	started again whenever you like.
7	SECRETARY MOY: Okay, Mr. Chair. The recorder is
8	up and running and the time is 2:29. We have parties to the
9	table for case application 19769 of MR 1700 or 1700 Columbia
10	Retail. Caption, an advertisement for a special exception
11	I'm sorry. Caption for a special exception under the use
12	requirements Subtitle U, Section 513.1 to permit a veterinary
13	hospital in the MU 5A zone at premises 1700 Columbia Road
14	N.W., Square 2562, Lot 52.
15	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. Thank you, Mr. Moy. I'm not
16	really good at the predicting lunch thing, so I'll learn
17	again that that was wrong and I, because I took the advice
18	of our Board here members telling me what time we were going
19	to get back and it was wrong. That's right, I'm blaming all
20	you people. I do apologize for that.
21	Let's see. If you could please introduce
22	yourselves for the record?
23	MS. BATTIES: Sure. Leila Batties, with the law
24	firm of Holland and Knight on behalf of the Applicant MR1700
25	Columbia Retail, which is an affiliate of Monument Realty.

1	and I'm also joined by my colleague Joe Gaon.
2	DR. VARELA: Dr. Rene Verala, I'm director of
3	veterinary quality with Banfield Pet Hospital.
4	CHAIRMAN HILL: How do you say it again, sir?
5	DR. VARELA: Rene Verala, V-E-R-A-L-A.
6	MR. ALVSTAD: Nathan Alvstad, construction program
7	manager for Banfield Hospital.
8	CHAIRMAN HILL: Ms. Batties, I guess you're going
9	to be presenting to us?
10	MS. BATTIES: Very briefly.
11	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. I've got good news and I've
12	got bad news. The good news, I guess, is that I don't have
13	a lot of questions. The bad news is I didn't see anything
14	from the ANC so I guess you're going to speak to that. Okay,
15	we'll get to the ANC. We'll get to the ANC. That's fine.
16	And then the other was just that there was an
17	issue of the text amendment, and I guess what in the past,
18	we've done a couple of things in the past but where the Board
19	seems to be falling now is that we're unable to vote on
20	things until after they've been through the, published in the
21	register, so I'm just kind of putting that out there right
22	now so you'll know where we're headed regardless of where we
23	end up going with this.
24	That being said, you can go ahead and present your
25	presentation. Let us know again the relief that you're
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1	requesting for and how you meet the standard for us to grant
2	that relief and I'm going to put 15 minutes on the clock just
3	so I know where we are, and you can begin whenever you like.
4	MS. BATTIES: I'm going to start, Chairman Hill,
5	to address your issue of the text amendment. In the case of
6	the text amendment for the veterinary hospital use, the
7	Zoning Commission approved the text amendment on an emergency
8	basis so it took effect immediately which was back in April.
9	MS. GLAZER: That's what I was going to say, Mr.
10	Chair. I was informed of the same thing, that it was approved
11	initially on an emergency basis. That wasn't what was stated
12	in the OP report, but I did
13	MS. BATTIES: April 12 was the date.
14	MS. GLAZER: I didn't know the date.
15	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay, so we can vote on this?
16	MS. GLAZER: It's in effect. If emergency text
17	amendments are treated differently.
18	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. We'll get that from the
19	Office of Planning when we get to that point also then. So
20	go ahead, same thing, 15 minutes on the clock and you can
21	begin whenever you like.
22	MS. BATTIES: Okay, great. Good afternoon. The
23	Applicant MR17 Columbia Retail LLC is the owner of the
24	subject property and proposes to lease the space to Banfield
25	Pet Hospital. The two representatives from Banfield here
l	I and the second

today are here to testify to the hospital operations, the design of the facility and the mitigation of impacts as set forth in the zoning regulations and they've introduced themselves, Dr. Rene Verala and Mr. Nathan Alvstad.

The Applicant is seeking special exception approval to permit a veterinary hospital use and a mixed-use building pursuant to Subtitle U, Section 513.1L. Based on monuments application to the Zoning Commission, this section of the zoning regulations was amended on an emergency basis on April 12 in order to allow veterinary hospital uses in the MU zone, including the subject property, so long as certain criteria are met.

In the interest of time I won't walk through every criteria. At this point in my presentation, the application and the pre-hearing statement walk through them. Nathan will speak specifically to some of the mitigation noise, odor and mitigation and how we meet those criteria, and if you have any questions again, the criteria are pretty straightforward in our pleadings but Nathan will speak to some of the specifically.

Before concluding my opening remarks, I want to note that in making its case to the Zoning Commission, the Applicant did demonstrate the significant demand for veterinary hospital uses in the District, given the city's growing population as well as the growth in pet ownership.

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In D.C. there's only one veterinary hospital for every 27,000 households, approximately, and that's compared to markets like San Diego where there's one veterinary hospital for every 3500 households and then in Seattle, where Banfield also operates, there's one veterinary hospital for about every 4000 or 4100 households.

So there is significant demand in the city. The need to meet this demand was expressed at the neighborhood level during the ANC meeting, both at the ANC committee meeting and then at the ANC meeting last week. The property is within AN1C and at their regularly scheduled meeting last week they took a vote, voted unanimously to recommend approval of the application.

I also want a note in the record that the resident in the unit directly above the proposed veterinary hospital space has issued into the record a letter in support of the application. That's at Exhibit 23 of the record. This concludes my opening comments, and I'll turn the presentation over now to Dr. Verala.

DR. VARELA: Okay, so to review my job duties as director of veterinary quality, I oversee the medical operations of 16 hospitals in Maryland, Pennsylvania and Delaware and I also am serving in interim capacity as vice-president of veterinary quality from Pennsylvania down through Virginia as well.

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The veterinary operations, obviously, are anything that have to do with the treatment and care of pets themselves, the training of the associates there and also for the recruitment of veterinarians into the communities, so it's a big part of what I do and how we would like to grow as an organization.

Our practice, Banfield Pet Hospital, is the largest preventative care practice in the country and we focus on keeping pets healthy. That's what we do, and we do that in communities all across the country. We have one other facility within the District, and that's what we call the Yards. That's at 1212 4th Street, S.E., and it's been open for several years now and has been growing very well for us, so it's definitely meeting the need of those already referred to in that area.

We chose this particular site location because of the ability to serve the families because of the ability to serve the families in this community, the pet-owning families in this community, and there seems to be already a pent-up demand for those services that are there.

The hospital that we're proposing, as you see, is just under 2500 square feet, so a pretty nice-sized facility. We'll see roughly 17 to 25 pets there on a daily basis, and the services that we provide are largely what you think about in preventative care. There are vaccinations, routine exams,

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obviously some other things that go along with that.

The blood work, we do in-house blood work for keeping these pets healthy as well, so urinalysis, we also perform anesthesia where we do preventative dentistry is a big part of our practice as well, and the routine spays and neuters that we have grown to expect from veterinarians in the community.

We also will see these pets when they're ill. Thankfully, most of the illnesses, which is a small percentage of the cases that we have, roughly about 15 percent of the cases we have, run the gamut to simple little ear infections to sometimes when they have an upset belly. So the diarrhea cases that annoy everybody, that really concern them.

And there are times when the pets are in a slightly worse state and need to see a specialist, and we definitely leverage Friendship Hospital for Animals in the D.C. area as well as the referral hospital of choice for our clients. The whole point with that is to make sure there's continuum of care for these patients and the clients so they don't have to worry so much about the care of their pets.

The hours of operation, our standard hours of operation are 7 a.m. to 7 p.m., and currently we're not open on Sundays but we're actually even thinking about in some places even being open on Sundays. It just depends where

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we're going with that right now.

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We definitely will start off with two full-time veterinarians and one part-time veterinarian in this hospital and roughly about eight support staff including a practice manager, so we think about two to three veterinary assistants, two to three veterinary technicians and two to three receptionists but keeping around eight support staff there.

Those are the big highlights, and I'm definitely eager to answer any questions after we get done with our presentation.

MR. ALVSTAD: Thank you, Dr. Verala. Like I said, my name is Nathan Alvstad, I'm the construction program manager, and I'm going to be speaking today just purely from a construction standpoint and basically what our design is for the hospital and what we're proposing.

So this first, this will be our sixth hospital that we're proposing to build in a similar building, that is a mixed-use building. The markets that we've built in previously include Portland, Oregon; Denver, Colorado; San Diego, California and as Dr. Verala previously mentioned, right here in D.C. at the Yards.

Looking at the 1700 Columbia Road location, overall it's a very similar condition in terms of the features, functions and most importantly, the engineering of

the shell building that we're looking to do our build out in.

With that, if you'll go ahead and take a look at this slide, this is our proposed layout. I'll do a quick tour of our proposed hospital. Starting here, you can see around the corner of Columbia Road and 17th there. Going into the hospital, we do build out a vestibule. That's to help prevent any pet escapes. We have our lobby area there, reception desk. Going up into the corner, we have our four exam rooms, our canine ward there in the middle, that's where most of the dogs will be kept, and treatment area.

In the back you can see we have our isolation ward and then finally, our feline ward. Surgery there in the middle, our x-ray suite and then finally, for the associates a break room and our maintenance area.

Moving on the next slide, something we take very seriously is sound mitigation. In relation to where we currently sit and the tenants that are adjacent to us, at this location we only have one to the right of us which is Ace Hardware. What we do, which is a standard design for all of our hospitals, we actually build an additional demising wall which is engineered for sound.

Coming off that demising wall that separates the two tenants, we come off one inch which creates an air gap which helps capture a lot of these low and high frequency sound waves that are generate from your larger and smaller

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pets.

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That new wall is a 3 5/8 steel stud frame that goes all the way up to the deck and then it's insulated with three inch bat insulation and instead of just using a standard gyp board or sheetrock, we actually layer a sound dampening sheetrock that's called soundbreak XP.

In reference to the residential floor above, we actually commissioned an acoustics analysis, and not to bore you with the details of it, but the summary of the analysis was that based on existing conditions of the shell, which is the floor slab above us which is a 12 inch thick post-tension slab and the proposed design of us having a drop ceiling with lay-in acoustical tiles, they consider this a sufficient was of mitigating any noise from penetrating up to the first floor.

Finally, on my last slide here, this just shows basically a higher view of the hospital and its surrounding. This is basically a pathway to the existing trash enclosure that is inside of the building. That is basically it, I'm open to any questions you guys may have.

CHAIRMAN HILL: Sure, of course. Does anyone have any questions?

MEMBER WHITE: So this building, first of all I love your cover. I'm a pet lover but obviously as a Board member we got to look at the criteria. I have two boxers.

1	This building, who are the adjacent tenants? This
2	used to be like the Ontario Theatre, is that correct? I'm
3	trying to remember.
4	MS. BATTIES: So they have a commercial tenant,
5	retail tenant, right next to them, Ace Hardware and then
6	above there are residential units.
7	MEMBER WHITE: Are you actually boarding pets as
8	well, 24 hours a day or is it
9	MS. BATTIES: No.
10	MEMBER WHITE: Just care.
11	MS. BATTIES: Just care. Boarding is not part of
12	the operation. There may be circumstances for convalescence
13	or medical reasons that animals have to stay, but that's not
14	part of their normal operations at this facility.
15	MEMBER WHITE: Okay. And just take me through, you
16	know, waste, how waste is disposed, how you mitigate odor,
17	and that kind of thing.
18	DR. VARELA: On a daily basis, especially I imagine
19	you're talking about the fecal waste, I think that's the
20	biggest thing, we really, we take care of that as normal
21	trash. Our hospitals don't produce more than really, a couple
22	of kitchen-size bags of total waste, whether it's paper or
23	any of that stuff. On a daily basis that's brought right out
24	to the dumpster facility so that's something that's managed
25	by routine very well.

1	MEMBER WHITE: Do you do surgeries too?
2	DR. VARELA: Yes, absolutely. And so part of the
3	waste in a medical facility, thankfully we're not dealing
4	with humans here, that's part of what I love about my
5	profession, the type of medical waste you have to think about
6	are sharps, like the needles, any kind of glass, slides, that
7	sort of stuff, and that's actually put into hazardous waste
8	containers and we have a vendor that takes those away. We
9	don't store those on site. When the container is full, these
10	are pretty small containers, they get taken away and carted
11	off.
12	MEMBER WHITE: Thank you. That's all.
13	CHAIRMAN HILL: Sure, please.
14	COMMISSIONER MAY: I just have one question. Did
15	you say that the slab above it is a 12 inch thick
16	post-tension slab?
17	MR. ALVSTAD: That is correct.
18	COMMISSIONER MAY: What are they doing on the
19	second floor that they need 12 inches of concrete?
20	MR. ALVSTAD: That's just how the architect
21	designed it, I guess.
22	COMMISSIONER MAY: Wow. I mean, it seems, you
23	usually see like a five inch slab post-tension, but I don't
24	know.
25	MEMBER WHITE: Like I said before, I think, if this
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1	is the same building, it was used as a concert hall and
2	COMMISSIONER MAY: Well, it was the Ontario
3	Theatre, but didn't that get demolished and then replaced?
4	MS. BATTIES: I don't know. Josh, do you have any
5	history on that?
6	COMMISSIONER MAY: It was demolished.
7	(Simultaneous speaking.)
8	I heard what he said. And I'll repeat it for the
9	record. So it's a stick-built structure on top of a podium
10	and so the top layer of the podium is typically going to be
11	thicker. I was looking at the whole thing and thinking it was
12	concrete construction, so that's why I was puzzled. But it
13	actually helps you a great deal with the sound insulation
14	having 12 inches there. That alone is going to stop 90
15	percent of any kind of sound transmission. Thank you.
16	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay, going to turn to You have
17	a question?
18	VICE CHAIR HART: Just a quick question. On the
19	sound dampening wall, is really just to the, that's just the
20	wall that's abutting the Ace Hardware?
21	MR. ALVSTAD: That is correct.
22	VICE CHAIR HART: So the rest of it won't get that
23	treatment, it's just that area.
24	MR. ALVSTAD: Yeah, so the rest of it is the
25	storefront, and we may also, I believe the entrance there to

1	the lobby, the whole building, we may propose doing the sound
2	mitigation wall there as well.
3	VICE CHAIR HART: I don't know what the wall is on
4	Columbia or on 17th Street.
5	MR. ALVSTAD: That's all just storefront, except
6	for the built, it's existing storefront, we'll plan of
7	building a 3 5/8 steel-stud wall in front of that so it's not
8	completely exposed.
9	VICE CHAIR HART: So you would have a
10	MR. ALVSTAD: On the inside.
11	VICE CHAIR HART: On the inside, so that would just
12	be what's on the outside?
13	MR. ALVSTAD: Just windows, glass, glazing.
14	VICE CHAIR HART: So the windows would look at the
15	back of a wall, or are you going to be frosting them over,
16	what are you doing to them?
17	MR. ALVSTAD: For the x-ray room, I know we'll
18	definitely be required to build a wall. It will be a
19	lead-lined wall, just because of radiation. So the x-ray room
20	will actually be the only one that has a wall built on the
21	inside with better lead lined. For the break room, it'll be
22	up to what's the landlord will allow us. Normally, typically
23	we'll do like a frosting or graphics so there's a little more
24	privacy in that break room.
25	VICE CHAIR HART: Then the front will actually have

1	just the storefront, just the glass up there, and then along
2	Columbia you'll have the wall in front of the storefront?
3	MR. ALVSTAD: For the exam room we'll most likely
4	do the exact same thing where we'll have either frosted glass
5	or some sort of graphic. I think the only wall that we're
6	proposing, like I said this is all proposed plan, none of
7	this has been approved yet, the only wall that we propose
8	building on the inside of that glass just because we're
9	required to based on, again, x-ray radiation.
10	VICE CHAIR HART: Okay. Thank you.
11	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. The existing tenant, is that
12	the Ace Hardware?
13	MS. BATTIES: There are two tenants in the
14	building. There's an Ace Hardware and there's a Core, Solid
15	Core Fitness studio.
16	CHAIRMAN HILL: I'm just looking, where it says
17	existing tenant, is that the Ace Hardware?
18	MR. ALVSTAD: That is correct.
19	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. My friends own it, that's why
20	I was curious. They're dog lovers, too. What does isolation
21	mean?
22	DR. VARELA: In any well-run hospital you want to
23	have a place where maybe very sick pets that are potentially
24	infectious can actually go right to and they can be treated
25	there so they don't potentially infect other pets in the
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1	hospital. Thankfully, we don't use it very often. It would
2	be a place with just a few kennels in there and either a sick
3	pet or a sick dog would actually go right there, and we're
4	able to make our evaluations and determine whether they're
5	truly infectious or not.
6	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay, great. Thank you. All right,
7	I was just curious. I'm going to turn to the Office of
8	Planning.
9	MR. MORDFIN: Good afternoon. I'm Stephen Mordfin,
10	for the record. The Office of Planning supports this
11	application. It was filed pursuant to a text amendment, 1802,
12	that was approved on an emergency basis and when the
13	Commission took their vote, it had to take effect immediately
14	to allow the Applicant to file for the application. There is
15	an error. The footnote on the bottom of page 1 is not
16	correct.
17	This text amendment is in effect, the Applicant
18	can apply for this use as was proposed in the text
19	amendment.
20	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. Thank you. Does anyone have
21	any questions for the Office of Planning? No? Does the
22	Applicant have any questions for the Office of Planning?
23	MS. BATTIES: I would just ask that you clarify
24	your report in that the hospital's not limited to serving

just cats and dogs.

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	MR. MORDFIN: No, it's, Office of Planning
	recommended approval of a veterinary hospital, which includes
	all pets that can be legally sold in the District of
	Columbia. The plan showed for cats and dogs, so I described
	it in the report as a veterinary hospital for cats and dogs
	but the zoning is not limited to that and I see no reason
	that the Board should have to either.
	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay, great. Anything else? Okay.
	Is there someone here from the ANC? Good afternoon. If you
	could just introduce yourself for the record.
	MR. GUTHRIE: Ted Guthrie for ANC 1C. I'd like to
	apologize for not having, someone else was supposed to
	getting the paperwork in that showed our approval, but we
	voted unanimously to approve this application and we're very
	supportive of it. In particular in the Adams Morgan we love
	having commercial space used by something other than a
	licensed alcohol establishment. We welcome you to the
	neighborhood.
	CHAIRMAN HILL: That's great. We know normally when
	the ANC stands up like that it's not good. So I would just,
	I was preparing for something else. I was like, wow, okay.
	So, great. Can you get us something for the record, I guess?
	MR. GUTHRIE: We'll get you something.
1	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay So we'll leave the record

open, Mr. Moy, for something from the ANC? All right, great.

Thank you, Commissioner. Thanks for staying with us. Is there anyone here wishing to speak in support? Is there anyone here wishing to speak in opposition? Okay, going back, any questions, Dr. Varela, have you seen Isle of Dogs?

DR. VARELA: I've yet to see it. Small children at home, I'm just backlogged.

CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay, gotcha. Any other questions for the Applicant? Okay. You have anything you'd like to add?

MS. BATTIES: Nothing further.

CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. I'm going to close the hearing. Is everyone ready to deliberate? Okay. I think that the, again, they've met the criteria for us to go ahead and approve this. I think that the Office of Planning support is fairly straightforward and it's nice to hear about all the different things that they have done to alleviate any possible adverse impact on this project, so I don't have any issues. Does anyone have anything they'd like to add?

VICE CHAIR HART: Yes, Mr. Chairman, just that I just wanted to point out that the Office of Planning, while they've provided us their report, they also made some minor changes to it, stating that it wasn't just a hospital for cats and dogs, it was a hospital for pets that are legally sold, I guess, in D.C., and that the text amendment, the footnote on the OP report on page 1 about the related text amendment was stated in error and that it actually should be

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1 that the zoning amendment was an emergency text amendment and 2 has already taken effect, so we would be able to if we so 3 choose, be able to approve it today. MEMBER WHITE: I would concur with your comments. 4 I think that the Applicant did meet the special exception 5 6 criteria for vet hospital use under Subtitle U 513.1 and the 7 record's full, they've got community support, OP support, 8 it's an all-around good project. It seems like it's something 9 that the neighborhood is supportive of and needs and wants, 10 and so my comment is that I would be supportive based on the 11 criteria in the regulations. 12 **MEMBER** JOHN: Ι support everything that mУ 13 colleagues have said, and I also believe that the record of the OP and the analysis of OP is fairly thorough in terms of 14 meeting the special exception criteria under the new text 15 16 amendment, so I support the application. 17 CHAIRMAN HILL: Commissioner May, do people come 18 with emergency text amendments that much? 19 COMMISSIONER MAY: It happens maybe once a year, something like that, and sometimes we act on them that way 2.0 21 and sometimes we don't. 22 CHAIRMAN HILL: All right. I'm going to go ahead 2.3 and make a motion to approve application number 19769 as 24 captioned and read by the Secretary and ask for a second? 25 MEMBER WHITE: Second.

1	CHAIRMAN HILL: Motion made and seconded. All those
2	in favor, say aye?
3	(Chorus of ayes.)
4	All those opposed? The motion passes, Mr. Moy.
5	SECRETARY MOY: Staff would record the vote as
6	5-0-0, based on the motion on the Chairman Hill to approve
7	the application for the application for the relief being
8	requested. Seconding the motion, Ms. White. Also in support,
9	Mr. Peter May, Vice Chair Hart, Ms. John, the motion carries.
10	CHAIRMAN HILL: Summary order?
11	SECRETARY MOY: Yes, sir.
12	MS. BATTIES: Thank you very much.
13	CHAIRMAN HILL: Thank you. Good luck. Mr. Moy,
14	we're just going to hang out here a little while until Ms.
15	John returns.
16	(Whereupon the above-entitled matter went off the
17	record at 2:55 p.m. and back on at 2:58 p.m.)
18	CHAIRMAN HILL: All right, Mr. Moy.
19	SECRETARY MOY: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. So if
20	we can have parties to the table to Case Application Number
21	19771. This is of Lee Wells and Malcolm Haith, if I
22	pronounced it correctly, H-A-I-T-H, as caption advertised for
23	a special exceptions under Subtitle E Section 5201 from lot
24	occupancy requirements or rather lot occupancy provisions,
25	Subtitle E Section 304.1 and the accessory building size

1	restrictions of Subtitle E Section 5004.2 and under Subtitle
2	E Section 206.2 and 5203.3 from the roof top architectural
3	element provisions of Subtitle E Section 206.1, this would
4	construct an accessory building and remove an existing porch
5	roof on the existing principle dwelling unit, RF-1 Zone at
6	1834 Ontario Place N.W., Square 2583, Lot 351.
7	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay, great. Thank you. We just
8	got Commissioners coming out of the woodwork today. All
9	right. If you could just please introduce yourselves from
10	my right to left.
11	MR. GAMBRELL: Okay. Alan Gambrell, former ANC1C
12	Commissioner.
13	MR. GUTHRIE: Ted Guthrie, ANC1C.
14	MR. SULLIVAN: Marty Sullivan, Sullivan and
15	Barrows on behalf of the Applicant.
16	MS. WILSON: Alex Wilson from Sullivan and Barrows
17	on behalf of the Applicant.
18	MR. FOTIU: Steve Fotiu form the Eisen Group
19	Architects.
20	CHAIRMAN HILL: Could you say your last name again
21	for me?
22	MR. FOTIU: Fotiu.
23	MR. HAITH: Malcolm Haith, homeowner.
24	MR. WELLS: Lee Wells, homeowner.

I guess you're going to presenting to us?

