GOVERNMENT

OF

THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

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BOARD OF ZONING ADJUSTMENT

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PUBLIC HEARING

TUESDAY

APRIL 10, 2007

The Public Hearing convened in 220 South, 441 4th Street, N.W., Room Washington, D.C. 20001, pursuant to notice at 10:09 a.m., Ruthanne G. Miller, Chairperson, presiding.

BOARD OF ZONING ADJUSTMENT MEMBERS PRESENT:

RUTHANNE G. MILLER Chairperson CURTIS ETHERLY, JR. Vice-Chairperson

MARC LOUD

Board Member

JOHN A. MANN, II

Board Member(NCPC)

ZONING COMMISSION MEMBER PRESENT:

MICHAEL TURNBULL ANTHONY HOOD

Commissioner(AOC) Commission Member

OFFICE OF ZONING STAFF PRESENT:

CLIFFORD MOY

Secretary

BEVERLEY BAILEY Sr. Zoning Specialist

OFFICE OF PLANNING STAFF PRESENT:

STEVE COCHRAN ARTHUR JACKSON MATT JESICK JOHN MOORE

D.C. OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL PRESENT:

LORI MONROE, ESQ.

The transcript constitutes the minutes from the Public Hearing held on April 10, 2007.

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P-R-O-C-E-E-D-I-N-G-S

2 | 10:09 a.m.

CHAIRPERSON MILLER: I would like to call to order our public hearing for April 10, 2007. We have already done the introductions but the procedures are a little bit different for a public hearing so I am going to go through that.

Copies of today's hearing agenda are available to you and are located to my left on the wall bin near the door. Please be advised that the proceeding is being recorded by a court reporter and also webcast live. I have already asked you to turn off your cell phones.

When presenting information to the Board please turn on and speak into the microphone first stating your name and home address. When you are finished speaking, please turn your microphone off so that your microphone is no longer picking up sound or background noise.

all persons planning to testify either in favor or in opposition are to fill out two witness cards. These cards are located to my left on the table near the door and on the witness tables. Upon coming to speak to the Board, please give both cards to the reporter sitting to my right.

The order of procedure for special exceptions and variances is: (1) Statement and witnesses of the applicant; (2) Government reports including Office of Planning, Department of Public Works, Transportation, etc.; (3) Report of the Advisory Neighborhood Commission; (4) Parties or persons in support; (5) Parties or persons in opposition; (6) Closing remarks by the applicant.

Pursuant to Section 3117.4 and 3117.5, the following time constraints may be maintained. The applicant, appellant, persons and parties except an ANC in support including witnesses, 60 minutes collectively. Appellees, persons and parties except an ANC

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in opposition including witnesses, 60 minutes collectively. Individuals, three minutes.

These time constraints do include cross examination and/or questions from the examination Board. Cross of witnesses is permitted by the applicant or parties. The ANC within which the property is located is automatically a party in a special exception or variance case. Nothing prohibits the Board from placing reasonable restrictions on cross examination including time limits and limitations on the scope of cross examination.

The record will be closed at the conclusion of each case except for any materials specifically requested by the Board. The Board and the staff will specify at the end of the hearing exactly what is expected and the date when the persons must submit the evidence to the Office of Zoning. After the record is closed, no other information will be accepted by the Board.

The Sunshine Act requires that the

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public hearing on each case be held in the open before the public. The Board may consistent with its rules of procedure and the Sunshine Act enter executive session during or after the public hearing for on case reviewing purposes of the record deliberating on a case.

The decision of the Board in these contested cases must be based exclusively on the public record. To avoid any appearance to the contrary the Board request that persons present not engage the members of the Board in conversation. Please turn off all beepers and cell phones at this time so not to disrupt these proceedings.

The Board will now consider any preliminary matters. Preliminary matters are those which relate to whether a case will or should be heard today such as request for postponement, continuance, or withdrawal, or whether proper and adequate notice of the hearing has been given. If you are not

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1	prepared to go forward with a case today, or
2	if you believe that the Board should not
3	proceed, now is the time to raise such a
4	matter.
5	Does the staff have any
6	preliminary matters?
7	MS. BAILEY: Madam Chair, good
8	morning. Mr. Etherly, Mrs. Miller,
9	congratulations. Warm welcome to Mr. Cloud.
10	To everyone good morning and staff does not
11	have any preliminary matters at this time.
12	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Thank you.
13	Then would all individuals wishing to testify
1 1	
14	today please rise to take the oath. Ms.
15	today please rise to take the oath. Ms. Bailey, would you administer the oath, please.
15	Bailey, would you administer the oath, please.
15 16	Bailey, would you administer the oath, please. (Whereupon, the witnesses were
15 16 17	Bailey, would you administer the oath, please. (Whereupon, the witnesses were sworn.)
15 16 17 18	Bailey, would you administer the oath, please. (Whereupon, the witnesses were sworn.) CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Thank you.
15 16 17 18 19	Bailey, would you administer the oath, please. (Whereupon, the witnesses were sworn.) CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Thank you. Would you call the first case, please.

from the prohibition of creating a second
principal structure on a single lot under
Subsection 3202.3, and a variance from the
rear yard requirements under Section 404, to
allow the renovation of an existing row
dwelling into six residential units and the
conversion of the second floor of an existing
historic carriage house in the rear of the
subject property located at 442 M Street, N.W.
The property is zoned DD/R-5-B.
Madam Chair, there was a request
for party status as a proponent of this
project.
CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Thank you.
Is that the Foxes, Jonathan and Jessica Fox?
Are they in the hearing room today?
Okay. Are you aware of this party
request? Why don't you introduce yourselves
for the record.
MR. TUMMONDS: Good morning, Madam
Chair. I am Paul Tummonds with the law firm
of Pillsbury, Winthrop, Shaw, Pittman, With

regards to the request for party status, I believe when you look at the form that the Foxes filled out, they seem to be in opposition to the project but I think they checked the wrong box with regards to being a proponent or opponent.

We believe that we haven't had any discussions with them. I don't believe they're here this evening. This is a case where we were on the ANC's agenda in both March and April. Both of those meetings were canceled so there was no ANC review of this application.

With regards to the specifics of their party status request, I would note they live on the north side of M Street. Our application is for the carriage house on the south side of our project so they can't see the carriage house from their property because they see the main building on 442 M Street. In large part, for that reason, I don't believe that they satisfy the standards for

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1 party status at present and we would oppose. 2. CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. Thank 3 you. Is a member of the ANC here today? 4 5 All right. I just want to make a few Okay. comments on this party status application as 6 7 well. Since they are not here, they are not 8 able to really elaborate more fully how they 9 would participate in the case as a party and that is what this means, participate as a 10 11 party and they are not here. 12 Tt's not. inconceivable that someone could participate in a case as a party 13 if they fully address the legal issues even 14 15 though they couldn't be here. That's not the 16 case with respect to this party 17 application so I don't need to go further in 18 suggesting that we deny party status. I'll 19 hear from others. 20 VICE-CHAIR ETHERLY: Ι would agree, Madam Chair. I think on the face of 21 22 the application itself, as has been indicated,

1	the level of discussion, if you will, with
2	regard to some of the more pertinent inquiries
3	of the party status application in relevant
4	portion, Item No. 6 which deals with how the
5	person's interest will be more significantly
6	distinctively or uniquely affected in
7	character or kind.
8	While there are, of course,
9	pertinent points that are raised, the level of
10	discussion, in my opinion, also does not rise
11	to the level of satisfactorily demonstrating
12	party status. It would be my agreement to
13	move forward in the direction that you have
14	laid out. I would move to deny the party
15	status application of Jonathan and Jessica Fox
16	and would invite a second.
17	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Second. All
18	those in favor say aye.
19	ALL: Aye.
20	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Those
21	opposed? I would also suggest do you want
22	to call the vote, Mr. Moy? We are not always

1	this formal about it. Or Ms. Bailey?
2	MS. BAILEY: Madam Chair, the vote
3	is five zero zero to deny the request for
4	party status. The motion was made by Mr.
5	Etherly, seconded by Mrs. Miller. Mr. Mann,
6	Mr. Turnbull, and Mr. Loud are in agreement.
7	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Thank you. I
8	would suggest, as we usually do, that we
9	accept the representations made on the party
10	status application as testimony in the case
11	and enter it as evidence.
12	Okay. Mr. Tummonds, would you
13	like to proceed with your case?
14	MR. TUMMONDS: Sure. Absolutely.
14 15	MR. TUMMONDS: Sure. Absolutely. I think we have a very straightforward case
15	I think we have a very straightforward case
15 16	I think we have a very straightforward case here. There is no opposition here. We have
15 16 17	I think we have a very straightforward case here. There is no opposition here. We have submitted for the record three letters of
15 16 17 18	I think we have a very straightforward case here. There is no opposition here. We have submitted for the record three letters of support this morning from residents of the 400
15 16 17 18 19	I think we have a very straightforward case here. There is no opposition here. We have submitted for the record three letters of support this morning from residents of the 400 and 500 blocks of M Street.

presentation and then we would rest predominately on our satisfaction of the three prongs of the variance test in our prehearing statement.

Again, we are seeking to do is create the single residential unit in the second floor of an existing carriage house which is located in an historic district in an R-5-B zone, a district which allows multifamily housing.

We are not making any changes to the footprint or the height of the carriage house and there will be no change to the overall lot occupancy or FAR of the project with the introduction of this residential unit.

It is through the introduction of this residential unit that we are creating a new principal structure to this carriage house. While the carriage house will have all the same appearances as really an accessory structure to the main structure, the mere

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introduction of that unit requires us to be here seeking variance approval to allow two principal structures on a single record lot.

addition, once have we magic of making that become principal а structure, that structure needs to have a required rear yard. We don't satisfy that The irony here is if that was an rear yard. accessory structure and we didn't have the residential unit in that structure, that would be fine. We would not have the need for relief from the rear yard variance, the rear yard standards in this variance that we are seeking today.

I would like to now have Mr. Julio Murillo, the applicant, discuss briefly his discussions with the community and his goals for this project.

MR. MURILLO: Good morning and congratulations, Ms. Miller, and Mr. Etherly. Let me start by describing briefly what our development process consist of initially by

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pointing out that we have a long history of historic renovation work in the District of Columbia.

We have been doing this since 1984. Some notable projects that we have recently completed include the Egyptian Ambassador's residence as well as the Turkish Ambassador's residence which are being featured in multiple historic releases.

We feel we have quite a bit of experience in this area and we enjoy doing It is the kind of work that we look for in our own projects. Since we started our development business we have been predominately present in transitional neighborhoods and bringing new development, new safety, new different product types to new communities to try to establish a better community in those locations.

We understand the need for additional housing of different types. We understand the need for additional safety. We

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understand the need for our participation in the community to make these communities succeed.

In doing so in every project the way we approach it is we deal very closely with the neighbors. We deal closely with the ANCs of the neighborhoods. We deal very closely with the HPO and the HPRB to make sure that these properties and these projects are developed in accordance with those guidelines.

As a result of these efforts, we have obtained support from the neighbors from the HPO and the HPRB and the Office of Planning, as Mr. Tummonds has said.

We feel that we do make a difference and we feel that this particular case is a fairly simple one in that we are asking to take a dilapidated second floor of a carriage house which is on the other side of an alley to a 300-unit building that is being built on New York Avenue.

We feel that the alley itself will

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1	require a more human presence, bring vitality
2	to the Mt. Vernon Square, Mt. Vernon Triangle
3	area. In that light, we would like to get
4	into the technical aspects of the project and
5	I'll defer to Mr. Bonstra for that testimony.
6	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: I just want
7	to interrupt you for one second before you
8	move to a different topic because you made
9	mention to the fact that you work closely with
10	the ANCs but we don't have an ANC report in
11	this case.
12	Is there anything else you can put
13	on the record as to how you worked with this
14	ANC even though there is no ANC report if that
15	did happen?
16	MR. MURILLO: At the initial
17	outside we did work with the ANC and we did
18	have a vote from them in the original
19	conceptualization of the project before the
20	HPRB hearing.
21	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: They
22	supported your project before HPRB?

1	MR. MURILLO: That's correct.
2	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: And it hasn't
3	changed since then?
4	MR. MURILLO: It has not changed,
5	no.
6	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay.
7	MR. MURILLO: Like Mr. Tummonds
8	said, we have attempted two meeting
9	presentations with the ANC in March and April.
10	Both were canceled for various reasons so we
11	have not been successful in presenting our
12	specific case regarding the carriage house to
13	them on this round.
14	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. When
15	they voted on your project for HPRB did they
16	understand that you wanted to use the carriage
17	house for a residence on the second floor?
18	MR. MURILLO: Yes.
19	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: They did
20	understand that?
21	MR. MURILLO: Yes.
22	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. Thank

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Good morning.

MR. BONSTRA: Good morning. Bonstra, Bonstra Haresign Architects. I would also like to add on the community note that we with the Civic met Mt. Vernon Square Association, I believe, and presented the project to them early on as well explaining the zoning well as the historic as implications for the project.

I'm just going to touch briefly.

I'll give you an overall understanding of the project, the massing, and where the buildings are located. These are the facade pictures that we submitted. This is the front facade of the building. Very wonderful and elegant historic structure.

This is a shot of the carriage house at the rear from the alley. Looking on the site plan the BZA 1 drawing that you have, this is the main house which has 16 units by right. I'm sorry? Did I say 16? Six units.

We would be here for more relief, wouldn't we? Six units, a rear yard, and this is the carriage house then.

Two-story carriage house is the contributing structure to the historic district. There are unique characteristics of this site. The topography is quite steep from high to low at the alley. It is also a very deep site, 183 to 189 feet deep which is uncharacteristically deep. The alley Brown's Court is 30 feet wide so that is an unusual situation as well.

This is a section then of the carriage house if it existed as a two-story carriage house. We have four parking spaces, two parking spaces that are zoning required spaces but we do have parking for four cars at the lower level.

Then the upper level is more like a loft with a stair from the front. We also have access from the front of the property which is a nice accommodation in order to make

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that unit conform to building code in terms of access from the front of the property.

CHAIRPERSON MILLER: I just want to interrupt you for a second before you move I know you are not here for a off parking. parking variance but could you explain the two that you have, the two spaces that required and the four, exactly where they are? MR. TUMMONDS: In fact, this

project will obtain a parking waiver from the historic so this property does not have any required parking spaces because it was deemed to be a renovation contributing building in the historic district. We are providing four spaces.

Two of those spaces would be deemed to be zoning compliant 9 by 19 non-stack spaces but, again, I think one of the reasons why this project has received, and when you read the letters in support of the community having four spaces for the seven units was important to the community. The

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1	short answer, zoning regulations are satisfied
2	because we've got the parking waiver.
3	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Where exactly
4	are they, though? Are two of them in the
5	garage?
6	MR. TUMMONDS: The first floor of
7	the carriage house.
8	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: That holds
9	two spaces. Then the other two are outside
10	it?
11	MR. TUMMONDS: No. Actually this
12	is all inside.
13	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Four inside?
13 14	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Four inside? MR. TUMMONDS: They are all inside
14	MR. TUMMONDS: They are all inside
14 15	MR. TUMMONDS: They are all inside the garage.
14 15 16	MR. TUMMONDS: They are all inside the garage. MR. BONSTRA: So there is no
14 15 16 17	MR. TUMMONDS: They are all inside the garage. MR. BONSTRA: So there is no parking on the outside. Mr. Tummonds talked
14 15 16 17 18	MR. TUMMONDS: They are all inside the garage. MR. BONSTRA: So there is no parking on the outside. Mr. Tummonds talked about the rear yard issue. As you can see
14 15 16 17 18	MR. TUMMONDS: They are all inside the garage. MR. BONSTRA: So there is no parking on the outside. Mr. Tummonds talked about the rear yard issue. As you can see here, we have, I believe, a five-foot rear

1	rear yard requirement by the nature of the
2	existing location of the building. There are
3	no physical alterations other than windows and
4	stairs and what have you to that structure.
5	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: I have one
6	other question on the parking. I understand
7	the waiver because it's historic but if it
8	weren't historic and you didn't have a waiver,
9	how many parking spaces would be required with
10	this number of units?
11	MR. BONSTRA: We have seven units
12	so we would have to have three.
13	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Three. Okay.
14	MR. BONSTRA: Non-tandem spaces.
15	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. You
16	have four tandem spaces.
17	MR. BONSTRA: Correct.
18	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. Thank
19	you.
20	MR. MANN: Madam Chair, I have a
21	couple of questions. Prior to the carriage
22	house becoming a principal structure, from

1	what point to what point was the rear yard
2	previously measured?
3	MR. TUMMONDS: It was measured to
4	the rear of the main building because the
5	carriage house is deemed to be an accessory
6	structure so you can have accessory structures
7	in your required rear yard.
8	MR. MANN: So does that go from
9	the all right. The yard would have gone
10	from the rear of the main building to the
11	alley?
12	MR. TUMMONDS: Yes.
13	MR. MANN: I see. Is that still
14	counted is that entire length still counted
15	as the rear yard for that one structure or
16	does the rear yard stop at where the second
17	structure begins now?
18	MR. TUMMONDS: Right now if we
19	were to create a theoretical lot, I guess, for
20	that it would start where the face of the
21	carriage house begins.
22	MR. MANN: But that doesn't need

1	to be considered because we are not doing
2	that. Is that right?
3	MR. TUMMONDS: That's my
4	understanding.
5	MR. MANN: I see. Okay. Thanks.
6	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Do you have
7	more for your presentation?
8	MR. TUMMONDS: No. As I said, we
9	would rest. We think we have thoroughly
10	discussed the satisfaction of three prongs of
11	the area variance in our prehearing statement.
12	I can tough on it briefly if you would like.
13	Mr. Bonstra alluded to the fact
14	that we are subject to an extraordinarily
15	exceptional situation or condition due to the
16	lot's topography, its size, the fact that we
17	do have structures on this lot that are deemed
18	to be contributing to the historic district.
19	With regards to the second prong
20	of the variance test, we think we are faced
21	with a practical difficulty and it is
22	unnecessarily burdensome to not be allowed to

have this residential unit. We note in the Gilmartin case the test that one can look at to determine this include the amount of variance really for question and the severity of the denial of that variance relief.

here, this As noted is residential zone. If we are not allowed to have a residential unit in this second floor of the carriage house, it can basically be used for storage or, as the Office of Planning pointed out, an artist studio. Realistically I think an artist studio would have more of a detrimental impact to the surrounding neighborhood.

There would be more use. There would be more flow of goods and people coming in there than if it was to be a residential unit. We think the introduction of residential unit is entirely appropriate and in keeping with this R-5-B multi-family dwelling zone.

Then, finally, with regards to the

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third prong of the test that granting this impair variance will not the intent integrity of the zone plan, we think of the true benefits of this is not iust renovation of this historic structure bringing it back as a true benefit to the people who walk down Brown's Court and that alley and that neighborhood, but also having eyes on the street, eyes on the alley in this case.

There is a lot of activity back in that alley now certainly with the development of the Yalestein Laundry project to the south. We think that 30-foot alley gets a lot of traffic. Having people back there is a benefit. Again, the zoning district permits, allows multi-family dwellings.

We think that having seven units in total on this project including a unit over the carriage house is consistent with the comprehensive plan designation for this property and also the zoning regulation's goals for development in the R-5-B zone

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CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Let me ask you about your uniqueness practical difficulty test. Do you think that the argument that you are making with respect to the fact that it is certainly historic, and I understand it is on the land and is already improved with that and you have to work around it or whatever, and its use is limited, is that not true for all historic carriage houses?

MR. TUMMONDS: I think that is why there have been, as we noted in our prehearing statement, a number of instances in which the BZA has approved this sort of area variance relief. As we noted in 2002, on this block 420 M Street there was a carriage house renovation, introduction of residential unit in that carriage house, and the BZA again accepted that view that it does meet the practical difficulty standard.

The answer is yes and I think the BZA has followed that test on a number of

1 occasions. There is a practical difficulty 2. with having that space be brought to 3 contributing use to the area, to the lot, to the six residents of the main building. 4 5 Having that just be storage, that unnecessarily burdensome to have the 6 7 developer of this property only have that use? 8 I believe that it would satisfy that test. I 9 think the nature of the relief we requesting, the other prong of the test, the 10 11 diminimus nature, again we are just seeking to 12 introduce residential that use, use permitted in the zone and permitted on this 13 14 property. 15 CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Was there a reason that it wasn't permitted in a carriage 16 house in a residential zone? 17 18 I think maybe the MR. TUMMONDS: 19 distinction there would be a lot of times 20 residential carriage houses not were necessarily in R-5-B zone districts so a lot 21

of times you have a carriage house in an R-1,

R-2 zone district which are more of a single 1 family district so I could understand the 2. 3 distinction there. In a multi-family dwelling in a 4 5 district like the R-5-B district, I think it sense be able to allow 6 makes to 7 additional residential unit whereas if it was 8 a carriage house in an R-1-A zone, then it is 9 really going against the notion of single family home districts are 1-A or 1-B. 10 11 CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Did you 12 actually consider -- I mean, did the applicant actually consider the uses which are allowed 13 for that space? 14 The 15 MR. TUMMONDS: stable? The parking garage on the 16 Probably not. 17 second floor, probably not. 18 CHAIRPERSON MILLER: I mean, it 19 gets to the point where identifying 20 specifically the, you know what I mean, the difficulty. I mean, artist studio, okay. 21

there really a market for that or it doesn't

make sense in this case? I mean, how did you arrive at that?

MR. MURILLO: We approached it specifically, as Mr. Tummonds said, as a way of increasing the presence on the alley for safety reasons. We think that the structure itself is a wonderful structure. I think it lends itself to a dwelling unit. I think Mr. Tummonds is right. In an artist studio type of use you would have a different feel and element in the alley.

There are a lot of dwelling units on that block. Certainly with the Yalestein Laundry project there will be more. Including the loft section of that project it's all in keeping with the same concept which is a restored historic structure turned into dwelling.