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MR. SULLIVAN: Yes, sir.

Okay. And you guys just -- you're CHAIRMAN HILL: here just to speak during the ANC portion and also then to provide testimony; is that correct? So -- I mean you will So if it's okay, I'll just call you back up when it's that time during the hearing. Thank you. All right. Mr. Sullivan, okay. So I quess this is actually pretty I am going to -- I mean we've read through the involved. record and probably are going to have, you know, guestions as you kind of go through this. But if you could, general, as you know, if you can just go ahead and tell us again the different kinds of relief you're requesting and how you're meeting the standards with which for us to grant that relief.

Also, there was, I guess, a preliminary matter with a past filing, the 21-day filing. I think there were some corrections that you specified. One was -- I guess it was in instead of 65 percent -- or it's 66 percent and you were clarifying the record on the drawings. I, unless the Board has an issue -- I mean I thought they were pretty minor discrepancies that I would allow into the record so that we can clearly understand what we're talking about. Does the Board have any objection?

MEMBER WHITE: No objection.

CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. So we're going to have Mr. Sullivan and allow that filing and then after that, you can go ahead and begin when -- I'm going to put, I don't know, put 20 minutes up on the clock just so I know where we are. And you can go ahead and begin whenever you like.

MR. SULLIVAN: Thank you, Mr. Rodriguez Chair. So the relieve that we're asking for is first of all, special exception relief from Section E 206, which is the architectural element restriction provision, and related to the accessory -- that's related to the front of the house, the alteration of the porch roof.

Related to the rear, the accessory structure being constructed takes over lot occupancy, so we're asking for special exception relief to go to 66 percent lot occupancy.

And there are two provisions regarding rear yard accessory building. You can have an accessory building in a required rear yard. This is a new provision under the 2016 regs and the -- provided, you are limited to 10 feet in height with that building. And the other requirement is that you're limited to 100 square feet of gross floor area. So we are asking for special exception relief. Those provisions are part of the rear yard requirement in accessory accessory building the reas. And the Zoning Administrator has certified in another case that that is available for special exception because it's part of the rear

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yards and the Office of Planning agrees with us on that.

So from that, we'll go right to the architect, and we're going to talk about the accessory building first, and then we'll go to the front, the porch room. And I don't think the accessory structure part of this is all that complicated, but --

CHAIRMAN HILL: It's okay. That's a good plan.

MR. SULLIVAN: Oh, yes, I'm sorry. First, I'd like to just have the homeowner briefly tell us how we got here.

MR. HAITH: Hi, again. Malcolm Haith. This is my partner, Lee Wells. We purchased our home approximately a year-and-a-half ago after looking for a long time in Adams Morgan and Lanier Heights. And we submitted our building permit last March of 2017 and received comments in August of 2017 that we could not modify the existing front porch. Ourselves, along with Steve, went down and met with the zoning reviewer at DCRA. They determined that the porch could be removed because our application was in before April At the same time, we also had comments about the third floor height adjustment, so we took those comments and modified the plans to step back the third floor. porch was determined to be approvable and was subsequently approved in October of 2017. So we had a fully approved building permit and started construction with permitted and

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budgeted plans in November of last year.

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In late February, we received notice that the porch was in violation of the architectural element rule and we received a stop work order. We met with DCRA and determined the only process for us to continue would be to go through the BZA process, and that's why we're here. issue for us is we're scheduled to move into our home any day We have furniture arriving, trying to get cable set up and because of this porch issue, which we cannot touch under the agreement with DCRA, we can't continue the construction of the front of our house. And the estimated cost to replace the porch is approximately \$26,000.00, and the structural needs for the retaining wall that is failing now that holds up the porch is an additional \$5,100.00. So this could cost upwards of \$30,000.00 for us that is totally unbudgeted and we were going off of approved plans by DCRA which we though should be valid. So that's why we're here.

MR. FOTIU: I just want to say one thing. The way that it was discovered was that Malcolm and Lee decided to pursue BZA relief for a garage, an accessory garage. This had been determined from day one that we would do it in two phases. We thought it was sort of a savvy approach that we would, once the -- we would go for the building permit so that they could start construction. They already live in Lanier Heights. They pay rent. They were going to start

paying a mortgage simultaneously so during the three to four months that you wait in the runup to get to a BZA hearing, we figured we might as well go ahead and submit our building permit, start construction, and then submit a BZA application for the accessory garage.

Office of Planning, at that point -- or was it Someone from DCRA, when looking at the someone from DCRA? request for the accessory garage, looked into the record and said, "Wait a second. We should have never let them touch And so they issued a stop work order without this porch." ever telling Malcolm or Lee why they were doing that but, you obviously, when you get a stop work order, you immediately jump and try to figure out what's going on. at that point, it was determined that the zoning reviewer should never have told us we would be allowed to alter the porch and subsequently, the permit should not have been issued showing the porch alteration. So I just wanted to add that detail, how it was discovered.

MR. HAITH: And we live in Adams Morgan right now but are moving to Lanier Heights. I know there's a distinction.

CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. So actually, a couple questions just on this. So you had an approved permit in April -- or before April? I'm trying to understanding what the April 2017 date was?

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1 MR. FOTIU: April was when the new regulation that 2 restricted --All right. Okay. 3 CHAIRMAN HILL: 4 MR. FOTIU: -- fully became enacted. And so you had a permit -- you had 5 CHAIRMAN HILL: 6 an approved permit when? 7 In November. Our meeting with DCRA's MR. FOTIU: 8 zoning reviewer was in August, and one last timeline item 9 moving backwards, we submitted our drawings in March. 10 But we were told in our meeting with DCRA that 11 no vesting period for this particular 12 regulation and even though we had submitted our drawings that 13 because there was no vesting period, we would need to push 14 back the third floor from the existing facade and which we 15 did and that we wouldn't be allowed to touch the porch. We 16 asked if there was any ability to allow for the porch because 17 this regulation -- because it had -- for the very reason that 18 there had not been a vesting period, could there be some sort 19 of allowance for this. The zoning reviewer went and checked 2.0 with his supervisor -- I believe it was Mamadou Ndaw and 21 returned and told us that it was okay to proceed with the 22 porch alteration. And subsequently, a couple months after 23 that, the building permit was issued by DCRA showing the 24 porch alteration.

CHAIRMAN HILL:

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What has been done to the porch?

MR. HAITH: It has partially been removed as of today.

CHAIRMAN HILL: You don't have a picture of what's been done to the porch, do you?

MR. HAITH: I have it on my phone.

CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. That's all right.

MR. FOTIU: Also, I should mention the reason it was partially removed is that the Zoning Administrator got involved and basically said, you know, you're going to need to go through a BZA process to get approval for the porch alteration; we shouldn't have given you that. And because the two scenarios are that the porch is under disrepair or animals have lived in it previously, structurally, it's failing and it's connected to the neighbor's porches. So it has the potential for dragging the neighbor's porches down. So what the homeowner was given by the Zoning Administrator was an affidavit that basically stated that the porch would need to be removed before this hearing.

And so because no matter what, it has to be removed, it's either going to be replaced with a replica or a replication of that design or the altered plan, which is what we're seeking relief for today. So either way, it had to come down. It was a safety matter. In fact, the postman was refusing to even deliver mail because he felt it was deemed a safety hazard. So again, we had an affidavit

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1	telling us that it needed to be removed before this hearing.
2	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. Does the Board have any
3	questions for the testimony at this point? Okay, Mr. May.
4	COMMISSIONER MAY: Yes. I'm a little confused
5	about all of the relief and the entirety of the project and
6	the fact that you're set to move. I mean there's an
7	indication on the drawings that there's an addition to the
8	back of the house beyond the garage? Is that or was that
9	how you are describing that part of the building?
10	MR. FOTIU: So we do have a presentation where
11	want to get into a little bit more detail of the design
12	elements. We just wanted to give a little bit of background
13	story.
14	COMMISSIONER MAY: Got it, okay.
15	MR. FOTIU: But just to mention, the addition was
16	part of the building permit application that was approved in
16 17	part of the building permit application that was approved in November and has been already built. It's part of the
17	November and has been already built. It's part of the
17 18	November and has been already built. It's part of the existing structure at this point.
17 18 19	November and has been already built. It's part of the existing structure at this point. COMMISSIONER MAY: Right. And that was built as
17 18 19 20 21	November and has been already built. It's part of the existing structure at this point. COMMISSIONER MAY: Right. And that was built as a matter of right because it didn't violate lot occupancy
17 18 19 20	November and has been already built. It's part of the existing structure at this point. COMMISSIONER MAY: Right. And that was built as a matter of right because it didn't violate lot occupancy because you didn't have the garage in the plan. All right.
17 18 19 20 21 22	November and has been already built. It's part of the existing structure at this point. COMMISSIONER MAY: Right. And that was built as a matter of right because it didn't violate lot occupancy because you didn't have the garage in the plan. All right. CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. Mr. Sullivan?
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	November and has been already built. It's part of the existing structure at this point. COMMISSIONER MAY: Right. And that was built as a matter of right because it didn't violate lot occupancy because you didn't have the garage in the plan. All right. CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. Mr. Sullivan? MR. SULLIVAN: Just a point of clarification. The

for safety reasons, that it has to -- the Applicant has to agree that it goes back up should this case not be approved. So that was the purpose of that.

So I think we'll talk about the accessory structure and how that meets the special exception requirements next.

Thank you, Chairman, Members of the MR. FOTIU: Board. Steve Fotiu. I just want to now officially -- that was sort of a background story but I'd like to officially present sort of our case. And I'd like to start with the accessory garage and what you're seeing on the screen are photographs from the alley showing the majority -- the vast majority of houses -- I believe it's 29 houses on the same side of the block -- have a garage. I believe three either have a garage door with a parking pad behind or just in the case of the subject property, a parking pad with no garage So again, the vast majority, about 90 percent of the houses, do have a garage.

The request to add an accessory garage, as Mr. May this, actually pointed out because there's already addition -- it was by right, adding the garage now triggers occupancy that's higher than the 60 percent Through a special exception process, there is permissible. permissible up to 70 percent lot occupancy provided that we're able to prove the sort of the standard that we do not

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affect the light and air available to neighboring properties, that the privacy and use of and enjoyment of the neighboring properties is not negatively affected and that the addition or structure together with the building is not -- as seen from the street or alley, does not pose sort of a negative design and does not intrude on the character or scale of the neighborhood.

So with that, the next -- some of the articles then call for exhibits that would demonstrate this and that's what we'd like to show. Specifically, in our ANC hearing, heard neighbors concerned about the light and air character, and we did feel it was important to demonstrate what we had known or what we had already studied but had not necessarily shown with exhibits. We have these exhibits here showing -- so this exhibit shows the overall block massing, the red there shows the addition already as the condition, and as shown in light red is the proposed garage. And what I want to show are a series of sunlight studies and sort of go through and demonstrate that the affect of the garage as a 10-story tall -- I'm sorry, 10-foot tall garage, which would be identical to the neighbors', versus a 13-foot 8 garage, which is what we're proposing, that the difference in light and air is negligible.

So what -- in each case here, we're going to look at time of year. This is equinox so it's fall and spring.

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CHAIRMAN HILL: I'm sorry, you said 13 point what again?

MR. FOTIU: Thirteen foot eight.

CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay.

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So what we see here is -- and the next MR. FOTIU: several slides will be in equinox, May and September, and demonstrating a majority of the year here. Starting with the morning, you see a 10-foot tall garage in red and a 13 foot 8 garage, so I will just toggle back and forth and you see a minimal shadow that is just to the lower left of the garage on the neighboring garage, the shadow changes. This is when the sun is coming from the east and is relatively low. are some -- jump right back one second -- there are some taller structures that are to the south of the property and so in many cases, those taller structures are shading the backyards of our subject property and the neighbors' in the So again, the effect of the garage from 10-foot to morning. 13-foot 8 is relatively negligible.

Moving through the day, at noon, you can see the difference. You can see all the shadows cast by the garages in a row into the backyards and the difference in the shadow from 10-foot to 13-foot 8. Moving through the day into 3 p.m. as the sun has now moved past due south and is sort of heading towards west, you can see again the difference in shadows from 10-foot to 13-foot-8. And now 5 p.m. -- this

is the last one on this particular time of year -- towards the end of the day, the sun is mostly from the west which would be page left here, and toggling back and forth, the shadow is basically casting onto the neighboring garage and the alley. So again, a negligible impact from 10 feet to 13-foot-8.

Moving into the summer where the sun is relatively high in the sky, this would be, you know, between 20 and 25 percent of the year; in the morning, you can see that all of the garage are casting shadows into the backyard. That shadow line is relatively consistently and increasing the height of the garage has a relatively negligible effect. Moving to noontime, again, the two shadows -- and I can speed up if you'd like. That's sort of the effect. Wintertime being that the sun is relatively low, I'll just point out that really, the shadows again are negligible but there's very little sunlight even hitting this back -- any of these backyards in the winter because of the angle of the sun.

So at this point, really, the question is what is the standard and I'd like to hand it back over to Marty. Yes.

MR. SULLIVAN: So that's the discussion on the accessory building and I'd like to move to Section 2016 now and talk about the front of the building. And we went through this last week and we're trying to home in on what's

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the standard for special exception relief from Section 206. And the zoning regulations provide, of course, the general requirement and then the three specific criteria. And the three specific criteria, we meet the first two and all would agree on that. That's a simple test, but it's the third criteria that, which is Subsection D of that section, is identical to the actual restriction. So you have a circular provision that in order to get relief from Section 206, you have to meet the requirements for Section 206.

We think that the Office of Planning and the Applicant now agree on what you do in that situation, that you then refer just to the general requirements. And there is no further specific requirement D, because D is cancelled out. Where the Office of Planning and the Applicant pass diverge is what exactly is that general requirement. And the general requirement is, of course, that the project be in harmony or the relief, if granted, be in harmony with the general purpose and intent of the zoning regulations and maps and will not tend to affect adversely the use of neighboring property. So what does that mean?

About a year ago, what it meant in cases like this
-- and according of the Office of Planning reports -- was it
meant the general purpose and intent of the zoning
regulations. It was very general language in the reports
just about the residential character of a neighborhood and

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Τ	the other zoning requirements. And you can see from the
2	cases that we submitted with the prehearing statement that
3	this Board and the Office of Planning supported various
4	alterations and special exceptions from Section 206.
5	About a month ago, we requested additional
6	information from the Office of Planning on what I the
7	standard, what do we do with this circular provision. And
8	they told us that the answer was that we should be talking
9	about the character scale and pattern of houses on the
10	street. And that's why you'll see that in our prehearing
11	statement that was our argument.
12	CHAIRMAN HILL: Oh, dear, God, I'm having a
13	flashback now.
14	MR. SULLIVAN: Yes.
15	CHAIRMAN HILL: I completely agree with that.
16	Right. Now I'm back with you.
17	MR. SULLIVAN: So last week then, if you came
18	CHAIRMAN HILL: Last week. Yes, I remember last
19	week.
20	MR. SULLIVAN: last week if we're on slide
21	44, this is what it became, the general purpose and intent,
22	they referred to the introductory paragraph for RF-1, pulled
23	out the phrase, "neighborhood character" and said that word,
24	that phrase, among all these other items of general and
25	this is RF-1. This isn't general zoning regs. This is the

1	RF-1, which I think is more specific. Neighborhood character
2	could mean discussion of windows, rhythm, streetscape, who
3	knows. I mean it's hard to understand exactly what the
4	target it. With this report, then that changed. And in this
5	report, they simply say that the intent of this specific
6	provision, the provision requiring review, 206, is intended
7	to preserve the streetscape integrity of residential
8	buildings, so it's a moving target.
9	I have to
10	COMMISSIONER MAY: I'm sorry, do want to explain
11	to me again how that's a moving target, because it's always
12	been perfectly clear to me.
13	MR. SULLIVAN: Well, I think there's been
14	COMMISSIONER MAY: I mean just walk me through
15	what you just said again
16	MR. SULLIVAN: Yes.
17	COMMISSIONER MAY: again a little bit slower
18	or something.
19	MR. SULLIVAN: Okay. Maybe a moving target's not
20	the right term. It's not a clearly-defined standard.
21	COMMISSIONER MAY: Okay. Explain to me why you
22	think that is the case, because I did not get it from what
23	you just said.
24	MR. SULLIVAN: Okay. So there's three specific
25	criteria, none of which mention anything about the only

1	the third criteria says that you shall not remove an
2	architectural element.
3	COMMISSIONER MAY: Right. These are the criteria
4	relating to putting an addition onto the top of the house,
5	right?
6	MR. SULLIVAN: You can't reduce you can't
7	remove a yes, 206 says, yes
8	COMMISSIONER MAY: Right.
9	MR. SULLIVAN: you can't alter or remove an
10	architectural element
11	COMMISSIONER MAY: Architectural feature.
12	MR. SULLIVAN: including
13	COMMISSIONER MAY: Porches, turrets
14	MR. SULLIVAN: dormer, porches, correct. And
15	there's three special exception criteria, the specific
16	criteria and that third criteria is a repeat of 206.
17	COMMISSIONER MAY: Right.
18	MR. SULLIVAN: So in order to meet 206 you have
19	to meet 206.
20	COMMISSIONER MAY: And the special exception
21	relates to what relief? It's a special exception for what
22	MR. SULLIVAN: Relief from Section 206.
23	COMMISSIONER MAY: From 206?
24	MR. SULLIVAN: From the restriction of altering
25	the architectural elements

1 COMMISSIONER MAY: So that's how it's -- you're 2 deciding that it's circular? It's written in a circular 3 MR. SULLIVAN: Yes. 4 and so we're not sure what to do with that, but we -- I mean 5 one way to --Well, we'll ask the Office of 6 COMMISSIONER MAY: 7 Planning how they interpret it. I'll go back and look at it 8 again. 9 I think -- yes, okay. MR. SULLIVAN: So I think that the level of detail in the Office of Planning reports 10 11 for this relief have changed a lot in the past year. 12 this report talks about public parking, first of all, and 13 shade of public parking even though we're not in the public 14 space, we're not in the public parking. So, you know, we 15 have an expert witness architect to talk about how this 16 particular alteration fits within the character of 17 I quess we're just looking for quidance on -- in a block. it's a little bit like we'll tell you what 18 19 standard is when we see it but it's not really clearly 2.0 defined in the zoning regulations. So, Steve, I'll turn it 21 over to you. 22 I would say that that's actually Yes. 2.3 relatively clear to me as well. I mean I understand you were 24 understanding of what looking -seeking for some

statement that was being made but to me, it's relatively

clear what the Office of Planning was trying to do, and even though they continue to use different wording, what they're trying to do There are non-historic districts, non-historic homes that have porches and have architectural elements that the Office of Planning would like to preserve because of their architectural character and their DC-ness, if that's a term.

Now I think that the fact that they have allowed for special exception means that there is a standard that could be met, a threshold that you can meet to prove that zoning doesn't apply in every case. I mean that's what today -- that's what BZA is about, is that zoning doesn't apply to every case and there are exceptions, and you can come and prove the threshold has been met, and that's what the Board is here to determine. So for us, in looking what OP is trying to do here, we would agree that there are many cases where it's just very clear a porch or other architectural element should not be altered. And I will show you examples because we feel very strongly that there are some pretty good examples where there should not have been an alteration, there should not be alterations.

On the other end of the subjective spectrum, we believe that there, because of the fact that there's a special exception allowed, that there must be a subjective level you could prove that says, well, in this case, it

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1	doesn't negatively impact the block; it doesn't negatively
2	impact the character or integrity of that neighborhood, and
3	that's what we would like to that's what we believe we can
4	prove, and I will show you exhibits to that fact. So just
5	a few exhibits here showing examples in Capitol Hill and
6	Mount Pleasant. These are historic districts. Nonetheless,
7	a threshold was met even here that somehow they were allowed
8	to remove porches.
9	COMMISSIONER MAY: Most of these pre-date
10	MR. FOTIU: Yes, absolutely.
11	COMMISSIONER MAY: the regulations, right?
12	MR. FOTIU: Correct.
13	COMMISSIONER MAY: I live around the corner from
14	the one on the top and it looks terrible.
15	MR. FOTIU: And that's my point. That is
16	that's actually my point.
17	COMMISSIONER MAY: Right. So you're saying that
18	you should not remove these porches?
19	MR. FOTIU: And there are specific cases where
20	there are 13 or 17 or 25 identical
21	COMMISSIONER MAY: So four doesn't qualify is your
22	argument, because there are four now?
23	MR. FOTIU: And we'll get there. There's actually
24	three. So and there's nine different types of row houses
25	or architectural characters on the same side of our block.

So the point here is that when you have the same identical house, this is what OP is trying to stop, both in historic districts, as theses shown -- again, as shown, historic districts and non-historic districts. So showing again The top example, 15 identical row houses, one examples here. had its porch removed on the bottom; 25 identical row houses, one has its -- two have their porch removed. They stand out and this is the end of the spectrum that says this is obvious that these are examples where they should not have been Again, an example -- and most of these -- every one except for one example is an RF-1 zone so, again, identical row houses, 3, and in fact, three in a row have been removed.

So that moves now to what we believe is at the other end of the spectrum. There are 15 different row houses, apartment buildings, or architectural shifts that happen on this block, nine of which occur on our side of the block. This is a diagram demonstrating whether building is pushed back from the street -- pulled from the street block wall I should say, whether it's pulled forward from that block wall, whether there is a porch or not a And I'd like to show you some quick photos of those The photo in the upper left, transition from one examples. to two, there is a slight shift in block wall. It's not really visible because of the tree.

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And then the porch -- the height of the porch changes, relatively minor there, from two to three. And three -- condition three includes the subject property. You see a roughly six-foot change in the block wall and porches that move out much closer to the street.

In transition three-four in the lower left, you see the group of four row houses that are identical. The last one of the four has already had its porch removed, and it transitions to a series of row houses that have no porches, have bay windows. And so there the block wall seems to move forward and the bay window is the predominant element So really, the feeling is that the facade, there's in those. sort of an in and out, back and forth going on, changes in in architectural scale, changes elements. Transition four-five shows a shift back to porches. Condition five-six, porches stop and an apartment building occurs; six-seven, no porches but again, bay windows that culminate with sort of turret roofs. And then sort of at the end of the block, seven-eight-nine, you see there a rapid change from bay windows to porches to a relatively tall apartment building.

So as you move down this block, your eye is constantly changing. It's constantly receiving information about a different architectural move. In that sequence, in that overall sequence of things, what we believe is that the subtle porch alteration is imperceptible. And what we have

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here is essentially the existing condition, so you see to the left, there's one type of porch; to sort of in the middle is the four identical row houses, one of which already has its porch removed; and then the row houses with no porches. And in that context, the partial porch alteration is just a blip in a larger block of discontinuity, changes in character, changes in architectural elements.

I should we struggled right at the last minute to try to get you a visual to show, but one of the other things that the homeowner intends to do here is to paint the brick a light grey and then the trim would be a slightly darker charcoal grey. And what that does is it also further delineates the difference from the partial porch that we're proposing to the porch that's directly to the right that it's connected to. If you see, theirs is essentially white or cream. The proposal on ours is that it be charcoal grey and you would see a very distinct line where that splits, and so there's further separation from the neighbor in that point visually.