We really only approached it in that way and working, again, with the neighbors and with the ANC in the early stages as well as with the HPRB and reiterated by the

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Office of Planning I guess our thinking sort 1 of became one track minded, if you will, 2. 3 thinking that is the best use given the zone. 4 Does that answer your question? 5 CHAIRPERSON MILLER: I mean, just reading into it I don't think you provided 6 7 evidence on this but you mentioned it. Ι 8 mean, if you didn't use it as a residence, it 9 would be an economic impact. Is that right? It would certainly 10 MR. MURILLO: 11 have an economic impact at the same time as 12 most likely this particular space would go to storage probably for the rest of the units in 13 the building. Not that storage is in ample 14 15 supply in the city but we really felt that 16 given what is happening in that area and given 17 the type of activity that we see in the 30-18 foot alley that a dwelling was the best use. 19 The practical difficulty, I think, 20 precisely because it is an historic is structure and reconfiguring it or moving it or 21 22 building it someplace else didn't really enter

1 our thoughts because we know we have to comply with those guidelines. 2 Would you be able 3 MR. TUMMONDS: to renovate the carriage house to the same 4 level of detail financially if you didn't have 5 that residential unit in that carriage house? 6 7 MR. MURILLO: Probably not. Ι 8 mean, we would certainly renovate and improve 9 it but I think it is one thing to build a storage facility and quite different to build 10 11 a dwelling which people will live and enjoy a 12 certain life standard. 13 CHAIRPERSON MILLER: I have one other question. Mr. Tummonds, do you know the 14 15 rationale for the regulation that 16 shouldn't be two principal structures on a 17 single lot? 18 TUMMONDS: I think this is MR. 19 somewhat of a guess on my part but I think it 20 probably has a lot more to do with much larger lots than rowhouse lots in the 400 block of M 21

Street. I think it probably has a lot more to

do with the ability to subdivide large lots.

I think this also really kind of runs into the 2516 cases, the cases where we have the theoretical lot subdivision where we go through on subdividing lots to show how multiple structures could satisfy the zoning requirements even though they may technically be on a single record lot.

I don't think the 3202.3 was -that section, the two principal sections on
single record lots, were really thought of as
addressing a situation like this. I think
this is somewhat of an anomaly because, as I
said, it looks like an accessory structure.
To all people who would walk by it, I think
they would think of it as an accessory
structure.

I don't think anyone walking down the alley is going to say, "Oh, that must be a principal structure. It still has the same feel. I don't think we are detracting from the area by having that residential unit in

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I think people take it for what it is. 1 It's a carriage house. 2. It looks 3 like an accessory structure to the Just by putting that residential 4 structure. use in that second floor, I don't think we 5 take away from that feel, that appearance of 6 7 that neighborhood. 8 CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. I'm 9 I have one more question. That last one was 10 MR. TUMMONDS: 11 tough. 12 CHAIRPERSON MILLER: think you're up to the challenge. Okay. 13 You cited 14 a lot of carriage house cases but you didn't 15 I'm wondering if you want to attach them. highlight any of the facts of the cases that 16 17 you think are similar to this. 18 MR. TUMMONDS: I think the main 19 one would be the 420 M Street. I believe this 20 application was approved in 2002. It is four or five lots to the east of this project. 21 22 interesting thing there is that I think we have a much more compelling case because I think that case at one time they looked at having a connection between the two buildings so they would get away from the notion of it being truly an accessory structure and the main structure.

You have a trellis that's one structure. I think this is a case where it looks like an accessory structure. We are maintaining it as an accessory structure. I think that is why HPRB approved it. I think that is how we were able to satisfy the standards here.

I think the introduction of a carriage house on this same block that fronts on this same alley and the fact that that was approved has, to a large degree, a bearing on this case to think that these types of residential uses on the alley are appropriate in this block. I do think that they will provide a level of safety for that alley that is not there now.

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1 CHAIRPERSON MILLER: There are 2 instances, though, in which the zoning 3 regulations don't favor residences on alleys. Is that right? How is this different? 4 5 MR. TUMMONDS: Those are cases in which an alley is less than 30 feet wide. 6 7 have properties with buildings on an alley you 8 have to show that there are 30-foot wide 9 alleys. I think that has a lot to do with making sure that there aren't substandard 10 11 units on narrow alleys that don't have the 12 proper amount of light and air that are being provided for residential uses. 13 I think in this case we can show 14 15 that with the 30-foot wide alley with significant amount of space between this main 16 17 building, this accessory structure. 18 Because we do have this very deep 19 lot, as Mr. Bonstra said, we are providing a 20 significant amount of light and air to that residential unit and I think that is one of 21

the main issues that dictate the ability to

have residential uses in an alley, the amount 1 2. of light and air that is provided. 3 MR. BONSTRA: If I could just add, as I mentioned before, this is not access off 4 5 the alley. The distinction is that we do have a way from the public, from the front of the 6 7 building this through to structure the 8 existing townhouse. 9 That is a distinction I think needs to be made. One comes in the front 10 11 door, goes through the building, down the 12 stair and out the back in order to get to this so it's not accessed from the alley. 13 CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. 14 15 saying I have one more question but I do. 16 far as the topography goes, I think that you 17 made reference to the topography being unique 18 and I'm not sure I got how it's unique and how 19 it relates to the practical difficulty here. 20 MR. TUMMONDS: I would put the topography in a confluence of factors. 21 22 CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. Thank 1 | you.

Are there any other questions?
Yes, Mr. Turnbull.

MR. TURNBULL: Thank you, Madam Chair. I just had one question. The alley elevation of the carriage house looks fairly straightforward. You are using the existing openings that are there and you are in-filling with new windows and a new garage door. Talk to me about the garden elevation of the carriage house. There is an awful large expanse of glass. Is that opening there?

MR. BONSTRA: These are the elevations -- this is the elevation at the rear of the carriage house. This is the interior elevation. What exist now since the carriage house had fallen into disrepair a large area of the facade facing the courtyard had actually been in-filled with concrete block, CMU, in order to keep the carriage house intact.

What we are simply doing is

1	removing that errant fabric that is not part
2	of the contributing structure and we are
3	filling that in with glass so there will be
4	access visually to a wonderful garden as I
5	showed on the site plan between the two
6	buildings.
7	MR. TURNBULL: So there is
8	extraneous block new CMU that goes all the way
9	up to where you have the steel?
10	MR. BONSTRA: That whole facade
11	had been filled in with concrete block, yes.
12	MR. TURNBULL: And the rest of the
13	structure is brick?
14	MR. BONSTRA: That's correct.
15	This was also presented to the HPRB and we
16	have approval for that. They understood the
17	condition of the building and that has been
18	approved on historic grounds.
19	MR. TURNBULL: Okay. Thank you.
20	MR. LOUD: Madam Chair. I figured
21	out how to work the microphone. Just one
22	quick question for clarification if I can.

1	First let me commend your team for talking to
2	the immediate neighbors next door. It looks
3	like from information we were presented with
4	this morning that the neighbors at 440 and 446
5	support the project so that is very important.
6	I just wanted to clarify is 446 an immediate
7	next door neighbor or is it two properties
8	over?
9	MR. MURILLO: It's two properties
10	over.
11	MR. LOUD: Were you able to speak
12	with the neighbor that has the immediate
13	property?
14	MR. MURILLO: Actually, we have a
15	very good relationship with that neighbor.
16	It's a multi-unit building. I believe it's
17	four units. On the west side of our property
18	is an abandoned building so there is no
19	neighbor on that side.
20	MR. LOUD: All right. Thank you
21	again. Just want to commend your team.
22	MR. MURILLO: Thank you.

Thank you. 1 CHAIRPERSON MILLER: 2 Any other questions? Okay. We can go to the 3 Office of Planning. 4 MR. JESICK: Thank you, 5 Chair, members of the Board. My name is Matt The applicant in this case is seeking 6 7 variance from two sections of the zoning 8 regulations, Section 3202.3 which permits only 9 one principal structure per lot, and Section 404 which governs rear yard requirements. 10 11 When looking at variance relief, 12 of course, we have the three-part test. first part is the property in any way unique 13 is there some other extraordinary 14 15 exceptional situation on the property. In the view of the Office of Planning there is. 16 One factor is that this is a two-17 18 story carriage house and that fact combined 19 with that the structure cannot be 20 significantly altered due to its contributing 21 nature to the Mt. Vernon Square historic

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The second part of the test is there a practical difficulty resulting from that extraordinary situation. Again, we think there is. When you look at the range of uses that could potentially go on that second floor of the carriage house, they are very limited so that fact does rise to the level of practical difficulty in the view of the Office of Planning.

If the relief were to be granted, the third part of the test asks would there be a detriment to the public good or the intent of the zoning regulations. I think clearly there would be no detriment to the public good.

The carriage house would be renovated to improve the appearance of the alley and hopefully the safety of the alley as well. There would be no impairment to light noise air, extraneous or orders no or resulting from a residential unit in that

The size of the carriage house is 1 location. not being expanded at all. 2. Regarding the intent of the zoning 3 regulations, while Section 3202.3 does say not 4 5 more than one principal structure per lot, we feel it was not the intent of the zoning 6 7 regulations to penalize someone for renovating 8 an historic structure and complying with 9 historic district quidelines. We feel that was not the intent of the zoning regs. 10 11 OP has not received any letters of 12 support or opposition to the case. We are approval 13 recommending of the requested For the rest of my testimony I 14 variances. 15 would just rest on the record. Thank you. 16 CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Mr. Jesick, 17 how unique is this type of carriage house, 18 two-story carriage house? 19 MR. JESICK: There are certainly 20 other carriage houses even in this immediate I couldn't quantify the exact 21 neighborhood.

number but we do see similar cases around the

1 It is somewhat unique, I would say. city. 2. CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. We're 3 not talking about hundreds of carriage houses and we are also talking about carriage houses 4 that are on the property that can't be changed 5 and that is an exceptional situation anyway. 6 7 I was just wondering how prevalent this was. 8 It's not that prevalent. 9 MR. JESICK: It's not that If the Board would like, I can 10 prevalent. 11 certainly ask that question of historic 12 preservation. 13 CHAIRPERSON MILLER: That's okav. I just wanted to get a general idea here. 14 15 hear what you're saying and I think that is 16 really an important issue that applicants 17 shouldn't be penalized for preserving historic 18 treasures like a carriage house. I think 19 there may be some kind of a balancing here. 20 I don't know whether things have changed or not or whether Office of Planning 21

is of the view at this point that some of the

1	uses that were allowed in it before are now
2	becoming more outdated.
3	MR. JESICK: That's what I was
4	going to reference. We think an artist studio
5	might be an acceptable use here. It's a
б	question of the market. Again, there are
7	potential impacts to the alley. When talking
8	about does this rise to the level of practical
9	difficulty, I think that is certainly the
10	question I struggled with. I feel that it
11	does rise to that level given the very, very
12	limited range of uses that could possibly go
13	in that space.
14	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Thank you.
15	Are there any other questions?
16	MR. TUMMONDS: No questions.
17	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: You have a
18	copy of the Office of Planning Report?
19	MR. TUMMONDS: Yes, I do.
20	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. Has
21	the ANC come in the meantime to the
22	proceeding? I don't see them. Okay. Are

1 there any other persons who wish to testify on this case either in support or opposition? 2. 3 Not hearing from any one then I think 4 it's time for your closing, Mr. Tummonds. 5 MR. TUMMONDS: Thank you very We believe with the materials that we 6 much. 7 filed the prehearing in statement, 8 testimony we provided today, we have shown 9 that we have satisfied the area variance 10 standards for having а second principal 11 structure on the slot as well as area variance 12 relief from the rear yard requirement for that second principal structure. I think we would 13 14 for your approval at your 15 convenience. 16 CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Thank you. 17 The Board is ready to deliberate on 18 this now. 19 VICE-CHAIR ETHERLY: Madam Chair, 20 if it's appropriate I am more than comfortable 21 moving forward with a motion to move approval 22 of Application 17586 of 442 M Street, LLC

1	pursuant to 11 DCMR Section 3103.2 for
2	variance from the prohibition of creating a
3	second principal structure on a single lot
4	under Subsection 3202.3 and a variance from
5	the rear yard requirements under Section 404
6	to allow the renovation of an existing row
7	dwelling into six residential units and the
8	conversion of the second floor of an existing
9	historic carriage house in the rear of the
10	subject property at premises 442 M Street N.W.
11	and I would invite a second.
12	MR. MANN: Second.
13	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Second.
14	VICE-CHAIR ETHERLY: I love it
15	when we have competing seconds. Madam Chair,
16	I think the record is very full and complete.
17	I definitely agree with the thrust of your
18	questions as related to the spirit of 3202.3
19	with regard to creation of a second principal
20	structure.
21	As sometimes I am known to do, I
22	will actually take the variance test in

reverse because I think when we speak to the issue of no harm to the public good or to the zoning plan, I think that is perhaps where it is most applicable to talk about the spirit of 3202.3.

I think this has been discussed by the applicant at length. The manner in which the applicant has chosen to approach this carriage house, I think, is very respectful of the spirit of 3202.3 and, as been indicated by the Office of Planning, I think is in keeping with this notion that the intent, if not necessarily in reality, I think at least in application is not to penalize property owners for endeavoring to make productive use of what are indeed architectural gems in our city.

This Board often times has dealt in both this arena and other arenas with the challenge of how do you articulate our alleys, if you will, but do it in a way that is respectful of the street scape.

Perhaps it is somewhat difficult

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to think of a street scape in an alley setting these are increasingly becoming more vibrant parts of many of our communities, especially when we talk about our historic districts where alleys perhaps in another era indeed, utilized more aggressively sometimes to the detriment of the community perhaps tenements other types as or of substandard housing options.

Clearly that is not the case here but I am comforted by the fact that when we speak to the issue of no harm to the public good as the applicant has indicated, the scope and the massing with which they are trying to approach this dwelling is not in any significant way being altered or expanded in treating terms of how thev are articulation of the rear.

They are remaining very true to what is already in existence, if you will. I was very pleased to hear Mr. Bonstra note that we are not introducing any type of new

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entryway to the rear portion of the property but rather it is going to be primarily accessed from the front of the address itself coming through what is the rear yard of the other structure.

Those are all factors which I think are very much in keeping with the spirit of 3202.3 while at the same time making a very creative use of this particular property. As we move to kind of the front portion and then I'll come to the middle of the sandwich, if you will.

As we move to the front portion of the variance test, clearly I think there is an extraordinary or exceptional situation here and that is the contributing historic nature of the carriage house itself. Again, the challenge is how do you maintain what is an architectural asset of a contributing structure, but, at the same time, use it in what is a productive way, if you will.

I think the exceptional situation

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clearly is the existence and uniqueness of the carriage house and the fact that it is a contributing structure and that you have to keep it. You can't tear it down. You can't demolish it in part and perhaps make it more in keeping with today's modern standards. You have to be respectful of it. You have to keep it so what do you do with it?

I think it would, indeed, be an incongruous result if we were to simply say the zoning regs simply dictate that you have to use it as storage. It's going to be high-priced and very nice storage but storage nevertheless. I think the approach that the applicant is taking is a very creative one and one that gets you four parking spaces in there.

It's going to be interesting to see how it works in practice but you're going to get them in there. I think what has been presented to us has indeed been a very nice way of trying to stay true to the spirit of

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the regs without doing any harm or damage to it.

With respect to the second prong in terms of practical difficulty, I think the factors as I've already discussed them really kind of answer that question very clearly. The practical difficulty is that you are not left with a whole lot of options with regard to use of this particular aspect of property. If you do not get the variance relief and, again, I think you are going at the relief creative in and а very conscientious manner.

I think as was indicated by Mr. Loud, you've gotten very positive feedback from some of your adjacent neighbors, the treatment of some of the other wall space as was indicated in a little bit of the exchange with Mr. Turnbull suggest that clearly you are sensitive to some of the aesthetic impacts that could conceivably be at issue had you decided to be much more aggressive with some

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of the other facing on the carriage house structure.

With all of that, Madam Chair, I think this is very ripe to move forward. I think the case has been more than adequately made and laid out and I am very comfortable that because of some of those key factors that were discussed and that I have laid out under the prong of the test that speaks to whether or not there is a harm to the public good or the zoning plan, I am comfortable that there is still a very clear bar that would have to be met by similar projects in other areas of our city.

As was indicated by counsel for the applicant, it is not necessarily a frequent occurrence that you see this type of structure in this particular residential zone but they do happen. You clearly will see them in other residential zones, R-1s and what have you.

Some of the other projects that

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we've seen where there has been perhaps a much 1 more aggressive approach 2. to use of the 3 carriage house, I think that is where the zoning regulations begin to really step up and 4 5 say let's just be careful that we don't go overboard. 6 7 The idea here is not to create the 8 Helmsley Palace or the Mayflower Hotel on our 9 alleys but, again, how do we balance what the zoning regs are trying to get at without at 10 11 the same time penalizing property owners from 12 doing something productive. 13 In my book a residential use is always -- again, I'm not speak from the zoning 14 15 reg standpoint but just in terms of the spirit of the regs the introduction of a residential 16 17 use here, I think, is more than appropriate 18 and has been done in a very measured and 19 deliberate way. 20 Thank you, Madam Chair. I'm out of breath. 21

CHAIRPERSON MILLER:

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Thank you,

Mr. Etherly. I think you very fully covered I'm just going to add a little icing. it. Just going through the test, I think the case is certainly made for uniqueness exceptional condition is that there an historic carriage house on this property along with some other historic buildings. It can't be demolished or substantially altered. BZA and the courts have found that to be exceptional condition in and of itself begin with.

Now we get to the question of practical difficulty. I think that really went to use of that second floor, what is left given the restricted uses that were there before. We give Office of Planning great weight.

Office of Planning certainly has weighed in on this one saying that they consider those uses that would have been allowed not to have very much value, I guess, in this context in this day and in this place.

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Therefore, there was a practical difficulty for this applicant.

That is not necessarily always the case but I think it was found to be here. It might often be the case. It might often be an outdated regulation but we are not in the business of rewriting the regulations but when we interpret their application, we can determine they may be outdated in this spot and that is creating a practical difficulty for the applicant.

I think in this one it is economic somewhat and I think Office of Planning really basically characterized, as did the applicant, that the resulting use would be almost unusable, just storage space.

I thought it was also very impressive that the Office of Planning made that statement about not penalizing applicants for complying with historic regulations. That is an important issue, I think, these days.

Of course, in this particular case

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1 there were no adverse impacts that have been brought to our attention. In fact, it's only 2. 3 positive. It's the renovation of historic treasures, eyes on the alley, and increased 4 residence in a residential area. 5 For those reasons, I would support 6 7 this as well. Anybody else have any comments? 8 Okay. Then I think we are ready to vote on 9 the motion. All those in favor, say aye. 10 ALL: Aye. 11 CHAIRPERSON MILLER: All those 12 All those abstaining? Would you opposed? call the vote, please? 13 MS. BAILEY: Madam Chair, the vote 14 15 is called as five zero zero to grant the 16 application. Mrs. Miller made the motion, Mr. 17 Etherly -- I'm sorry, Mr. Etherly made the 18 motion and Mrs. Miller seconded. Mr. Mann, 19 Mr. Loud, and Mr. Turnbull support the motion. 20 CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Thank you. would also move at this point to waive our 21 22 rules and regulations for issuing findings of

1	fact and conclusions of law and issue a
2	summary order in this case given there is no
3	party in opposition.
4	MS. BAILEY: Thank you.
5	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. Thank
6	you very much.
7	MR. JESICK: Thank you.
8	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: You can call
9	the next case, please.
10	MS. BAILEY: Application No. 17587
11	of Shawn Ayize Sabater, pursuant to 11 DCMR
12	3103.2, for a variance from the floor area
13	ratio requirements under Section 771 to allow
14	an addition to an existing commercial
15	building. The property is zoned C-2-A and
16	it's located at 2616 Georgia Avenue, N.W.,
17	Square 2884, Lot 34.
18	Madam Chair, I think it has been
19	discovered that the property is zoned C-2-A
20	and R-4. Perhaps that is a preliminary
21	matter. In addition to that, the applicant is

requesting relief from Section 2514.2 and

1	there is a request for party status in this
2	application as well from Milton Weinstein.
3	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Thank you.
4	Why don't we start with introducing yourselves
5	for the record, please.
6	MR. SABATER: Good morning. I'm
7	Ayize Sabater. Congratulations, Ms. Miller
8	and Mr. Etherly.
9	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Thank you.
10	MS. WALSH: I'm Meghan Walsh and
11	I'm the architect for Ayize Sabater.
12	Congratulations to all of you, too.
13	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. Is Mr.
14	Weinstein here? Okay. Are you familiar with
15	request for party status? No? We have
16	Exhibit 30. It's a request by Mr. Milton
17	Weinstein at 1155 Regal Oak Drive, Rockville,
18	Maryland. Are we sure it's the right case?
19	Is that what you're saying?
20	When you see the address, I know.
21	Actually, it says it would greatly improve the
22	property. I don't know. It has the number on

it. I think, again, it's similar to the last
case where we had a request for party status
application.
It's very brief and the person is
not here to participate in the case or
indicate in any manner in which they would be
participating by writing. I would suggest
that we deny party status application for Mr.
Weinstein and accept this document in the
record as testimony.
MR. MANN: Madam Chair, I would
note that in item 3 it does say that he owns
2608 Georgia Avenue.
CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Thank you.
VICE-CHAIR ETHERLY: I would
agree, Madam Chair, with your proposed
direction that we just receive it as testimony
in support of the application.
CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Correct.
Right. Thank you. Okay. I guess we have
another preliminary matter perhaps that Ms.
Bailey brought up about amending the

1	application to seek special exception pursuant
2	to 2514.2. Is this what you want to do to
3	extend the regulations for C-2-A District 33
4	feet into an R-4 district?
5	MS. WALSH: Yes. That's what we
6	want to do.
7	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. I have
8	no problem with that. Okay. Then it is
9	amended to include that relief. Just so we
10	understand the relief, I know you get
11	different options also in your briefs or
12	whatever.
13	One option is that plus just a
14	variance from 771.2 to increase the maximum
15	FAR for other permitted use from 1.5 to 1.9
16	for private school use. My understanding is
17	that is what Office of Planning was analyzing
18	as well. Are you comfortable going forward on
19	those two avenues of relief?
20	MS. WALSH: Yes. That would be
21	our choice.
22	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. Fine.