So at this point, I'd just like to respond to a couple of the items in the OP report. One item Marty alluded to, which is speaking of the parking zone, and the porches have traditionally provided protection or shade for the parking zone. Typically, that's something that is considered beyond the building restriction line. That's sort of --

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those are projections, bay windows and porches, that are
allowed to be constructed beyond the property line. All of
these moves that occur on this block are within the building
restriction line, within the property line. So really, I
would think that that's not relevant here but even more than
that, we have almost 50 percent of the houses don't have
porches or 50 percent of the block doesn't have porches. So
are we saying that the people who park directly in front of
a house that doesn't have a porch somehow don't feel the same
experience or somehow don't feel as safe to park there? I
think it's not quite correct.
COMMISSIONER MAY: I'm sorry, are you talking
about parking cars?
MR. FOTIU: This is OP's report.
COMMISSIONER MAY: Right. So, just so you
understand, parking in this context
MR. FOTIU: The streetscape zone.
COMMISSIONER MAY: it relates to the park-like
character of front lawns. It has nothing to do with vehicle
parking.
MR. FOTIU: Okay. So even if it's about
streetscape
COMMISSIONER MAY: Planning can explain that.
Christine, the Office of Planning
MR FOTTII: so even if it's about streetscape

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COMMISSIONER MAY: It's just about streetscape.

MR. FOTIU: So in the same context, if it's about streetscape, my --

COMMISSIONER MAY: It's -- well, yes, I mean street case and again, the park-like character of the front yards.

MR. FOTIU: Okay. So my point -- my second point still speaks to that which is that 50 percent of the houses already do not have a porch, in which case are we saying that somehow those houses don't speak to the street or don't have the same sort of relationship to the park-like setting of the streetscape?

The next comment is about integrity and character in the OP report, and I believe that our very point is about the fact that the character of this block is one of variety and different types of architecture. And so a porch alteration of this small amount is really one that does not -- could not have the impact of negatively altering the integrity of the block.

And finally, there's a comment about window treatments. I'm not sure -- it alludes to window treatments. I'll speak to that for a second but there's a second comment in there. We are replacing the windows with windows that would be approved in a historic district, which isn't

necessary in this particular case but it's something that the homeowners wanted to do, and so it's a high-quality window. The windows themselves, the openings aren't being altered at all. The window product itself will be a high -- it is a high-quality product what has been installed. I believe what was being alluded to was when you remove the porch, what about the areas of the building that used to be covered by And in that case, it's face brick and the face brick that exists underneath the porch when the porch is removed, the intention here is to repoint the brick with similar joints to the rest of the face brick and then to paint the entire facade. So it will be imperceptible where a porch had been and where there had not been a porch. I believe the comment about that we had not addressed what is going to happen if the porch alteration is approved, what we would do to the brick, I think, I just wanted to speak to that for a moment. Yes, go ahead. Thank you.

MR. SULLIVAN: So in closing our presentation, I just want to touch on a couple of the issues that the ANC has raised and I'm sure we'll maybe address them again in rebuttal and closing. But if I could just briefly, there is a claim that the removal of the front porch would convert this from a three-story building to a four-story building. The removal -- first of all, that's self-certified and this plan was approved by DCRA in October. But the removal of the

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porch itself doesn't have any impact on the measurement of -- on the building height measuring point as it relates to stories but also, we're self-certifying. So if that were the case, then we wouldn't be here.

There's a claim that the variance is required for the accessory structure for the height and gross floor area, provisions tucked within the those are rear requirement because they only apply when you're required rear yard and they're in the rear yard section of accessory building regulations. And special exceptions as it applies to yards, the Zoning Administrator has determined that those provisions are tucked into the rear yard and, therefore, get special exception. Actually, that's also an item that's self-certified and so if the Zoning Administrator changed his mind, that would be on me because I self-certified to that.

Conversely, if we were over 20 feet, it would be a variance in any case because then we would be in violation of the height section of the accessory building regulations. So between 10 and 20 feet, it's a special exception.

There's a claim that you'll read and they're saying we're asking for something four times the size of what's permitted. I have no idea why this accessory building and required rear yard was limited to 100 square feet. That's essentially saying you can't have a garage in a

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required rear yard anymore. And so everybody that builds a garage needs special exception relief from that provision and would probably be at least two, three, or four times larger than 100 square feet.

Pervious surface was raised. We did revise the plans to clarify that we're over the 20 percent and it's also a self-certified item, and that's all I have.

Regarding the petition, I'll just mention I think the petition itself, which had a few signatures, was somewhat misleading. It talks about reducing the required rear yard setback from 20 feet to 15 feet. We have 40 feet. It says we don't comply with the pervious surface requirement, which we do. And then it misstates the lot occupancy limit by four percent, which is a minor difference. Steve, you have something --

MR. FOTIU: I just want to add it seemed like maybe there was some confusion about what you said about the garage request. So right now, an accessory structure is allowed to be 100 square feet. If you want an accessory garage, you know, a typical parking space is 9 feet by 18 feet, so that's already more than 100 square feet. So if you're looking to do a garage, you're already going to have to ask for special exception.

COMMISSIONER MAY: Not if there's sufficient rear yard space between the garage and the house.

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1	MR. FOTIU: For a garage
2	COMMISSIONER MAY: If the space
3	MR. FOTIU: That's just
4	COMMISSIONER MAY: if you got 20 feet
5	MR. FOTIU: Right.
6	COMMISSIONER MAY: between the garage and the
7	house, you don't need a special exception to build a garage.
8	MR. SULLIVAN: Correct.
9	MR. FOTIU: Correct.
10	MR. SULLIVAN: Right. It's just for when you're
11	in the required rear yard.
12	COMMISSIONER MAY: Right.
13	MR. SULLIVAN: Right, which all of these buildings
14	are or most buildings in the row house district would be.
15	COMMISSIONER MAY: I'll get to my questions in a
16	second. Thank you.
17	MR. SULLIVAN: So that's all.
18	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. I agree. All right.
19	Thanks, Mr. Sullivan. Okay. Let's go to the Office of
20	Planning first. Do you want to go to okay. all right,
21	sure. Commissioner May, you want to do your questions now?
22	COMMISSIONER MAY: Yes, please. Thank you. So
23	you talked about the repair that would be done to the brick
24	if the porch is removed. So yes, I mean I think you alluded
25	to this or mentioned it specifically that very often the

brick that is, you know, behind where the porch is attached is a sidewall or rearwall brick as opposed to a front-facing brick with a narrow joint or something. I don't know what the particular detailing is here. And you talked about repointing but repointing doesn't necessarily fix joints if the bricks are of different sizes or of a different finish. So would you be removing those bricks and toothing in new brick that matches the old?

MR. FOTIU: No. The intention is to have --

COMMISSIONER MAY: Yes. So let me just tell you that I am a student of porches, okay, and particularly in RF-1 neighborhoods, and I can tell you I can think of one example where a porch has been removed where it is not visible. And I forget the exact address. It's on F Street N.E. But there's only one example and they removed the brick and they toothed in new brick to match the old and you don't notice it. That's the only way to do it. So that's just a statement. That's not a question.

And I have a question about the rear yard relief and this goes to the addition. So if there had not been an addition that was already approved, would there be relief -- would you need relief for the garage; would there already be a 20-foot rear yard?

MR. FOTIU: If the addition had not been -COMMISSIONER MAY: Built.

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1	MR. FOTIU: built
2	COMMISSIONER MAY: Right.
3	MR. FOTIU: then we would not need the we
4	would still need a special exception for the size and for the
5	proposed height of the garage, however, not for the
6	COMMISSIONER MAY: No, no, no.
7	MR. FOTIU: lot
8	COMMISSIONER MAY: I'm not talking about the
9	10-100 rule. I'm talking about
10	MR. FOTIU: Yes, not the lot occupancy.
11	COMMISSIONER MAY: If the addition had not been
12	built, which was part of your original approved project that
13	you've already built, right if that had not been built,
14	was there 20 feet between the back of the house and where you
15	would be building your garage?
16	MR. FOTIU: Yes. There would have been 20 feet.
17	COMMISSIONER MAY: Right. Okay, thank you.
18	CHAIRMAN HILL: All right. Anybody else?
19	MEMBER JOHN: So when you purchased the house,
20	were you aware that the porch was in disrepair and might need
21	extensive work?
22	MR. HAITH: Yes, we were. That's part of the
23	reason why we decided to remove it.
24	MEMBER JOHN: Okay. All right, thank you.
25	MR. HAITH: The whole was in total shambles so

1	what we're doing we're really proud of. I think the
2	neighborhood should be, too.
3	MEMBER JOHN: Sure. And one more quick question.
4	I'm still confused about the month and year that you got the
5	permit to do the renovations.
6	MR. HAITH: We received the permit in October of
7	2017. We submitted and were accepted into the permitting
8	process prior to the rule change. We did that in March. The
9	rule change happened in April with no vesting.
10	MEMBER JOHN: Okay. But the permit was issued
11	10/17?
12	MR. HAITH: Correct, after our meeting with DCRA
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14	MEMBER JOHN: Right.
15	MR. HAITH: saying we could remove the porch.
16	MEMBER JOHN: But that's still the operative date
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18	MR. HAITH: Correct, yes.
19	MEMBER JOHN: 10/17? Okay. Thank you.
20	VICE CHAIR HART: Mr. Fotiu, you've provided us
21	with your analysis of looking at the porches in the kind of
22	that would support your contention that this is not a, you
23	know, similar street frontage along Ontario in this location,
24	so there is a variety of street frontages, and this is
25	different than some of the other places where you're taking
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out almost the -- you're taking out a porch in an area that there is a continuous line of purchase. But I didn't see you talk about where you think -- because right now you're proposing kind of a partial porch. Do you have instances where that has been -- like where they've done what you're proposing, because it seems like there is the -- either you have porches or you don't have them or you've taken one, a complete porch out, but I hadn't seen any instances where you've looked at just kind of putting in a portion of a porch, so the roof.

MR. FOTIU: That's a good question. I didn't do an extensive search for such a condition. I wasn't really looking for that. I apologize, I think -- hearing your question, I see that that would have -- that may have been helpful. I think we were focused really on the case that we were trying to make, which was that because of the overall block having a lot of different conditions, that the partial alteration wouldn't have an impact.

VICE CHAIR HART: No, no, I understood that. I was just trying to think of -- you have instances -- you've shown us a variety of instances along this particular street frontage where they have done a lot of different things but not what you're proposing.

MR. FOTIU: That's correct.

VICE CHAIR HART: So I just didn't know where that

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came from.

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MR. FOTIU: I don't have an example that I could show you to point out someplace else where a partial porch alteration has been done and what impact it has.

VICE CHAIR HART: Yes. I mean just it looks a little odd because of what you've kind of shown along the block. And the image that you had on your PowerPoint that shows the kind of before and after -- I don't know which slide this is, slide 56 and 57, you know, kind of showing it, just -- like I said, it just looks a little bit odd.

MR. FOTIU: I'd like to, if I could, I want to pull out the thumb drive and I apologize if the presentation goes black, but I wanted to point out we have a version of this that shows the paint that the owner plans to apply and what that does for the porch. I think it has an impact that's worth seeing if you don't mind.

CHAIRMAN HILL: I'll tell you what, while your loading that, let me go ahead and turn to the Office of Planning.

MS. THOMAS: Good afternoon, Mr. Chair. Karen Thomas for the record. We are not in support of the removal of this porch, partially or otherwise, for the simple reason that the porches in this neighborhood, whether they block face shifts or not, are an integral part of the residential character of the street frontage. So simply put, we don't

think that the removal would satisfy the purpose -- the intended purpose of the regs, which is to maintain the character of a neighborhood or not substantially alter the character.

We think that the altered porch would create an incompatible facade with the remaining row dwellings in the group, and that group being those four homes even though one of the -- the yellow house is shown with the porch removed. We think that continuing that pattern will alter that extentual (phonetic) of homes. So I don't think it's very complicated for us. Porches do form an integral part of of the RF-1 where they do exist and that's something that we would not be in the habit of encouraging the removal of porches in the RF-1.

And with respect to the garage, we have no issue. We take no issue with the special exception request for the garage structure and with that, I'll stand on the record of our report.

CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. Dos the Board have any questions for the Office of Planning?

COMMISSIONER MAY: Yes. So with regard to the circular argument or the route -- the argument that the regulations are circular when it comes to removal of porches, I mean basically the regulation state that you can't remove a porch or a turret or other defining feature in a row house

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1	like this, right?
2	MS. THOMAS: That's correct.
3	COMMISSIONER MAY: And so going to 5203.3, which
4	has to do with roof additions, for the route for relief
5	seems a little I don't know if that makes sense.
6	MS. THOMAS: I think in discussion, we believe
7	that the term porch and those other aspects were
8	inadvertently left out, and that's something that we intend
9	to take a look at and
10	COMMISSIONER MAY: So there's something missing
11	with regard to conditions
12	MS. THOMAS: Yes.
13	COMMISSIONER MAY: for a special exception
14	approval related to removal of a
15	MS. THOMAS: Removal
16	COMMISSIONER MAY: feature like
17	MS. THOMAS: Yes, because
18	COMMISSIONER MAY: That rings true to me as well.
19	MS. THOMAS: Yes.
20	COMMISSIONER MAY: I can't remember the exact
21	discussion when this was all being debated but certainly, the
22	key issue is this, you know, a contributing factor; is it
23	something where it doesn't really matter very much because
24	there isn't that much integrity or it's sort of a one-off?
25	So I understand and appreciate that and I appreciate that
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clarification.

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I'm a little confused as to why the Office of Zoning supports the relief related to the garage when it comes to the 10-100 rule as it were, because the 10-100 rule was never intended to be about putting garages in rear yards. It was about being able to have a shed or something, right? I mean 100 square feet is just a shed, a storage shed. But the Office of Planning seems to have bought into a pretty bizarre interpretation that I think that DCRA has come up with, yet another of those things I have to list on my areas of disagreement with Matt LeGrant in the interpretation of zoning regulations.

But I don't understand how you can connect these two things. I mean basically, this is a kind of a backdoor way to get relief that the Zoning Commission never intended to be relief as a special exception in my view. So I'm wondering how you -- I mean how are you connecting the 10-100 rule to the relief that's requested in this circumstance?

MS. THOMAS: Well, I did discuss this with Matt and I don't want to speak for DCRA --

COMMISSIONER MAY: Of course, yes.

MS. THOMAS: -- but there needs to be some clarity with these provisions as well. The way we looked at it is -- was that if this were the case, then every garage within the R-1 would require special exception relief because --

1	COMMISSIONER MAY: Right.
2	MS. THOMAS: because it presumes a lot that is
3	extra long, a deep lot
4	COMMISSIONER MAY: Right.
5	MS. THOMAS: for it not to be within that
6	COMMISSIONER MAY: but within the required rear
7	yard
8	MS. THOMAS: Yes.
9	COMMISSIONER MAY: but the required rear yard
10	is only 20 feet.
11	MS. THOMAS: Twenty feet.
12	COMMISSIONER MAY: And theoretically, your lot
13	occupancy is 60 percent so theoretically, the first 60
14	percent of your lot is your house, then you can have a
15	20-foot rear yard, then you can have a 20-foot garage
16	MS. THOMAS: Right.
17	COMMISSIONER MAY: in a normal matter of right,
18	you know
19	MS. THOMAS: So
20	COMMISSIONER MAY: confirming lot.
21	MS. THOMAS: so what Matt Mr. LeGrant is
22	looking at, "perhaps," he said and then this would negate
23	the whole issue of why they're here in the first place, but
24	we will not get into that but I'll just explain that at times
25	past, they would look at the portion of the garage that would

1	actually be in that area of the required rear yard, which
2	would be the 20 feet. And the other portion would be out of
3	it. Let's say you have
4	COMMISSIONER MAY: Right, partially in, partially
5	out.
6	MS. THOMAS: Partially out, yes. So, you know,
7	we looked at it this way and that and but we did discuss
8	it and we realized that there is some clarity needed with
9	respect to that, because we would not typically support
10	relief for height under any circumstances and
11	COMMISSIONER MAY: Right.
12	MS. THOMAS: as a special exception
13	COMMISSIONER MAY: Right.
14	MS. THOMAS: it rightfully should be a
15	variance. The way I looked at it was that if you look at it
16	with it partially in, partially out, you would have in
17	this case, the garage would be nine feet. It would meet the
18	10-foot rule within that section of the required rear yard,
19	and out of the rear yard, as you go towards the alley, it was
20	the 13 feet. We, you know
21	COMMISSIONER MAY: Did you, sort of, do you
22	calculate how much of it was going to be
23	MS. THOMAS: because the height
24	COMMISSIONER MAY: Yes.
25	MS. THOMAS: we don't exactly know how much.
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1	I mean that could be provided by the Applicant
2	COMMISSIONER MAY: Yes.
3	MS. THOMAS: - if it's a 100 square feet or more
4	because it
5	COMMISSIONER MAY: Well
6	MS. THOMAS: would be two situations, but the
7	height itself is nine feet
8	COMMISSIONER MAY: No, I got that point.
9	MS. THOMAS: Yes. And so
10	COMMISSIONER MAY: I mean if you buy that line of
11	argument well, I haven't bought into that line of argument
12	that you can that the 10-100 rule was intended to address
13	situations for garages where you would park cars. So that's
14	one of the big things that I'm struggling with here so
15	MS. THOMAS: Yes.
16	COMMISSIONER MAY: All right. I appreciate your
17	explaining why it was that you
18	MS. THOMAS: That we
19	COMMISSIONER MAY: agreed with DCRA's bizarre
20	interpretation.
21	MS. THOMAS: Yes, okay. Thank you.
22	MEMBER JOHN: Mr. Chairman?
23	CHAIRMAN HILL: Sure, of course.
24	MEMBER JOHN: I still don't know if I understand
25	this but under Section 5007, there's a special

1	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. All right. So I'm sorry,
2	go
3	MEMBER JOHN: Might be for OP
4	CHAIRMAN HILL: Sure, go ahead, ask again. I'm
5	sorry.
6	MEMBER JOHN: or OAG. So there's a special
7	exception for the development standards of this chapter which
8	would be the accessory building structure in the RF zone.
9	So that would seem to allow a special exception for this
10	structure in the rear yard. So I'm not sure if I've got the
11	right provision.
12	MS. THOMAS: Yes. You have the right provision
13	because it starts off with special exception; 500 starts off
14	with the exceptions to the development standards shall be
15	permitted as a special exception
16	MEMBER JOHN: Okay.
17	MS. THOMAS: under X and then under Subtitle
18	E 5201. So
19	MEMBER JOHN: Then it referred
20	MS. THOMAS: you could yes
21	MEMBER JOHN: refers
22	MS. THOMAS: it just refers
23	MEMBER JOHN: refers
24	MS. THOMAS: and refers and refers, yes.
25	MEMBER JOHN: Okay. All right. Thank you.

1	MS. THOMAS: Okay.
2	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. God, I can imagine people
3	do you guys like sit around OP and just banter things
4	around and try to does the Applicant have any questions
5	for the Office of Planning?
6	MR. SULLIVAN: Yes. Thank you. Ms. Thomas, were
7	garages and accessory buildings, under the 1958 regulations,
8	were they permitted as a matter of right in required rear
9	yards without restriction, without these restrictions?
10	MS. THOMAS: I think without these restrictions.
11	I can't remember. I can't recall without it in front of me
12	so.
13	MR. SULLIVAN: And then your report opines that
14	this garage, exceeding the 60 percent lot occupancy and
15	exceeding the 10 feet in height up to 13 feet and exceeding
16	the 100-square foot to the 375 or whatever it is meets the
17	special exception criteria in the zoning regulations as
18	currently written, correct?
19	MS. THOMAS: Yes. For the garage, yes.
20	MR. SULLIVAN: Yes. Thank you.
21	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. All right. Is there anyone
22	here from the ANC? Oh, yes, that's right. It's been so
23	long, you know. I know, just come on up. You guys are
24	you're lucky everything's happening today, boy, I guess. I
25	don't know. It was meant to be, huh? And I apologize, I

1	know you did it already but if you wouldn't mind just
2	reintroducing yourselves for the record?
3	MR. GUTHRIE: Ted Guthrie, ANC 1C.
4	MR. GAMBRELL: And Alan Gambrell.
5	CHAIRMAN HILL: All right. Mr. Gambrell, you're
6	a member of the public, okay, and so I'm going to do the ANC
7	first.
8	MR. GUTHRIE: He was, however, authorized
9	specifically by the ANC in our resolution to make a
10	presentation to this Board on behalf of the ANC.
11	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay.
12	MR. GUTHRIE: We tried we
13	CHAIRMAN HILL: No, that's all right. I'm just
14	trying to figure out what I'm supposed to do. So because
15	the ANC gets so what are
16	MR. GUTHRIE: I'm not going to take more than a
17	couple of minutes.
18	CHAIRMAN HILL: Ms. Glazer no, that's okay.
19	MR. GUTHRIE: And then I'd like to pass it off to
20	him.
21	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. So you're and so I'm
22	looking to OAG again, and you're almost retired, Ms. Glazer,
23	but not just yet.
24	(Laughter.)
25	CHAIRMAN HILL: So you're, Commissioner Guthrie,

1	saying that Mr. Gambrell was authorized by your ANC to speak
2	on behalf of the ANC?
3	MR. GUTHRIE: Yes, he was.
4	CHAIRMAN HILL: So you'd like to give some of your
5	time to him?
6	MR. GUTHRIE: Yes.
7	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. Is there an issue with that
8	Ms. Glazer? No. Okay. All right, then that's fine. So
9	then combined, you would have had eight minutes, okay, so
10	I'll put eight minutes on the clock and whatever you get to,
11	Mr. Guthrie, you want to pass off to Mr. Gambrell, you're
12	more than welcome to. And Mr. Gambrell, again, if it goes
13	a little over eight minutes, I'm not crazy, okay. So just
14	but, you know, it's we're trying to do this properly. So
15	ahead, Mr. Guthrie.
16	Oh, no, I lost my Mr. Secretary's gone. So I
17	have a little stop watch on here. I'm going to do it myself.
18	So go ahead and you can begin whenever you like. Hold on.
19	Commissioner May, he did the text savvy thing there the last
20	time as I recall.
21	Okay. Well, then you're out of luck I guess.
22	I'll go ahead and just do my own little clock here. I'll let
23	you know; okay?
24	MR. GUTHRIE: Okay. First of all, ANC 1C has
25	substantial understanding and concern for the Applicants
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based on their experience with DCRA. We have regularly had, let's say, similar experience with DCRA where we hear one thing and then we hear another thing and, you know, you don't get bound until you wind up making decisions based on their representations.

So we have sympathy there but the problem is that I don't know if you've ever walked down the street, this is a charming, charming street. And Adams Morgan is full of lovely streets but this perhaps is one of the most charming. It's only a block long and it has a wonderful symphony as you walk down the street. It is not done in unison but there's no requirement that I see in that regulation that it be a unified block before the provision applies that says you This is more of a few and the only, can't mess with this. the only sour note along that side of that street is the one that is of the foursome that some 30-40 years ago had the porch stripped off before there were any regulations. And it stands out. It's very clear that there should be a porch there, and their proposal to have a demi-porch gives them -- they're doing it sort of for reasons other t.han And I think that the requirement directly goes aesthetics. to aesthetics and that their proposed change does not meet the standards for making the alteration in what is very characteristic on this block.

As far as the garage unit, I looked at the initial

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photos that they supplied and I thought, well, of course,
everybody else has a garage, why shouldn't they have a garage
back here. At that time, I wasn't aware that they'd already
bumped the house back both the original porch and I believe
another five feet beyond that so that they've taken up a
substantial amount of the rear yard with their, you know,
enclosed housing, which is perfectly fine but you don't get
to go back to the buffet line once you have decided that
that's what you want. You don't get to come back and then
exceed the lot limits, which is what they want to do. And
that just doesn't feel fair to the neighbors and yes, the
particular sun studies may suggest that there's not going to
be a significant number of plants that fail because they no
longer get any sun. But I believe it says "light and air"
and there is certainly a sense in the row house neighborhoods
that we need to have breathing space. We need to feel like
we're not in tenements. That's part of the point of being
in the row houses. And if you decide to push back the house,
you've given up, to our mind at least, the opportunity to
build a substantial structure on the rear that, you know,
would make it more than the 60 percent lot occupancy.

And I'd also point out that the disagreement with the proportion of lot occupancy has to do with whether or not you include the porch that they want to take off, and they're taking that out of the equation and saying it's only 64

instead of 69 percent lot occupancy after they put their garage on. I don't think they get to take the porch off until you say it's okay to take the porch off.

So in summary, ANC is opposed to this application in both respects. We think that -- you know, we welcome them to the neighborhood. We hope they enjoy their neighbors. We hope the neighbors get along with them but please stop taking the last shrimp off of the buffet plate, you know. And we're all neighbors here and when you want to have more than your fair share --

CHAIRMAN HILL: That's -- wait a second.

MR. GUTHRIE: -- you need to recognize that your neighbors are not going to be happy with that.

CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay, I got it. Okay. All right. So Mr. Gambrell, you know, you got another five minutes, I suppose. He went a little over but Commissioner Guthrie, as, you know, those things haven't cost the amount of tenements in like forever. I mean that is not, you know -- and those aren't tenement prices anymore. But okay, Mr. Gambrell.

MR. GAMBRELL: Okay. Again, my name's Alan Gambrell, a former ANC 1C Commissioner. The vote in opposition to the special exception was four, zero, and one, and it is based on a recognition that special exceptions are intended to accommodate special circumstances. This is not the case for this property. It seems that the homeowners

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secured their initial permit but did not request a garage because lot occupancy would be exceeded. Now they want a lot occupancy special exception.

Relatedly, the homeowners chose to add an additional 10 feet to the back which was a matter of right, but this had an impact on lot occupancy and also made the rear yard smaller and thus created a need for Board approval for a garage.

The homeowners want to tear the porch off alleging that DCRA's initial approval and then reversal puts them at a cost disadvantage in having to preserve the porch, but then they want approval instead to spend that money to build a new garage, one that would exceed lot occupancy.

In summary, these challenges were created by the choices that were made. The Applicant is really asking for more than what RF-1 allows, more than what others on the block have but most importantly, as the Office of Planning report details, the request to remove the porch is conflict with the intended character of the RF-1 district and is not supported by the special exception review criteria. Removal of the porch would diminish the architectural character of this RF-1 block. Opposition to most of what's being requested is pretty overwhelming. It's the Office of Planning report on the porch, the letters from over two dozen neighbors including the abutters and the ANC. Notably, this

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opposition does not reflect an NIMBY, or not in my backyard mentality; rather it's the belief that the integrity of the zoning regulations is worth preserving.

I'm going to skip a little bit given my time I want to get to the porch first. limits. Regarding the matter of what we learned today, that this was partially removed today, there are some neighbors that'll testify -and I'll let them share their concerns on that -- I actually personally a little bit in disbelief that happened. said, opposition to removal of this porch is overwhelming. ANC 1C agrees with the Office of Planning report to deny the special request to remove the porch.

The slideshow, it talks about the lack of rhythm. Well, as you -- many of the Board members, if not all of you, know that's pretty typical of how DC row houses developed. There aren't that many that necessarily have identical characteristics. Oftentimes row houses were built in little clusters. That's pretty standard. Furthermore, that's not really a criterion in terms of the architectural element of preservation. The porch removal, Ted mentioned, was done years and years ago. Bottom line, RF-1 architectural element is about protecting the neighborhood characteristic of the block.

The Applicant had submitted an Exhibit 31-F, and they cite 12 BZA cases where the Office of Planning had

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recommended approval to alter the architectural element. The message seems to be, at least for me, go with the Office of Planning recommendation. It was probably inadvertent, but that Exhibit actually supports our position because the Office of Planning also recommends denial to alter. So I probably don't need to say more. Of course, we know the Office of Planning report came out after Exhibit 31 was submitted.

concern Regarding the about DCRA's initial approval of this permit, again, I'm going to truncate some of my comments. All parties really have a responsibility to know what the regulations say. That includes architects. Certainly, the ANC knows these rules, the neighbors know Frankly, it's an unfortunate fact that errors do occur on this very block of Ontario Place. There are currently seven projects that have resulted in stop work orders, working without permits, and other problems. DCRA should not have issued a permit to remove the porch, but it appears that little apparent harm was done as a consequence because no action was taken in terms of the construction.

As for the alleged cost of preserving the porch, the ANC really sees the zoning regulations as the only thing we can all turn to in terms of finding some commonality. Appeals to economic hardship end up pitting neighbor against neighbor. In the discussion of the ANC resolution, there was

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recognition that the homeowners clearly had a right to make choices on how to spend their money. However, the special exception process does not seem to be the mechanism to relieve parties of the choices they make. The owners determined to incur expenses to add a floor, which is a right; the owners chose to spend money to add 10 foot to the back of the building, which was a right; the owners chose to spend money to excavate and underpin the footprint of the building but now limit spending to excavate new stairs to If the porch removal is approved, enter under the porch. there will certainly be new costs to demolish the porch, to build a smaller porch and lay a patio service entryway.

Again, I'm going to skip through some comments here as I wrap this up. Regarding the garage and the rear the PowerPoint that was reviewed with the shadow studies, which was just submitted yesterday and we just had an opportunity to look at it this morning, some of drawings are a little unclear. It seems the rear yards seem Proportionally, like it seems thev 20-foot-long garages which are the same length as the rear yards, which I'm pretty sure these rear yards would not be The adjacent properties seem to be shown with 20 feet. non-existing fourth levels. So those are just things that have to be make observations on the fly looking at these things on a phone. However, the issue is that homeowners

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created this problem, as Commissioner May pointed out.

In summary, the project is asking for more than everyone else has, a lot more. Special exceptions should be just that, special and exceptions. Two, opposition is overwhelming and is not based on NIMBY mentality but rather a desire to protect the integrity of the regulations, in particular, the intent of RF-1. And ANC also asks the Board carefully consider how to handle special exception requests that split intended development of a property into multiple permits that actually create so-called hardships but can seek to wash them away by using the special exceptions process.

And just my final comment, I would like to respond to a few things that Marty Sullivan mentioned in terms of ANC's position and the petitions. Regarding the removal of the porch would create four-story facade, I was hoping not to get into this but, you know, it has to do with the whole issue about what's a cellar, what's a basement. I'm just going to avoid going into details on that.

Regarding the variance versus special exception issue we raised, frankly, that's beyond my pay grade to get into. I get very confused by it. My pay grade, by the way, being here is zero. I get paid nothing.

Regarding the pervious surface calculation, concede that point because I believe there's a new permeable

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1	walkway in the front to address the percentage requirement.
2	Regarding the garage impact, I think you're going
3	to hear later from the next door neighbor to speak to that.
4	CHAIRMAN HILL: Mr. Gambrell, I'm going to ask you
5	just to wrap it up just a little bit. I'm sorry.
6	MR. GAMBRELL: I have one more.
7	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay.
8	MR. GAMBRELL: And then my last point was
9	regarding the rear yard depth of 40 feet, that's 40 feet
10	without a garage. So that there's no confusing there, the
11	OP report uses the 40-foot figure but with the garage, it's
12	not going to be 40-foot.
13	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay, great. Okay. Thanks. Were
14	you here for the ambassador part, when there was an
15	ambassador here? No, you weren't?
16	MR. GAMBRELL: I wasn't here, no.
17	CHAIRMAN HILL: I think you get to be called
18	Commissioner for life now apparently, probably get to
19	whatever that title is. So all right, does the Board have
20	any questions of the witnesses?
21	(No response.)
22	CHAIRMAN HILL: I guess just Commissioner Guthrie,
23	the as far as the garage goes and I mean again, you
24	know, I'm a little bit you know, you guys talk about the
25	light and air from the garage. I mean you really I mean

1	the your ANC was thinking that that garage did take away
2	light. I'm just trying to understand. You really are you
3	were you guys opposed to the garage because of the light
4	and air or more because it seemed like, you know, they were
5	going after you know, going returning to the buffet,
6	if you will?
7	MR. GUTHRIE: Had they not extended the house
8	back, I don't believe that there would have been objection
9	to having the garage.
10	CHAIRMAN HILL: Got it.
11	MR. GUTHRIE: But it's like asking for both
12	things.
13	CHAIRMAN HILL: That's okay. I understand. Okay.
14	Anybody else? No.
15	(No response.)
16	CHAIRMAN HILL: All right. Thank you, gentlemen,
17	very much. All right. So, Mr. Sullivan, we're back to you,
18	I guess. Oh, no, I'm sorry. Wow, I forgot. You don't have
19	to worry, I forgot it completely. Does anybody here wish to
20	speak in support?
21	(No response.)
22	CHAIRMAN HILL: Is there anyone here who wishes
23	to speak in opposition? Okay, please come forward. Sure,
24	why not. Come on up. You've been here all day. Okay. Did
25	you all get sworn in I assume? Okay. So if you'd introduce
	I and the second

1	yourselves for the record? Please let's go through that
2	first, if you could just introduce yourselves for the record
3	and give us your address. You need to push the button.
4	MR. OLOWOFOYEKU: Toby Olowofoyeku, 1878 Ontario
5	Place.
6	CHAIRMAN HILL: Give me one second. Could you
7	spell your last name again, sir? Could you say your last
8	name.
9	MR. OLOWOFOYEKU: It's pretty difficult.
10	Olowofoyeku.
11	CHAIRMAN HILL: Your last name?
12	MR. OLOWOFOYEKU: Yes, Olowofoyeku. You want me
13	to spell it?
14	CHAIRMAN HILL: Yes. I think maybe we'll go ahead
15	and have you spell it for the transcriber.
16	MR. OLOWOFOYEKU: O-L-O-W-O-F-O-Y-E-K-U, 20-year
17	resident Lanier Heights.
18	CHAIRMAN HILL: Oh. All right. How do you say
19	it again? How do you say?
20	MR. OLOWOFOYEKU: Olowofoyeku. It means it's
21	got a meaning.
22	CHAIRMAN HILL: Sure, you can tell us.
23	MR. OLOWOFOYEKU: An uncrowned hero.
24	CHAIRMAN HILL: Oh.
25	(Laughter.)

1	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay.
2	(Laughter.)
3	CHAIRMAN HILL: An uncrowned hero, okay. That's
4	great. That's actually one I don't think I can pull off.
5	Okay. Your name, please?
6	MS. PETERS: My name is Ann Peters. I'm at 1836
7	Ontario Place.
8	CHAIRMAN HILL: Great. Peters I can say. Okay.
9	MS. BRYANT: My name is Pat Bryant, and I'm at
10	1888 Ontario Place.
11	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. Sir, what did the name mean
12	again? No, really, what did the name mean again?
13	MR. OLOWOFOYEKU: In Yoruba, uncrowned hero.
14	CHAIRMAN HILL: Uncrowned hero. Okay. All right.
15	So Mr. Uncrowned Hero
16	MR. OLOWOFOYEKU: Yes.
17	CHAIRMAN HILL: you have three minutes, and you
18	can go ahead and give your testimony whenever you like.
19	MR. OLOWOFOYEKU: We residents of Lanier Heights
20	spent many years and it's even in the news we had a big
21	battle over pop-ups and pop-backs. We welcome all new owners
22	to Lanier Heights, but they need to follow the rules. 1834
23	proposed request goes against what the Lanier Heights
24	neighborhood fought for for several years to get our rezoning
25	to RF-1. 1834 pops back at least 10 feet, and if you go and

look at it from the back, it's much higher than everybody else, wants more and more and more all the time. Now they want to take all the space in the -- additional space for the garage. They want to go past the lot coverage by another 10 percent when the rest of us are living with 60 percent. They even want the garage which they are proposing to be 13 feet high. Everybody else, most of us have 10-feet garages.

Yes, it looks like by taking the front porch out, the house will actually look like a four-story house if you look from the basement. It's -- that's not what all of us, including mine -- we actually look more like three-story houses. The basement is hidden from the front.

We should not allow this Applicant to breach all the new -- all the rules that residents, including myself, have fought very hard for for several years. Their special exception is being used to break not just one, more garage, porch, the top. Goodness gracious, why don't you just build over the whole -- I'm sorry to add that -- why don't you just build over the whole lot and then we don't need to look at the face? There seven to eight current in are conversions on my street. Three of them have stop work All of them come to the street and they want to bend They want to go and break -- they're going to the the rules. basement and break everything. Two doors from mine, were breaking into the back, disturbing us on Sunday. They

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1 had to go and get a stop -- luckily DCRA or whoever gave them 2 a stop work order. The owners and the architects know the rules. 3 4 When they were applying for the building permits, that is the 5 time to put in I want so and so garage, not after you 6 pop-back and you are longer than everybody else. 7 want to come add the garage after. It's too late. I mean 8 we don't -- you don't -- don't be greedy. Just stay with 9 your 60 percent, and we'll all be happy. 10 Now the garage demonstrations they have given us 11 are not actually true. They didn't show their own building 12 going further than everybody else. They just showed you they 13 were the same length. Their building is at least 10 feet --14 in fact, from the actual boundary of the old property, it is 15 14 feet back. How much more do you want? I mean I'm one of 16 those who stay at the extreme end, which is the original 17 14-feet of the original end of your house. 18 Now this man, they've already added the 14 feet, 19 maybe 10 feet longer than theirs. That should be enough. 2.0 You have most -- you have enough space in there which you 21 could have used for your garage. It's too late now. It's 22 too late. 23 CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. All right. Thank you, sir. 24 MR. OLOWOFOYEKU: Thank you.

Ma'am?

CHAIRMAN HILL:

MS. PETERS: All right. Thank you. One quick point. We did upload yesterday Exhibit 47. It is comments in opposition from myself, Ann Peters, and my husband, David Alexander. Just want to mention him there as well.

CHAIRMAN HILL: Yes, we got it.

MS. PETERS: And thank you for considering our concerns and our opposition to the special exceptions requested in this application. I do live right next door at 1836 Ontario Place. We have lived there in our home for nearly 20 years.

I will not repeat everything that's in my comments of opposition, but I do want to highlight a number of points and in particular, starting from the back of our house and the opposition to the special exceptions to exceed the lot occupancy maximum and to build a larger than permitted accessory structure in the rear yard.

As has been pointed out before, our new neighbors have already substantially extended the original footprint of the home. Before the new construction, we were four houses in the back all in a row, all of fairly equivalent length in the back as well. They decided to go back beyond their rear walls, I think estimated by 14 feet or so, up three stories given that it's two stories of an extended internal living space and a third rear level with an extensive roof deck with windows facing into our yard on

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those two levels.

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I did want to point out, as my neighbor here has said, when the photos -- if our colleagues over there want to go back to the photos of the rear by the garages, those are photos taken prior to any construction. It does not show the extension of the current construction.

CHAIRMAN HILL: I'm sorry, we --

MS. PETERS: So I just put that there --

CHAIRMAN HILL: -- we do understand.

MS. PETERS: I should also say that in -- related to the petition signed by the neighbors, it was signed. Whatever concerns there are, it does -- with information on there, it was signed by everyone on either side and then two houses over, 1832, 1836, 1830, and 1838.

We also just wanted to point out beyond what we were talking about that there is no special need here, no special exception, and we do need to stick to that 60 percent lot occupancy. In this particular situation, it's even more important given the extension on the back and then pushing in and the light and air flow. And we need that open space within our neighborhood.

Regarding the porch, I do want to say that earlier this afternoon while we were here waiting, a little before 1:00 -- and I did not see this till later -- we were advised that demolition had begun on the porch. The porch has --

while it was in somewhat disrepair when the new neighbors purchased it, it has seriously declined even further under their ownership, which has been a concern for us for quite some time. But we believe that it is an integral part of our neighborhood, the porch-scape; 1834 is actually in the middle of a set of three full porches. The current configuration on that is unusual by any stretch of the imagination. There's nothing else like what they are proposing there, and we firmly believe that it should remain a porch roofline there.

CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. Thanks, Ms. Peters. Ms. Bryant?

MS. BRYANT: I only have a general comment because all the details really have already been expressed, but that is that as a layperson who doesn't necessarily aspire to become an architect or a regulatory affairs person, or a zoning attorney, there is a lot of time that residents are being required to spend to what feels like protect their, you know, their quality of life. And I really don't want to have to go house-by-house and go through this process, and I also have enough of a sense that this is sort of downstream from everything, that it really starts at a different point, DCRA being perhaps the starting point.

But I'm just expressing my sort of lack of comfort with this process. Again, it has felt very adversarial and

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1	that's not where I want to be in life, and I don't think
2	anybody on our street wants to be there. So if there's
3	anything you can do to stop this
4	CHAIRMAN HILL: Yes. That's okay
5	MS. BRYANT: process, I'd appreciate it
6	CHAIRMAN HILL: Yes, I appreciate it. I mean
7	yes, what was I going say. I mean this is the process, and
8	this is how it works, and this is and I think this is
9	about as efficient as it gets, believe it or not. I mean
10	there's you know, everyone gets a voice, everyone gets to
11	do what they do when we're in front of this Board. And we're
12	actually the we're at the end of the line, you know, and
13	it's either, you know, one way or the other.
14	Sir, you can go ahead and make a quick comment if
14 15	Sir, you can go ahead and make a quick comment if you
15	you
15 16	you MR. OLOWOFOYEKU: I will just ask
15 16 17	you MR. OLOWOFOYEKU: I will just ask CHAIRMAN HILL: Sure.
15 16 17 18	you MR. OLOWOFOYEKU: I will just ask CHAIRMAN HILL: Sure. MR. OLOWOFOYEKU: just asking a question. Why
15 16 17 18 19	you MR. OLOWOFOYEKU: I will just ask CHAIRMAN HILL: Sure. MR. OLOWOFOYEKU: just asking a question. Why today is somebody destroying their porch because we're here
15 16 17 18 19 20	you MR. OLOWOFOYEKU: I will just ask CHAIRMAN HILL: Sure. MR. OLOWOFOYEKU: just asking a question. Why today is somebody destroying their porch because we're here discussing about the issues to do with the
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	you MR. OLOWOFOYEKU: I will just ask CHAIRMAN HILL: Sure. MR. OLOWOFOYEKU: just asking a question. Why today is somebody destroying their porch because we're here discussing about the issues to do with the CHAIRMAN HILL: I know. It's okay. I mean if
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	you MR. OLOWOFOYEKU: I will just ask CHAIRMAN HILL: Sure. MR. OLOWOFOYEKU: just asking a question. Why today is somebody destroying their porch because we're here discussing about the issues to do with the CHAIRMAN HILL: I know. It's okay. I mean if I don't if they don't get the ruling, then they'd have to
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	you MR. OLOWOFOYEKU: I will just ask CHAIRMAN HILL: Sure. MR. OLOWOFOYEKU: just asking a question. Why today is somebody destroying their porch because we're here discussing about the issues to do with the CHAIRMAN HILL: I know. It's okay. I mean if I don't if they don't get the ruling, then they'd have to rebuild the porch, so you don't have to worry about it.

1 all very much. Unless, Mr. Sullivan, you have something? 2 MR. SULLIVAN: No, thank you. CHAIRMAN HILL: All right. 3 Okay. So we're back 4 over here. I quess I don't have a lot of questions I 5 Does the Board have any questions they want to ask 6 of the Applicant, final questions? No? 7 Does the Applicant have anything else they'd like to say in closing? 8 9 Just a couple minor points in SULLIVAN: MR. 10 rebuttal. MR. FOTIU: Well, I would just -- I would say that 11 12 part of the reason this has been relatively contentious is 13 that there's some misinformation that was used to convince 14 everyone that there were nefarious reasons why things were 15 done in the sequence they were done or -- but even the 16 conditions requests, for example, of our 17 projects 4 foot 6 beyond the neighboring property. I think 18 we heard 14 feet; we heard 10 feet. It projects 4 foot 6 19 beyond the neighbors. 2.0 The study -- the shadow study, I will admit I did 21 not survey every backyard or property so there are some differences in, you know, reality versus the -- study, but 22 23 what it does show is in really stark -- starkly shows that 24 the difference between a 10-foot garage and a 13-foot garage

is negligible.

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Also, I would say that the ANC posited that

the one house that has its porch removed stands out really like an eyesore, but I would say that, honestly, it's barely noticeable. As an architectural -- as an architect and someone who studies this and does this professionally, I think with the variety of different things that are going on on that block, it's not really that noticeable.

Finally, I would say that there's a lot of statements about that we are exceeding the amounts that we should be, 69 percent, 66 percent. These are all within the special exception amounts, and I know that you, the Board, understands that, but it's just part of the way that it's been used to foment opposition on the street is to claim that we're asking for things we should not be allowed to even ask for. So I'll leave that at that.

And then the last thing I want to say is that OP has stated today almost categorically that they would not -- that they don't approve these kinds of porch alterations, but I believe that you, as a Board, have already seen such cases and have approved porch alteration cases in the past 12 months that that's been in existence. Thank you.

MR. HAITH: I'd like to say just a few, I guess, rebuttal comments. We were so happy to move into this neighborhood. We had no ill intentions and still do not. We had no idea and had we have known, we would have chosen a different street because it's been a hard process. It's

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interesting to hear people talk about time and money. This is my time and my money that I'm spending to be here to do something that was approved by the City. I mean it's interesting that our neighbors can say that their property rights are more important than my property rights when we have clearly shown that there are no real impacts.

The open space and air, you can't come onto our property if we had a fence there so how do you get to enjoy the open space of our parking pad? I just think that it's a bit overblown. We are not developers here, and I understand some of the opposition to what's happened on the street. But this is not we're doing -- this is not a profit margin that's shrinking. It's a shrinking bank account because of this porch issue.

So we want to do what we think is fair and right for the neighborhood. We think that we are adding value and people should be happy compared to what was sitting there for years dilapidated. And we hope that the Board will consider that we just want to be good neighbors going forward. We're going to live here and hopefully be happy. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. Yes, I mean -- and I appreciate, you know, that you guys are going through this and this is a process that is very stressful for everybody. And so, you know -- but one way or the other, this is probably going to end today. So okay -- oh, yeah, just I did

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1	have a question for the Office of Planning real quick again.
2	So as far as, again, the garage, right, like the analysis
3	that you're providing for the garage, the light and the air,
4	I mean it's not that I want you to repeat what you just said,
5	but you didn't have any issue with the garage or the 13 feet
6	height?
7	MS. THOMAS: No. We don't have an issue with the
8	13 feet height because it doesn't exceed the height for
9	accessory structures of 20 feet that's permitted in the area.
10	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. All right, great. So I did
11	this already. Anybody have anything else they want to add?
12	(No response.)
13	CHAIRMAN HILL: All right. Mr. Sullivan, that's
14	it, right?
15	MR. SULLIVAN: Short closing.
16	CHAIRMAN HILL: Oh, sure. Okay.
17	MR. SULLIVAN: I would just like to sum. I think
18	regarding the garage and the accessory structure, it's been
19	shown clearly that we meet the special exception requirements
20	of light and air and privacy and that I haven't heard
21	anything from anybody else disputing that other than just the
22	general dissatisfaction with wanting more than 60 percent or
23	being greedy. We're within the 70 percent and it meets the
24	special exception tests.