Then you can proceed.

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MS. WALSH: Okay. The project that we are applying for is a project called Mommies TLC which is currently -- actually, I would like to defer to my client to describe the nature of the project and what they do but I will talk about the property and what we are intending to do.

The address at 2616 Georgia Avenue is dually zoned, the back half of it being R-4 and the front half of it being C-2-A. The back 33 feet of it is R-4 and the proposed addition and renovation will take about two-and-a-half feet. It will go two-and-a-half feet into that R-4.

The zoning regulations allow by matter of course for the property to be considered of the more restrictive zoning so they would allow us to consider it to be R-4 but that would present some other hardships for us in complying, particularly with the use of the property which will be Montessori

private school.

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Our other option was to apply for the special exception to allow it to be considered C-2-A across the entire property and in which case we still need some relief which would be in the form of an area variance to allow us to go to an FAR of 1.9.

The reasons for our justification for that would be because we are trying to achieve a couple of things with the building. We are bringing the building into ADA compliance so we would be adding an elevator and creating handicapped accessible bathrooms which, of course, take up some additional space.

Additionally, we are also going to be applying for LEED certification which is the U.S. Green Building Council's set of standards to meet the environmental impact of the building. Some of the things that we are adding into the building, the entire roof will be a green roof system and outdoor teaching

classroom.

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We'll have rainwater collection tanks on the roof. We have brought a model here if anybody is interested. There are also photos of that model in your packet. A lot of those things when added together would also reduce the FAR. I did the calculations as such to remove those elements, just the LEED elements by themselves, and that would bring it to 1.7. If then I were to take out space that we didn't need to make it ADA compliant we could actually bring the FAR down.

understanding Му from most people's point of view would be that those things would be positive things а particularly Montessori school, and in general. We are trying to use this building as kind of a model for an intercity school that can meet the requirements of schools that might have more space.

We are in a very small lot and while LEED does not give credit for that, that

actually is a more environmentally friendly approach is using a smaller piece of property to achieve your goals.

applying We also are going to be preserving the front facade which is sort of a unique condition on Georgia Avenue. The site sits back about 25 feet from the sidewalk so there is kind of a plaza that is in front of that block of buildings.

While being zoned C-2-A would allow us to go forward and build whatever we wanted to into that section, that would certainly destroy that line of building facades. If you look at older maps, some of the adjacent properties actually did that. They did go ahead and build right up to the property line. The one right next to us, in fact, did that.

We would like to stay in compliance with that. Part of the Montessori teaching philosophy is also to have kind of a

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tacit understanding by just being in the building. You are learning about history. You are learning about structure. You are learning about the environment.

Part of our approach is to provide diagrams throughout the building for young children, even at two-and-a-half years old, to start to understand the principles, the history, and why we preserved this building and how did we do that. What happens when you put a steel lintel in and how the load is carried to the ground.

These things will be sort of a whimsical way of bringing the children into a better understanding of architecture or history planning, the environment, etc. I'm going to turn it over to Ayize for him to tell you more about the details of their program.

CHAIRPERSON MILLER: I just want to ask you a question unless it's more appropriate for Mr. Sabater. Could you just refresh my memory? I can't remember why this

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1 building? Why are you in this particular small lot to begin with? 2. 3 MR. SABATER: We are a non-profit We have utilized the current 4 organization. structure. Our office has been there for the 5 last six years and our program has grown. 6 7 currently operate our program in the basement 8 of a church and the church is looking 9 reclaim their space and renovate it. Even in addition to that, our program has grown so we 10 11 actually would have probably had to move out 12 of the church. 13 We recently observed some of our neighbors expanding their property on Georgia 14 15 Avenue and we realize that we could actually use the space that we already have and not 16 just use it for office space but we 17 18 actually run our program right out of a space 19 that we already have site control over. 20 Even though our program as a non-21 22 profit is growing, we still are placed out of

the market that has just astronomically jumped 1 in terms of the value of property. We already 2. 3 have site control here. We would still be 4 growing within our means and it wouldn't break the back of the non-profit organization to 5 grow right here at this site. 6 7 CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Isn't there 8 also something really important about your 9 urban location, to be in an urban setting and that you also be near Howard University or 10 11 something like that? 12 MR. SABATER: No doubt that given that population 13 our target is at-risk children, particularly the population in Ward 14 which is primarily African American. 15 Howard University being the capstone of black 16 17 education would allow us auite unique 18 positioning for our program as we hope to be 19 a model for urban schools across the country. 20 CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Thank you. 21 Okay. You can go on with what you were going

Thank you very much.

to say.

Again, 1 MR. SABATER: Thank you. our organization is a non-profit organization. 2. 3 Our mission is to nurture the genius of children. For the last six years we have been 4 5 running an after-school program in Columbia Heights, Ward 1, where we've had the chance to 6 7 work with the council member on a number of 8 years. 9 We've had a chance to work with many ANC representatives as well as many other 10 11 community-based organizations providing 12 high-quality after-school program, a high-13 quality summer camp. We do a lot in the community. 14 15 actually had our children involved in the renovation of the entire 16 We involved our 17 Girard Street playground. 18 children even in the renovation project they 19 in. We are really excited about the 20 opportunity to expand and operate right here

CHAIRPERSON MILLER:

across from Howard University.

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Thank you.

1 Do you have any questions? Okay. We can go to the Office of Planning now unless you have 2. 3 anything else you want to do at this point. 4 Okay. 5 Good morning, Mr. Cochran. MR. COCHRAN: For the record, my 6 7 name is Steven Cochran with the Office of 8 Planning. The Office of Planning strongly 9 supports this project and recommends that the Board approve the special exception to extend 10 11 the C-2-A District for a distance of 33 feet 12 into the R-4 zone district at the rear of the 13 lot and that you support the variance to increase the FAR for other permitted uses from 14 15 1.5 to 1.9 for private school use. 16 Other than this, we rely on the 17 record but, of course -- excuse, 18 report. I'll be happy to answer any questions 19 that you might have. 20 CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Thank you. 21 That excellent report. was an Μy only

question I believe so far is you site the

1	Draft Comprehensive Plan 2006. My question is
2	is that law at this point, the provision that
3	you cited?
4	MR. COCHRAN: Actually, I had a
5	conversation with someone you know quite well
6	about that just two days ago. It is law.
7	There were certain elements that the National
8	Capital Planning Commission had some issues
9	with. Those are not part of the comprehensive
10	plan yet but as of March 8th the comprehensive
11	plan with the exception of what NCPC took
12	exception to is law.
13	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: So certainly
14	with what has been said here with respect to
15	the greening of the city and things like that.
16	That provision is now in effect.
17	MR. COCHRAN: Yes. This is not
18	inconsistent with that by any means.
19	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. I
20	don't have any other questions. Is the ANC
21	commissioner here for this case? Okay. Are
22	there any persons in the audience either in

1	support or opposition of this case? Not
2	seeing any. Are there any other questions by
3	the Board?
4	MR. TURNBULL: Madam Chair.
5	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Yes.
6	MR. TURNBULL: Ms. Walsh, in your
7	testimony you talked about ADA and
8	accessibility but I see at the front of the
9	site there are stairs going up but on the plan
10	I don't see any ramp or anything.
11	MS. WALSH: We are going to use an
12	outdoor lift for that because if you put a
13	ramp there, you wouldn't be able to get enough
14	ramp to go all the way up to the front door to
15	do that. We are just going to use a regular
16	lift.
17	MR. TURNBULL: Did you also
18	mention that there was an elevator?
19	MS. WALSH: Yes, there is an
20	elevator.
21	MR. TURNBULL: I didn't see it on
22	these plans.

1	MS. WALSH: The long bar along the
2	south side is all the service kind of so there
3	are stairs. If you look at the back the next
4	thing over is the elevator. There is an X
5	there.
6	MR. TURNBULL: Okay.
7	MS. WALSH: You may have an older
8	plan because we submitted an earlier copy
9	which had a space that was for potentially
10	putting an elevator in later when my client
11	was able to raise funds for that.
12	MR. TURNBULL: Okay. I guess
13	MS. WALSH: But I submitted a
14	secondary set of plans.
15	MR. TURNBULL: I see a set of
16	stairs and I see the mechanical room, a set of
17	washrooms, then an isolation area, and then I
18	see the other stairs.
19	MS. WALSH: There is supposed to
20	be an elevator right if you look at that
21	stair in the back, there is one right next to
22	it. That's supposed to be an elevator that

1	goes all the way up to the roof.
2	MR. TURNBULL: Okay. I guess
3	maybe it's just not shown on the plan I'm
4	looking at but they are dated 3/27. Okay.
5	You're saying there is an elevator?
6	MS. WALSH: Yes.
7	MR. TURNBULL: It goes all the way
8	up to the roof?
9	MS. WALSH: Yes, it does.
10	MR. TURNBULL: Okay.
11	MS. WALSH: I apologize if it it's
12	not on there but there is an elevator. We've
13	had that in there for a while. I'm not sure
14	why it's not on that.
15	MR. TURNBULL: Maybe I'm just
16	looking at it maybe it's just not quite
17	updated. I'm just curious. To what oh,
18	that's the reason. Oh, I see. Oh, it's
19	ghosted. I guess that is where the
20	isolation
21	MS. WALSH: Yeah. What I had done
22	we made the space. We are making the whole

1 framing plan so that the elevator can go into 2. that space but we had some concerns about the 3 cost of the elevator and when my client would 4 be able to afford to put that in so we needed 5 to make a plan so that if there were a need to, we would cover that space until we could 6 7 put the elevator in. 8 Thank you. MR. TURNBULL: It's a 9 exciting program. Ι think very your introduction of the architecture to the kids 10 11 at an early age is kind of unique. 12 I think you are to be commended fascinating. on that. 13 Just curious. To what level of 14 15 LEED certification? Are you going for just LEED certification? 16 17 Well, we are hoping to MS. WALSH: 18 get as much LEED certification as we can get 19 but that process is a tricky process so as 20 much as we can comply with, we intend to and then some because we have some other creative 21

ideas that we are implementing such as having

a stationary bike that the kids can power the 1 lights with. Things that they will really get 2. 3 a visual understanding. 4 It's more important -- I mean, the 5 LEED certification is certainly important also to bring attention to the school as being the 6 7 sort of premiere school but what is even more 8 important is the educational understanding that the children will have through that 9 10 process. 11 MR. TURNBULL: That is very 12 commendable. Thank you. 13 I have just a CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Are there existing couple more questions. 14 15 nonconforming courts that are going 16 disappear with respect to the construction of 17 this project? 18 I love talking MS. WALSH: Yes. 19 about that. Those are going to disappear 20 through this addition. Currently the scene back there is not so nice. When I went to 21 22 take pictures I had to act really naive that

I couldn't really smell what was being smoked 1 2. back there. 3 It's a pretty bad dirty scene back This project not only will 4 there right now. 5 get rid of some bad conditions to do with light and air, but also some of the issues of 6 7 the drugs that are being sold back there. 8 CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. With 9 respect to the operations of the program I think that you addressed this but could you 10 11 just refresh our memories with respect to 12 parking and drop-offs for the students and employees? 13 14 MS. WALSH: Sure. We have met the 15 parking requirements but we also are aware that the neighbors might have some concerns 16 17 about the pickup and drop off of children at 18 various times of day. We are exploring 19 several things right now. 20 actually We have been in communication with 21 the Department of 22 Transportation to see if we might put a sign

1	out for people to slow down during certain
2	times of day. Also we are exploring remote
3	pickup and drop-off locations. They have a
4	van so that there would be one parking space
5	in the back dedicated just to that van.
6	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: I know you
7	fulfilled the parking requirements but what
8	are they and what do you have?
9	MS. WALSH: The parking
10	requirements are one for each of the four
11	employees. We have five employees so that
12	means we would need 1.25 spaces and we have
13	two spaces.
14	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: The van
15	counts? I mean, the van is taking up one of
16	the spaces now.
17	MS. WALSH: Yeah, the van counts.
18	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: The van
19	counts for the employee?
20	MS. WALSH: Well, there are two
21	spaces so there's one separate space that
22	would be I mean, nobody has talked to us

about what would count or what wouldn't count 1 2. in terms of which vehicle but we already have 3 one space that would meet the needs of the 4 employees and then we have another space. 5 CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. You may not use that as totally dedicated to an 6 7 Is that what you are saying? employee. 8 may not need it but it's two spaces for the 9 employees but perhaps the van may use it some 10 of the time. Okay. Just to drop off or 11 whatever. 12 WALSH: Technically we MS. I mean, I don't know 13 supposed to have 1.25. what you would do with .25 of a parking space 14 but we have an additional .25 if we needed to 15 16 prove that we have that space. 17 CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okav. 18 That's not before us. I think it's possible 19 you round it down or up or whatever but it's not before us. 20 I was just looking into -- we consider adverse impact so that is one of the 21

impacts of the school, the parking, the drop

off. That is the reason I was exploring what you had and things like that.

MS. WALSH: Right.

CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. Any other comments? I just want to say before you do your closing argument, and I want to also say who else submitted letters of support, that I am familiar with Sidwell Friends green building and it's phenomenal. It's an amazing learning experience so the fact that you can be offering that in the city in well is incredible.

Okay. I do want to note the ANC representative is not here but Exhibit 29 is a report from the ANC unanimously supporting seven zero this application and it meets the great weight requirements. It shows that it was at a regularly scheduled meeting and there was a quorum and a vote, etc. We will be giving that great weight. Council Member Jim Graham has submitted a letter in support. That is Exhibit No. 33. Do you have a copy of

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2 MS. WALSH: Yes.

CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay.

Pleasant Plains Civic Association, Exhibit No.

32 has submitted a letter in support.

District of Columbia grassroots empowerment project, Exhibit No. 15, has submitted a letter in support.

Malapi Sibolai, who has a child in t.he Mommies After-School Program, has submitted a letter of support. That is Exhibit No. 13. Have you seen all of these? They are very nice. Okay. Good. Do we have anything else? Okay. Then I am going to leave it to you for closing argument.

MS. WALSH: I don't have too much to say outside of the fact that I think the school can add a lot to the area. I actually live a few blocks down from there as well and I'm very excited about it. Additionally, I think it will help to spur along some of the improvements that are beginning to happen

along Georgia Avenue.

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We were at a Pleasant Plains Civic Association meeting that Mayor Fenty came to and everyone there the things that they were talking about were crime. They were talking about the improvements of Georgia Avenue and opportunities for children, particularly for after-school programs. This project addressed all three of them and we presented it to the Pleasant Plains Civic Association right after that and people seemed really intrigued and excited.

The idea of bringing in some of these, a lot of them are not so high-tech techniques of bringing the environment into the architecture and making people understand how to reuse and recycle and all that I think will also be very beneficial for the area. We have talked at times about having open houses for people just to see those things. I am hoping that you will support the application. Thanks.

Thank you. 1 CHAIRPERSON MILLER: 2. We are going to deliberate on your application 3 I would like to make a motion to approve 4 the application of Shawn Ayize Sabater -- I hope I pronounced that all right -- for a 5 special exception pursuant to 2514.2 of Title 6 7 11 DCMR to extend the regulations of the C-2-A District 33 feet into the R-4 district at the 8 9 rear of the lot. And (2) a variance of 771.2 of 10 11 Title 11 DCMR to increase the maximum floor 12 area ratio for "other permitted use" from 1.5 to 1.9 for property located on the west side 13 of Georgia Avenue, N.W. between Euclid and 14 15 Fairmont Streets. 16 MR. TURNBULL: Second. 17 CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Thank you. 18 And that other permitted use is use as 19 private school. I just want to start that I 20 think that the record is very full here. Ιt is a very, very worthwhile project and some of 21

our analysis is on the dry side with respect

to meeting the variance test. I am just going to go through some of those prongs.

The first test being that there be a unique or exceptional condition. I would just like to highlight on some of what I see in this in that we have a building here that your non-profit has been using, that you are settled in this community and it is very important where you are located.

You are located near Howard University. You are located near the at-risk children that you will be serving. This building is a residential rowhouse built in 1910 prior to the enactment of the zoning regulations. Therefore, it needs a lot of retrofittings, particularly if you are going to do it for a school.

I think one of the practical difficulties is also if you look at the topography, or at least where the building is located on the land right now, as you stated, you could go forward but that would ruin the

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frontage on the building lines. Therefore, you need to go back. Actually, we are not even just dealing with a variance but we are also dealing with that special exception provision that I will get to as well.

Just sticking with the variance test for right now, that is the unique or exceptional condition as I see it. At least, some of the aspects of it. Then the practical difficulties. In order to use it as a school and retrofit it, you really don't have very much room to move.

It's a small lot and, therefore, in order to make it ADA compliant and to achieve the green goals, which is a really, really worthy educational purpose, you need to build out in the way that you are doing it. There really isn't any other options in order to do that. There is no substantial detriment that I have seen in the record.

You are actually removing a nonconforming aspect of the property and

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that's the courts. In doing so you are addressing some not so pleasant situations that occur on that property because of the nonconforming courts. This is a benefit to the children and to the community at large.

In your papers, we didn't get into all that much here, but you actually discussed how you are going to be opening a lot of this project up to the general public as well with a lot of other activities. It is consistent with the zone plan because you are going to be using it as a private school which is a matter of right use.

inconsistent with It's not comprehensive plan. In fact, Office Planning cited language in the comprehensive plan that goes to one of the goals of greening the city and this is a fantastic way to do that. You have support of the community. There is just no adverse impact.

I think before I move on, I do

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think I need to pull 2514.2 and say you are reaching that unless someone wants to add to the variance test right now while I'm looking for that. Actually, Office of Planning also has addressed how you reached that.

2514.2 is the regulation which allows the Board to extend the regulations applicable to that portion of the lot located in a lesser restricted use zone district that controls the use, height, and bulk of structures and the use of land to that portion of the lot in a more restricted use zone district.

You fulfilled that requirement because the first requirement is that you can only exceed it up to 35 feet and you have 33 feet so you are fine with that. To authorize extension the an Board shall require compliance with 2514.1(d) which says that the Board may impose requirements pertaining to design, appearance, screening, location of structures, lighting, or any other requirement

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it deems necessary to protect adjacent or 1 2. nearby property. 3 Office of Planning has not made any recommendations that the Board do this. 4 5 I will leave this open to see if any other Board member has a recommendation. I don't at 6 7 this point. shall 8 The extension have no 9 adverse impact upon the present character and development the neighborhood. 10 future of 11 Again, I have gone through those factors, I 12 think, and it has only positive benefits. For these reasons, I think that 13 the applicant has met the requirements for a 14 15 special exception pursuant to 2514.2 and a variance from 771.2 to use it as a private 16 17 school. Anv comments from other 18 members? Okay. 19 MR. TURNBULL: Madam Chair, Ι 20 agree with you that the applicant has met the Not only has met the test but I think 21 test.

has taken several steps off the ladder to come

1	up with a design that is very exciting and
2	challenging. It contextual with the
3	neighborhood. I know that can be an overused
4	term but I think in this case I think it's
5	very meritorious.
6	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: I would
7	agree. I think it is also very pioneering and
8	admirable. I can't see any downside to this
9	whatsoever physically or programmatically.
10	Mr. Turnbull, you don't have any
11	concerns with respect to the plans either that
12	have been submitted in the record?
13	MR. TURNBULL: No. My only
14	question was on my plan here it doesn't
15	clearly show the lift but mine may not be the
16	updated one. The X is there for the elevator
17	so I'm convinced they are obviously trying to
18	do it. It's just that there have been a
19	series revisions here along the way. I feel
20	confident that the plan has merit.
21	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay, because
22	the order will be reflecting the plans as

presented in the case. Are there any other comments?

VICE-CHAIR ETHERLY: I'll just say very briefly, Madam Chair, I would like to whole heartedly associate myself with the remarks of both the maker of the motion and Mr. Turnbull. I think the project has been very well conceived and helps to articulate a small corner of Georgia Avenue that is ripe for additional energy.

has been indicated in the applicant's filing, you are in the vicinity of the historic HBCU Howard University, Banneker High School, a couple of other key landmarks along Georgia Avenue. As our new colleague Mr. Loud knows, we are talking about a very vibrant corridor that at certain portions of it is not as best taken advantage of as it could be. You go through very great lengths to do that of animating in terms building.

The use of the roof is just

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absolutely dynamic and it would perhaps be 1 remiss for me not to highlight. 2. As some of 3 my colleagues know, oftentimes when we talk about school applications they don't normally 4 5 go as easily as this. They don't normally go as quietly. 6 7 Sometimes you would not believe the level of 8 discourse that we have, albeit valid issues 9 and concerns that are raised whether it is transportation, number of students, what have 10 11 you. 12 The evidence here on the record of 13 the support that you have is a testament to 14 the work that you have already done in terms 15 of your program. I just commend you on what you are doing and wish you all the best in the 16 Thank you, Madam Chair. 17 18 CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Thank you. 19 Any other comments? Then at this point I 20 think we can take the vote. All those in 21 favor say aye.

ALL:

Aye.