Special exceptions are not special circumstances.

Special exceptions are permitted under the zoning regulations if you meet certain requirements, and we meet those requirements. And I don't think I have ever seen a garage like this ever have this much consideration let alone be denied.

Regarding 206, the problem that I have with 206 as a non-design professional is I don't know what to tell people since apparently there are standards but they're not written in the regulations. And we hear them and I try to understand what they are. What I think we have is I think we have an expert architectural designer who has designed this porch and has given exceptional testimony on the whole block and shown that this alteration is a minor alteration that doesn't have a material effect on the character of the neighborhood.

There have been cases in the past and we submitted 12 cases in our prehearing statement. I think my point was that the Office of Planning is changing. There's a case on Gerard Street. It's in Exhibit 30-F. It's the first page of 30-F where a porch was removed, and the Office of Planning supported that, and the BZA approved that. And this was on a street where there were all porches, covered porches. So the standard has changed somewhat, and it's difficult to predict what it is.

If -- in the absence of a written standard, what

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I think, what I thought that the purpose of the architectural
element provisions were to stop the egregious effect of the
pop-up or wiping out the mansard roof to go straight up or
as the architect testified to, you have a row of 25 and you
just drop the porch right in the middle of a row of 25. The
Board has approved special exception relief from 206 many
times, so there is room in there. There's a range and I
think it's somewhere it's not the same range as an
historic district; otherwise, the RF-1 is now the largest
historic district in the City and decisions on that are being
made by non-design professionals for the most part or a
non-design Board, with all due respect to Mr. May, of course,
who is a design professional. And I'm not I don't think
that's what the Zoning Commission intended, to make it
exactly like the historic district. And so I think there's
room in there for reasonable alterations, and I think that's
what the architect was testifying to so.

CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay.

MR. SULLIVAN: One more thing. I would like the Board to, if it was inclined, to rule separately on these areas of relief, to bifurcate the areas of relief and not deny the entire application --

CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. We'll see what happens.

All right. Okay. So the -- yes, as far as the -- as far as your circular argument thing, I mean this is now

two weeks in a row and so I also am trying to figure it out. And I mean I don't know, you know -- and again, back to even the comment that I think I made last week, which is that like I don't think it is -- everything is not crystal clear, right. And so that's where -- you know, that's why we all end up here. You know, if it was then crystal clear, then we wouldn't need this process which wouldn't really be -- it would be okay with me, you know.

(Laughter.)

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CHAIRMAN HILL: So -- because this is not my job.

So -- okay, so thank you very much, going to close the hearing. Is the Board ready to deliberate?

Okay. I'm ready to deliberate. I'm going to start because I'm just going to -- I'm going to start.

So I think that I am in agreement with the Office of Planning. I think that they have made an argument as to why the removal of the porch should be denied. I also am in agreement with the Office of Planning in terms of the garage and that I don't think that -- and I understand the community in terms of what they were saying in terms of the light and air; however, I think that all those homes already have a garage and they're already there and the garages are already there, and that part of what we had gone through before was that the regulations changed so that you could only go back 10 feet matter of right, and they're going back within their

matter of right limits.

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So I do feel a little bit -- even though it's not -- I don't know, I guess it has some influence but it's not within the regulations that there was this process that they went through with getting a permit and they thought that they were going to -- everything was taken care of and so they are moving forward with their project, and then they get the stop work order and they have to change their plan. So I just -empathizing with that aspect of the discussion. However, I'm with the Office of Planning and I would be in approval of the exceptions that the relief that's been granted to allow for the garage but not for the removal of And who wants to go next? Commissioner May I think wants to go next

COMMISSIONER MAY: Yes. So we'll do a little point-counterpoint here. I will agree with the Chairman that the Office of Planning is correct about the porch removal. You know, the arguments that we've heard, that the loss of a single porch is negligible, I disagree with that. That it's hard to find the loss of a single porch costing the integrity of a block, I disagree with that. I think that, you know, the argument having to do with the uniformity of the block and the fact that there are stretches of different houses that are consistent and so creating a little bit of non-conformity within a row when there's a lot of other

variations, I also don't think that applies.

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think the ANC was correct in describing the character of the neighborhood and having these stretches of I mean they typically built four, five, six at a Sometimes things get built, you know, 10 and 12 at a time. Certainly, that happened in one of the examples that time. you cited that's around the corner from me where, you know, the -- half the block was built at one time, and it was all porch-front style house. with the same That's relatively unusual. Actually, what's happening on this block is much more common in my experience.

So, you know, there's no question in my mind that in this circumstance, the porch should not be removed. Now is there room for reasonable alterations? Yes, I think there is, and I think one of the things that was suggested by someone who testified was that, you know, you could remove the porch decking for a portion of that porch to get more light to the entry point for the basement unit or whatever. Things like that happen with some frequency, and I think that's -- you know, that could be an acceptable alteration because it preserves that appearance of the porch from the street and gives you the light and air and access that you would want to have. That's the kind of alteration that I think is permissible in this circumstance.

There have been circumstances where removal of a

porch makes sense, and I have voted in favor of some of those things in the past, but this is not one of those cases. And I agree that there probably is room for greater clarity in the way the Office of Planning interprets this and supports or doesn't support and the guidance that we receive here, and maybe that's something that should be taken up by the Zoning Commission.

With regard -- now this is the counterpoint part. So I disagree with the Office of Planning, and I disagree with the Chairman on this, and I disagree with the Zoning Administrator. I do not believe that the relief that is required in this circumstance amounts to a special exception. I don't care how they have tied these things together. have -- you know, they tie the regulations in knots on a regular basis -- well, not that regular but an occasional basis when -- you know, in trying to get certain projects And sometimes that's with the advice of counsel, approved. sometimes it's, you know, it's other people who manage to make an argument and convince people that this is the way it can be interpreted. This is not one of those cases. The 10-foot height limit and 100 square foot limit for accessory building in a required rear yard was intended to deal with a backyard shed and nothing more. Now if it wound up being 110 feet, okay, maybe there's a reason to grant a special exception for that because you're on an existing, you

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know, foundation or some other reason why that makes sense to do it. But it's not intended to permit garages.

And what went wrong here is -- and whether this was an intentional strategy or not -- what went wrong here is that the Applicant in this case filed their permit to build their extension that went into the rear yard; it was all matter of right because there was no garage and it was perfectly acceptable. It was, you know, within the bounds of the 10 feet, et cetera; you know, all that was fine at the time. But what that does is it means that the required rear yard brings it too close to the garage to have a garage anymore. And that's the way the bed has been made, and I do not see a route out of this short of a variance, and it's not a variance that I would support.

So I think that the Applicant should go back and think about getting one of those roll-up doors to have a protected parking space and build a 100 square foot shed and leave the porch on or build the porch back because that -- you know, they can spend the money from the garage. I mean I think that the arguments that came from the ANC and from the neighbors make a lot of sense, and it is more about the integrity of the zoning regulations than the particular circumstances. It is not about the impacts of that -- of building a garage where there's a garage next to it and a garage next to it here. I mean, you know, there is no garage

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1	in this circumstance. That is rear yard and the only way to
2	violate that rear yard is with a small shed. And that's, you
3	know, that's it from my perspective. So I'm not buying this
4	argument at all.
5	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay.
6	COMMISSIONER MAY: Oh, and I
7	CHAIRMAN HILL: Oh, sorry.
8	COMMISSIONER MAY: I would say that a 13-foot
9	garage is not a problem but in this case, a garage is a
10	problem.
11	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. So I'll remember when
12	Commissioner May is on to speak a little bit more firmly when
13	I'm expressing myself. So who would like to go next?
14	VICE CHAIR HART: Only just a question for
15	Commissioner May. If this were a if a former home or
16	property owner at this property had built this you know,
17	had built the what the Applicants have built, the
18	expansion and then the Applicants bought this and said, you
19	know, we want to put a garage in, you're just saying that
20	they should be going for a variance? I mean is the issue
21	because there that it's
22	COMMISSIONER MAY: I don't know of a
23	VICE CHAIR HART: that it's easier to
24	COMMISSIONER MAY: I don't know of special
25	exception relief that would apply to the reduction of a rear

yard in this circumstance and I mean --

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VICE CHAIR HART: Yes. Maybe then it's a whole but it's --

COMMISSIONER MAY: What's been proposed here I don't believe that special exception doesn't work for me. So yes, I mean I think it would have to be a applies. I mean there have been circumstances where -- and variance. this dates back a few years but people would have to, you know, demolish the garage in order to build the addition, or demolish the addition in order to build a garage. That used to happen. And sometimes people would demolish the addition, build the garage, and then come back for relief so that they can rebuild the addition, you know, because, you know, I mean all sorts of crazy things have happened in the past. are where we are right now. We have new regulations that quide these things and there's -- you know, we tried to make it clear in the zoning regulations that you can build a shed in the required rear yard and that was it. And that's all that fits here. Doesn't work what's proposed.

VICE CHAIR HART: Thank you. I mean when I was first reading through this and now hearing all the testimony that we've gotten -- when I was first reading through it, I was kind of like, oh, it's just a small accessory building, you know, okay. But actually hearing a little bit more of the kind of behind the scene or the this was the intent of

the regulation, it makes me kind of wonder if the -- it makes me wonder if the relief is really, as you said, Mr. May, the -- a variance and not a special exception. I understand that that's what DCRA said. I understand that's what the Office of Planning said, but it does make me, you know, hesitate about being an approval -- being -- supporting the relief for accessory building size restrictions and lot occupancy.

So I guess what I'm saying is that I'm not sure if I can support it myself given some of the conversation that we've had today.

MEMBER JOHN: Mr. Chairman?

CHAIRMAN HILL: Sure.

MEMBER JOHN: So without repeating everything that everyone has said concerning the porch, I agree that the porch should not be removed because as I look at the picture of the three houses together or four houses -- three houses, I think, with a porch, there's a certain -- I'm not an architect, but there seems to be a certain symmetry about those houses and the rest of the block in that area. I don't see a lot of houses that don't have porches. There are some, but I wouldn't say that the majority don't have porches. So for the reasons that OP has stated and for some of the other -- for the reasons stated by my colleagues, I support not removing the porch, and I'm very, very sympathetic to the owners.

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You know, having said all of that, I agree also that the special exception criteria is met only because we're looking at Section 5007, which talks about an accessory structure in an RF-1 zone and the availability of special exception for that structure. And so if we apply the special exception criteria, I don't think there's a basis for -- to deny it as a special exception for some of the reasons that OP has said.

I also agree with Commissioner May that this might be an area that the Commission needs to address in the future to remove some of the confusion about whether, in these cases, we're really looking at a garage. So I see a split -- well, for me, I would prefer a split decision so it's kind of up to Ms. White.

MEMBER WHITE: Boy, I'm afraid to open my mouth on this one. This case is -- this is really a mess, and I am very sympathetic to the property owners. They're coming into this neighborhood, buying this property, you know, that may have been vacant for a number of years. So, you know, I do hope that there can be some positive reinforcement within the neighborhood to kind of get them back on track with the neighbors so that things can be neighborly.

But with that said, I am in agreement, based upon my reading of the regulations and giving weight to the report that was submitted by Ms. Thomas, that I think that there is

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support that the porch has to remain on this particular block
in order to maintain the symmetry of the neighborhood. So
I would be supportive of that. But I do think that there can
be some bifurcated relief with respect to the garage. I see
that you know, just from a special exception perspective,
I don't see that there are any adverse impacts with respect
to allowing the property owners to be able to have a garage
structure in the rear of their property, especially given the
fact that there appears to be a lot of consistent parking
that's provided within that block within that neighborhood.
It seems as though everybody has the option to be able to pop
park in the rear of their properties. So I don't see that
that would have a negative impact on the neighborhood.
So my opinion, based on the application before me,
is that I think they have to maintain the porch, but I do
think that a case has been made for them to have bifurcated
relief in order to have the accessory structure, to be able
to have garage parking.
COMMISSIONER MAY: All right. What can I say?
I mean I understand that it's not that I'm arguing against
the Office of Planning and the Office of Planning is given
great weight in this circumstance, and I don't know what I'm
given on this.

(Laughter.)

COMMISSIONER MAY:

But I -- you know, I do think

that this does go back to the zoning regulations and the way they were written and intended. And so depending -- well, I think that regardless of what happens here, it's an issue that the Office of Planning will need to bring back to the Zoning Commission to clarify because, again, it was very clear to me that the intent of the rules with regard to allowing a structure in a required rear yard, right, not just in a rear yard generally but a required rear yard, that 20 feet that's required in this zone, was limited to a 10-foot tall 100-square foot structure, and it was intended to allow for a shed in a required rear yard and nothing more. not intended to be twisted somehow into a way of gaining relief to build a garage structure where one would otherwise not be allowed for whatever other reasons that might apply to a given property. And in this circumstance, it happens to be the fact that they used up some of that rear yard to build an addition.

And so anyway, I don't think I'm going to win anybody over on this, but I -- this is just the way I see it.

CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. Well, Commissioner May, you are a member of the Zoning Commission and so, you know, the Office of Planning does have to -- I saw a lot of writing down over there that the Office of Planning was doing and so, you know, I'm sure you have a lot more weight than you think. But I think --

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1 COMMISSIONER MAY: Well, maybe with the Office of 2 Planning but with you, I don't know. Hey, are you kidding? 3 CHAIRMAN HILL: Oh, yes. 4 This is -- you're -- you got a -- you're a strong voice. But 5 I still am where I was and with the analysis that we've had 6 and provided here in terms of discussion, so I'll go ahead 7 and make a motion and see where it goes. And I'm going to 8 make a motion that we deny the porch but approve the other 9 special exceptions, and we'll see what happens here. 10 sorry. 11 COMMISSIONER MAY: No. I mean could we handle 12 those two issues separately with separate motions --13 CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. 14 COMMISSIONER MAY: -- because I want to vote with 15 you on the porch removal but I want to vote against you on 16 the garage. 17 Do you want to make the motion CHAIRMAN HILL: 18 then for the porch? 19 All right. COMMISSIONER MAY: Yes, sure. 2.0 I'm trying to find the exact citation here so. me a sec. 21 I would move that the Zoning -- sorry -- the Board of Zoning 22 Adjustment disapprove the requested special exception relief 2.3 where is it let's see, Ε 5203 regarding 24 architectural features, removal of the existing front porch, 25 and ask for a second.

1	VICE CHAIR HART: Second.
2	CHAIRMAN HILL: The motion made and seconded. All
3	those in favor, aye.
4	(Chorus of ayes.)
5	CHAIRMAN HILL: All those opposed?
6	(No opposition voiced.)
7	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. So that motion passed, Mr.
8	Moy.
9	SECRETARY MOY: Very quickly, that would be on the
10	vote of five to zero to zero on the motion of Peter May,
11	seconded by Vice Chair Hart, also in support, Ms. White and
12	Ms. John.
13	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. And I don't remember, how
14	does this work now? So is that a summary order again or is
15	that now a full order? That's a full order?
16	MS. GLAZER: It's a both would be full orders.
17	CHAIRMAN HILL: All right. So that's a full
18	order. Okay. Then I'm going to make a motion to approve
19	Application Number 19771 for pursuant to 11 DCMR Subtitle
20	S, Special Chapter 9 for Special Exception under Subtitle
21	E 5201 from the lot occupancy provisions of Subtitle E 304.1
22	and the accessory building size restrictions of Subtitle E
23	504.4 for an accessory structure, building structure and ask
24	for a second.
25	MEMBER WHITE: Second.

1	CHAIRMAN HILL: The motion made and seconded. All
2	those in favor, aye. Aye.
3	MEMBER WHITE: Aye.
4	MEMBER JOHN: Aye.
5	CHAIRMAN HILL: All those opposed?
6	COMMISSIONER MAY: Oppose.
7	VICE CHAIR HART: Oppose.
8	CHAIRMAN HILL: Mr. Moy? I can tell you if it
9	wasn't loud enough.
10	SECRETARY MOY: Yes. Why don't you do that.
11	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. So I think Ms. John voted
12	in favor, aye; I voted in favor, aye; Ms. White voted in
13	favor, aye.
14	SECRETARY MOY: Okay. So that'd be
15	CHAIRMAN HILL: The architects voted in favor,
16	nay.
17	SECRETARY MOY: I see then. So that would be
18	three to two to zero, and the motion would carry.
19	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. So that's also a full
20	order?
21	SECRETARY MOY: That's correct.
22	CHAIRMAN HILL: All right. So there you go. All
23	right. Thank you all very much.
24	MS. GLAZER: Mr. Chair?
25	CHAIRMAN HILL: Yes, sure.

1	MS. GLAZER: For the part that was approved, we
2	need new plans then. If the Applicant wanted to bifurcate
3	it, I believe he did, and we would need new plans showing
4	that the porch was not removed.
5	MR. SULLIVAN: Yes. We could
6	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay.
7	MR. SULLIVAN: put a plat, I would think,
8	should do it since the porch design is no longer at issue
9	CHAIRMAN HILL: But we can just we have the
10	plans are already there. You're saying that are with the
11	porch?
12	MR. HAITH: When we went to DCRA.
13	CHAIRMAN HILL: You have to speak in the
14	microphone, sorry.
15	MR. HAITH: When we went to DCRA and had the
16	meeting, we bubbled the existing and said porch to remain but
17	they're not
18	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. So actually, can we just
19	get plans? Can we just get plans. Just give us plans of
20	whatever it is that actually is going to be done there, okay?
21	And when can we get those plans?
22	MS. GLAZER: Does the Applicant want a full order
23	on the porch issue, or do you want to just withdraw that part
24	of the application and amend it?
25	MR. FOTIU: I believe what makes sense is to

1	submit drawi	ngs that show the porch remaining and the garage
2	being added	for the purpose of the second motion that you
3	guys voted o	on.
4	(CHAIRMAN HILL: Right. Okay, that's fine. So
5	you're just	going to keep it the way you're not going to
6		
7	ı	MR. FOTIU: Whether that means we're not
8	requesting o	or we're, you know
9	1	MR. SULLIVAN: I don't think we can withdraw
10	1	MR. FOTIU: pulling back the request for the
11		
12	ı	MR. SULLIVAN: after the vote anyway.
13	1	MR. FOTIU: porch.
14	(CHAIRMAN HILL: All right. So that's okay, so
15	just go ahea	ad. Thank you. That's okay. Just go ahead and
16	submit the p	plans for what we approved, and when can we get
17	those?	
18	ľ	MR. FOTIU: Certainly less than a week.
19		CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. All right. So get those
20	in in less t	chan a week, okay.
21	1	No, sir, we're done. I'm sorry.
22	ı	MR. OLOWOFOYEKU: I'm just requesting
23		CHAIRMAN HILL: Wait, wait. I'm sorry, sir.
24	They're just	I can't you can ask them stuff. I can't
25	we just o	closed the hearing so just wait for them. Just
J	I I	

1	give them a second and then you can ask them whatever you're
2	looking for. Okay. So do are we clear?
3	MR. FOTIU: Yes.
4	CHAIRMAN HILL: All right. Okay. Thank you.
5	We're going to take a quick break or yeah, we'll take a
6	quick break and then we'll have our last case.
7	(Whereupon, the above-entitled matter went off the
8	record at 4:57 p.m. and resumed at 5:13 p.m.)
9	CHAIRMAN HILL: All right. Mr. Moy, you can call
10	it when you like.
11	SECRETARY MOY: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. This
12	would be Application Number 19772 of 1729 T Street, TF LLC,
13	captioned and advertised for variances from the closed court
14	requirements of Subtitle F Section 202.1, FAR or rather
15	floor area ratio requirements, Subtitle F Section 302.1, lot
16	occupancy requirements of Subtitle F Section 304.1. This
17	would construct a five-unit apartment house, RA-2 Zone. This
18	is at 1729 T Street N.W., Square 151, Lot 15.
19	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay, great. Thank you. If you
20	could please introduce yourselves from my right to left?
21	MS. RODDY: Hi. My name is Christine Roddy with
22	Goulston & Storrs.
23	MR. LEWIS: Dave Lewis, Goulston & Storrs.
24	MR. TEASS: Will Teass, a principal with
2 5	Tongs/Warron Architocts

MR. FLEISHER: Travis Fleisher. I'm the owner of the subject property.

CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay, great. Well, thanks for hanging out with us here until the end. It's so funny, if I see people out in public, like it's so intense up here, I never remember names, you know, because I have seen all you people -- I've seen you two at least before. So what did that have to do with anything? Nothing. So all right, I wish this was going to be really super fast, but I don't think it's going to. But who's going to present?

MR. LEWIS: I'll start.

CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. So Mr. Lewis, I guess you can just start with your presentation and tell us what it is you're here to get or try to get and why we should give it to you, how you're meeting the standards for us to grant the relief requested. And I'm going to put 15 minutes on the clock just so I kind of know where I am, and you can start whenever you like.

Thank you, Chairman. MR. LEWIS: So we're here requesting variance relief from the closed court FAR and lot occupancy requirements of the RA-2 zone, Mr. as Mov mentioned, for a property located at 1729 T Street. The located in the Strivers' Section is Historic District and the Applicant has previously received concept design approval for the project from the HPRB.

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As mentioned, the Applicant seeks to construct a five-unit multi-family dwelling on the property. The new building will contain units of varying bedroom counts, two 3-bedroom units; one 2-bedroom unit; and two studio units. So we believe we meet the variance test for each of the items of relief requested. Travis will take just a few minutes to talk about his efforts to engage and interact with the community as well as neighbors. We have a few neighbors with us here today. We also come to you with unanimous support And then we'll talk through the project and from the ANC. how it satisfies the standards for variance relief for each item of relief requested.

But before I get into the OP -- I'm sorry -- before I get into their presentation, I just wanted to address the OP report. The OP report is at Exhibit 41. As you read through OP's analysis, it's pretty clear that they believe the application satisfies the variance test for closed court and lot occupancy relief. But OP seems to have some concerns and some suggestions about the requested FAR relief. So I just wanted to give you all our thoughts on that sort of at the outset.

So our view is that the project satisfies the variance test with respect to FAR relief and that the opt-in IZ program is not part -- not a requirement for obtaining FAR relief via the variance standard. We've reviewed OP

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suggestion that we opt-in to the IZprogram, obtain additional FAR that way. The Applicant has studied that approach from a financial perspective and has found it to be unworkable for a couple of reasons. First, as I mentioned, this is a five-unit development. The IZ regulations, by their sort of -- by the standard, do not apply to units that are fewer than -- or do not apply to developments that are fewer than 10 units. There's good reason for that minimum Smaller projects or projects with fewer units threshold. simply cannot afford to cost subsidize the income-restrictive unit and still be economically viable, and that's very much So the Applicant has examined the financial the case here. implications of providing IZ unit in this building. found the project would not work.

The second reason is related to that. If the Applicant were to opt-in to the IZ program, it would sort of be -- it would be in the IZ program for its entirety. And as the IZ regulations are applied to the project, the Applicant would have to set aside 25 percent of the floor area of the project for IZ and -- Will, if you could go to the next slide -- and the reason for that is even though the opt-in program is optional, the proportionality requirements as to the unit that would have to be the income-restricted unit are not optional.

So the IZ regulations proportionality rule affects

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unit sizes with one bedroom or studios. So under Subtitle C Section 1005.1, the proportionality -- I'm sorry -- proportion of IZ units that are studios and one-bedrooms cannot exceed the proportion of market rate units that are studios and one-bedrooms. So if we had one IZ unit and it was a studio or a one-bedroom, it would be 100 percent of the IZ units would be a studio or a one-bedroom.

So the only way to satisfy the proportionality rule is to provide a two-bedroom IZ unit and out of the five IZ -- or out of the five total units in the building, a two-bedroom unit, looking at the numbers on the screen, the two bedrooms are 1300 square feet, we have 5700-something square feet of total residential floor area. That's roughly a quarter of the residential space.

I just want to pause here to note that even though we're not opting into the IZ program, the program or the plan or the unit mix for the building does affirmatively advance District housing policy. One of the key policies in the District is to provide family-sized units and so we have two 3-bedroom units that achieve that threshold. This was something that the ANC was very excited about, frankly, and it's actually expressly called out in the ANC report as a positive feature of the project. So the project does provide affordable -- I'm sorry -- it does provide a beneficial housing component. It just cannot economically support an

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IZ unit. And unfortunately, the IZ program, as it's written, as the regulations are written, there's no flexibility that you all can grant on the proportionality short of a variance.

So fortunately, for the Applicant, our perspective is the IZ opt-in program is entirely optional and, you know, under the variance test set forth in Subtitle X and according to the Board's rules and Subtitle Y, there's no requirement that the Applicant opt-in to a program in order to obtain variance relief. All that matters is the Applicant satisfy the sort of the black and white standard for variance.

I just want to call your attention to one other item in the OP report, and this is -- this kind of goes to OP's analysis of the FAR variance test itself, sort of apart from the IZ program. OP notes in its analysis regarding the property's uniqueness, that the property size and location between contributing buildings does not make it exceptional. look back to our application, you our prehearing statement, our application lists numerous additional reasons that their property is exceptional including it's immediately adjacent to two structures that are both non-conforming with respect to lot occupancy, rear yard, and FAR. There's a need to provide a lightwell given the existing non-conforming lightwell next door. There's an encroaching party wall onto our property. The lot itself is very narrow. There are a number of reasons that we give that are not addressed in the

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	or report.
2	And I would just note that the Court of Appeals
3	has long held that a property may satisfy the uniqueness
4	prong of the variance test by virtue of a confluence of a
5	number of factors that may not be unique in any one
6	particular area. It can achieve that standard or satisfy
7	that standard through uniqueness in a number of different
8	ways.
9	And I think with that, on that point, I will
10	I'll turn things over to Travis to talk about the community
11	outreach part.
12	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. Mr. Lewis, just real quick.
13	MR. LEWIS: Sure, yes.
14	CHAIRMAN HILL: So the I know about the opting
15	into the program to get the increased FAR, but even the
16	increased FAR was just going to be take you to 2.16 and
17	what you guys have is 2.31; is that right?
18	MR. LEWIS: It's
19	CHAIRMAN HILL: Even that wouldn't get you there.
20	MR. LEWIS: Correct.
21	CHAIRMAN HILL: Right. You would still have to
22	make some changes in order to get down to the 2.16?
23	MR. LEWIS: Or ask for a variance for the gap
24	between 2.16 and 2.3.

CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. All right, great. And you

can go ahead and tell us about the community outreach but again, you know, drilling down to -- because I did even -- I got to say I was a little confused about all of the different things that you were pointing out in terms of the confluence of factors --

MR. LEWIS: Sure.

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CHAIRMAN HILL: -- that were getting us to the variance test. So if you could kind of walk through that and then also the design, I just got a little lost. That's all. So you can kind of like --

MR. LEWIS: I think it's probably best for me to defer to the architect on that.

CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. We can hear the community outreach first then.

MR. FLEISHER: Yes. I was going to mention — Will is going to run through the design elements you're discussing, but I wanted to just briefly touch on the community outreach because it kind of informs how we got to where we are today. We made it a point early on to engage with the neighbors both that are going to be directly impacted to the east and the west. And after meeting with them, one of the key takeaways was that that neighborhood to the east, it's a cooperative building; 1725 T Street has a significant lightwell that allows light to flow into a number of their units, and preserving that was one of the most

1	important takeaways from our meetings. So that kind of
2	became the guiding principle for our design which was
3	unanimously approved by the Dupont Circle Conservancy
4	CHAIRMAN HILL: Preserving the lightwell
5	MR. FLEISHER: Preserving the lightwell.
6	CHAIRMAN HILL: which you guys will point out
7	during the presentation.
8	MR. FLEISHER: Which
9	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay.
10	MR. FLEISHER: exactly. So we were unanimously
11	approved by the Dupont Circle Conservancy; the ZBT, which is
12	a subcommittee of the ANC; and twice by the ANC, both for the
13	historic concept and for the zoning relief that we're seeking
14	here today.
15	So I'll let Will just run through the presentation
16	so you guys can get a better sense for it.
17	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. And Mr. Lewis, I forget
18	now. I'm trying to remember. I thought every fourth unit
19	had to be an IZ unit? Is that or I'm mixing some
20	metaphors? So
21	MR. LEWIS: It's in the RF Zone.
22	CHAIRMAN HILL: Oh, okay.
23	MR. LEWIS: We're in the RA-2.
24	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay, there you go. Right.
25	That's right. Okay. Mr. Teass.

MR. TEASS: Thank you very much and I appreciate the opportunity to make this presentation today. One thing I would like to point out, you're not seeing double right now on the screen. There is a case from a few years ago that you're seeing on the right-hand side of this image, which is to the east of the subject property which, in a lot of ways, is a very similar case that was approved by the Board with very similar sets of issues. And we took a lot of our design cues from that design in terms of an approach to historic preservation.

So the subject property we're talking about here today is at 1729. I'll give you a little bit of background. It has, as was previously mentioned, is surrounded on both sides by exceptionally large, exceptionally deep buildings. Those buildings actually create a very much what we call a cave-like effect. The property had been improved with a single-family structure built in 1978. That structure does not contribute to the historic district, and that is part of a separate raze application that has been approved by HPRB. In terms of the context of the street, here you're seeing the exteriors from T Street.

I think the image in the upper right-hand corner speaks to the context of the larger apartment buildings flanking on either side. There are two Wardman buildings to the east, and both of those Wardman buildings, as you can see

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in these previous images, there's a pattern of lightwells. There's actually kind of a pronounced pattern of lightwells up and down this particular block.

So again, you know, one of the emphases that we did from a -- we took from a design perspective was really to match the scale of street. And so while we're permitted to go up to four stories, 50 feet, you know, presumably, HPRB wouldn't let us exercise our full zoning envelope, we did set the top floor back and we did that in a nod to also what's happening on -- at 1719, which is the other building on the block. And I think that this section here represents that setback condition where the street is on the right-hand side and we're showing the unit configurations; two studios in the basement; a studio -- I'm sorry -- a one-bedroom plus den on the ground floor, and then two 2-bedroom plus dens. And I just wanted to clarify one point that was made earlier in we're providing not -- it's not a 3-bedroom unit It's a 2-bedroom unit technically under the building code. It effectively functions as a 3-bedroom but I think I just wanted to raise that point.

As we go around to the rear of the building, I think the image on the right really conveys the exceptional condition of the property in that you have these two very long, very large buildings on either side. The building to the east, which is in the left of that view, is where the

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light court occurs, and you can see a detail here where you're seeing that -- the lightwell, the adjacent property to the east.

The existing site plan, I think, also accentuates the unique conditions. This is really one of the deeper sections of -- one of the lots in this particular square that has the deepest adjacent neighbors.

You know, in terms of building the case for confluence, I think we wanted to just quickly run through The first is the party wall. some of the points. either side of the property, the party wall does come, as a party wall should, encroaches on the subject property. In this case, I think what's important to note is that the party wall, while typically used for structural purposes, in our case, we are not using it for structural purposes. There were some concerns raised by neighbors on either side and so we will be designing a structural wall inside of that party wall. And so, therefore, we find that that's an encroachment that has a contribution to the FAR.

And so in terms of listing those -- the confluence of those factors, what we've done here is just sort of bullet-point them in terms of the party wall representing about .14 FAR. The idea that we would be providing a lightwell has an impact on the -- even though we're not counting that towards FAR, I think the idea is that that is

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	part of the argument in terms of confidence, that by
2	providing that lightwell, we're having to displace FAR
3	elsewhere in the building.
4	Again, we talked about the setback and we have a
5	16-foot setback from the roof edge on the top most level.
6	And then the last thing is because we have the setback in the
7	upper level, we've got an interior stair. There is one typo
8	here in that the internal stair is .05, not .5. So the math
9	here gets us to about .5 which is the basis for our request.
10	I think that, you know, one point that we wanted to make in
11	this presentation is that the fourth floor of our project is
12	about 820 square feet, which translates to about .41. So
13	simply taking the top floor off the building doesn't quite
14	get us down to the required FAR.
15	COMMISSIONER MAY: Can you before you leave
16	that one, you want to explain that again? I mean only one
17	of these seems to actually impact the FAR. Only one of them
18	is an addition to the FAR
19	MR. TEASS: Correct.
20	COMMISSIONER MAY: which is the party wall,
21	right?
22	MR. TEASS: And so I think we're positing the idea
23	of an effective FAR in that because we're providing that
24	lightwell, we're basically pushing mass around the building

envelope or around the building itself. And the same thing

COMMISSIONER MAY: Yes, nice try. Doesn't work.

I mean it's -- if you're talking about and expect something
that's unique about the circumstance that actually affects
the FAR, the only one that actually affects the FAR is the
party wall, right?

goes for the setback and for the internal stair.

MR. TEASS: I would argue that it's both the party wall and these other issues.

COMMISSIONER MAY: All right. I'll take that up again later.

One of the other aspects to our MR. TEASS: proposal today is that we're seeking lot occupancy relief, and so here we're permitted a 60 percent lot occupancy. are -- which translates to a 1200-square-foot footprint. We're asking for 70 percent lot occupancy, and that's really related to the depth of the adjacent properties and we found that it's a reasonable balance of a request and a massing I think it's important to point out of that strategy. additional 10 percent, about a little over half of that is reflected in the building. The other four percent reflected in exterior balconies that are located on the rear of the building.

Just as a point of comparison, the lightwell itself is about 90 square feet or about 4.5 percent of that lot occupancy. We are including that in our lot occupancy

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tabulation because we're occupying it at a lower level.

did -- you know, I think one of questions that came up during our review was the condition the really emphasizing the nature of the cave-like condition at the rear. And so along the bottom here is a study that shows the effect at the -- where you have the existing context in the proposed building being shown and you can see, obviously, that in the morning on the left and the evening on the right where, you know, quite a large portion of the rear facade is in shadow. If you were -- the row across the top is, if you were to take a matter of right scenario, and I will -- you know, I will concede that, you know, HPRB might not have let us have done that, but I think that, you know, what you're seeing is, you know, it going up higher one where you'll end up eliminating the light well, which I think is a negative impact to the neighbor. it further exacerbates that cave-like you know, condition.

I think that, you know, we had done a couple of diagrams that we wanted to just quickly review in that, you know, our matter of right option that would -- we would be able to do and not have to make a trip before the Board would, I think, block the lightwell and thus the impact -- or the access to natural light to the neighbor, I don't' think that's a solution that the neighbors would be very

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1	happy with.
2	COMMISSIONER MAY: Can you go back one slide? One
3	more.
4	MR. TEASS: One more?
5	COMMISSIONER MAY: Right. So I'm sorry, this is
6	supposed to be the matter of right condition but that's a
7	four or five-story building as opposed to a three-story
8	building.
9	MR. TEASS: It's a it would be a four-story
10	building with a cellar.
11	COMMISSIONER MAY: Right. Okay. So this is not
12	really the matter of right?
13	MR. TEASS: Well, I mean it would be
14	COMMISSIONER MAY: It's a matter of right in terms
15	of footprint?
16	MR. TEASS: It would be a zoning envelope matter
17	of right.
18	COMMISSIONER MAY: Except for FAR, it would not
19	be
20	MR. TEASS: No. This would be I mean this
21	would be at 60 percent 1.8 FAR. We would have a smaller
22	footprint.
23	COMMISSIONER MAY: Sixty percent
24	MR. TEASS: Sixty percent lot occupancy
25	COMMISSIONER MAY: lot occupancy for four

	stories:
2	MR. TEASS: Well, we would not I'm sorry, it
3	would be adding 45 percent would be the true lot occupancy
4	because we would take the 1.8 and we'd divide that over the
5	four levels.
6	COMMISSIONER MAY: Right. So this is what
7	you're showing there in the, I guess, the upper pictures is
8	a 45 percent lot occupancy?
9	MR. TEASS: Correct. I'm sorry, yes.
10	COMMISSIONER MAY: Okay. All right. That's what
11	I was trying because when you went to the next one, I
12	thought it was going to be the same. Go to the next slide.
13	And that's showing a 60 percent lot occupancy.
14	MR. TEASS: So this would be a different matter
15	of right option where we only went three stories above grade
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17	COMMISSIONER MAY: Right.
18	MR. TEASS: and I think here the issue we were
19	trying to articulate the impact that it would have on the
20	lightwell of the adjacent property.
21	COMMISSIONER MAY: Right.
22	MR. TEASS: And, you know, I think this is, again,
23	representing a theoretical context where if all the buildings
24	were at 60 percent, no more than 60 percent lot occupancy and

we were all at the same height, you would have what we

1	consider a reasonable degree of access to light and air at
2	the rear of the property, and I think that differs from the
3	actual conditions because of the exceptional nature of the
4	site.
5	I think, you know, getting towards the end of our
6	presentation here, one of the things that we asked ourselves
7	was what did a conforming closed court what did that look
8	like. And I think here represents the what you would have
9	with a conforming closed court and so you end up with an
LO	excessively narrow space. I think the other thing here is
11	that the putting the bedrooms side-by-side at the rear,
12	from an internal configuration perspective, leads to rooms
13	that at nine-foot are fairly challenging to furnish and use
L4	as a bedroom.
15	COMMISSIONER MAY: On this one, you're saying that
L6	your left with 3 feet 4 because it has to be 16 feet 8 based
L7	on the height?
18	MR. TEASS: The height of the court.
L9	COMMISSIONER MAY: What height?
20	MR. TEASS: That would be the 50-foot height.
21	COMMISSIONER MAY: The 50-foot height?
22	MR. TEASS: Correct.
23	COMMISSIONER MAY: But you're showing a
24	three-story plus cellar building there.
25	MR. TEASS: Well, I think here the idea was that
l	I .

2 maximize light and air to that lowest level. I see. 3 COMMISSIONER MAY: And so I think I wanted to conclude 4 MR. TEASS: with just an image of the proposed building here where you're 5 6 seeing 1729, again, on the left and 1719, which had been 7 previously approved, on the right-hand side. I think one of 8 the things that we spent some time working with the community 9 with was the materials and the detailing of the fenestration 10 as it faces the street. We, obviously, went through the HPRB 11 process but we also took cues from the neighborhood in terms 12 of the brick selections and some of the material choices for 13 what is technically an oriel window because it does not go 14 all the way down to the ground. There is a separate entrance 15 for basement units. And at that point, that concludes the presentation 16 17 that I wanted to make this afternoon. 18 MR. LEWIS: Thanks, Will. Happy at this point to 19 take questions recognizing there's probably more conversation 2.0 to be had about FAR and the requested relief. Thank you. 21 CHAIRMAN HILL: Okav. Does the Board have 22 questions? 23 Could you restate what you believe MEMBER WHITE: 24 to be the confluence of factors that allow you to meet the 25 variance criteria --

that court would go all the way down to the cellar level to

Sure -- sure. So I would say there's 1 MR. LEWIS: 2 probably five categories of factors --MEMBER WHITE: -- and how they interrelate to each 3 other? 4 5 MR. LEWIS: Sure -- sure. So I'd say there are 6 probably five categories of factors and just listing them off 7 the top of my head, not in any particular order, I would say 8 the lot area and lot width are unique relative to the width 9 and area of the immediately adjacent lot. 10 The non-conforming nature of the two adjacent 11 buildings, both of them -- both the adjacent two 12 immediately adjacent buildings occupy approximately 90 13 percent or more of their respective lots, have non-conforming 14 FAR, non-conforming rear yard, so the non-conforming nature 15 of the rear -- adjacent lots is probably the second factor. Τ 16 third factor that would list t.he 17 encroaching party wall that is an inherited condition but 18 because of certain circumstances with the neighbors, we can't 19 use for structural -- to benefit the project structurally as 2.0 it was designed. 21 category of limiting factors Another is the 22 presence or the -- by virtue of the fact that we're in a district 23 immediately historic adiacent to two 24 historically-contributing structures, we sort of inherit

those conditions as -- or those two buildings.

MEMBER WHITE: Restate that one again? I'm sorry.

I didn't quite --

MR. LEWIS: Sure -- sure. So we're in a historic district. Both buildings on either side of us, the non -- the two non-conforming buildings, they're also contributing structures to the historic district and those are sort of -- they're effectively permanent. Because they're contributing buildings, they're not going to go away, and they are built to a height that is lower than the zoning envelope allows today. And so effectively, because of the design guidelines that HPRB would impose upon us, we can't build to the full zoning height at the front of this property. We have to be set back as shown.

So I think that's the full roster of factors that make the property unique, but they do kind of work together. They interact with each other in a way that creates the that creates the practical difficulty hardship or in complying with the zoning regulations. And just as a for instance, given the width and the overall size of the lot, we're very limited in terms of site configuration. There's essentially only one layout on the lot that works. Likewise, the party wall and the adjacent structures' non-conforming features really inform the interior layouts of our building in a way that occasionally we do efficiencies. And the example there is -- if you could, Will, pull up just to kind

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site plan of what we're proposing; that's a good one
so if you see the building on the screen to the right, the
existing non-conforming Wardman building has an existing
lightwell that we're trying to match. That lightwell is
itself non-conforming, a non-conforming closed court. We're
trying to match it not only in terms of size but also in
terms of the location sort of in a north-south orientation
to maximize the benefit to both property owners from that
lightwell. It wouldn't make sense for us to, say, partially
occlude that lightwell. So by inheriting that condition,
which we feel is a unique condition, it imposes some hardship
in terms of the interior efficiencies of how the units are
laid out. And I would say sort of the general thrust of all
these unique factors is to really limit the amount of light
that penetrates into this property. And all the design
gestures are intended to remedy that condition.

You know, one thing that we're doing is going to a fourth story because at the rear, that would sort of pop up above our neighbors. Whereas our neighbors pop back behind us to access light, we sort of pop up above them a little bit. So I hope that addresses your question.

MEMBER JOHN: Mr. Chairman, I have a question. In the matter of right option, what happens to the lightwell? So if you were to block the lightwell -- okay.

MR. LEWIS: It greatly diminishes its benefit.

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I mean it certainly eliminates the benefit of the lightwell effectively for our property but it greatly diminishes its value for our neighbors.

MEMBER JOHN: Right.

MR. LEWIS: And I think, you know, Travis's kind of starting point in designing this property before, I think -- or as Will was first putting pen to paper was how do we, you know, effectively be good neighbors in this very tight urban condition. A big part of that was, I think, the historic context but, you know, our neighbors live there. They have been there for a long time. Protecting their access to light was a key component of -- a key design driver.

MEMBER JOHN: I get that but if it's bumping against, you know, your FAR ratio, then -- FAR ratio, then you might -- you know, that might be something to consider. Now could you also get light if you were to put in a sunroof at the top; would you -- is it a sunroof -- skylight? It's not a car -- skylight.

MR. LEWIS: That would benefit, really, only the top story. The benefit of the lightwell is that it goes all the way, I believe all the way to the ground or all the way to top of the first floor. So it's -- instead of a skylight benefitting only the top story, the lightwell brings light

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1	MEMBER JOHN: All the way down?
2	MR. LEWIS: All the way through the building which
3	is what the existing condition next door has, too. So it's
4	not just the top floor unit that's benefitting next door and
5	our design. It's the units, you know, from the top down.
6	MEMBER JOHN: Okay.
7	CHAIRMAN HILL: Anyone else?
8	(No response.)
9	CHAIRMAN HILL: All right, quick question. If you
10	didn't get the FAR relief, then what would you do? If you
11	got everything else, you'd keep the lightwell, you'd lose the
12	roof you were I'm sorry, you said you would lose the top
13	floor?
14	MR. TEASS: The top floor, I think, represents .41
15	FAR so we would still have to
16	CHAIRMAN HILL: Where do see the .41?
17	MR. LEWIS: Sorry, down here at the bottom
18	CHAIRMAN HILL: All right. I got you.
19	MR. TEASS: So we would have to, you know, come
20	up with an additional .09 removal of space removal of area
21	from the building. That would be one approach. I think that
22	probably would require some study is my guess.
23	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. I mean I guess what I'm
24	just and maybe I'm I'll wait for the Office of
25	Planning. I'm just trying to see how you got to the 2.31
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with your design, meaning, you know, how come you didn't go back farther? I mean how come -- you know, how are you getting -- why did you stop from going back even farther than that?

MR. LEWIS: I think there was a couple reasons for that. One, it felt like an amount of FAR that we could justify based on the hardship. We're trying not to -- we could ask for more but we're kind of asking for an amount that feels appropriate to make these units habitable, to have an appropriate amount of light without being sort of as grabby as the existing buildings are next door. I think it was kind of a reasonableness amount -- reasonable aspect of it. Another sort of factor was the project that Will mentioned at 1719 T Street received a variance to go to 2.3 and so we sort of saw that as the Board having blessed that amount as like -- as a reasonable amount of FAR.

CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. Mr. Lewis, I appreciate the real answer. That's nice. And I'm saying that because I didn't get the real answer with somebody else last week.

Okay. Can we go to the Office of Planning?

MS. FOTHERGILL: Good evening. I'm Anne Fothergill with the Office of Planning, and as the Applicant mentioned, the Office of Planning did find that the proposal -- well, let me start with the Office of Planning did not find that it met the variance test for FAR relief and, in

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fact, the zoning regulations were recently changed for the new provision that allows for a property in this zone to gain bonus density by opting into the inclusionary zoning program. And in this case, it would be 20 percent of FAR, and so that is what the Office of Planning encourages the Applicant to do and feels strongly that that provision is there to allow for bonus density in this zone, because it is very hard to make a variance case for FAR relief, and this is a way to gain bonus density.

So the Office of Planning does not support the variance relief that they have requested and instead encourages the opt-in to IZ route. And we did discuss the other variance relief that was requested and we can go through that, but that was the -- we can go through that if you want, the other two requests or I can stand on the record.

CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. Does the Board have questions for the Office of Planning? Ms. White?

MEMBER WHITE: Just a quick question before I turn it over to the expert here. What was your recommendation with respect to the getting them to the point where they could comply with the FAR?

MS. FOTHERGILL: Well, our recommendation was that there is this new provision that did not exist when the neighboring property that has been referred to that received

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Board relief, that provision didn't exist then so we couldn't
steer that Applicant to that route. In this specific case,
that provision exists to provide a property owner the
opportunity to gain bonus density and we encouraged them to
pursue that route. It may not get them to the 2.31 that they
are proposing and then, you know, that would be a different
discussion if they took the 20 percent and then what happens
after that.
CHAIRMAN HILL: So then just real quick before Mr.
May, just so you haven't done the analysis to where if
they did get the 2.16, you would still be in denial of
getting them the 2.31?
MS. FOTHERGILL: No. We have not done that
analysis.
CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. Mr. May?
COMMISSIONER MAY: Yes. So in your report, it
says that for the property a few doors down, that initially,
OP did not support the FAR relief but eventually decided to
support it. Can you explain what the rationale was for
supporting it then?
MS. FOTHERGILL: I'm not sure I can. I was not
the case manager but I know that it I believe it had a
continued hearing and changes were made in response to the
discussion with the Board and I don't know exactly. It was

-- it also was a different case in the sense that it was

in-fill construction. It was a vacant lot and there may have been factors related to that.