1	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: All those
2	opposed? All those abstaining?
3	Would you call the vote, please.
4	MS. BAILEY: The vote is recorded
5	as five zero zero to grant the application as
6	amended. The motion was made by Mrs. Miller,
7	seconded by Mr. Turnbull. Mr. Etherly, Mr.
8	Mann, and Mr. Loud support the motion.
9	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Thank you.
10	At this time I think I would also move that we
11	waive our rules and regulations to issue an
12	order with findings of fact and conclusions of
13	law and issue a summary order in this case as
14	there is no party in opposition. Okay,
15	consensus of the Board.
16	Okay, then. Thank you very much
17	and best of luck.
18	You can call the next case, Ms.
19	Bailey. Thank you.
20	MS. BAILEY: Application No. 17588
21	of Thalia, LLC, pursuant to 11 DCMR 3103.2,
22	for a variance from the parking space size

1	requirements under Subsection 2115.1, a
2	variance from the parking space vertical space
3	requirements under Subsection 2155.5, and a
4	variance from the parking space accessibility
5	requirements under Subsection 2117.4, to
6	construct a new office building in the DD/C-2-
7	C District of premises 1307 through 1311 L
8	Street, N.W. The property is also known as
9	Square 247, lots 858, 859, 860, and 861.
10	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Thank you.
11	Good morning. Would you like to introduce
12	yourself for the record, please?
13	MS. BROWN: Good morning, Madam
14	Chair, and members of the Board. I am Carolyn
15	Brown with the law firm of Holland & Knight.
16	With me here today on my left is Harry
17	Moshovitis. He is a representative of the
18	owner of Thalia L Street, LLC.
19	To my right is Steve Sher,
20	Director of Zoning and Land Use Services at
21	Holland & Knight, our expert witness today.
22	Setting up the easels is Mark Arnold, the

architect for the project with Hickok Cole Architects.

We are very pleased to be here today to present a very innovative solution to what is a difficult problem. We are providing an automated parking system on a lot that is too small to provide standard size spaces.

We believe this alternative approach fully satisfies the intent of the zoning regulations and, in fact, sets a new standard for buildings in the city. While it's not the first in the city, the first, I believe is the United Mine Workers building at 15th and I Streets, it nevertheless, I think, will encourage other building owners to seek out this really great solution for parking on smaller lots.

We are here today seeking relief from the minimum depth of a parking space, the vertical clearance, and the accessibility requirements. As the record amply demonstrates, we meet the test for variance

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relief. We have support from the ANC and that 1 is Exhibit 24 in the record. 2. 3 We have the support of the 4 abutting owner, the National Association for 5 the Education of Young Children. That is No. 25 in the record. We also have a positive 6 7 from the Office of Planning. report 8 Accordingly, we would propose to make a very 9 abbreviated presentation this morning and then be available for questions. 10 11 With that I would like to turn to 12 our first witness, Steve Sher. Again, the representative of the owner is here if you 13 have questions for him but I think we'll just 14 15 skip bу and get to the meat of the 16 presentation. Thank you. 17 CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Thank you. 18 Good morning, Madam MR. SHER: 19 Chair, and members of the Board. For the 20 record, my name is Steven E. Sher, Director of Zoning and Land Use Services with the law firm 21

of Holland & Knight.

As you have heard already, we are here asking for three variances, all related to parking in the building. The use, the height, the FAR, and all the other aspects of the building comply with the regulations. What we hear about is parking.

When we looked at this case initially, we thought we had two options. One would have been just to ask for a parking variance. The other would have been to say, "Okay, we can put parking in here but how do we get to it?" The constraints of that are evident when you look at the property.

We have on the easels before you two drawings. The one on the left is the first-floor plan. What this shows is that the property is basically rectangular with a little bit that sticks back at the end here. It has only 58 feet of frontage on L Street and it's only 58 feet wide.

When you look at how you could possibly lay out a building of this sort, and

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this building is about a 55,000 square-foot office building so it has a requirement for 29 off-street parking spaces, it has a requirement for one 30-foot off-street loading berth and one 20-foot service delivery space. Basically the only access to the property comes from the public alley located at the northwest corner of the site at the rear.

When you put in a 30-foot loading berth and a 20-foot service delivery space, there is practically no way to get two parking spaces in the lower level because you would ordinarily think you would have a ramp coming in at this point at the northwest corner where you enter from the alley and go down to a lower level but you can't get there because you need to be able to be at grade to get to the service delivery space and to get to the loading berth.

Furthermore, when you look at how that garage would conceivable lay out, there would need to be access to the garage if it

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were an occupied garage so we need to have an elevator, we need to have exit stairs going down.

When you look at the width of the lot, when you look at that combined with where the core would be which is essentially at the east side of the building, and then when you think about how do you get ramps that go down there that meet the turning radius that meet the grades that meet the width requirements, you just don't get there.

Okay. What do we do? Well, what we did at Mr. Moshovitis' instigation was to look at alternatives to how to park this building. While they are not particularly common in the United States in terms of systems to park cars, they are common in terms of warehouse type situations where material is stored on upper levels and access by lifts of one sort or another.

Parking garages like this are actually more common in Europe where a lot of

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1 these systems were developed. What we have is a system where if you look at the parking 2. 3 layout this is essentially typical for all 4 three layouts. We've got three levels of 5 parking going down in the building. The two lower levels can hold 15 6 7 The upper level holds 13 cars because cars. 8 you need to have a space open to accommodate 9 the pallets that are moving on these lifts and so we wind up being able to provide 43 spaces 10 11 in the garage where only 29 spaces 12 actually required under the regulations. 13 Why are we here? Well, No. Okav. 1, the regulations require that parking spaces 14 15 be accessed by an all weather driveway, etc., with concrete and whatever and we don't have 16 17 that. We have a lift that takes the cars down 18 and shuttles them along in a horizontal method 19 to find an open parking space.

nine feet wide by 19 feet deep. We have nine

feet wide but because the width of the lot is

No. 2, the space is required to be

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58 feet when you take out the thickness of the walls on either side, you wind up with a dimension from one side to the other that accommodates 18'3" which is the size of the pallet that the automobile actually fits into with an 18'3" wide space in the middle because the pallet basically comes down and then can move either to the east or the west once it has reached that layer and finds an open parking space.

We are nine inches -- not nine feet but nine inches short on the length of the space but there is really no maneuvering room required for any of this. The car is placed on a pallet when it comes into the garage and we can get into the operation of that if you need to know more detail about that.

It is placed on a pallet. There are actually two elevators that take it down and then the car doesn't move once it's on the pallet. The pallet moves so you don't need to

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worry about turning radius for the vehicles in 1 2. the garage. 3 It slides over and it slides in so 4 it's almost a turn that you couldn't make in 5 a car but the pallet can move that way. Again, we have pallets that are 18'3" long 6 7 instead of 19 feet so we need nine inches on 8 the length of the space. 9 On the vertical clearance we have two levels that are at 5'7" and one level that 10 11 sits 6'10" so the 6'10" meets the 6'6" clear. 12 The other two do not. Again, this is a 13 function of the nature of the mechanics that take these things down. They don't need to be 14 15 any higher. 16 You don't need to worry about 17 somebody having enough clearance to stand up 18 there because nobody actually takes the car 19 down. The garage is basically unoccupied. 20 You drive onto the pallet, the pallet drops, the lift takes it down. 21

Nobody goes in the garage so we

don't need any access stairs, we don't need any elevators for humans going down there. All we need is the lift that takes the cars down there. The reason for the clearance at 5'7" we just don't need the 6'6" given the nature of the mechanics of what is going on here.

The exceptional condition is the width of the property, the location of access at the northwest corner, the location of the core and how that affects the layout of the building inside. The practical difficulty is that we couldn't get both required loading and required parking in the building because there is only one way to get in there and that is at if we didn't the one corner so have variance, we basically couldn't develop any parking on the property.

Our consistency with the zone plan basically we are providing the number of spaces that are required so we have all that is required. We are at the end of the alley

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system in the square so that there is no potential interference with anybody else who might be concerned and we don't believe there would be any issue there in any event.

We meet all the other requirements of the regulations. We have the support of the ANC and the Office of Planning. Therefore, we think we have met the test of the regulations and that the application could be granted.

We can go into more detail in explaining how this garage system works if the Board wants to know that. We have submitted some of that information in the prehearing statement on specifications from the manufacturer but it is an innovative way to deal with providing parking on the site.

CHAIRPERSON MILLER: I have a question about you are at the end of an alley or something. Do you think where the building is positioned results in this device not having an adverse impact on the surrounding

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area or what?

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MR. SHER: No one would be going past our property to get to some other property because we are at the dead-end end of an alley. Vehicles enter the site at that point, the northwest corner, and then if they are trucks they go into one of the two loading facilities or, if they are vehicles, they go into the turntables and the lifts that take them down. The only people coming at this point on the alley are those who are destined for that location.

If there were a concern that this is not a ramp where you would sort of have a free-falling situation going down into the building, we don't anticipate any backup given the speed with which this stuff occurs but if there were any concern that cars might be backing up past the entrance to the building, there isn't going to be any adverse affect on anybody else but nobody else is back there but us.

1	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Thank you.
2	Okay.
3	VICE-CHAIR ETHERLY: If I could,
4	Madam Chair, just a very, very quick question.
5	It's not so much on the firm zoning piece.
6	Part of me also just wants to add, man, can I
7	just park here on a regular basis even though
8	I work nowhere near the location?
9	MR. SHER: No.
10	VICE-CHAIR ETHERLY: Okay. Darn.
11	MR. SHER: If you work in the
12	building, you can park there. It's going to
13	be, in effect, a private garage. Because of
14	the way this works you need to have access
15	codes and a card to be able to get access to
16	the garage. It's not going to be a garage
17	open to the public on a general basis.
18	VICE-CHAIR ETHERLY: Thank you for
19	allowing me to digress ever so briefly but I
20	just thought I would ask.
21	MR. SHER: Sorry about that.
22	VICE-CHAIR ETHERLY: Let me,

1 however, kind of veer a little bit into, 2. again, this is not squarely on the zoning 3 inquiry but just it is more probably just a 4 lay person's question, the issue of fire 5 safety in the event that you do have any kind of emergency situation inside the guts of the 6 7 mechanical operation, if you will. 8 Perhaps the Office of Planning 9 will jump in at the appropriate time, if not Has there been any dialogue or exchange 10 now. 11 with fire, EMS, other emergency personnel 12 around how the space is accessed just for Again, not squarely on the 13 those purposes? zoning issue but just from the standpoint of 14 15 practice. Other than the fact 16 MR. ARNOLD: that it would be enclosed in a fire rated 17 18 enclosure and sprinkler for a condition that 19 would be typical in any parking garage there 20 has been no other discussions for that. 21 VICE-CHAIR Okay. ETHERLY: 22 Excellent. That's all I wanted to know.

1	Thank you.
2	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: How long has
3	the other garage that has the same parking
4	mechanism been operating with it. Do you
5	know?
6	MR. SHER: I guess about 10 years.
7	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: And it's been
8	successful?
9	MR. SHER: It's a residential
10	building rather than an office building. It
11	also has two lifts in the building as opposed
12	to just one and that parking is not required
13	parking under the regulations which is why
14	they didn't need to come get any relief.
15	That building was an addition to
16	an historic landmark so no parking was
17	required for the addition at the time so they
18	were able to put the parking in there and not
19	need relief from the Board for the reasons
20	that we are here today.
21	We have seen it. I know Harry has

been out a few times and inspected it to be

1	sure that it would be something that a system
2	similar to that would meet his needs for his
3	tenants. As far as we know, it is a very
4	efficient and successful and productive
5	operation.
6	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Thank you.
7	Is there more to your presentation?
8	MS. BROWN: We are prepared to
9	rest on the record unless you want us to
10	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: I don't think
11	we need to hear all the details. We have read
12	it all in the papers. Is there anybody here
13	from ANC? Okay. Then we can go to the Office
14	of Planning.
15	MR. MANN: Madam Chair, can I
16	ask
17	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: I'm sorry.
18	MR. MANN: That's all right.
19	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Go ahead, Mr.
20	Mann.
21	MR. MANN: Couple of questions.
22	Does the system turn the car around so that it

1 faces in a different direct when you are done? 2. MR. SHER: Yes. The pallet you 3 can see the diameter on the first floor plan 4 The car goes in face in and comes out face out. 5 MR. 6 MANN: Is there any 7 restriction on the type of car or the size of 8 the vehicles that can be parked versus what 9 you might find in a self-park garage? There is a restriction 10 MR. SHER: 11 in the sense that we have two levels that have 12 the 5'7" clearance and one level that has the 6'10" inch clearance. When you drive your car 13 onto that pallet there are sensors 14 15 actually measure the height and the width of the vehicle and it determines if there is the 16 17 space available that will accommodate that 18 size vehicle so it's going to put a normal 19 passenger car vehicle in the levels that have 20 the 5'7" clearance and it is going to keep the 6'10" level for vans and SUVs and so forth. 21

If somebody attempted to drive a

dump truck in there that was well in excess of 6'10" the sensor would not allow it in and not take it down. If you attempted to drive a dump truck into a normal parking garage with a 6'6" clearance, you wouldn't be able to drive it in and take it down either so, in effect, it's really no different than that.

MR. MANN: Okay. You said that you had a choice of going for a parking variance in its entirety or the variances that you are seeking today. How do you go about making the decision on what you are going to see?

MR. SHER: We actually went and met with staff at the Office of Planning and said we can do this either way and they urged us to go the way that we've come. They thought that would be a project that would be useful almost as a kind of demonstration project that you can actually meet the parking requirements in a way that is nontraditional and that if others found it to be a reasonable

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way to proceed might ultimately lead to an amendment to the regulations to allow for a mechanical means of access to a required parking space rather than the normal paved driveway and parking ramp.

We had a case and, I guess, I was here last Tuesday where we were talking about a variance on parking requirements because of the narrowness of the lot. We had parking but they were in the vault so we couldn't count them. We could have gone another way on that one, too, and we could have gone that way on this one. What we thought here was since 29 spaces are required and we can actually provide 32, we have the right number of spaces but we would seek the variance on the other aspects.

MR. MANN: And that leads directly to my last question. Is this going to be the wave of the future? Do you think we are just going to see this on these unusual cases where the lot is really narrow or other unusual

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circumstances?

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MR. SHER: There are examples of properties in Europe, large office buildings that accommodate parking this way. It can be done. I think there will probably be some, what do I want to say, market resistance to the cost of having to do this. It's not cheap but because it's the only way to do it here, we really didn't have much of a choice. The constraints of the site almost required us to go that way.

Whether we are going to come back here with a 300,000 square foot office building and a lot of parking spaces and I don't know how many elevators or lifts would be required to serve that, I don't know at this point. We did think it was a practical solution to this project.

I have had others clients look at elevators of mechanical lifts as a means to provide parking in situations where in one it was a building that would not have had the

parking required so we could have used it and not needed a variance. The project didn't go forward. We had other people looking at it but they pretty much have been for small to mid-size garages.

MR. MANN: Thank you.

MR. Madam Chair, couple LOUD: quick questions. These questions are pretty much off the zoning issues. I find it is very, very fascinating so I want to take advantage of the opportunity to sort of pick your brain. Are you able to share what the added cost was to the project to have to go this particular route? Did you recoup some or those costs by adding about 13 extra parking spaces?

MR. MOSHOVITIS: It's very expensive. We haven't gotten the final price tag yet but you save some money because you don't have to have the slabs for each floor so you save some money there. You save some money on the HVAC and, consequently, you save

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1	more and you don't have to worry about the
2	emissions coming out of the building. It's
3	more of a greener building to begin with.
4	This building will be LEED as well. It's more
5	expensive than typical slab construction. How
6	much I'm not sure yet.
7	MR. LOUD: Okay. Do you know if
8	there are any federal dollars available, I
9	guess, related to transportation issues for
10	these kind of projects?
11	MR. MOSHOVITIS: I do not know.
12	MR. LOUD: Then, finally, adding
13	the additional 13, 14 parking spaces, did that
14	help you in any significant way to recoup some
15	of those costs?
16	MR. MOSHOVITIS: Yes.
17	MR. LOUD: Is that the reason why
18	you added the extra parking spaces?
19	MR. MOSHOVITIS: You're in the
20	river spending the money. You might as well
21	add the extra spaces.
22	MR. LOUD: Thank you much. Did

1	they explain how this works when I stepped
2	away?
3	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Yes, with the
4	lifts and pallets and stuff. It's not
5	different from what's in our files. Do you
6	have a specific question you want to ask?
7	MR. LOUD: What time do we break?
8	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: When we're
9	finished.
10	MR. LOUD: Could you in layman the
11	two-minute version just explain for me as
12	someone who is a tenant at this 300,000 square
13	foot project, and I've got my automated card
14	or whatever, how does this actually work? The
15	two-minute version.
16	MR. SHER: The two-minute version.
17	You pull into the area and if the lift is
18	available, there will be a door that is open.
19	You pull your car in. There are sensors that,
20	as I said, measure the height and width of the
21	vehicle to make sure that it will fit in the

spaces that are below. You get out, you exit

the vehicle. There are motion detectors to make sure that there is nobody left in the car.

Once those checks have been gone through, the system determines where there is an empty pallet below. If it is, again, sort of a standard sedan or automobile, it takes it to one of those 5'7" clear levels. If it's a larger vehicle, it takes it down to the lowest level which has the greater clearance.

The pallet goes down, slides into the middle of the row between the spaces. When it gets to the empty space it delivers the car in there and then returns to the surface to await another vehicle.

If you are retrieving your car in the evening, the way we tentatively have this set up is you would swipe your card in the elevator on your way down and that will tell the system that you are coming down to get your car.

As one of those two lifts is

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available, it will drop down to the level where -- to the space where your vehicle is located, slide it out onto the life, take it back up, bring it up to the top, and then rotate it 180 degrees so that it's facing out and you can just drive it straight out as you come off the pallet.

MR. LOUD: So, for example, let's say it's 5:30 and everybody is leaving around the same time. There would be some small line of folks waiting because there are two of these?

MR. SHER: Right. We estimate that a round trip for a pallet is somewhere about two minutes so there's not a lot of wait time. It might be less time than you were waiting if you parked your car in a valet garage and you had to hand your ticket to the valet and they had to go down and get your car and bring it up and then take the next guy's ticket, go down and bring his up.

Arrival and departure times tend

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1	to be staggered somewhat. Not everybody is
2	generally leaving at the same time or arriving
3	at the same time. There might be some small
4	amount of wait time involved but we don't
5	think that is likely to be very long.
6	MR. LOUD: Thank you.
7	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: And also, for
8	Mr. Loud's benefit, you also said the entrance
9	is located at the end of an alley or something
10	so even if there were a backup it wouldn't
11	interfere with other traffic. Is that
12	correct?
13	MR. SHER: That's correct.
14	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay.
15	MR. TURNBULL: Madam Chair.
16	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Yes.
17	MR. TURNBULL: Obviously this is a
18	very unique solution to a difficult problem as
19	long as you don't have to give the machine a
20	tip. Mr. Sher, do you see the 43 percent
21	extra cars as a problem in the alley for the

neighbors?

MR. SHER: No. There is no limit on the number of parking spaces that any building in this square could provide. The main entrance to the alley is located further to the west on L Street. It's actually west of the NAUIC building which is the next building over.

You go into the middle of the square, turn east, and then turn south to get back to the entrance to this garage. There are other buildings in the square. There are actually some alley lots in the center of the square that use the alleys for access. Some of the other buildings have their access right off the street and don't use the alley system.

It's not a large building no matter how you look at. The buildings on either side are considerably larger. In fact, this is the smallest office building lot in this square so it's going to have the least a m o u n t o f i m p a c t.

MR. TURNBULL: Part of my concern is that I think it is an appropriate solution. It is unique. My concern is in the future these systems being in and there's going to be a hardship that says we can't put a system in unless we get 50 percent more or 100 percent more to make the system viable.

Then all of a sudden we have created a traffic impact by allowing in what would normally have very limited parking now will have maximized parking. I see it as a very creative solution. I think it is a very positive one. I also see it being overused at some point to an extent where there could be an hardship or an impact on neighborhoods. That is my only concern.

Again, I think it's a creative one. I think it's a very positive one and you have worked hard with OP, I understand. My only concern is the viability of a system like that reaching the proportions where you will have an impact on the neighborhood.

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MR. SHER: One thing to keep in mind is that the zoning regulations establish a minimum number of parking spaces for uses but do not in any zoned district or for any use establish a maximum so if someone wanted to dig down deeper or expand the number of spaces that could be provided, that is something that the regulations would not preclude.

Again, in this particular situation we have a relatively small number of spaces even with the extra levels of spaces that we can get more in three levels than we could get -- well, we can't get any in three levels here. Anything we get here is more than we can do as of right.

We get more in three levels because of the efficiency you get using the pallets and the mechanical lifts than you would if you put this space into a typical parking garage. We don't think in this case that is going to cause any particular impact.

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As I said, if I bought you a 300,000 square foot office building that had a lot more parking spaces in it, I'm not sure I know what the impact of that is at the moment but that's not what we have here.

MR. TURNBULL: Thank you. My only concern is from a zoning and urban planning standpoint that we now have the ability to solve these problems and how we solve them, again, maybe it's a regulatory issue that we need to think about because we have often talked about metro and buses and trying to get people to other means. Although we always see the automobiles never going away, we would like to be able to control them. That is my only concern.

MS. BROWN: Mr. Turnbull, just to follow-up briefly, you heard the parking waiver discussion last night at the zoning commission. The automated parking was considered being thrown in there but Office of Planning said, "No, we need to study it," for

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1	the very reasons that you raised.
2	MR. TURNBULL: It's only a talking
3	point. I'm just speaking hypothetically of
4	this danger. I'm a little frightened by it
5	but I see here it's a very unique solution.
6	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: I just want
7	to comment that I think that is like the
8	difference between what we hear here and what
9	you do on the Zoning Commission because we
10	look at this one instance. In this case there
11	isn't an adverse impact that I'm seeing from
12	the 43 spaces nor hearing that they did that
13	and it was the only viable means to implement
14	this. We also hear from DDOT a lot this
15	tradeoff between having more parking or less
16	parking. I think that is a policy issue that
17	the Zoning Commission will probably get into.
18	MR. TURNBULL: It's a balance.
19	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Yeah.
20	MR. TURNBULL: Definitely a
21	balance.
22	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. Any

other comments right now? I think we are ready to move to the Office of Planning.

MR. JACKSON: Good morning, Madam Chair, and Mr. Vice-Chair and the rest of the Board. My name is Arthur Jackson. I'm Development Use Specialist with the District of Columbia Office of Planning. You have a copy of our report before you and I will briefly go through our analysis.

We think that the applicants did make a good case that the proposed development on this site presents some unique challenges. We think the practical difficulty has been established. Essentially we've got a system that has certain dimensions and that is automated but we have regulations that are designed for a parking garage that involves actually driving cars to spaces.

We also note that the main impact of this proposal will be to increase the amount of parking on site in a situation where under the regulations and given the

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constraints of the site they would not be able 1 2. to nearly meet or come close to t.he 3 requirement. Therefore, we agree that the 4 reference regulations present the practical difficulty to utilizing a system that 5 engineered for parking cars automatically. 6 7 We also think that granting the 8 relief would not impose any -- would not 9 impair the intent, purpose, or integrity of the zone map or the zoning regulations. 10 We 11 note that the comprehensive plan is consistent 12 with this proposal in terms of high-density office uses on the site. 13 We also refer this proposal to the 14 15 Department of Transportation for their The representative indicated that 16 17 they do support this proposal. Based on that, 18 the Office of Planning recommends approval of 19 the requested variances and we are available 20 to answer questions. 21 CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Thank you. Ι

think you did an excellent job on your report.

Is there any elaboration you want to make on 1 what the Department of Transportation said or 2. 3 just that they support it? They said they were 4 MR. JACKSON: They looked at the 5 going to look at the site. other activities going on around the property. 6 7 There is a major development going -- well, there is a big hole in the ground essentially 8 9 for large office building that is immediately to the west and a new office 10 11 building has just been opened, I guess, in 12 that last few months on the corner to the 13 east. All of these buildings will have 14 15 their own parking services. I believe the building to the south will have more direct 16 17 access to L Street in terms of ingress and 18 egress of parking. They noted that 19 they had 20 examples of other these systems being in the District 21 installed and, to their

knowledge, there haven't been any problems

1	with them. That was really their concern
2	along with the fact that there would be
3	adequate access along this alley.
4	Of course, you know in the plat
5	the alley is 30-feet wide and it does have
6	several exits onto major streets. They did
7	not anticipate that this would create any
8	problems and, as such, they made no
9	expressions of concern.
10	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Great. Thank
11	you very much. Any questions? Do you have a
12	copy of the Office of Planning Report?
13	MS. BROWN: Yes, we do. We fully
14	support it.
15	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. Great.
16	Anybody here yet from the ANC? Okay. Anybody
17	here in support or opposition of this
18	application? Okay. Do we have any other
19	questions from Board members? All right.
20	Then I'll leave it to you for closing.
21	MS. BROWN: Thank you, Madam
22	Chair. Based on the evidence of record and

1	the testimony you heard today, I believe we
2	have met our burden of proof demonstrating
3	that we meet the test for a variance relief.
4	If you are so inclined, we would appreciate a
5	bench decision and, if appropriate, a summary
6	order. Thank you.
7	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Thank you. I
8	want to note for the record, if we haven't
9	already, that we have an ANC report, Exhibit
10	No. 24, in the record unanimously supporting
11	the application and meeting the great weight
12	requirements.
13	We have a letter in support also
14	from the National Association for the
15	Education of Young Children. They are located
16	at 1313 L Street immediately adjacent to the
17	subject property.
18	Okay. I think we are probably
19	ready to deliberate on this one. Are we not?
20	VICE-CHAIR ETHERLY: Madam Chair,
21	if it's appropriate, I would be more than

happy to move approval of Application No.

17588 of Thalia, LLC pursuant to 11 DCMR 3103.2 for variance from the parking space size requirements under Subsection 2115.1 of the variance from the parking space vertical space requirements under Subsection 2115.5 and variance from the parking accessibility requirements under Section 2117.4 to construct a new office building at premises 1307 through 1311 L Street, N.W. and would invite a second.

CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Second.

VICE-CHAIR ETHERLY: Thank you very much, Madam Chair. I believe the record, continuing a wonderful trend this morning, is very full and complete on this application.

It seems as though in fairly recent memory over the last couple of weeks we have started to see a number of different applications each in their own individual way begins to evoke some of the newer challenges that our zoning regulations now face with respect to technology, with respect to, as we

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discussed earlier this morning, articulation and animation of our alley street scapes, if you will.

This is probably yet another example of very interesting but а challenge that our zoning regs may begin to in the future and that is see more as technology begins to enable us to make use of automation in one of those areas that perhaps at first blush wouldn't necessary seem to be such a ripe candidate for automation. Turnbull indicated jokingly, the fact that we may not any longer have to tip the machine or an attendant to help move our driveway to parking spot.

All that being said, as we deal with the issue of the extraordinary and exceptional conditions here on the site, it has been more than adequately laid out that we are talking about a very narrow site that has substantial restrictions on its layout.

As you begin to talk about the

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return on investment that you get by having to excavate to the deep that would probably have to be reached in order to secure relevant parking under the zoning regulations, you just begin to see diminishing returns almost fairly quickly, maybe even with the first shovel into the ground. Clearly there are constraints on this building that prevent the applicant from reaching the relevant parking.

Those extraordinary and exceptional conditions clearly lead to the practical difficulties that you are talking about here. Were you to do that, you are going to run into additional issues around turning radius and grade changes.

It simply cannot be done under the current framework that the zoning regulations envision. As OP discussed with respect to the intent, purpose, and integrity of the zone plan, you are providing your parking. You are doing that. There's not going to be a negative impact.

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think there were some important questions raised as it pertained to looking down the line. Do we envision any long queuing lines. envision any Do we additional traffic impacts. There has been no evidence presented that there would be with regard to any weights or any issues entering and exiting the alley plan there. I think just in short, Madam Chair, and my colleagues, I think the case has been more than adequately made.

I'm just surprised that we don't have a cadre of parking attendants in attendance here because this could indeed be the first of the death nail, if you will, for parking attendants throughout the land. Perhaps that is a good thing and I will stop there, Madam Chair.

I'm ebullient and effusive this morning because it is, indeed, a new term in the Board's movement and we have a new member so I'm just giddy. I apologize to my

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colleagues but I'm more than happy to move forward with this application.

Thank you. I'll be pretty short then. I think you basically covered it. It is interesting because this is very similar to a case we had just a little while ago with respect to the same kind of situation, a very narrow small lot where it was really basically practically impossible to put the parking in.

As Mr. Sher mentioned, that was one where they had access to both space and that was the solution. Here we have a very innovative solution that our regulations just didn't contemplate considering they were written a long time ago before this solution definitely even existed. We have exceptional situation. We have practical difficulty in parking, we have this innovative solution that wasn't contemplated.

I just want to add that we also have in addition to no adverse impacts that

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1	Mr. Etherly mentioned, we have the very
2	positive environmental impacts here. The
3	applicant went into a lot of depth in the
4	papers really about the admissions and how
5	this is so much better and healthier for the
6	environment and for people in general.
7	What I think is interesting is we
8	have this morning two cases which were going
9	for LEED and the greening of the city. Then
10	we have also a new comprehensive plan that has
11	this new provision that says that is one of
12	our goals.
13	This case actually is quite
14	consistent with that goal. Are there any
15	other comments? Okay. We have a motion and
16	we have a second. I think we can take a vote
17	at this point. All those in favor, say aye.
18	ALL: Aye.
19	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: All those
20	opposed? All those abstaining?
21	We also have another situation
22	where we have no party in opposition and so,

1	therefore, I would recommend we waive our
2	rules and regulations for issuing an order
3	with findings of fact and conclusions of law
4	and issue a summary order in this case. Is
5	that the consensus of the Board? Okay. Thank
6	you very much.
7	MS. BAILEY: Madam Chair, just for
8	the record, the vote is five zero zero. The
9	motion was made by Mr. Etherly and it was
10	seconded by you and all of the other Board
11	members support the motion.
12	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Thank you,
13	Ms. Bailey.
14	We are going to adjourn this
15	public hearing now and we will return for the
16	afternoon session in an hour. Thank you.
17	(Whereupon, at 12:19 p.m. off the
18	record for lunch to reconvene at 1:32 p.m.)
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A-F-T-E-R-N-O-O-N S-E-S-S-I-O-N

1:32 p.m.

CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Good afternoon, ladies and gentlemen. This is the April 10, 2007, public hearing of the Board of Zoning Adjustment of the District of Columbia. My name is Ruthanne Miller. I am Chair of the BZA. To my right is Mr. Etherly who is Vice-Chair of the BZA. Mr. Hood will be joining us soon representing the Zoning Commission.

To my left is Mr. Marc Loud who is our newest Mayoral appointee. We welcomed him this morning but we welcome him again. Then we have Mr. John Mann representing NCPC. Mr. Clifford Moy just stepped away representing the Office of Zoning. Lori Monroe and Esther Bushman from OHE and Beverley Bailey from the Office of Zoning.

Copies of today's hearing agenda

are available to you and are located to my left on the wall bin near the door. Please be advised that the proceeding is being recorded by a court reporter and also webcast live. Accordingly, we must ask you to refrain from any disruptive noises or actions in the hearing room.

When presenting information to the Board please turn on and speak into the microphone first stating your name and home address. When you are finished speaking, please turn your microphone off so that your microphone is no longer picking up sound or background noise.

all persons planning to testify either in favor or in opposition are to fill out two witness cards. These cards are located to my left on the table near the door and on the witness tables. Upon coming to speak to the Board, please give both cards to the reporter sitting to my right.

The order of procedure for special

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exceptions and variances is: (1) Statement and witnesses of the applicant; (2) Government reports including Office of Planning, Department of Public Works, Transportation, etc.; (3) Report of the Advisory Neighborhood Commission; (4) Parties or persons in support; (5) Parties or persons in opposition; (6) Closing remarks by the applicant.

The order of procedure for appeal applications will be as follows: (1) Statement and witnesses of the appellant; (2) The Zoning Administrative or other Government official's case; (3) Case for the owner, lessee, or operator of the property involved if not the appellant; (4) The ANC in which the property is located; (5) Intervenors case if permitted by the Board; (6) Rebuttal and closing statements by appellant.

Pursuant to Section 3117.4 and 3117.5, the following time constraints may be maintained. The applicant, appellant, persons and parties except an ANC in support including

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witnesses, 60 minutes collectively.

Appellees, persons and parties except an ANC in opposition including witnesses, 60 minutes collectively. Individuals, three minutes.

These time constraints do not. include cross examination and/or questions from the Board. Cross examination of witnesses is permitted by the applicant or parties. The ANC within which the property is located is automatically a party in a special exception or variance case. Nothing prohibits the Board from placing reasonable restrictions on cross examination including time limits and limitations on the scope of cross examination.

The record will be closed at the conclusion of each case except for any materials specifically requested by the Board. The Board and the staff will specify at the end of the hearing exactly what is expected and the date when the persons must submit the evidence to the Office of Zoning. After the record is closed, no other information will be

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accepted by the Board.

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The Sunshine Act requires that the public hearing on each case be held in the open before the public. The Board consistent with its rules of procedure and the Sunshine Act enter executive session during or after the public hearing on a case for of reviewing the purposes record or deliberating on a case.

The decision of the Board in these contested cases must be based exclusively on the public record. To avoid any appearance to the contrary the Board request that persons present not engage the members of the Board in conversation. Please turn off all beepers and cell phones at this time so not to disrupt these proceedings.

The Board will make every effort to conclude the public hearing as near as possible to 6:00 p.m. If the afternoon cases are not completed at 6:00 p.m., the Board will assess whether it can complete the pending

case or cases remaining on the agenda. 1 The Board will now consider any 2. 3 preliminary matters. Preliminary matters are those which relate to whether a case will or 4 5 should be heard today such as request for postponement, continuance, or withdrawal, or 6 7 whether proper and adequate notice of the 8 hearing has been given. 9 If you are not prepared to forward with the case today or if you believe 10 11 that the Board should not proceed, now is the 12 time to raise such a matter. Does the staff 13 have any preliminary matters? Madam Chair, good 14 BAILEY: 15 afternoon. To members of the Board and to 16 everyone, good afternoon as well. There is, 17 Madam Chair, and it has to do with Application 18 There is a request from the ANC No. 17590. 19 and from the applicant for postponement of 20 this application. 21 CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. Then

what I would suggest is that you swear in

1	everyone who will be testifying today and then
2	we can hear the preliminary matter.
3	MS. BAILEY: Sure.
4	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Would all
5	individuals wishing to testify today please
6	rise to take the oath.
7	MS. BAILEY: The gentleman in the
8	back of the room, are you testifying today?
9	Please stand. Please raise your right hand.
LO	(Whereupon, the witnesses were
l1	sworn.)
L2	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Good
13	afternoon, Mr. Gell.
L4	MR. GELL: Good afternoon. Madam
L5	Chair, congratulations on the election. Mr.
L6	Etherly, the same, and Mr. Loud.
L7	I requested a postponement of the
18	case partially because when the ANC took up
L9	the matter, the Suchelskys had a long-standing
20	obligation, actually something they took on to
21	go to Mississippi and build houses and they
2.2	didn't feel that they could postpone that.

1	The ANC was quite understanding and is joining
2	with us in requesting this postponement of the
3	case. It involves a parking pad in front of
4	their house. That's 17590.
5	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. We
6	have read your request and the ANC report also
7	where they support the postponement. I just
8	have a question for you. It looks like the
9	notice went out in January and I'm wondering
10	was there any attempt to accommodate the
11	applicant at a different ANC meeting?
12	MR. GELL: I'm not sure what you
13	mean.
14	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Well, I mean
15	it is a very good reason to postpone in my
16	view the fact that they didn't have an
17	opportunity to present at the meeting. That
18	is very important. I'm just wondering whether
19	there was an attempt to try to accommodate
20	them earlier. Why didn't that happen?
21	MR. GELL: I think probably
22	because there was not sufficient contact prior

to the meeting which they were going to take this up. Had we thought about it, had I known that they were going to be out of town for that period of time and when the ANC meeting was, obviously we might have talked to the ANC and said, "Can you deal with this a little bit earlier?" I guess the time just slipped by and we didn't think we had to do anything that early.

CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. I was just wondering. I don't know if my Board members have any problems with postponing for this reason. No? Okay. It's a very good reason. We have looked at our calendar and we have an opening on May 15th in the afternoon. Are you available then do you know?

MR. GELL: May 15th will be okay with us but the ANC did ask specifically for time. I don't know how that fits in with their own schedule for their next meeting. They were very concerned that they wouldn't have sufficient time to have their meeting and

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1	then get advice into the BZA.
2	VICE-CHAIR ETHERLY: Mr. Gell,
3	very quickly, what is your understanding about
4	the next meeting date for the ANC at this
5	point, if any?
6	MR. GELL: I would have to look in
7	my files to see what their last meeting date
8	was.
9	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: We have their
10	report here.
11	MR. GELL: Do you?
12	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: It says that
13	the regularly scheduled public meeting on
14	March 19th they voted to approve this motion
15	to support the postponement of this case. It
16	seems to me they would probably have another
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	meeting in April. They have one every month.
18	meeting in April. They have one every month. MR. GELL: Right. That's true so
18 19	
	MR. GELL: Right. That's true so
19	MR. GELL: Right. That's true so it would be the third what was March 19th?

1	that the third Monday of April would be April
2	16th and the third Monday or May would be May
3	21st.
4	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Right.
5	VICE-CHAIR ETHERLY: My
6	inclination, Madam Chair, would be that we
7	probably move forward with the date and
8	perhaps if the ANC hasn't moved forward in
9	terms of completing their process, I'm sure I
10	wouldn't have any objection to, shall we say,
11	being somewhat accommodating if we run into an
12	issue where the ANC's action is imminent put
13	perhaps hasn't been finalized or if they
14	produce a report at the last minute.
15	Again, I can't speak for my
16	colleagues but I probably wouldn't have any
17	objection to waiving the rules and accepting
18	the report if it comes in at the last minute.
19	MR. GELL: I understand that. I
20	just wonder is there another possible date,
21	another possible opening that would be a

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little later?

1 CHAIRPERSON MILLER: I'm just not following why this should be a problem. 2 3 MR. GELL: I'm not sure it would 4 be a problem. I think the anticipation was that there would be more time between now and 5 when the hearing would take place. Obviously 6 7 if you set it on that date, we'll make that 8 date. 9 CHAIRPERSON MILLER: We can look further. 10 I mean, if we are going to be 11 prejudicing anybody it would be the applicant 12 if you want to go further out. It just 13 happens we had a withdrawal on that date so we could fit you in. I guess June 26th if you 14 15 want to go all the way to June. 16 MR. GELL: That would be okay. 17 There's one other advantage and that is in May 18 I think there is a meeting of the Public Space 19 Committee which is going to consider this 20 matter as well. By then we will have some 21 about whether Department sense of

Transportation is willing to allow it.

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Ιf

1	they don't, obviously there won't be any need
2	to go any further.
3	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Why don't we
4	do that then.
5	MR. GELL: That might be good. We
6	did work very hard to get our application in
7	by March 30th for the May meeting. I think
8	that might be good for all of us if we were to
9	do that. July 26?
10	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: It was June
11	26.
12	MR. GELL: June 26. As far as I
13	know that's a good date.
14	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. Mr.
15	Moy, that is the date that is available?
16	Okay. Then we will schedule you morning or
17	afternoon? Does it matter?
18	MS. BAILEY: Afternoon.
19	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Afternoon.
20	Okay. Mr. Gell, that's okay with you, June
	II
21	26th in the afternoon?

1	much.
2	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. Thank
3	you.
4	Ms. Bailey, do you want to call
5	the next case?
6	MS. BAILEY: The next case, Madam
7	Chair, is a limited public hearing. The Board
8	had on two previous occasions heard this case.
9	It is Application No. 17562 of W Street, S.E.,
LO	38/42-43, LLC.
l1	It is pursuant to 11 DCMR 3104.1
L2	for special exception to construct six row
L3	dwellings under Section 353 at premises 1749
L4	through 1759 W Street, S.E. I think that
15	number has been revised from six three-unit
16	row dwellings to five three-unit row
L7	dwellings. The property is zoned R-5-A, Madam
18	Chair, and the continuation is at this time.
L9	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Thank you.
20	Good afternoon.
21	MR. BLANCHARD: Good afternoon,
22	Madam Chair, and members of the Board of

Zoning Adjustment. My name is Lyle Blanchard.

I'm with Greenstein, DeLorme & Luchs. I am representing the applicant in this case, W Street.

I have just given Ms. Bailey what she is distributing to you, a drawing which shows in greater detail the retaining wall at the front of the property and also a somewhat of the rendering clearer сору that April 4th submitted on with our last supplemental filing so that reads somewhat clearer than the rendering we submitted before which was an enlargement and it was a little murky.

CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay.

MR. BLANCHARD: We have attempted in our letter of April 4th to respond to the questions raised by the Board at its meeting of March 6th. In particular, addressing OP's concerns from its last supplemental report prior to that meeting in March providing the Board with detail on the retaining wall area

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1	and responding to the letter filed by Mrs.
2	Chapman which was Exhibit 37 in the record.
3	The Board had allowed that to come
4	in at the meeting on March 6th. With that, I
5	am just going to turn to Mr. Anthony
6	Washington who is representing the who is
7	the applicant. He just wants to put in the
8	record a couple of brief comments and then
9	we'll respond to any questions.
10	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. Thank
11	you.
12	MR. WASHINGTON: Anthony
13	Washington, 4502 17th Street, N.W., D.C. As
14	Lyle said, I am here to sort of make some
15	clarifications to some of the things that were
16	submitted on March 6th. We didn't have enough
17	time to submit floor plans for the duplex
18	units that will be in lieu of on March 6th we
19	submitted a plan showing 20 units spread
20	amongst the five buildings.
20	amongst the five buildings. We responded to Ms. Chapman's

down to 15 units, the bottom two units comprising duplexes. You will notice in the submission that is one of the changes. We do now have floor plans that are included.

One of the other very minor changes, and this was based on a comment that was made by the Board about symmetry. We switched around one of the bay fronts and added some additional gables to give more balance to the project and hopefully address the concern over symmetry.

As Lyle mentioned, we have just now submitted a more detailed drawing of the front retaining wall. There seemed to have been some questions about how it was going to look, how big it was going to be, whether it was going to be level all the way across. As I recall, there was a request by the ANC that the retaining wall have a decorative quality to it and what you will see there is our attempt to address those concerns.

There was also a question about

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the water runoff in the rear because, as you recall, there are some steep slopes and purportedly some water issues with the properties that are being built down below.

What we have attempted to do is address that with a very short retaining wall in the back but, more importantly, with a storm water management plant that includes grading of the lot, the impervious surface towards the middle.

In other words, as water collects in the rear of the property it would be channeled towards the middle of the parking lot into a drain and then funnelled back out to the front. We feel like this approach will greatly minimize any potential for water runoff down the back of the property.

I also wanted to point out the coloring in the rendering. It's just for illustrative purposes. I realize everybody has got specific taste about these things. I don't want the Board to feel like we are

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1	locked into those specific colors at this
2	time.
3	Finally, I guess, the materials
4	that we are going to use we are going to make
5	every attempt to stay away from vinyl or metal
6	siding. The siding we would like to go with
7	at this time is hardy plank which is as close
8	to wood as you can get.
9	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: I'm sorry.
10	Can you speak a little louder? I missed what
11	you said about the materials.
12	MR. WASHINGTON: There was a
13	question about what kind of materials we were
14	going to use in terms of the siding. At this
15	time we plan on using hardy plank which we
16	feel is a step above the vinyl or metal that
17	you see a lot in those areas now.
18	I think that is it in terms of the
19	statements and I would welcome any questions
20	from the Board or any other interested
21	parties.