Yes. COMMISSIONER MAY: Okay. It might be helpful to understand that because of the problems that are -- the complications that the Applicant is citing with regard to opting into IZ which points out another thing that we probably should look at at the Zoning Commission, because the whole -- I mean that was one of the reasons why we created that provision was to give some ability to get a little bit And if there are other provisions that sort of more FAR. really difficult, like having to convert two-bedroom unit into the -- I mean a bigger unit into the IZ unit so that 25 percent of the project is -- as opposed to 10 percent, would be IZ. I mean that's -- it's not going to be a very popular thing to opt into. So anyway, thanks.

MEMBER JOHN: One more question, Mr. -- I am preoccupied by this what lightwell. So on slide 9 -- so where is the lightwell on this picture?

MR. TEASS: So this is when you're standing at the alleyway looking at the rear of the subject property, you can see a corner of the lightwell here on the adjacent property. You see there's a chimney and then a chimney -- a chimney in the foreground, a chimney in the background, and then there's a lightwell here. You can see that in a little bit more detail right here so you've got, again, the two chimneys that

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1 frame the view and then you've got the lightwell on the 2 adjacent property to the east. MR. LEWIS: I think you can even see the window 3 in that picture. 4 5 And the window you're seeing MR. TEASS: Yes. 6 here is actually the window into one of the top units of the 7 adjacent property to the east. 8 MEMBER JOHN: Excuse me. And there was a slide 9 that showed all of the lightwells on that little block. 10 you go back to that one? 11 MR. TEASS: I think you can see it easiest in the 12 So the subject property is here. aerial view here. This is 13 the lightwell in question. There's a symmetrical lightwell 14 pairing here. There's another lightwell with a feature of symmetrical pairing for the project at 1719. 15 You can see a 16 lightwell further to the east, and if you move further to the 17 west, is this pattern large buildings there of and 18 lightwells. And then, you know, maybe a third of the way down the block, it transitions to a more sort of rowhouse 19 2.0 fabric. 21 All right. And I think the point MEMBER JOHN: 22 I was trying to make was that not all of these buildings that 23 create the tunnel-like atmosphere have lightwells. 24 So I don't know how much that would get you but they don't.

don't all have lightwells.

I think the difference between those MR. LEWIS: buildings and ours -- Will, if you could go to the shadow study, the second shadow study page? One more. Yes. you look, this is just kind of conceptual but the upper left and the upper right diagrams kind of speak to what you're When all the buildings extend to the same rear saying. distance, then they all have access to the light on that facade. We can't go back that far because of the lot. occupancy limitation, and so we can never really access that quality light at the rear of the building in a way that the non-conforming neighbors that extend all the way to the property line or nearly all the way to the property line can.

MEMBER JOHN: Thank you.

VICE CHAIR HART: Can you -- I know that you described -- and anybody can answer this; I'm not really sure who's the right person to respond to it -- but the number of bedrooms per unit, that was a decision that you made because you wanted to. I know you said that the community wanted -- the community was supportive of you having multiple bedroom units, but if you had one-bedroom units, are we talking about the need for the additional FAR? I mean it -- I understand that -- I don't know -- I just -- I just think that -- I was just wondering if there was a way that you -- that the number of bedrooms were also contributing to some of this as well.

MR. LEWIS: I mean maybe this is really for Will

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to answer. I think there was discussion about efficiency in terms of internal stairwells and that sort of thing that goes to that point.

I think that, you know, one thing to MR. TEASS: think about is, you know, in a building that we're showing here in the upper row is that if you had a pure matter of right development, even within the existing not only the zoning envelope but within the HPRB envelope, the fact is we do have a building to the left. And I want to call your attention to the -- I'm sorry to the west here. That's a four-story building that actually has a full cellar in it, and I think that it's not inconceivable that we could have gone to HPRB with a four-story building at 45 percent lot occupancy that had five units and each of those units would be a one-bedroom unit. And I think that that's something that is a pattern of development that other folks have done, and I think that that's something that we did not want to do And I think that was something that -- the ANC, one here. of the reasons I think they supported this was because of the configuration that we adopted here, is that we had both a diversity in terms of the unit types, but we also made provisions for larger units with larger bedroom counts, which has been a recurrent theme in that ANC in order to really balance the different types of families that live in the neighborhood.

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1	VICE CHAIR HART: So you're laying it on not
2	laying it. You're saying that it's because having to provide
3	internal stairs that connect one floor to the other, that
4	that is throwing your FAR calculations into the variance?
5	MR. TEASS: Correct. So I think that, you know,
6	our what we I would classify the upper levels as
7	triplex units where you have sort of a living level, you
8	know, one sleeping level and a sleeping level above that, and
9	we have one that faces the street and one that faces the
10	rear. And so I think part of that, there's an inefficiency
11	that David spoke to earlier that, you know, in order you
12	know, that the stairs, you're creating vertical circulation.
13	I think we tried to address this in one of the previous
14	slides as well, but there's an inefficiency in terms
15	vertically stacking those units that on one side provides
16	more bedrooms and more you know, a larger unit and larger
17	bedroom count that can facilitate larger families, but it
18	comes at the cost of having additional stairs within the unit
19	which then has an impact on the efficiency if that makes
20	sense.
21	VICE CHAIR HART: No, I understand that. I am
22	still thinking that it's also a choice that you made.
23	MR. TEASS: Yes. I would
24	VICE CHAIR HART: I mean as opposed to that you
25	are being forced to do that, so not forced but you are

being -- you know, you are kind of required to do that, there's nothing in the zoning regs of that -- you were just saying that your preference is that -- you as the -- representing the Applicant, your preference is to have the various types of building -- of units that you're proposing?

LEWIS: It's definitely a design choice. There are policy, slash, community reasons behind it. of it goes to the variance test, as well. There are these conditions inherent in the property. You know, Will compared our property to the four-story building immediately next door which extends 95 percent -- it covers 95 percent of the lot, and so it just has -- it has a much -- when it was designed or constructed had a much wider range of development choices We are -- the site is inherently constrained than we have. in ways that pushed us to make the design decisions we made. But you're right in terms of the bedroom count; it is a design decision but it's a design decision that comes out of the uniqueness of these multiple factors.

And I guess I would sort of point to the variance test again as, you know, we have a practical difficulty in complying with the regulations. It's not an impossibility but the impractical difficulty standard, you know, if you look at the case law, the term that is often used to describe what practical difficulty really means is undue burden. And we feel that given the context here, given the surrounding

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1	buildings, given the size of the lot, the zoning regulations
2	impose an undue burden in terms of some of the design choices
3	that we'd have to make in sort of the "but for" scenarios
4	that you're positing.
5	VICE CHAIR HART: Thank you.
6	CHAIRMAN HILL: Can you take me back to the slide
7	that talks about why the IZ thing is difficult again, the
8	numbers. It's been a long day.
9	MR. LEWIS: Sure.
10	CHAIRMAN HILL: And so
11	MR. LEWIS: Sure, yes.
12	CHAIRMAN HILL: like really, I thought I
13	understood it and then I know Mr. May's getting it but like
14	can you explain this to me again, like
15	MR. LEWIS: Sure sure.
16	CHAIRMAN HILL: Go ahead.
17	MR. LEWIS: So the IZ rules, we can opt into the
18	IZ program
19	CHAIRMAN HILL: Yes.
20	MR. LEWIS: But once we're in, we have to follow
21	all the rules in the IZ program.
22	CHAIRMAN HILL: Yes.
23	MR. LEWIS: And one of those rules deals with the
24	proportion of the unit types. So it's the IZ rules
25	specifically call out that studios and the policy
ı	I and the state of

1	rationale here is that the Zoning Commission didn't want to
2	encourage people to provide only one bedroom or only studio
3	IZ units. They want to provide a mix effectively. In a much
4	larger building that's easier to accomplish in a five-unit
5	building, that's a very difficult task just because of the
6	absolute number of units, so few absolute. So the
7	proportionality rule is complex, I will grant you that but
8	basically, the proportion of studios and one-bedrooms cannot
9	exceed IZ units cannot exceed the proportion of studio and
10	one-bedroom market rate units.
11	So if we provide a studio or one-bedroom IZ unit,
12	100 percent of the IZ units are studios and one-bedrooms and
13	whatever the number is here, only 75 percent of the studios
14	and one-bedrooms are market rate units. So the 100 percent
15	is greater than the 75 percent; therefore, it violates the
16	proportionality rule in the IZ regs. I realize this is like
17	absurd math a little bit but it's because
18	CHAIRMAN HILL: No, no, no. It's just
19	MR. LEWIS: of the unit counts
20	CHAIRMAN HILL: it's just because it's 6:00 and
21	I have been doing this since 9:00
22	MR. LEWIS: Sure.
23	CHAIRMAN HILL: 9:30 so in order to meet the
24	requirements and I can't read the little red box there
25	that well, but so in order to meet the requirements, you

1	have to provide one of the two-bedroom units as an IZ unit?
2	MR. LEWIS: Assuming we're going to provide one
3	IZ unit. I mean I guess if we provided more than one, it's
4	a different but assuming we're going to provide one IZ
5	unit, it cannot be a one-bedroom or a studio. It has to be
6	a two-bedroom. And the mismatch, the
7	CHAIRMAN HILL: And you have one 2-bed you only
8	have one 2-bedroom unit?
9	MR. LEWIS: We have two 2-bedrooms. I mean
10	they're effectively 3-bedrooms but for IZ purposes, they're
11	2-bedrooms because dens don't count.
12	CHAIRMAN HILL: So you'd have to give one you'd
13	have to turn over one of those IZ units I'm sorry one
14	of the 2-bedroom units to IZ?
15	MR. LEWIS: And the mismatch there is that by
16	opting into the IZ program, the amount of floor area that
17	we'd have to reserve to IZ is only something like 600 square
18	feet. But because of the sort of demising configuration and
19	because of this proportionality rule, essentially a quarter
20	of the building goes to the IZ program. I think the opt-in
21	program is a very good idea and there are many places in the
22	District where it can work. Christine and I were talking
23	about this just a few minutes ago. But this just a
24	five-unit building is not one of those places.
25	MEMBER JOHN: So following up on that, if this

1	were in the RF-1 Zone and you had to make the fourth unit an
2	IZ unit, where would you put that unit? How would you
3	MR. LEWIS: I mean, that's a
4	MEMBER JOHN: I'm just you know, it seems
5	MR. LEWIS: yes, that's a completely different
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7	MEMBER JOHN: it seems kind of odd to me that
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9	MR. LEWIS: It's a completely different context
10	and
11	MEMBER JOHN: I know but I'm just curious to know
12	how that would work.
13	MR. LEWIS: And we've talked about it and our
14	thinking is that the market just won't provide those if
15	that's just an opt-in program, it's unlikely to that
16	people are very unlikely to opt into.
17	MS. RODDY: I would also, this is Christine
18	Roddy. I would just add in that RF-1 Zone is it permits
19	flats whereas we're in the RA Zone which is apartment
20	building. So I don't think that's really an apples to apples
21	comparison just because the uses are different, and five
22	units is a permitted use in the Zone.
23	MEMBER JOHN: I get all of that. I was just
24	wondering from a design perspective and in terms of economy,
25	because you're going to be renting it for the same amount of

	money if it were in the RF-1 Zone, you wouldn't I mean you
2	wouldn't the units wouldn't cost more. I just wanted to
3	know from a design perspective, if this were in the RF-1
4	Zone, could the IZ unit be accommodated? That's all.
5	MR. FLEISHER: So this is a 2000-square-foot lot.
6	In the RF-1 Zone, by right, we'd only be allowed to do two
7	units. So in order to get to that fourth, we would already
8	have to get a special exemption or have a larger lot size.
9	So just the dimensions that we would be working with on that
10	lot would just be totally different than what we're working
11	with given the FAR and the lot size and everything like that.
12	So the design challenge wouldn't be apples to apples, if that
13	makes sense.
14	MEMBER WHITE: One quick did the ANC push at
15	all or ask or inquire about including an IZ unit at all
16	during this process?
17	MR. FLEISHER: It was never brought up at the ANC.
18	They were they strongly supported the project as we
19	presented it.
20	MEMBER WHITE: Okay.
21	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. Zoning Commission? Yes.
22	COMMISSIONER MAY: I don't have any other
23	questions.
24	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. All right.
25	COMMISSIONER MAY: I'm ready to move.
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1	CHAIRMAN HILL: All right. So I'm still just
2	thinking here. Is anybody here from the ANC?
3	(No response.)
4	CHAIRMAN HILL: Is there anybody here wishing to
5	speak in support? Is there anybody here okay, you're
6	welcome to come forward. Well, let me first does anyone
7	here wish to speak in opposition?
8	FEMALE SPEAKER: Nobody.
9	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. You can come on forward.
10	We'll figure out whether your in support or opposition or
11	(Off-mic comments.)
12	CHAIRMAN HILL: That's okay. Were you sworn in?
13	MS. KEDEM: Yes, this morning.
14	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. Oh, good for you.
15	(Off-mic comments.)
16	CHAIRMAN HILL: You have to speak into the
17	microphone. I'm sorry. You have to introduce yourself and
18	then
19	MS. KEDEM: Yes.
20	CHAIRMAN HILL: even your comments, we have to
21	get on the record.
22	MS. KEDEM: Sure. My name is Calanit Kedem.
23	Should I spell that for you?
24	CHAIRMAN HILL: Say it again, I'm sorry.
25	MS. KEDEM: Calanit, C-A-L-A-N-I-T, and the last

1	name is Kedem, K-E-D-E-M.
2	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. So Ms. Kedem, who are you
3	with or who are you?
4	MS. KEDEM: I am the President of the 1725 T
5	Street Co-op Association, so I'm the building adjacent on the
6	east side.
7	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. Are you speaking on behalf
8	of the Association?
9	MS. KEDEM: On behalf of my personally and on
10	behalf of the Association, yes.
11	CHAIRMAN HILL: All right. So you'll get five
12	minutes as a member of an association and to speak, and
13	the clock well, I've missed the timer but it's kind of
14	moving there.
15	MS. KEDEM: Okay, sure.
16	CHAIRMAN HILL: So you just kind of to see, you
17	know, how much time five minutes goes. And you can present
18	your testimony whenever you like.
19	MS. KEDEM: Yes. In fact, if could I just get
20	my phone?
21	CHAIRMAN HILL: Sure, of course.
22	MS. KEDEM: Thank you. I'm so sorry.
23	CHAIRMAN HILL: That's all right. You're okay.
24	MS. KEDEM: So I just had a document in here that
25	T wanted to

CHAIRMAN HILL: Sure.

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MS. KEDEM: -- to look at. In any event, I -- before I begin, I sense -- well, let me just preface my remarks by saying that I have lived in my building since 1996, so many, many years. I was much younger back then.

CHAIRMAN HILL: We all were.

MS. KEDEM: All of my neighbors have been there for a very long time. The last one moved in 2004 so she's been there 14 years. So we're all long-term residents of the street, the building, the neighborhood. We care about our quality of life. We care about the streetscape and we care about our quality of life in the building. We're not going anywhere. We're not transient and so this is, you know, a very big issue to us.

So little card didn't really the have an appropriate box for me. I would have checked "other." sense opposition from Ms. John to the lightwell. We would implore you not to oppose the lightwell because that was one of our biggest concerns is that the neighbors, my neighbors on the west side of our building had a lot of light because that structure that's there now is very -- it's a very small structure, so they have a lot of light.

This, you know, project is going to limit the amount of light and even a lightwell doesn't really address the issue adequately but without the lightwell, our living

conditions are going to be greatly diminished. I mean, you know, light is a very important thing in a densely populated area and hard to come by.

So, you know, although I'm -- I have to say -- and I've talked to Travis a lot; he's been very forthcoming and we've met with him several times. I appreciate his openness and willingness to work with us, so we're very grateful for that. The design is not something I would have chosen but it's adequate.

But what we are concerned about, there are several issues; the light we thought was addressed but we hope -- the process here, it's a bit of a -- it's kind of opaque. I've never done this before. But if you opposed the lightwell, please do not oppose it.

The other issue is noise and soundproofing. They're using a party wall and we were told that we would get information on the insulation they were intending to use so that we could consult with other -- with professionals to see if it's adequate, because Mr. Fleisher said that we -- you he assured us that we would use mutually know, we -acceptable soundproofing materials and not necessarily the minimum that the code requires but something that actually works because, obviously, noise, you know, is not, I think, for either property is not really a good thing to have. right now there are no neighbors, you know, on that side,

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really, to affect noise.

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Another issue that we are concerned about runoff during construction -- or not run -- I mean the dust and all that sort of thing during construction. We want to have an agreement -- and just one second, please? I have my remarks right here. Yes, mitigation of dust runoff and noise during construction, we need to have an agreement on that. And also, Mr. Fleisher had told us that -- or represented that we -- and our letter, I think, is in your packet; it's that we'd enter into a construction dated May 9th agreement that addresses -- well, we thought light was addressed but to address the noise issue, the dust runoff and during construction before noise and other matters construction begins.

So my concern is that -- and this is why I kind of didn't know if I'm for or against -- I'm generally for the project but we would like to have all of these matters ironed out before construction begins. And we think that this is premature to approve this project without us having, as neighbors, an understanding of what's going to happen exactly and not just, you know, these -- so we're -- but that's our concern, that we don't know what they're intending. And we're afraid that if -- that unless we have, you know, assurances today that matters of concern will be taken care of before construction, we're concerned that we might not get

1	their cooperation later, if you see my point.
2	CHAIRMAN HILL: Sure.
3	MS. KEDEM: So that's it.
4	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. Great. Well, thank you.
5	What's the name of your association again?
6	MS. KEDEM: It's the 1725 T Street Co-op
7	Association.
8	CHAIRMAN HILL: 1725 T Street Co-op, okay.
9	MS. KEDEM: Yes, quite simple.
10	CHAIRMAN HILL: And you're
11	MS. KEDEM: I'm the President of the Co-op
12	currently.
13	CHAIRMAN HILL: You're the President of the Co-op
14	and you've been there since '96?
15	MS. KEDEM: Ninety-six.
16	CHAIRMAN HILL: Ninety-six.
17	MS. KEDEM: Twenty-two years, yes.
18	CHAIRMAN HILL: I know. It's amazing, the time
19	flies.
20	MS. KEDEM: It does.
21	CHAIRMAN HILL: All right. Great. Thank you.
22	Does anybody have any questions for Ms. Kedem?
23	(No response.)
24	CHAIRMAN HILL: No?
25	(No response.)

1	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. Great. Thank you. Let's
2	see, so back to just did someone oh, someone else wanted
3	to speak in support or opposition or okay, you can go
4	ahead and that's okay, you can sit down. And we need to
5	get another we need to have another box on our card I
6	guess. So if you could please introduce yourself again and
7	give your address?
8	MS. RANSOM: My name's Elizabeth Ransom and I'm
9	the representing the owners of the condominiums at 1731
LO	T Street. We're on the west of the 1729 project.
11	CHAIRMAN HILL: The other side.
12	MS. RANSOM: The other side.
13	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. How do you spell your last
L4	name?
15	MS. RANSOM: It's Ransom, like kidnap money.
L6	CHAIRMAN HILL: I appreciate that. It's late in
L7	the day. Okay.
18	MS. RANSOM: My parents are both diplomats by the
19	way, ambassadors, in case it counts.
20	CHAIRMAN HILL: Oh, wow.
21	MS. RANSOM: I'm just kidding.
22	CHAIRMAN HILL: Goodness. We had the ambassador
23	here earlier from the
24	MS. RANSOM: Yes.
25	CHAIRMAN HILL: United Nations or something.
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MS. RANSOM: Our building was designed in --

CHAIRMAN HILL: Just you're going to get five minutes as well because you're representing an association. You can start whenever you like.

MS. RANSOM: Okay. Great. Our building was designed in 1902. It's a contributing structure in the Historic Strivers' District. I have lived in the building for over 16 years and in DC for most of my life. First of all, I want to thank the Board, the BZA Board. It's great to see democracy in action and I really appreciate all the careful consideration you've given to all these cases. We're case eight and you're still listening and I appreciate that.

The owners of 1731 T Street are in support of this development at 1729 T Street, and we wrote a letter of support in favor the project. The developer decided against submitting it to the case record but I have submitted it along with a letter from a structural engineer who's outlining some concerns that we have. So I want to review our support and also our concerns.

So I really appreciate, like Calanit Keden said, the engagement from the developer and his architect. We've spoken with them before. They've come -- they've followed up with us. We also appreciate the development of a property that has been, for about a decade, kind of a blighted property, so this is wonderful. The developer sent the plans

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to us, presented at ANC and Conservancy meetings. condo with the owners. They've been open to taking questions. On June 3rd, they even came down to our basement to witness the flooding that we're having that is one of the concerns that I'm going to mention and also went into the backyard, and we showed them the things that we're worried They have begun following up on the concerns we about. They installed a tarp along the wall and they -this morning, they began taking out the deck.

There are several concerns which remain which I'd like to review. Our concerns are three-fold. There's a long-time lack of maintenance of their side of the party wall. Obviously, this predates them. There's improper drainage in their backyard including a poorly-attached roof drain pipe and possible blockage in the drain that we discussed.

The yard is also graded towards our building so water keeps -- every time it rains, all this rain we've had, water is flooding into our basement. It's -- as we showed them on June 3rd where we had standing water in the basement, it's running into our storage units. We put flood barriers and that sort of thing from Home Depot, but I don't know how much longer we can keep it up. And it's our basement and the lower level of Unit 1. We're also concerned that mold might be developing at this point. In the lower-level unit, we've

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had to start renting industrial strength dehumidifiers to keep the humidity down.

So these concerns aren't new. The predate this owner. DCRA was actually very helpful to us in enforcing the DC regulations with the previous owner, getting that owner to take a few steps including taking out the old hot tub that was broken and a few other little things, so there is significant documentation of it.

We've also raised in several committee meetings that we're concerned about the demolition process making sure our historic structure is preserved. And we're concerned about how fragile our wall is given all the water We understand the developers will be assessing intrusion. the current state. Their structural engineer will monitoring over time. want to make sure that We iust precautions are taken to ensure our historic building is safeguarded during the process.

So the bottom line is before you approve the process, we just want the developers to take the necessary steps to ensure that their portion of the party wall does not allow leaks into our condominium building. And we want assurances that repairs to the party will address further water intrusion over the long-term, and we'd like assurances that the demolition and construction won't adversely affect our building. And other than that, we're in support.