1	you. I have a question. This is an
2	application under 353 and 353.5 calls for some
3	specific filing requirements. I thought we
4	might have mentioned that last time. One of
5	them in particular that is mentioned here that
6	I don't think you have submitted as a
7	landscaping plan. If you look at 353.5 I
8	think I'll read it for the record.
9	"In addition to other filing
10	requirements the developer shall submit to the
11	Board with the application four site plans and
12	two sets of typical floor plans and
13	elevations, grading plans, existing and vinyl
14	landscaping plans, and transfer all new
15	rights-of-ways and easements."
16	MR. BLANCHARD: Madam Chair, I
17	believe we submitted a landscaping plan, Plan
18	L1.
19	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay.
20	MR. BLANCHARD: It's dated August
21	10th of '06. I'm going to look through my
22	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Is that

1	attached to an exhibit number do you know?
2	MR. BLANCHARD: I believe it was
3	filed as part of the applicant's prehearing
4	statement.
5	MR. MOY: Madam Chair, it's
6	Exhibit No. 9.
7	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. Thank
8	you. In your view have you submitted all the
9	filings called for in 353.5?
10	MR. BLANCHARD: Yes, we have.
11	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: And in that
12	number, do you know? We can fix this. I
13	mean, did you submit four site plans? Yes,
14	they are in the record. Fine. With respect
15	to Ms. Chapman's concerns and the ANC
16	concerns, I don't think they are here today.
17	MR. BLANCHARD: I don't see them
18	in the audience.
19	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Can you just
20	briefly address them or how you have addressed
21	
	them?

the concerns of Ms. Chapman and the ANC were mostly about parking in the front yard. As originally submitted, the parking lot was located in the front of the property.

At the urging of OP, the ANC, and Mrs. Chapman, who is probably the most vocal of the neighbors, and has a very nice house across the street so we want to be nice to her, the applicant has moved and relocated the parking lot to the rear of the property and brought the buildings up to the front but allowing sort of a front yard setback, I believe, of eight to 10 feet.

It is similar to what is normal for other properties on that block. The retaining wall was also an issue. They wanted that replaced and we have done that. The neighbors were concerned about, I don't want to call it density, but maybe occupancy load, the number of people who could reside in all of these condominium units.

We started at 18 and went up to 20

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1	and we scaled back to 15 and that is where we
2	are now. I think that scaling back shows good
3	responsiveness to the neighbor's concerns and
4	the ANC's concerns.
5	The neighbors were also concerned
6	about parking on the street. By having the
7	parking lot in the back and the number of
8	spaces that we are providing I think allows
9	for more than adequate parking.
10	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: What is the
11	number you have?
12	MR. WASHINGTON: Twenty-one.
13	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Twenty-one
14	for 15 units? Okay.
15	MR. WASHINGTON: It includes one
16	handicap space.
17	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: And one
18	handicap space? Okay.
19	MR. BLANCHARD: That is more of a
20	building code issue.
21	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Do my Board
22	members have any questions?

1	MR. MANN: Madam Chair, in
2	response to your concerns regarding the
3	landscape plan, the landscape plan that I see
4	is in our Exhibit No. 22 dated 16 January
5	2007. It's the last attachment. It is dated
6	August 10, '06, as was indicated.
7	It is, however, a landscape plan
8	for when the parking was located in the front.
9	I don't know if another landscape plan was
10	submitted or not but depending on how loosely
11	you want to interpret that, it may or may not
12	satisfy your requirements for a landscape
13	plan. We also have, I believe, the same
14	landscape plan on Exhibit 41 dated February
15	14, 2007, which looks like it might be the
16	updated one. Okay. All right. So there is
17	an updated one.
18	MR. BLANCHARD: With the parking
19	in the rear.
20	MR. MANN: Okay.
21	MR. BLANCHARD: Which I think
22	shows more planning. It also shows the

1 existing trees on that rear slope that the 2. applicant has tried to maintain -- retain, not 3 cut down. I directed you towards 4 MR. MANN: the wrong landscaping plan but it does look 5 like there is an updated one that satisfies 6 7 what you are looking for. 8 CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Can you just 9 briefly address what the landscaping plan does just in words with respect to you have 10 11 switched -- you know, what kind of landscaping 12 do you have in front in general and in back around the parking lot. 13 MR. WASHINGTON: Right. There is 14 15 roughly a five-foot buffer strip between the front retaining wall and the stairway and the 16 17 walkways leading up to the houses. 18 tried to do was fill in that five-foot strip 19 with the types of shrubs that would add to the 20 aesthetics of the project and fit in well with what is there on the street now. 21

Because it's only five-feet wide

you can't go with trees that are too tall because of the root systems and so forth. You've got some small trees, some evergreens, and some deciduous shrubs in that five-foot strip. It is not shown on here but there will be some mulching in the area where the shrubs and plantings will be.

As you go to the rear, as Lyle said, the very back of the property represents a pretty severe slope. What we tried to do was maintain the trees that are actually on the slope, maintain them, do not disturb, but at the very top right up to where the parking lot ends maybe put some small plantings there. When you look at the legend you have both some proposed evergreens and then it tells you the existing trees that are to remain.

One of the other things that we showed on this landscaping plan that is not related to the actual plantings is the lighting that is going to go into the rear parking lot. That was something that was

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1	omitted on the very first plan we submitted in
2	January. The lighting is designed to not
3	disturb the tenants while at the same time
4	providing enough light to provide security and
5	functionality to the people that are parking
6	there.
7	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: So you are
8	going to have the parking lot lit all night or
9	what?
10	MR. WASHINGTON: I don't know yet.
11	I'm not sure whether there is a code
12	restriction against that or what. We have to
13	look into that.
14	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: But you are
15	having certain kind of lighting that is going
16	to put enough light on the lot but not bother
17	the tenants.
18	MR. WASHINGTON: Correct. Direct
19	it down and not out.
20	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay.
21	MR. WASHINGTON: Because of the
22	elevation relative to the properties in the

1	rear it should not affect the people down at
2	the bottom of the hill at all.
3	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Do you have
4	anything else to add?
5	MR. BLANCHARD: Chairperson
6	Miller, I believe that sums it up. We have
7	addressed all the concerns.
8	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. Good
9	afternoon, Mr. Moore.
LO	Mr. Moore is here from the Office
11	of Planning.
12	MR. MOORE: Good afternoon Madam
L3	New Chair and congratulations to you and the
L4	Vice-Chair and Mr. Loud, and the other Board
15	members, of course.
16	The applicant has basically
L7	satisfied concerns raised by OP in its
18	supplemental filing. I was pretty well
L9	pleased until I got the rendering yesterday
20	and I've had discussions with the applicant
21	about the first rendering that we got given

the designer's selection and choice of colors

on this.

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We've had a discussion about that and there has been a resubmittal of it. It didn't show the detail for the retainer wall. That has now been introduced to you. With what the applicant has done now we want to, first of all, congratulate them for working with the Office of Planning in many, many meetings on this project.

That actually came from, as the applicant indicated, 20 units down to 15. We are rather proud of the applicant's boldness in terms of how they are going to address the first and basement level as one unit. We believe it is going to be extremely remarkable and in the future will probably build some of the same kind of houses there. I don't know about the apartment buildings above that.

We are pleased that they did work with us in terms of modifying the project to be what we consider to be suitable and, of course, adding some value to the community as

opposed to being thought of as the apartment building that the community thought it would be in the first concept. With that, we are still in support of the project.

CHAIRPERSON MILLER: So they have addressed all of OP's concerns. Is that correct?

MR. MOORE: Yes. There is one which was their choice at this Board's instruction. Ιf recall you in our supplemental filing, our preference was that since you are reducing the unit to 15, simply do what the regulations call for, one-to-one thereby freeing parking space up additional green space in the back of the property because we thought it lacked green space. It was his choice, of course, to stick to the parking that they originally proposed.

I think he said it allowed them some flexibility in terms of when there is visitors given what the community is saying about the scarcity of parking on the public

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space. Again, that was their choice. Ours would have been to create green spaces as opposed to provide more parking.

CHAIRPERSON MILLER: How about the landscaping plan? Do you think it addresses it somewhat?

MR. MOORE: Yes. As a matter of fact, had a lot of influence on we landscape plan, especially as the applicant talked about, the five-foot buffer space in front. We asked that they put in attractive bucolic uses there given the view from the north side, Mrs. Chapman's side of the block. As they look onto the project it should be attractive to them. I think they basically addressed that.

CHAIRPERSON MILLER: I think the applicant pretty accurately characterized from the evidence that I heard that the greatest concern from the community was having a parking lot in the front yard and that was alleviated when they moved it to the back?

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That was alleviated 1 MR. MOORE: but that was not the greatest concern of the 2. 3 community. The community is still concerned about the density of the project. 4 5 CHAIRPERSON MILLER: That. was 6 going to be my next question, yeah. 7 MR. MOORE: They find the 15 units 8 would be more palpable than, of course, the 20 9 in the first concept. I have talked to both the representative of the ANC and Ms. Chapman 10 11 and I have a better feel about, again, the 12 treatment of the first and basement level of 13 the building because it is going to look like ownership houses that sort of mirror the 14 15 rowhouses that they live in on the other side of the block. 16 17 CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okav. Му 18 question about density. I quess I have two. 19 One was in the ANC report they talk about 20 wanting detached homes with front yards 21 basically. If I recall correctly, I think

your testimony was that this type of density

1 well, this is a special exception is --2. because it is development but this is allowed 3 in the zone. This is appropriate for this zone district. 4 5 It is the developer's MR. MOORE: It is permitted in the R-5-A. 6 choice. 7 is in essence an apartment building that they 8 developed this in, that the use is going to be 9 condominiums and private ownership. It was the applicant's choice to do that or to build 10 11 single family or semi-attached dwellings. 12 They chose not to build what the community 13 wanted to see built. Of course, they are within their 14 right according to the regulations to do so. 15 16 CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. The 17 other hearing was a while ago so this may be 18 a recap but I also understood you to say that 19 this was in character with the neighborhood. 20 MOORE: The facade of t.he MR. match the facade 21 buildings somewhat of

buildings on the other side of the block which

1	are row houses. Of course, on the building
2	also on the west side of this property there
3	is a large apartment building and there are
4	others large apartment buildings along the
5	block.
6	At the east end of the block there
7	are two single-family houses so the
8	neighborhood is mixed with respect to
9	residential. Obviously their use would match
10	the fabric of the neighborhood.
11	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: So it's not
12	even just the facade but the density is also
13	in character.
14	MR. MOORE: The reduced density is
15	more in character.
16	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: As it is now
17	to 15 units.
18	MR. MOORE: Yes.
19	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay.
20	Anything else you want to add?
21	MR. MOORE: No.
22	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. Any

	other questions for the Board? Anything else
2	you want to add?
3	MR. BLANCHARD: No, other than
4	just to reiterate our request for some
5	flexibility. In our letter of the 4th you
6	will recall back at the hearing former Chair
7	Griffis asked about whether this would be
8	modular construction and the applicant hopes
9	that is possible.
10	With modular construction there is
11	a little bit of variance about what the actual
12	size is, what the dimensions will be, so as
13	long as we don't exceed what is the parameters
14	for residential under the zoning regulations.
15	We would ask for minor flexibility there to be
16	reflected in the Board's order.
17	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Right. Okay.
18	It would basically look like what you
19	presented to us.
20	MR. BLANCHARD: Yes, definitely.
21	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: I'm just
22	curious with respect to color. Do you have an

1	idea of what the colors are going to be?
2	MR. WASHINGTON: I don't but we
3	will it's going to be sort of a team
4	decision, you know, the people that do the
5	marketing, people that are doing the we're
6	going to hire somebody to do staging for the
7	units. We are going to bring those people in
8	and get a consensus before we actually pick a
9	color.
10	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. Thank
11	you.
12	MR. MOORE: I must add at this
13	point that whatever the team come up with it
14	should be in character with the existing
15	structures on that block.
16	MR. WASHINGTON: I totally agree.
17	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Right. Okay.
18	MR. ETHERLY: Madam Chair, if it's
19	appropriate, I would be more than comfortable
20	to move forward with the motion for approval
21	and perhaps we can talk through some of the
22	elements that have been communicated in our

hearing today.

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I think the application is ripe for moving forward so I would move approval of application No. 17562 of W Street, S.E., 38/42-43, LLC pursuant to 11 DCMR 3104.1 for a special exception to construct 15 row dwelling units under Section 353 at premises 1749 through 1759 W Street, S.E., and would invite a second.

CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Second.

MR. ETHERLY: Thank you very much, Madam Chair, for seconding the motion. I think we have had some very useful developments as we have moved forward from the initial conception of the project to where we are today.

I think they have been part and parcel as a result of the applicant's willingness to talk both with members of the general community as well as the ANC and, of course, as was indicated in the Office of Planning's presentation, with OP itself around

a number of the concerns that were raised, a number of these issues were not necessarily major issues for me at the outset but that is not the point of the proceeding.

The point of the proceeding before this body to address where possible is concerns that evoke zoning considerations. I think through the various as we move evolution, if you will, of this project from the original proposal of 18 units to 15, I think the applicant has done very well to address that issue.

I think the applicant has done very well to address the issue of parking and concerns about the impact of parking. Most clearly, perhaps, from an aesthetic standpoint in terms of the location of the parking spaces on the subject property from their initial placement at the front of the property to the rear.

But I think also with regard to some of the design considerations as related

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to what was discussed earlier, some of the roofing, some of the approach to the roofing lines, the symmetry of the presentation of the proposed project at its front, and then, of course, some of the concerns that we have and discussion that we have had with regard to retaining walls and other related issues.

I think at the end of the day, Madam Chair, I feel fairly comfortable that the evolution of this project has, indeed, moved in more than appropriately in the right direction. With respect to the discourse between DDOT, again with OP, I think the evolution has moved us to a project may not -- that will not necessarily answer everybody's concerns.

By that I'm speaking most directly to some of the concerns that were raised by the community. As the applicant has indicated, and I think from some of the questions my colleagues have raised, we are oftentimes in many of our communities feeling

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the pressure of new in-field development.

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What. do we do with vacant properties? What do we do in terms balancing the challenge of bringing these properties back into productive use but doing it in such a way that minimizes clearly any deleterious zoning impacts but, more broadly speaking, that maintains a sense of character and a sense of connection to the already existing residential fabric of the particular community in question.

I think that was discussed in the Office of Planning's presentation and I think the applicant has done a very good job to be respectful of that. Clearly this Board heard testimony that nevertheless evidenced concern about impacts.

I think at the end of the day I haven't seen enough testimony to tip the scale in any measurable way towards a belief that this project is going to put this immediate community over the edge in terms of parking

impact, in terms of residential impact.

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As a starting point for my motion, Madam Chair, I really wanted to kind of speak more contextually in terms of where I believe we are with all the additional submittals, all the additional work that has been done by the applicant to get us where we are.

My colleagues will recall that at first blush when we looked at this project again we were looking at 18 units and we had a number of community members, ANC including, that were somewhat concerned by that. Again, I think the applicant has done very well to address some of these concerns and work with OP in terms of addressing some of the major issues here.

With respect to the particular aspects of 353 which is special exception test that we are looking at here, I think as we look at all of the key elements of 353.1, at minimum 353.2, I think clearly these particular issues have been discussed with

specificity.

2.

I would submit for my colleagues with exacting attention to detail, if you will. We've gotten pursuant to 353.3 response from the Department of Transportation as it relates to the issue of the parking placement. I think we've had, again, very good back and forth as the parking is now moved to the rear of the property versus where it was at the outset.

We've gotten positive support from the Department of Housing and Community Development. As we move into 353.4 and we begin to look at some of the specific as it relates to site plan arrangement of buildings and structures, provisions of light, air, parking, recreation, landscaping, I would tend to side with the applicant in terms of -- I will perhaps invite some response from my colleagues as to how we get at the issue of flexibility, if you will.

I understand what the applicant --

I believe I understand what the applicant is trying to get at in terms of desiring a little bit of flexibility with respect to perhaps the details around presentation.

We've heard some of the discussion about some of the coloring and I think the applicant was very clear in the remarks today at our limited hearing that the representations that they are providing us today are fairly spot on but, at the same time, they are meant to be, at the same time, representative but there is some flexibility that is desired in terms of what the final product is here.

I am comfortable with the landscaping and the grading as it has been presented to us so I'm not necessarily of the mind set that we need to move towards perhaps any specific conditions but, again, I'm open to discussion from my colleagues if there is a need to parce some of that out into greater detail.

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Again, as it relates to the issue of grading and retaining walls, I'm satisfied with what I've seen as indicated on the revised plans and the renderings. I haven't heard anything to suggest any impacts that need to be mitigated as related to light and air with regard to the subject property.

W Street is a very tight and intimate little thoroughfare as we have heard both in the presentation of the applicant and through some of the testimony of residents on that street and the ANC but I don't see this project as it is currently structured creating any adverse impacts around the issue of light and air.

I think, again, architecturally the plans as they are currently set forward to me seem to be very much in keeping with the character and the scope, if you will, of the immediate community. Parking here clearly I think is being addressed and I think it was a useful discussion that led us to moving the

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parking from the front to the rear.

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As my colleagues, perhaps not Mr. Loud having just joined us, but I think as some of my longer-serving colleagues will recall, our past year often time we were quite concerned about the impact of front-base parking, if you will, in terms of what it does to the aesthetic street scape of coming down a street of residential properties and all of a sudden you see a collection of cars and headlights.

I think any of us who live in the District perhaps at times have to deal with the impact of seeing headlights kind of stream across your wall as a car is pulling into a driveway or as it is turning a street corner. To an extent, that is part and parcel of living in an urban environment but I think the applicant should be commended for what they have done in terms of moving the parking from the front to the rear.

As we have talked about -- we

haven't talked a whole lot about the issue of recreation but I think it has been indicated in the application Forsand Park is within one block of the site here. It is a vibrant and growing residential community with sidewalks that I think are going to do well and be well served by the additional foot traffic of new residents.

Again, I'm comfortable with the landscaping as we have discussed it but I'm open to more discussion if my colleagues feel that we need to be a little more specific about that. I have been satisfied with regard to the issue of retaining walls.

With that, I think clearly the special exception from my standpoint is in harmony with the general purposes and intent of the zoned regulations and map. Adverse impact, I simply haven't seen it. I have heard and I am sensitive to the discussions that were raised by both the ANC and the residents but I think the project as it is

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1 currently proposed does very well to address 2. those concerns. With that, I am going to pause 3 4 here and open it up for my colleagues for 5 additional comments but I appreciate the second and look forward to moving forward on 6 7 deliberations today on this case. Thank you, Madam Chair. 8 9 CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Thank you, Mr. Etherly. 10 I think you very thoroughly 11 covered this and I am just going to add my two 12 cents here. First of all, I think this is a case that has very much evolved in a very 13 positive direction. 14 15 When we first got the case they 16 were seeking variance relief for a parking lot 17 in the front yard which was certainly 18 distressing to the community. That is the 19 most major change that has occurred that it 20 was put in the back. Other 21 changes made in were

Office of Planning

response

to

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who

indicated they have worked very closely with the applicant and I think have come up with a much better product that is in harmony, I would agree, with the character of the neighborhood and which doesn't seem to create adverse impacts.

I just want to go to the regulations, the provision now that we are looking at for relief in this case and that is now only special exception relief and that is why we are talking about adverse impacts and harmony.

353, residential That's new developments. 353.1 says, "In an District all new residential developments except those comprising all one-family detached and semi-detached dwellings shall be reviewed by the Board of Zoning Adjustment as special exceptions under 3104."

There is a remaining part that references 410 but that has been revoked by the Zoning Commission. Our standard is 3104.

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I think Mr. Etherly really touched upon almost all of it. I think the biggest affront was the parking lot in the front and that is now moved to the back. I am persuaded by the Office of Planning has worked closely with you on the landscaping. I don't have any issues with what at this point.

I don't know if it is the community but some neighbors and the ANC did talk about density just to a certain extent. They would prefer more green space, I think. People often prefer more green space but I don't think that rises to the level of an adverse impact in this case considering the testimony of the Office of Planning that this amount of density is in character with parts of its neighborhood.

The ANC did file a report opposing the application and we give great weight to the ANC which means we do address their issues but I think that is exactly what we have been doing. I think that their main concern as

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stated here was that the proposed development 1 detracts from quality of life because the 2. 3 homeowners directly facing those lots would have to view a parking lot instead of 4 5 continuous home landscape. I do believe that was their major 6 7 concern and that has been rectified. In fact, 8 plans you've shown the that plus the 9 landscaping appear quite attractive so I don't think they rise to any level of adverse 10 11 impact. 12 353.2 calls for the Board to refer 13 the application to D.C. Board of Education. 14 I'm sure that's been done. It was referred to 15 Department of Transportation and Housing and Community Development for comment. I believe 16 17 DDOT originally was opposed because of the 18 parking lot in the front. 19 When you made that change they 20 announced support of the application. I believe that the DHCD is supportive as well. 21

"The Board shall refer the application to the

Office of Planning."

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That certainly was done for comment and recommendation on the site plan arrangement of buildings and structures and provisions of light, air, parking, recreation, landscaping, and grading as they relate to the future residents of the project and the surrounding neighborhood.

That certainly was done. You certainly worked very closely with the Office of Planning and made changes specifically in response to concerns put forth by the Office of Planning including reducing the density from 20 to 15 units. And in working with them on the retaining walls and the landscaping, and really all the issues that I think were raised at the hearing so I am comfortable with that.

Finally, 353.5, I already read that with respect to the requirements for your submittals of floor plans and site plans and landscaping plans, etc., and that these are in

the record. I think that you have met the requirements.

I would also like to acknowledge the Office of Planning's recommendation that if we vote to approve this that we do indicate that the final design be in accordance with the character of the neighborhood with respect to the applicant's concern that there be some flexibility in design as related to the requirements for modular houses that aren't contrary to the relief that is being granted in this case.

CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Mr. Mann.

Just to add onto your MR. MANN: final comment regarding the minor flexibility in response to Mr. Etherly's comments well. I also concerning that as feel comfortable allowing that sort of flexibility because the applicant has been working with Office of Planning and I would hope that sort of cooperative relationship wouldn't end now. If there were questions, they would continue

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to go to Office of Planning. 1 Of course, we do have the other 2. 3 filter, if you will, the Zoning Administrator's Office, who will exercise some 4 5 judgment in determining whether or not something is minor or not. I think there are 6 7 some built-in mechanisms there to ensure that, 8 indeed, that flexibility is minor. 9 CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Great. Okay. Any other comments on the motion? Okay. 10 All 11 those in favor, say aye. 12 ALL: Aye. 13 All those CHAIRPERSON MILLER: All those abstaining? 14 opposed? Would you 15 call the vote, please? MS. BAILEY: Madam Chair, the vote 16 17 is recorded as three zero two to approve the 18 application as amended. Mr. Etherly made the 19 motion, Mrs. Miller supports, Mr. Mann supports the motion as well. Mr. Loud did not 20 sit on this case and there is not a Zoning 21

Commission member who participated.

1	order or summary order, Madam Chair?
2	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: This will be
3	a full order because we have a party in
4	opposition, that being the ANC.
5	MS. BAILEY: Full order it is.
6	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Mr.
7	Blanchard, I just want to give you the option.
8	In order to expedite the process in any way,
9	if you would like to submit a proposed order
10	for our consideration, we would look at that
11	if you would like. It's optional.
12	MR. BLANCHARD: I would welcome
12 13	MR. BLANCHARD: I would welcome that, Madam Chair, because even though there
13	that, Madam Chair, because even though there
13 14	that, Madam Chair, because even though there is a party in opposition, I believe that the
13 14 15	that, Madam Chair, because even though there is a party in opposition, I believe that the issues aren't that involved in this particular
13 14 15 16	that, Madam Chair, because even though there is a party in opposition, I believe that the issues aren't that involved in this particular case.
13 14 15 16 17	that, Madam Chair, because even though there is a party in opposition, I believe that the issues aren't that involved in this particular case. CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Correct.
13 14 15 16 17 18	that, Madam Chair, because even though there is a party in opposition, I believe that the issues aren't that involved in this particular case. CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Correct. Right. Sometimes that helps to expedite the
13 14 15 16 17 18 19	that, Madam Chair, because even though there is a party in opposition, I believe that the issues aren't that involved in this particular case. CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Correct. Right. Sometimes that helps to expedite the process. Okay. Would you like to do that?

1 not a requirement so I don't want to impose a deadline on you but if you have any idea you 2. 3 would like to throw out. 4 MR. BLANCHARD: I will try and 5 draft something in the next week. CHAIRPERSON MILLER: 6 Okay. Thank 7 you very much. 8 Thank you. MR. BLANCHARD: 9 CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. I quess 10 we are ready for the next case, Ms. Bailey. 11 MS. BAILEY: The last case of the 12 day is an appeal and the number is 17589 of Salvatore Gorgone, pursuant to 11 DCMR 3112, 13 from the administrative decision of the Zoning 14 15 Administrator, Department of Consumer Regulatory Affairs, to deny the issuance of a 16 17 Certificate of Occupancy permit for a Gourmet 18 Shop because the prior delicatessen use was 19 discontinued for more than three 20 pursuant to 11 DCMR 2005. The property is located in the Dupont Circle R-5-E District at 21

premises at 1417 17th Street, N.W., Square

1	181, Lot 149.
2	Madam Chair, if I'm not mistaken,
3	there are many requests for party status in
4	this application.
5	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Thank you,
6	Ms. Bailey. When you are ready you can
7	identify yourselves for the record and then
8	we'll pick up the party status applications.
9	MR. OSNOS: Good afternoon, Madam
10	Chair, and members of the Board. My name is
11	Simon Osnos, O-S-N-O-S. I'm the attorney for
12	the appellant. The appellant, Salvatore
13	Gorgone, is seated to my right.
14	Excuse me?
15	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: She wants to
16	know if you filled out a witness card.
17	MR. OSNOS: For Mr. Gorgone we
18	did. No, I did not.
19	MS. BAILEY: Sir, if you just give
20	a business card, that would suffice.
21	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Do you want
22	to introduce yourself for the record?

1	MR. GREEN: Yes. Good afternoon,
2	Madam Chairman. My name is Matthew J. Green,
3	Jr. To my immediate right is Mr. Bill Crews,
4	Zoning Administrator. I'm the Assistant
5	Attorney General stationed at the Department
6	of Consumer and Regulatory Affairs.
7	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Thank you. I
8	understand we have some request for party
9	status and I am wondering if any of those
10	individuals are here. I see Exhibit No. 19,
11	the Richmond Condominium Association, Jennifer
12	Waldman, President.
13	Can you come to a mic? Come to a
14	mic and then you will be on the record.
15	MR. BJORGE: Good afternoon, Ms.
16	Miller. Jennifer Waldman is unfortunately
17	unable to attend. She has classes at
18	Georgetown University that conflict with this
19	hearing.
20	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Did you
21	identify yourself? I'm sorry.
22	MR. BJORGE: Ms. Miller, my name

1	is Mark Bjorge. I am the ANC Commissioner in
2	whose single member district the subject
3	property resides.
4	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. Fine.
5	Are you here on behalf of yourself or on
6	behalf of the ANC?
7	MR. BJORGE: Well, that would be
8	an interesting point. I am the designated ANC
9	representative. I have also sought party
10	status for myself as my property adjourns the
11	party wall with Mr. Gorgone's property. That
12	might be a matter that you would like to
13	comment upon.
14	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. Let's
15	just see who is here. With respect to Ms.
16	Waldman, did she indicate how she wanted to
17	proceed with respect to participating in this
18	case at all?
19	MR. BJORGE: Well, Ms. Waldman
20	wanted to put the objections of the Richmond
21	Condominium Board of Directors on the record.
22	They did take a vote and voted to object to

the continuation of the use in question. 1 Ι also have letters from the prior Board of 2. 3 Director President dating back to 2005 when he 4 sought party status in this case for the 5 Richmond. CHAIRPERSON MILLER: So the vote 6 7 that is on the record that you are making 8 reference to, is that in writing somewhere 9 that you are going to submit? If you would be kind 10 MR. BJORGE: 11 enough to leave the record open I could get 12 her to fax over a copy of that vote. believe that her party status application made 13 reference to it. If I am mistaken I, of 14 15 course, can ask that she send over a document 16 stating this. 17 CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okav. Αt 18 this point I'm just trying to determine the 19 extent to which she wants to participate as a 20 party right now. We have an application

before us so I just wanted to get as much

information on that as possible. Did she ask

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1	you to speak for her or anything like this or
2	what?
3	MR. BJORGE: Yes, she did, but as
4	her elected representative, not as a separate
5	party status class individual.
6	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Right. Okay.
7	MR. BJORGE: I don't have power of
8	attorney from her or anything.
9	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: All right.
10	Let's go through some of these and then we'll
11	see who we are left with. Anne Marchand. Is
12	she here? Hi. Is there a seat for you at the
13	table? Yeah. Okay. I'm going to get back to
14	you in a minute. Do we have any others? Is
15	that it? Is there anybody else here who
16	requested party status in this case whose name
17	I haven't called? Okay. Let's deal with who
18	is here now. We have Ms. Marchand and we have
19	Mr. Bjorge. Is that how you pronounce it?
20	MR. BJORGE: Bjorge.
21	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Bjorge.
22	Okay. And then we have Richmond Condominium

Association who is not here. Okay. Just wanted to turn to the provision that we are looking at to measure whether or not any or all of you should be afforded party status. I don't think this was given to you in the notice and I just want to tell you the regulation we are looking at by which we judge, what the rule is.

It's 3112.15. It says, "At the time of the hearing on the appeal the Board in its discretion and for good cause shown may permit persons who have a specific right or interest that will be affected by action and on the appeal to intervene in the appeal for such general or limited purpose as the Board may specify."

So we are looking at what specific limited or general purpose would be the reason to allow you to participate in this little bit proceeding. Appeals are а different from special exceptions and variances because in those cases you pretty

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much get party status if you are going to be impacted by the project that is next door to you or whatever. There's traffic, light, air, whatever.

Okay. In this case we are deal with a legal question, whether or not the ZA legally revoked this Certificate of Occupancy. It's a legal question. However, it also brings into question certain facts in the case.

The way I perceive this case, in any event, from my initial reading of it, you might be able to offer certain knowledge of facts that would be germane to this legal determination such as how long a business might have been continuing at that place or what kind of business was it.

I mean, in some cases it is how this decision would affect you but I'm not sure I see that really in this particular case. I'll hear from others. I'll hear from the ZA and I'll hear from you but it sounds

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like a question involving a discontinuance and 1 the timing of that and what kind of businesses 2. 3 were there. That being said, I think we'll 4 5 look at each of these individually. look at Ms. Marchand. I think that you're 6 7 here and we'll let you speak. I know I'm 8 doing a lot of speaking but we are familiar 9 with this so I want to give you the benefit of where we are coming from. It looks to me that 10 11 you live very close by so you have knowledge 12 about maybe what's been going on on premises at issue. 13 14 MS. MARCHAND: Yes. 15 CHAIRPERSON MILLER: So mу 16 question to you is -- you see, some of this 17 sounds like special exception. I think if you 18 are concerned about the impact of a certain 19 type of business being next to you, I'm not

I'm not making a judgment yet but if we

If we were to let you participate

sure that is really the issue in this case.

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were to let you participate for the wrong reason, then we get sidetracked into you are cross examining the ZA on a reason that won't have anything to do with our decision. That is why we are trying to zero in on, okay, now you live next door.

bring knowledge you some What about that knowledge. What would here. you contribute to this hearing. I'm going to give you a couple of options, too. One is if you are a party -- I think a lot of people don't understand this as well in the community why would because you unless you had participated in these hearings.

If you are a party, that means that you take on the obligations like the appellant, like the ZA. It would mean you would want to file a paper. You might want to cross examine or call a witness. That is a big obligation. That is No. 1 that you could be a party.

No. 2, if somebody else were a

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	party such as the ANC or so on, they could
2	call you as a witness if all you wanted to do
3	was give some testimony that is related to the
4	issue at hand. That's about it. Special
5	exceptions and variances we let everybody
6	testify. In an appeal it's not like that.
7	It's really a very legal argument based
8	proceeding. Okay.
9	MR. BLANCHARD: I can be called as
10	a witness by the ANC?
11	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: If the ANC is
12	admitted as a party. The ANC is not here. We
13	have an ANC commissioner. Let's hold you in
14	abeyance because you could certainly be part
15	of his case. All right. Now is the time to
16	really address. After I did that big spiel
17	about how I see these issues in this case and
18	it's a legal case, how do you see your
19	participation, Mr. Bjorge?
20	MR. BJORGE: Well, as somebody who
21	owns property and has owned property for many
22	years and even before that has resided in

1	property next to the subject address, I do
2	have a good deal of factual knowledge and
3	documentation and sworn statements and, in
4	fact, affected neighbor or approximate
5	neighbor who would be able to provide our
6	sense of the time line regarding the facts in
7	this case.
8	Whether or not that is best done
9	from a private party status or as the ANC
10	commissioner in the District, I guess I view
11	the facts as very likely to be the same
12	regardless so it doesn't make a whole lot of
13	difference to me.
14	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. The
15	ANC is automatically a party but you are not
16	representing the ANC. Did the ANC take a
17	position on this?
18	MR. BJORGE: Yes, sure. There was
19	a formal vote and a letter was submitted.
20	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Were you
21	named?
22	MR. BJORGE: I was named as the

1 representative, yes. 2. CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Oh, there we 3 go. I'm sorry. Let me pull that. 4 I'll say this for my colleagues and see if you 5 agree, but the ANC is automatically a party in this case so if you are going to represent the 6 7 ANC, we don't have to grant you party status. 8 You just have it as the ANC. You can present 9 whatever witness you want in which case --Do you want to make a comment? 10 11 MR. MANN: No, I just want to make 12 sure that we address Mr. Bjorge's question 13 earlier as to whether or not as а representative of the ANC he would be able to 14 15 adequately represent himself. I wanted to 16 make sure that he gets that opportunity. MR. BJORGE: 17 That is somewhat of a 18 point of concern. I understand that a person 19 granted separate party status has potential 20 future legal recourse that a nonparty status 21 may not have.

CHAIRPERSON MILLER:

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You mean in

1 the court? In the court, yes, 2. MR. BJORGE: 3 the ANC can't sue but a private party status 4 That's my understanding of the person can. 5 law anyway. CHAIRPERSON MILLER: I know. 6 Ι 7 think they are looking into changing that. 8 have to look at the ANC report again. Do they 9 want to be represented as a party in this 10 case? 11 MR. BJORGE: Yes. They do. The 12 ANC has been active in this case for eight or 13 nine years. CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. 14 Ι 15 think you could actually possibly do both in 16 the sense that it seems to me that there may 17 be some knowledge that the ANC has or some 18 interest that the ANC has as a whole which 19 represents a larger area and that you have a 20 What you are saying is personal interest.

that you have knowledge of certain facts like

I was referring to that will be relevant to

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this case which would, I think, allow you to --

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MR. BJORGE: It does predate my time on the ANC by two ANC-2B chairs and two commissioners so the ANC actually does have some knowledge that certainly has nothing to do with me being on the ANC or even necessarily had me involved in creating that knowledge.

MR. ETHERLY: If I may, Madam Chair, just through you perhaps to the Office of Attorney General, I just want to be sure -- or counsel for the Office of Zoning I just want to be sure that I'm clear because I think Mr. Bjorge makes an excellent distinction. One, because he's looking to wear a couple of different hats, two essentially.

One is the designated ANC rep which is very clear and I understand that and that is not at issue. But also in your own individual capacity such that you can afford yourself the ability depending on what the

1	outcome is here perhaps take additional action
2	at a subsequent point in time. Perhaps if I
3	could, Madam Chair, through you to the Office
4	of Attorney General, it would be great to
5	perhaps just clarify.
6	I think I understand it and I
7	think I would tend to agree that if he were to
8	participate as a party, that would grant a
9	party participant the opportunity to move for
10	reconsideration or make a motion before the
11	Board, whereas if they didn't participate they
12	would not be able to do that.
13	MS. BUSHMAN: Just to be clear,
14	D.C. official code, Section 2-510 grants any
15	aggrieved person standing aggrieved by an
16	official act of the District of Columbia the
17	
	standing to then go to the court on appeal.
18	standing to then go to the court on appeal. It is not a requirement that a person be a
18 19	
	It is not a requirement that a person be a
19	It is not a requirement that a person be a party to this process in order to have that

1	of you, though, and I understand. I believe
2	that it's true, though, that if you are not a
3	party, you can't do a motion for
4	reconsideration before this Board after our
5	decision. That's what Ms. Bushman is saying,
6	that anybody can appeal to the court, any
7	person or whatever. I understand what you're
8	saying, Mr. Bjorge, but ANCs really aren't
9	authorized as ANCs to appeal but you could as
10	a person.
11	
12	MR. BJORGE: Would an ANC be able
13	to file a motion of reconsideration?
14	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: A motion for
15	reconsideration?
16	MR. BJORGE: Yes.
17	
	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Yes, because
18	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Yes, because they are automatically a party.
18 19	
	they are automatically a party.
19	they are automatically a party. MR. BJORGE: Then I don't need

still appeal later if you needed to. 1 You could offer Ms. Marchand as a witness. 2. 3 MR. BJORGE: In either capacity. 4 CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. 5 don't we just deal with this first. Do we 6 want to admit -- no, you are automatically a 7 party so we don't have an issue here. The ANC 8 Ms. Marchand can participate as is a party. 9 a witness as your colleague. Okay. We have 10 one more. 11 MR. ETHERLY: And I would tend to 12 agree with that direction. I think the 13 Chairman's comments at the outset were very important that it is a very specific inquiry 14 15 that we are going to be confronted with today. 16 may, in part, touch briefly 17 some of the deeper more day-to-day 18 concerns that you have about the property as 19 currently operates and you may 20 indeed, some important experiences to share about that but it may not necessarily keep us 21

as focused on task as the appeal needs to have

us.

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That being said, as witnesses you would still have the ability to be sure that you have your day in court, so to speak, or day before the Board of Zoning your so to speak, and provide Adjustment, invaluable insight into what has been happening in terms of the operations.

As I think has been correctly indicated, there would be additional recourse should an outcome occur that the ANC is not in support of. There would be an opportunity for further action on the part of the ANC so I think that would be the appropriate way to go.

As you were starting to indicate, Madam Chair, that, of course, leaves the Richmond Condominium Association and Jennifer Waldman, its president, as kind of the third party status application to be dealt with.

I don't know if the ANC would also be desirous and I couldn't recall if they were present today, if the Condominium Association

1	was present today in the form of Mrs. Waldman
2	or another representative, but if the ANC is
3	desirous of incorporating them as a witness,
4	too, I would be supportive of that direction
5	just so we can move forward.
6	MR. BJORGE: The ANC would support
7	that.
8	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: The ANC would
9	be amenable to that?
10	MR. BJORGE: Yes.
11	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Do the other
12	parties have a comment on the party status
13	application for the Richmond Condominium
14	Association?
15	MR. GREEN: The Government has no
16	objection.
17	MR. OSNOS: My position would
18	simply be that any of the association members
19	can testify as witnesses as part of the ANC's
20	case before the Board. I don't see why party
21	status should be accorded to the Condominium
22	Association for the reason that you have set

forth. Namely this is not so much a fact-finding hearing as it is an appellate review of the legality of the Zoning Administrator's decision.

Any comments from Board members? I guess my view would be in line with Mr. Etherly's. Looking at the party status application it is not clear to me how they rise to a level of party status showing for what purpose they would intervene and they are not here at this time. Since the ANC is amenable to presenting evidence on their behalf, I would be inclined to leave the record open for them to submit through the ANC any information that is relevant to this hearing.

MR. BJORGE: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. Do we all agree? Okay. All right. By consensus of the Board we will deny party status to the Richmond Condominium Association. The ANC has party status as a matter of right and Mr.

2.

1	Bjorge will be representing the ANC and Ms.
2	Marchand may be called as a witness. You are
3	withdrawing your application for party status?
4	Okay. On that representation that you'll be
5	allowed to participate as a witness. Okay.
6	MR. HOOD: Let me make sure I
7	understand. Mr. Bjorge also has individual
8	party status and he is withdrawing that, too?
9	MR. BJORGE: Yes, sir.
10	MR. HOOD: Okay. Thank you.
11	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Thank you,
12	Mr. Hood, for that clarification. I think we
13	are ready to start with the appeal. I think
14	it is most appropriate probably to start with
15	the appellant's case and then hold on. I
16	think that's what the rules provide. And then
17	go to yes?
18	MR. GREEN: Madam Chairman, just
19	one question. Can we address maybe one or two
20	preliminary matters?
21	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Sure. Why
22	

1	proceed in the most expeditious way we want
2	to.
3	MR. GREEN: Certainly. One, we
4	just question whether or not the parties that
5	are before us are the proper parties. It
6	appears that the appellant is not the lessee,
7	shall we say, of the delicatessen in question,
8	No. 1.
9	No. 2, we question whether or not
10	the appeal was timely filed. As we understand
11	it, the Zoning Administrator issued a denial
12	in July, and I have it right here, of July 11,
13	2003. The notification was sent to a Mr. Ming
14	Jin Zhang I might be mispronouncing his
15	name located at 410 N Street, N.W.,
16	Washington, D.C. Now
17	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Excuse me.
18	What denial was issued? Can you refer to an
19	exact decision?
20	MR. GREEN: Yes. One moment.
21	There was a notice of revocation of I'm
22	sorry, disapproval of his application for use

	as a Chinese food carry out facility. Now,
2	that was issued pursuant to DCMR 11 350.4. It
3	is our understanding that this decision by the
4	Zoning Administrator was never appealed from.
5	We've gotten no notice of any kind
6	indicating that this particular document was
7	contested in any way. That being the case, it
8	would appear that let's see, this is July
9	11, '03, and we are here in '07, so the
10	question then becomes when did the applicant,
11	or the appellant, file some notification with
12	the Board of Zoning Adjustment appealing from
13	the decision of the Zoning Administrator?
14	We don't have anything at all that
15	even comes close to a 60-day requirement that
16	the Board's rules require. Perhaps someone
17	can explain that to us.
18	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Would the
19	appellant like to respond to that?
20	MS. MONROE: Madam Chair, can I
21	just interrupt for one second? The document
22	that you have, is that in our record in this

1	case? I'm trying to understand because we
2	don't know what's going on unless we know what
3	document to refer to and what the dates are in
4	that document.
5	MR. GREEN: Okay.
6	MS. MONROE: It's a preliminary
7	matter.
8	MR. GREEN: I can give you a copy
9	of it right now and that will resolve it right
10	now, Madam Chairman.
11	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Does the
12	appellant have a copy of this?
13	MR. GREEN: We will give him a
14	copy, too.
15	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Give the ANC
16	a copy of it?
17	MR. GREEN: We give everyone a
18	copy. We have enough for everyone.
19	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Good. Okay.
20	Mr. Moy, do you want to accept it? I don't
21	see Ms. Bailey here right now.
22	MR. MOY: I can take that.