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1 CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. Great. Let's see, the --2 yes, sure. 3 May I -- and I echo what Ms. Ransom MS. KEDEM: 4 said about -- and clearly, we wouldn't want the demolition 5 or construction to affect our building either, so that goes 6 without saying --7 CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. 8 -- and I thought for the record --9 Okay. I mean, Mr. Lewis, I don't CHAIRMAN HILL: 10 know where we're going to get from this, but it sounds like, 11 you know, if you guys had like a construction management 12 agreement or something like that with the two next door 13 neighbors, that's something that we might want to see. Ι 14 don't know what's going -- we can talk about it again later. 15 Just give me a second. And so -- and then, you know, it 16 sounds as though, you know, you're fortunate they're not here 17 So just if you can allay their concerns in opposing you. 18 some fashion, that be great. 19 Does anybody have any questions for the 2.0 witnesses? 21 (No response.) 22 CHAIRMAN HILL: No? Okay. All right. 23 So back to this -- so can you throw that thing up with 24 all the numbers again. You guys can sit -- you guys can go 25 back. Thank you.

1	(Off mic comments.)
2	CHAIRMAN HILL: No, no. The one with the IZ.
3	Yes, the IZ slide with the numbers. So Ms. Fothergill, just
4	as far as the Office of Planning, I mean do you understand
5	all this and do you agree with their argument? You don't
6	agree with their argument?
7	MS. FOTHERGILL: The proportionality rule
8	CHAIRMAN HILL: Yes.
9	MS. FOTHERGILL: would be required?
10	CHAIRMAN HILL: Yes.
11	MS. FOTHERGILL: Yes. I
12	CHAIRMAN HILL: The proportionality rule would be
13	required and so they would only need to if I understand
14	this correctly, they'd only have to come up with 587 square
15	feet for the IZ but they would actually be giving 1373
16	because you'd have to give up one of the units and you give
17	the smaller 2-bedroom unit. And so you don't from the
18	Office of Planning's perspective, do you think that is
19	an economic hardship or you're still thinking that you
20	continue to encourage them to go through this IZ process to
21	possibly get the bonus density?
22	MS. FOTHERGILL: We don't generally consider
23	economic hardship. The Board might but Office of Planning
24	doesn't, and we see this as the property owner in this Zone's

25 way to gain bonus density for FAR.

CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. And then the other thing, I guess -- and I don't know whether we're going to -- I can't believe we might not actually make a decision on something again, but if -- I'm a little confused on just -- and I know that each property is unique and -- but they keep talking about that one that's a couple down, and so I get a little confused as to, you know, I guess maybe -- depending upon what we end up doing here, I would be curious as to what it was that the Office of Planning looked at during that period and to how they got -- so I guess they were approved for the increased FAR then?

MS. FOTHERGILL: Yes. As I mentioned, it was a vacant lot. It was an in-fill project and it did have a continued hearing. So -- and there were changes to the plans and modifications made, but I do not know the exact --

CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay, because I'd just be -- look, if you could give us a little insight as to that because regardless of whether or not the IZ bonus density opt-in program was available then or not, they were granted the variance. And so, you know, that means -- and I can go back and look at the case but that means that they made the case. And again, I know that they're not comparable because each one is different, but they are on the same street and it does seem like there were similar instances. And it's also how I assume the Applicant has already stated that -- how they

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got to kind of this level of FAR, because they looked at the 1 2 other project and they saw that one got 2.6 or 5 or whatever 3 it was, and they, you know, they're less greedy, and so 4 they're like, you know, trying to get the 2.16. So -- and then -- and I'm just talking this out 5 6 with the Board because I, again, don't know where we're going 7 to get to, but I still then would be curious if -- I would 8 even want some analysis, I quess, from the Office of Planning 9 I don't know if you could give it, if they did or insight. 10 get to the -- if they did get into the IZ program and got 11 them to the 2.16, would then the Office of Planning be in 12 favor of the variance to get them to the 2.31? 13 MS. FOTHERGILL: We can provide that analysis but 14 -- and we're happy to, but the Applicant hadn't proposed 15 that, so that's why it's not provided at this point. 16 CHAIRMAN HILL: Okav. 17 We can provide that if you're MS. FOTHERGILL: 18 requesting it. 19 I don't know if CHAIRMAN HILL: Okav. 2.0 requesting it. I'm just kind of talking it through a little 21 Okay. So back to the Applicant and then I'll let the 22 Board have their questions. Going to wait for the discussion 2.3 to finish. 24 Okay. And so Mr. Lewis then, again, what I'm just 25 continuing to struggle with is how you're getting

1 increased FAR, because I mean I've been here long enough to 2 know that the Office of Planning doesn't usually approve It's like really difficult. 3 increased FAR. It's one that 4 they -- it's a really hard one for them to like get to. 5 MR. LEWIS: Yes. 6 CHAIRMAN HILL: And so I don't know -- I'd be 7 I suppose, as to what, if you didn't get the FAR, 8 looks like; you know, what would happen to 9 project, because then you just -- you'd have to lose, you 10 know, the first floor; you'd have to find whatever you needed 11 to to get to the 1.8, right, and you'd still be getting the 12 closed court and the lot occupancy, but you wouldn't get the 13 So I'd just be curious as to what you guys would do for 14 that? 15 And I don't know if we're doing this. I'm just 16 since it's late in the day and I'm going to forget 17 whatever I'm thinking about, that's kind of where I was. 18 So what does the Board think about anything? 19 Of course, Mr. May. 2.0 COMMISSIONER MAY: I'm just -- I mean are we going 21 to hear anything more from the Applicant and turn it back to 22 the Board; is that where we are or are we just -- we're 23 speculating in advance of closing? What are we --24 CHAIRMAN HILL: I quess I was kind of just, again,

speaking extemporaneously out loud as to where I am with

1	stuff, and I can go and ask them if they have any comments
2	to anything I mentioned and/or continue to
3	COMMISSIONER MAY: I mean it doesn't sound like
4	we're going to bring this to a conclusion right now, right?
5	CHAIRMAN HILL: I don't know. Really, I'm just
6	kind of curious as to what I don't know what anybody else
7	is thinking. I mean I know I'm a little
8	COMMISSIONER MAY: I'll let you know what I'm
9	thinking.
10	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. Yes. I know you will so
11	that's why you got the light on
12	COMMISSIONER MAY: All right. I'll go ahead now.
13	CHAIRMAN HILL: Yes.
14	COMMISSIONER MAY: I just don't know whether I was
15	going to wait for
16	CHAIRMAN HILL: You can go now. Just we're all
17	we're winging it at this point. You know, it's 6:00.
18	COMMISSIONER MAY: Okay. So I have the same
19	problem that you have. It's difficult to get to a FAR
20	variance in this circumstance. I think that there are some
21	very unique aspects to this property or unique is not the
22	right word but exceptional circumstances having to do with
23	the depth of the buildings that flank it on either side.
24	However, the particular design strategy which, you
25	know, I think looks great in the front. I think you're doing

a good job there and I think the idea of trying to occupy the full site and have an interior court as a way of getting light into the middle of the building is -- you know, is appropriate. And I think that that's how you can get to things like a 70 percent lot occupancy, however -- or relief that might be needed for the closed court.

However, it doesn't get you that extra floor of bedrooms. You know, I mean, would it get you everything except that with just a little tiny variance on FAR? I don't know. I mean that kind of depends on what the design solution would be.

also think that some of the rationale that in terms of the analysis of different you've given us building configurations isn't really fully complete, and I can't really buy some of it. I mean you do a little bit of bait and switch, honestly. Where we talk about a matter of right solution; you know, what would happen with a matter of right closed court? Well, you know, a 50-foot tall closed court has to be, I don't know, 16 feet wide or 17 feet wide, which means that you have this little tiny passage going to Well, you know, the building you're proposing the back. doesn't have a 50-foot deep closed court. It has a 3-story closed court and so you can get by with 15 feet; that leaves you 5 feet which is still narrow but it's not so narrow that you can't pass through it. And I have seen designs of

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buildings where they do exactly that. They essentially have two kind of towers, a front and a rear. And you have a very substantial closed court in the middle and, you know, maybe you could do it in the matter of right. More likely, you would still need some kind of relief to make it a reasonable approach. But it's a reasonable approach and it's a way to lay out the building. And, you know, we're not seeing that here.

I mean I think the solution that you have is really good. It's just -- you know, it's not consistent with the allowed FAR. I think the only way that you can get to the additional FAR would be to opt-in. I understand that's a problem with the unit configuration that you have.

I also think that's a problem with the zoning regulations that we should probably take a look at, because it is exactly this kind of situation that that opt-in was supposed to address. And typically, that means -- you know -- I mean, I think maybe the Zoning Commission at the time was thinking in terms of small buildings where you're building, you know, four or five or six one-bedrooms or studios as opposed to this particular mix.

We also appreciate the mix. I mean the Zoning Commission has regulations that promote having larger units and certainly that comes up a lot in public testimony. It's certainly a desire of many neighborhoods to have larger units

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1 and not just have a whole bunch of little studios. 2 So I mean I understand that this -- it doesn't add up to an easy solution in this circumstance and I think that, 3 4 you know, I am also not sympathetic to financial hardship arguments as a way of justifying additional FAR because it's 5 6 just -- you know, it's too easy to manipulate the numbers and 7 we don't have a good way of evaluating what's correct in that 8 circumstance. So I mean I think that the -- you know, unless 9 10 there is some truly viable rationale for increasing FAR, I'm 11 having a really hard time getting there. So I would -- I 12 mean I'm not inclined to just vote no today. If we think 13 that more information might be helpful, I'm happy to look at 14 more information later. But as it is right now, there's not 15 enough there to say yes. 16 CHAIRMAN HILL: Okav. All right. This is great. 17 This -- I like this new way we're doing this. This is good. 18 So has anybody else got anything else to say --19 MEMBER WHITE: Yes. 2.0 CHAIRMAN HILL: -- before I turn it back to the 21 Applicant? 22 Well, I'm in total agreement with MEMBER WHITE: 2.3 I am -- that's why I was asking questions about the 24 confluence of factors to see whether or not there was a way 25 to frame the argument to meet the criteria for the FAR, but

So obviously, I believe in I'm not quite there yet, right. I'm not making any formal the whole aspect of IZ units. recommendations, you know, that they do it in order to get approval, but that might be one way to meet the parameters, to meet the FAR criteria in order to get a variance. So I'm still not ready to move forward with the application, because I still don't think that they've met the criteria at this point. Mr. Chairman, I'm still struggling MEMBER JOHN: with the criteria for the variance and whether the conditions that have been described are truly exceptional conditions that create a practical difficulty. And so I was asking questions to try to probe that justification, not necessarily because I disagree but sometimes you ask questions you think you know the answer to and then you find out you're wrong. So I am not ready to make a decision yet. I would like to see what could be done without the FAR approval. Otherwise, the design looks great. CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. Mr. Hart, do you have anything to add? VICE CHAIR HART: No. All right. CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. (Laughter.) Can I just ask a --MR. LEWIS:

Yes.

CHAIRMAN HILL:

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You can ask everything.

1	Just give me a second.
2	MR. LEWIS: Sure.
3	CHAIRMAN HILL: So okay, sorry, Mr. Lewis. So
4	what did you want to ask?
5	MR. LEWIS: I just wanted to confirm from Ms.
6	White and Ms. John that your questions about satisfying the
7	variance test is pertaining only to the FAR relief, or are
8	you also asking about the court relief and the lot occupancy
9	relief, because it sounded like Mr. May had questions about
10	court relief in addition to the FAR, but most of the
11	discussion so far has been about the FAR. So I just kind of
12	is it all open or is it
13	MEMBER WHITE: For me, it was primarily the FAR
14	question.
15	MR. LEWIS: Okay.
16	MEMBER JOHN: That's a heavier lift
17	MR. LEWIS: Right right, sure.
18	MEMBER JOHN: and so I wanted to see what you
19	could do if you could not get that, because bear in mind,
20	just as you're citing the previous case as justification to
21	get over this difficulty, the person behind you is going to
22	come in and point to this case. So we have to be careful
23	about bending the rules and relaxing the standards and the
24	criteria so much that we don't know what the rule is anymore.
25	MR. LEWIS: Sure.

1	MEMBER JOHN: And that's something that we
2	struggle with all the time; otherwise, you know, we you
3	know, we just can't justify our decisions if we are not clear
4	about the criteria and how we're applying them. And this
5	seems to be a very heavy lift. I mean I get the fact that
6	there are two very, you know, tall buildings that are
7	protected under the HPRB process and that there are some
8	difficulties, but I have not seen enough there's nothing
9	in the record that shows what other options, you know, could
10	be tried in terms of the design. Do you need five units?
11	These are not that's not really in our purview to make
12	those kinds of suggestions.
13	MR. LEWIS: I just I would say that in the
14	variance context, it's really not our burden to show that
15	this is the only option that works. I realize we do have
16	some work to do but I just want to clarify sort of the
17	parameters that we're working within.
18	MEMBER JOHN: If I could just respond? But the
19	variance is not to be the test is not satisfied because
20	of the choice that you have made so
21	MR. LEWIS: Understood.
22	MEMBER JOHN: so you don't make the choice and
23	then say because I have this choice, I need a variance.
24	MR. LEWIS: Sure.
25	MEMBER JOHN: So that's the other point I was

trying to make.

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MR. LEWIS: I do, yes.

CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. I don't want to forget what I'm kind of -- I think we're kind of asking and then we can clarify. So Mr. Lewis, first of all, I guess -- and if you can do this before -- if we end up asking for all these things, and if I understand what I think we're asking for, we're going to be back here on the 25th, if you can pull that off, because that's when Mr. May is back. And --

COMMISSIONER MAY: I was only going to be back for one case originally.

CHAIRMAN HILL: We're apparently putting everything off until the 25th and you're going to work with the Office of Planning to fix all those three things that happened today that seem to be unclear. And so first of all, it would be like construction management agreement with your two neighbors, okay, to allay their fears; and then I -- and this is actually I don't even know -- and you can talk with your client -- you know, maybe even going to the Office of Planning first and trying to figure out you think you may or may not be able to do with them, because if you wanted to continue down this path, I think you do have a little bit of a tough lift lit looks like, okay, in so much as the FAR.

I think that the other -- I think you made a good argument for the variances for the other forms of relief but

the FAR -- and obviously, that's the one that we've been talking the most about -- and if you wanted to continue down that road, then I'd like to see what does the 1.8 get you; like, you know, how do you have to change the design to the 1.8. I mean to Mr. May's point, I don't think he was necessarily arguing about the closed court as much as he was saying you maybe could have figured out how to do that and keep the closed court. I mean you wouldn't necessarily have needed that relief. He's seen it done before and the design and the programs still continued to work. So I would like to see what you can do if you had kept the 1.8.

And the other reason behind that is that we need to see plans that we actually approve. So when you come back here again, you know, if you want it to be finished one way or the other, we have to see whatever plans it is that we're actually approving, right, so that's why I would say if you can get to the Office of Planning and if you can even figure out with the Office of Planning as to whether or not you are going to opt-in and if you do opt-in, if they can give an analysis as to whether they're going to give you the extra whatever it is, you know, difference between the 2.16 versus I don't know but you all can figure that out with the 2.31. the Office of Planning. Whatever you come to us with next -- and I guess do we need a continued hearing? I don't know, we'll see at the end -- okay, everybody's saying

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Great. So Mr. May has -- you get a continued hearing as well as decisions. This is great.

So we're going to have a continued hearing, I guess, okay. And so there's a lot still to kind of get on the table, and the reason why I'm just kind of -- it's the end of the day and nobody's here so -- and if anybody's still watching, I can't believe you're still watching -- the -- but that we're having a discussion here that you're hearing from the Board what we want to see so that you might become successful, okay.

And again, the 1.8, see what that the construction management agreement. I quess the Office of Planning, if you could give us some analysis of how that other project got to where it got to. And I quess what I would like the Applicant to do is instead of making the Office of Planning work a lot, if you met with them first and this all kind of somehow gets worked out, then I don't need the information from the Office of Planning, okay, about how, why that other building is comparable. However, if you all have a long thing with the Office of Planning and you're still where you are and they're still where they are, then please, Ms. Fothergill, if you could provide us with some information as to how that other project to approved and why.

MS. FOTHERGILL: Yes.

CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. Thank you. Yes, Mr. May?

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COMMISSIONER MAY: So Ι think there's an unanswered question about what I was concerned about in terms of the relief, and I would just agree with my colleagues that it really is mostly about the FAR. I think the relief that's related to the closed court and lot occupancy can be tied more directly to the practical difficulties that you face on And so that's easier to do. I think the thing this site. that gets into your choice in the design strategy really is that additional FAR and, you know, why is that necessary to overcome the practical difficulties of this site. That's what it boils down to.

CHAIRMAN HILL: And then obviously, I didn't think about this. If you can somehow get together with the Office of Planning and it all works out, everybody else is on board so you get a summary order, you know. Otherwise, you're getting a full order and that's a year, you know, and so, you know, just to let you know; right, okay? We all understand that? Okay.

All right. So then I don't have the person that helps me with the dates. So if we're back here on the 25th again of July -- 25th of July, so then you're going to get -- Ms. Glazer, do you know the dates as to when everything has to be to everybody, when you can submit everything? Like I'm trying to remember. The Agency has to have enough time. Maybe one of the attorneys can tell me again the time

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1	parameters. I'm trying to remember the there's the seven
2	days, so then when can you let's start this way. When can
3	you think you can talk to the Office of Planning and figure
4	out whatever you need to get to us?
5	MR. LEWIS: We'll have to file something with you
6	all by the 11th.
7	CHAIRMAN HILL: By the 11th, okay.
8	MR. LEWIS: Effectively, yes.
9	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay.
10	MR. LEWIS: Two weeks before
11	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay, right.
12	MR. LEWIS: to give OP 10 days and
13	CHAIRMAN HILL: Give OP the time to get to the
14	MR. LEWIS: and that gives you seven days.
15	CHAIRMAN HILL: Right. So you why don't you
16	repeat again what you think we're asking for, Mr. Lewis?
17	MR. LEWIS: So the construction management
18	agreement with the neighbors in some fashion; and then
19	basically additional analysis on the FAR relief request; and
20	as a couple sort of constituent parts, one of them being what
21	is a "by right" FAR, 1.8 FAR, what does that get us
22	CHAIRMAN HILL: With the other relief.
23	MR. LEWIS: with the other relief, right, in
24	the context of the other relief. The next item is sort of
25	communicating with OP in terms of what they would be willing

1	to support in terms of the delta between 2.16 and the 2.3
2	that we're requesting. We'd kind of add to that conversation.
3	I think we'd be curious to know I'm just kind of throwing
4	this out there since we're kind of talking openly you
5	know, the big hurdle for us on IZ is the proportionality, so
6	whether they would support some kind of relief from the
7	CHAIRMAN HILL: Yes. I don't know how that works.
8	You can talk
9	MR. LEWIS: So so
10	CHAIRMAN HILL: I don't think that's possible
11	the way it sounds.
12	MR. LEWIS: I don't I mean we'd need a variance
13	from
14	CHAIRMAN HILL: Yes. That's like
15	MR. LEWIS: It's a very that's a heavy lift is
16	what
17	COMMISSIONER MAY: I mean it's a question for OP
18	whether they see a way to recommend a variance from the
19	MR. LEWIS: for an optional
20	COMMISSIONER MAY: from the proportionality.
21	I don't know.
22	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. So you can talk it looks
23	like the Office of Planning is willing to have that
24	discussion with you, which is more than I thought so okay,
25	keep going.

1	MS. FOTHERGILL: That's all I have.
2	MR. LEWIS: That's I mean those are the two
3	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. I think that's right. Did
4	he miss anything? Okay.
5	COMMISSIONER MAY: He didn't.
6	CHAIRMAN HILL: All right. So the 11th. Okay.
7	Go ahead.
8	MR. FLEISHER: Can I just say one thing on the
9	construction management agreement?
10	CHAIRMAN HILL: Sure.
11	MR. FLEISHER: Just in my experience, that's
12	something that would be extremely to have by the 25th
13	considering that we're working with two neighbors. There's
14	a total of 11 units. It's something that's time and cost
15	intensive. I mean we've committed
16	CHAIRMAN HILL: I got it. I understand.
17	MR. FLEISHER: we met with them. It just
18	CHAIRMAN HILL: We need
19	MR. FLEISHER: it's
20	CHAIRMAN HILL: it's okay.
21	MR. FLEISHER: it's impractical
22	CHAIRMAN HILL: I'm just saying like I mean we
23	I understand and have we've done this a lot with
24	different people. And so I'm just saying by the 11th, you
25	get us whatever you can get us by the 11th, okay.

MR. LEWIS: Because more realistically, we might have like a memorandum of agreement or something --

CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. Memorandum of understanding or something --

MR. LEWIS: Agreement to agree.

CHAIRMAN HILL: -- agreement to agree.

Well, I mean part of the rationale for MR. LEWIS: not having a construction agreement today is the design of the building isn't fully baked and you heard from the neighbors that they have very particularized concerns about the party wall and the drainage, and some of those things really do depend on how the building is designed. So some specific items the in the construction agreement would just necessarily have to -- are predicated upon the decision that you all give us. So we can kind of come to an agreement with the neighbors that we will reach of the specifics construction agreement but that construction might not be --

CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. I understand what you're saying. So the thing that I would be looking for would be something that provides some kind of -- I'm not going to use that word again -- you know, calms the concerns of the two next door people; right, okay? You know, I know that you can't specifically address all the issues because you don't know what you're -- they don't know what they're building

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1	yet, you know, and so they can't specifically get to what you
2	would want to be in a construction management agreement, but
3	you can show us something that shows that you guys are
4	committed to talking, you're committed to fixing all whatever
5	these concerns are because they're here to help you, okay.
6	And so just get us something by the 11th, okay. And so what
7	that means for, you know, again, the people are here, it
8	could be a memorandum of understanding perhaps to entering
9	into a construction management agreement once the final
10	design is met but addressing these issues, x , y , and z , and
11	how you're going to address those issues x, y, and z.
12	MR. LEWIS: A timeline.
13	CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. Great.
14	MR. LEWIS: Yes.
15	CHAIRMAN HILL: All right. Are we done? Okay.
16	I want to be done. The now the owner, I'm just you
17	bought this property how long ago?
18	MR. FLEISHER: Mid-January.
19	CHAIRMAN HILL: Have you done properties like this
20	before?
21	MR. FLEISHER: This is our largest project in
22	terms of the unit mix and square footage.
23	CHAIRMAN HILL: All right.
24	MR. FLEISHER: But we're currently working on four
25	throughout the city similar so

CHAIRMAN HILL: Okay. All right. So that's it.
I mean I guess I really I really Mr. Lewis, I hope you
come back to me and you got Office of Planning on board,
okay. That's you know, let's just get right there; right,
okay? And if not, then you really have to figure out what
it is you think we're going to possibly pass and then show
us that so that we can just at least get to a decision,
right, and then you can figure out what's going on, because
if you come back and then we have to discuss it again and all
that stuff and then we have to go back again to see what the
design is that you're going to it's just going to
you're going to be back here again and it's after August.
So it's September-October that you're back here again with
whatever the new design is, okay, so all right. See you
I'm going to see Mr. May on the 25th of July for the
continued hearing. All right. Thank you all very much. I
don't even know who to ask. Ms. Glazer, is there anything
more for the Board today?
(Laughter.)
CHAIRMAN HILL: No?
VICE CHAIR HART: Thank you, Ms. Glazer.
MS. GLAZER: No, Mr. Chair.
CHAIRMAN HILL: All right, we're adjourned.
(Whereupon, the above-entitled matter was
adjourned at 6:41 p.m.)

<u>CERTIFICATE</u>

This is to certify that the foregoing transcript

In the matter of: Public Hearing

Before: DCBZA

Date: 06-13-18

Place: Washington, DC

was duly recorded and accurately transcribed under my direction; further, that said transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings.

Court Reporter

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