1	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Thank you.
2	MR. GREEN: Thank you.
3	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Mr. Green,
4	are you making a motion to dismiss based on
5	timeliness?
6	MR. GREEN: Yes, I am, Madam
7	Chairman.
8	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: And did the
9	appellant have any advance notice that you
10	were going to be making this motion?
11	MR. GREEN: I don't believe that
12	he did, Madam Chairman. But, then again, the
13	succession of notices as it related to this
14	particular enterprise and if they wanted
15	something done, they could have addressed it.
16	We also have prior counsel, a
17	gentleman by the name of Mr. Stephen Gell, who
18	on May 11, 2004, indicated to this Board, a
19	copy of which you have, that he was dismissing
20	his application for a variance.
21	This is not the first time that
22	they have come before this body seeking relief

1	of some sort. The last time they made
2	application they withdrew it and that was in
3	the May 11, 2004, notification that was sent
4	to Chairman Griffis at the time, Madam
5	Chairman.
6	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Thank you.
7	Is the appellant ready to address this or do
8	you need more time or what would you like to
9	do?
10	MR. OSNOS: Of course, what we are
11	appealing is the Zoning Administrator's
12	decision or denial of an occupancy permit
13	occupation. The denial was issued September
14	22, 2006. That is the application which is
15	under review today, not anything else.
16	Now, the issues that are to be
17	decided here today have been set out, I hope,
18	for the Board's review in the memorandum that
19	I filed on March 26th. That memorandum, I
20	think, explains why we are here today.
21	We are here today because the
22	Zoning Administrator has decided that the

prior delicatessen use of the property was, in fact, not a delicatessen use and, therefore, the nonconforming use, nonconforming delicatessen use, has been terminated. As a result, the Zoning Administrator denied this application, the one that is here for review today, for an occupancy permit for a delicatessen.

Now, it is certainly true that Mr. Gell at an earlier time applied for a variance because he thought that was the best way to deal with the Zoning Administrator's position that the then existing delicatessen was in violation of its occupancy permit and was not, in fact, a delicatessen.

Mr. Gell, as I indicated, determined that he should apply for a variance so that the use would be permitted. But that doesn't mean that the appellant here is bound by principles of res judicata or the law of the case or anything of that nature.

We are not here to litigate

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whether or not a variance should be granted to operate a delicatessen at this property. are here to determine whether the Zoning Administrator has correctly decided that the delicatessen use at the property was, in fact, permitted outside the bounds of the nonconforming use and was, therefore, discontinued.

His decision was manifest in his denial of out tenant's occupancy permit on September 22, 2006. We timely appealed that denial. We are not to be penalized. We are not bound in any way by the fact that a prior application for variance was denied or withdrawn or was considered in any way by this Board.

That is simply not the issue here today. The position that we take today is that we don't need a variance. We have legitimate established nonconforming use as a delicatessen. The Zoning Administrator was 100 percent wrong to determine that that use

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1	had been exceeded or violated and that it was
2	terminated and we are here to set that right.
3	We timely filed the appeal so I don't think
4	that the current motion to dismiss has legal
5	sufficiency.
6	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Thank you.
7	Does the ANC have an opinion on this?
8	MR. BJORGE: The ANC has no
9	opinion on this particular matter but will
10	point out that it was party to the case back
11	in 2005.
12	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Thank you.
13	Okay. The Board is ready to address this
14	issue. We would agree with the appellant that
15	the decision that is being appealed is the
16	September 22, 2006, decision and that the
17	appeal is timely.
18	With respect to the other events,
19	they may go to the merits of this appeal but
20	I don't believe that decision with respect to
21	another tenant years ago controls the timing

of this appeal. You can proceed on the

1 | merits.

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I just want to say also that there are a lot of dates floating around that I don't think are very well pinned down for us in the papers, so when you are addressing this if you want to highlight, for instance, you know, some of the stuff like specifically when we are talking about a three-year period whether discontinued or not.

You may end up supplementing the record, I don't know, but to the extent you can do it today, it would be helpful. For instance, you know, specific dates when certain things happened because this seems somewhat date oriented when you are talking about a three-year period for discontinuance as one of the issues, I believe, that is at issue. Right?

MR. OSNOS: I think it will turn out to be a non-issue.

CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. Then that would be great, too.

1	MR. OSNOS: I do want to
2	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Are there any
3	other preliminary issues? Otherwise, we can
4	proceed with the appellant.
5	MS. MONROE: Madam Chair, can I
6	just ask a question? This is for my own
7	benefit. I see that you refer to the
8	September 22, 2006, decision of the Zoning
9	Administrator to deny the C of O. Is that in
10	the record? Did you attach it?
11	MR. OSNOS: I did not attach, no.
12	I assumed that
13	MS. MONROE: I just wanted to make
14	sure it
15	MR. OSNOS: I didn't insert it in
16	the record. I assume perhaps Wally did
17	because this is the appeal of the Zoning
18	Administrator's decision that my appeal would
19	automatically bring that order forward for
20	review. Of course, I have a copy.
21	MS. MONROE: That's up to you.
22	It's just that I didn't see it and I thought

1	maybe I because, see, I was confused on the
2	dates, too.
3	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Exactly.
4	MR. GREEN: Madam Chairman, we
5	don't have that either.
6	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: I don't think
7	that impairs you from proceeding today. I
8	think it's something we all should have in the
9	record. It was a wrong assumption so you have
10	a copy and you can put it in the record,
11	right? Do you need to look at it? Would you
12	like to look at it if he has it right now?
13	MR. GREEN: Yes.
14	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. Could
15	you do that, give us a copy? We'll all take
16	a look at it. You can have Ms. Bailey make
17	copies of that. Okay. Could you do that, Ms.
18	Bailey?
19	MS. BAILEY: Sure.
20	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: For the Board
21	and for the parties. Thank you.

1	proceed or do we need to take a five-minute
2	break? A five-minute break would be helpful?
3	Okay. We'll take a quick break while the
4	papers are being copied. Any other concerns
5	that we need to address during this five-
6	minute break?
7	MR. OSNOS: I don't think so, no.
8	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. All
9	right. Then why don't we do that. We'll be
10	back in five minutes.
11	(Whereupon, at 3:10 p.m. off the
12	record until 3:27 p.m.)
13	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: I think Mr.
14	Etherly will be here momentarily. I just want
15	to back up for one minute. Mr. Green, I
16	believe you actually raised two issues. One
17	was timeliness and then the other was whether
18	this was the right party to appeal and I want
19	to know whether you are still raising that
20	issue and then before we get into the merits
21	again we can just resolve that issue.
22	MR. GREEN: After a reflection,

1	Madam Chairman, I'm not going to continue with
2	that particular objection. Thank you.
3	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. Thank
4	you. Is the appellant ready to proceed?
5	MR. OSNOS: We are, Madam
6	Chairman.
7	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. Then
8	the Board just wants to clarify the document
9	that was just circulated. It says it's
10	hard to read the top but it's DCRA's
11	application of Certificate of Occupancy. It
12	is a form and on the second page there is an
13	X for denied reason, previous nonconforming
14	use was discontinued for more than three
15	years. Is this the decision that is being
16	appealed in this case?
17	MR. OSNOS: Yes.
18	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. My
19	next question is looking at this, which we
20	haven't really seen one of this particular
21	document type before, there is a date of
22	9/22/06 written a few times on it. Is it

clear on here somewhere that is the date it 1 was denied? 2. 3 MR. OSNOS: I think Mr. Crews can 4 best respond to that. 5 CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. Ιt either 9/22 6 certainly was sometime 7 thereafter, not earlier. Is that why you 8 picked this date? 9 MR. OSNOS: If you look at the second page, I assume that the initials in the 10 11 very middle of the page appear to be BC, Bill 12 Crews, and there is a date there 9/22/06. Now, I'm going to suggest what happened for 13 the Board's consideration. 14 15 In fact, the named applicant, Paul Luna, applied for a Certificate of Occupancy 16 17 for this same use eight or nine months before 18 in January of February of 2006. Mr. Crews 19 never took action on that application for 20 reasons that really only he can explain. 21 Subsequently, Mr. Luna wanted to get his

security deposit back from Mr. Gorgone and I

1	believe in order to do that he needed to
2	procure a denial from the Zoning Administrator
3	as to his proposed use.
4	He went back to the Zoning
5	Administrator on September 22 which is the
6	date of his signature and procured the denial
7	from Mr. Crews on that same date as I think is
8	reflected on the second page of the
9	application.
10	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. Thank
11	you. This is the decision you are appealing?
12	MR. OSNOS: Yes.
13	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay.
14	Mr. Crews, did you need to add
15	anything to this? Okay. Then I would suggest
16	that you proceed with your argument.
17	MR. OSNOS: May I presume that the
18	Board has read the brief that the appellant
19	filed?
20	
21	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: You can
22	presume that the Board has read every piece of

-- every document that is in the file. However, don't presume that the Board has a total grasp of the arguments being made. That is part of what your role should be here to highlight your argument for the Board with all these dates and different decisions and things like that.

MR. OSNOS: All right. Then I think I will take this opportunity to go back over the fundamental facts of the appeal. The building in question, the property in question, is a four-story townhouse. It is residentially zoned. The English basement or ground floor.

Mr. Gorgone can indicate whether it's an English basement or a true ground floor. It has been used for perhaps 50 years as a retail food service establishment. The definitions of different food service uses in the District become important as I will explain.

At any rate, there has been a food

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service nonconforming use there I think as long as 50 years. We have submitted some comments that were prepared by the Office of Planning in connection with the previous application for variance that was submitted by Mr. Gell. I believe that application was submitted in 2004. The comments of the Office of Planning indicate the longstanding use of the ground floor as a food service facility.

Now, Mr. Gorgone, I would proffer, and he may testify, purchased the property in 1994. At that time the ground floor was occupied by a food service business. It was a carry out. We have submitted copies of prior certificates of occupancy including the one that had been issued for the tenant in place at that time and subsequent occupancy permits and prior occupancy permits.

They all authorize a delicatessen use with no seating. That is what Mr. Gorgone found when he bought the building in 1994, a delicatessen, but the nature of the business

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was a carry out serving Chinese food with no seats. That use continued through 2005.

Due to concerns, I guess, of the neighbors the Zoning Administrator -- let me The Department of Consumer back up. Regulatory Affairs issued a notice of intent license renewal for to deny the This was in 2005. delicatessen. That letter has been attached to my brief. The letter has It says, "You may be operating a footnote. outside the scope of the Certificate Occupancy issued to you on June 4, 1998."

Thereafter, sometime after October 17th of 2005, Mr. Crews revoked the occupancy permit on the grounds that the food service business was not a delicatessen. At attachment 3 to my brief I believe the letter from Bill Crews revoking the occupancy permit has been attached.

The then owner of the Chinese carry out, Mr. Ming Zhang, who had come in in 1998, was forced out of business. He couldn't

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renew his delicatessen license because his occupancy permit was revoked. Mr. Gorgone located a new tenant, Paul Luna, who is the applicant on the application that is under review here today.

Mr. Luna was going to have a good service business there that he termed a gourmet shop. We don't know what he applied for in early 2006, in January or February, but we assume it was a delicatessen.

That application has apparently been lost by the Zoning Administrator's office. What we are left here today with is the September 22, 2006, application to operate a gournet shop and Mr. Crews' denial based on continuance.

Now, I think that Mr. Crews has to defend his position here today. What we have submitted with our exhibit list are copies of licenses issued by the District, food service licenses in addition to occupancy permits authorizing the use of the premises as a

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delicatessen with no seating. We also have attached copies of licenses issued by DCRA, business licenses authorizing food service use as a delicatessen.

When we have occupancy permits and we have delicatessen licenses from DCRA and we have Mr. Crews saying this is not а delicatessen, we have to wonder why. Really what this case is about is to resolve the delicatessen question when is а not а delicatessen. That is really the crux of the issue here today.

I've spoken many times with Mr. thinks Crews to figure out what he I believe I know what he delicatessen is. thinks it is and I believe his opinion to be He is looking at the dictionary definition of a delicatessen and he is saying that a carry out, a Chinese food carry out that does not serve sandwiches as we associate with traditional Manhattan style а delicatessen be considered cannot

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delicatessen under the zoning regulations.

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I am certain that he will tell you today that the reason he thinks the delicatessen use was discontinued at this property is because the Chinese carry out was operating as a Chinese carry out and could not be considered a delicatessen because it didn't have the requisite variety of delicatessen offerings that he thinks is necessary in order to be a delicatessen under the zoning law.

Now, the reason that Mr. Crews is wrong is -- well, there are a number of reasons why he's wrong. Of course, I want to rely primarily on the brief I've submitted and encourage the Board to look at that again but there is a longstanding interpretation, I guess, of what a delicatessen is under former 23 DCMR 2499.1.

That volume of the D.C. Municipal Regulations, which is now the D.C. Administrative Code, but the D.C. Municipal Regulations had definitions for food service

1	facilities and it said a delicatessen is any
2	business with food, drink, or refreshment are
3	cooked, prepared, and sold for consumption
4	other than on the premises.
5	It does not say that a
6	delicatessen has to serve sandwiches. It does
7	not say that a delicatessen has to have any
8	specified variety of foods in order to be
9	considered a delicatessen. It does not say
10	what type of cuisine must or must not be
11	offered.
12	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Can I ask you
13	a question before you go further?
14	MR. OSNOS: Yes.
15	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: I think it
16	would help us. Help me anyway. Just an
17	understanding of your threshold argument. Are
18	you saying that the ZA erred in characterizing
19	the carry out as a deli and, therefore
20	MR. OSNOS: No.
21	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: was wrong
22	to okay. What is your basic premise?

1	MR. OSNOS: He said the carry out
2	was not a deli not withstanding the fact that
3	it had a valid license and occupancy permit
4	with the name delicatessen on them. He said
5	notwithstanding the license and
6	notwithstanding the occupancy permit, this
7	Chinese carry out is not a delicatessen.
8	Therefore, the delicatessen nonconforming use
9	has been lost because this Chinese carry out
10	is not a deli. That is the basis for his
11	decision.
12	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. That
12 13	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. That is the basis for your argument.
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13	is the basis for your argument.
13 14	is the basis for your argument. MR. OSNOS: That is the basis for
13 14 15	is the basis for your argument. MR. OSNOS: That is the basis for the argument, that the Zoning Administrator is
13 14 15 16	is the basis for your argument. MR. OSNOS: That is the basis for the argument, that the Zoning Administrator is basically reinterpreting the zoning ordinance
13 14 15 16 17	is the basis for your argument. MR. OSNOS: That is the basis for the argument, that the Zoning Administrator is basically reinterpreting the zoning ordinance in a way that, No. 1, contradicts decades of
13 14 15 16 17 18	is the basis for your argument. MR. OSNOS: That is the basis for the argument, that the Zoning Administrator is basically reinterpreting the zoning ordinance in a way that, No. 1, contradicts decades of prior interpretation by the food service

It constitutes a rulemaking which

Mr. Crews has no authority to undertake. Even 1 if it is not a rulemaking, it has a certain 2. 3 of retroactivity because invalidated a nonconforming that existed for 4 5 50 years based on his personal interpretation delicatessen is 6 of what and what 7 delicatessen is not. 8 CHAIRPERSON MILLER: But it wasn't 9 the exact same type of food service business for 50 years, right? 10 11 MR. OSNOS: That is correct but it 12 was always a delicatessen under the occupancy 13 permit. I contend it was always delicatessen under the food service 14 15 regulations because, as I've indicated in my brief, and certainly Mr. Crews has the ability 16 17 to bring someone from DCRA to contradict me or 18 clarify what the situation is. 19

The way in which DCRA regulates food service businesses is simple. They call them restaurants which is any food service facility where a majority of the income is

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derived from sale of food for on-premises consumption.

A typical restaurant where we go, sit down at a table, and get table service.

Or a business is a delicatessen and a delicatessen was defined under the former Municipal Regulations as any food establishment that prepares food for off-premises consumption.

The other types of food service licenses that the district issued were grocery licenses and a grocery license authorized the sale of produce and food products but not prepared food like a delicatessen.

The last category of food service establishment was a food product licensed establishment. A food product license authorized the sale of prepackaged food products. Those are essentially snacks, candy bars, chips, any wholly prepackaged food.

So to go again in reverse order, you had the food products license which would

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cover your simple wrapped prepackaged, I guess you would almost maybe call them vacuum wrapped goods, although you could sell, I think, wrapped sandwiches if they were made off premises and brought on. You had your wrapped foods, prepackaged. That's a food products license.

Then you would move up the scale to a grocery license which allowed the sale of produce and fresh foods. Then if you wanted to serve prepared food you go a step further up to a delicatessen which also authorized the sale of grocery and food service products. Then if you had a sit-down dining establishment, you would get a restaurant license.

Those are the four licenses that have been in effect in the District for the past 25 years at least because that is how long I have been practicing law in the District. Food products, grocery, delicatessen, restaurant.

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and by carry out I mean a place that serves prepared food which does not have seating, any place that serves prepared food but does not have seating is a carry out. There is no license and there never has been a license issued by the food service regulators for carry outs.

Those establishments, what we think of a carry out where you go in and get an order and take your food out, those have been delicatessens for as long as I know, 25 years at least.

What Mr. Crews is doing now is he is saying, "Carry outs cannot be considered delicatessens unless I say they are." He's got a definition that he applies. It's kind of vague. We know that Blimpies and Subways are delicatessens. We now know that Chinese carry outs are not delicatessens. Why this is so we do not know.

MR. HOOD: Madam Chair, can I ask

1	a question?
2	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Sure.
3	MR. HOOD: You mentioned I
4	think you've taken it from your submittal from
5	March 23rd. You mentioned a definition of
6	delicatessen. You got it from I guess Title
7	23?
8	MR. OSNOS: Yes, sir.
9	MR. HOOD: Help me because I deal
LO	with titles of U.S. code all the time. What
11	is Title 23. Help me.
12	MR. OSNOS: Food service
L3	establishments.
L4	MR. HOOD: Okay. That's good.
L5	I've got another question. Hold tight for me
L6	because I want to make sure I follow where I'm
L7	going here.
18	Madam Chair, through you if I
L9	could, I will ask the Office of the Attorney
20	General, maybe Ms. Bushman, for the zoning
21	regulations. It talks about what is not a

restaurant and fast foods. When it does not

1	specifically spell out what a definition of a
2	delicatessen is, are we allowed to go to
3	another title to deal with that? Where do we
4	go?
5	MS. BUSHMAN: Are you asking me?
6	MR. HOOD: Ms. Bushman or whoever
7	wants to help with that.
8	MS. BUSHMAN: Certainly the OAG
9	can also chime in but it's my understanding
10	that where there is no definition of a
11	particular term of art that we go to Webster's
12	Dictionary for that throughout the 11 DCMR.
13	MR. HOOD: Thank you. That is
14	very helpful.
15	Madam Chair, I'm not sure did
16	you want to comment, Ms. Monroe?
17	MS. MONROE: I don't have any
18	further comment. Can I ask a question on this
19	topic? I just want to clarify. You are
20	talking about the four definitions. You kept
21	saying used to be that way. Is it still? At
22	relevant times of this appeal was it that way?

1 I just want to know if we are dealing with the right time frame. 2. 3 MR. OSNOS: It is still that way 4 but I must explain further. 5 I don't want to drag MS. MONROE: you guys where you don't want to be. The only 6 7 thing I would say is yes, you are supposed to 8 go to Webster's but I would certainly be 9 informed by other titles but you have no jurisdiction over any title other than Title 10 11 11 is the only thing you can interpret? 12 MR. HOOD: That's going to lead to my question when we get to Mr. Crews so I'll 13 hold off. Thank you, Madam Chair. 14 15 CHAIRPERSON MILLER: I just want to chime in a little bit, too. 16 The provisions 17 in ARCO that we have jurisdiction over in 11 18 DCMR and we certainly have in Chapter 199.1 19 definition of restaurant, and it may not be 20 explicitly defined within our definition but I think that we have to recognize these 21

regulations and see how to deal with that

within these regulations and see how the Zoning Administrator should enforce our zoning regulations.

I think we will hear from Mr. Crews to the extend that other regulations come into play. I don't know. We have to weigh what impact they should have. They may have an impact with what has been the practice for many years or all sorts of issues.

MR. OSNOS: I want to make this Obviously the definitions that I'm referring in former 23 DCMR are to zoning contained within ordinance. the However, since the word delicatessen is not defined in the zoning ordinance, I do think that this Board has the authority and the duty to look at longstanding interpretations by other District agencies, particularly in this case where the agency is directly in charge of day-to-day operation the οf these establishments.

I'm not saying that DCMR

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definition if dispositive but I'm saying it's 1 important to look at it because it's important 2. 3 to look longstanding administrative precedent in the District. I don't think the 4 5 Board --CHAIRPERSON MILLER: I understand 6 7 what you're saying. Don't look at this in 8 MR. OSNOS: 9 a vacuum. CHAIRPERSON MILLER: What I'm also 10 11 trying to say is that just because it's not 12 defined in our regulations doesn't mean that 13 we don't look at longstanding practices as to 14 how a deli has been interpreted if it has been 15 in the context of our own regulations. 16 MR. OSNOS: Yes. I don't know where-- well, I don't see in this Board's 17 18 regulations any statement anywhere as to what 19 a deli is. The only way that we know under 20 the zoning code that there is any such thing as a deli is because there are definitions of 21

a restaurant and a fast food restaurant.

The fast food restaurant definition specifically says a fast food restaurant does not include a delicatessen. That is the only way that word ever comes into the zoning ordinance as far as I am aware. I don't know that it is mentioned anywhere else other than in the fast food definition.

The fast food definition, the current site is 11 ADC 199. Right after restaurant is restaurant/fast food. It just says, "This definition does not include an establishment known as a retail grocery, a convenience store and ice cream parlor, a delicatessen or other business selling food or beverages as an accessory use or for off-premises preparation and consumption.

The reason for that is because fast food restaurants -- well, as I'm sure the Board knows, they are permitted in a C-2-A zone only by special exception. So many of the commercial corridors in the District are in C-2-A zones.

	I should bring that up. If you
2	want to talk about this Board's precedent, if
3	the Board decides that a Chinese carry out is
4	not a delicatessen under the zoning ordinance,
5	then there will be many, many, many carry outs
6	throughout C-2-A zones that have been
7	instantly rendered either illegal or
8	nonconforming in some way.
9	I think the Zoning Administrator's
10	practice has always been to licensed carry
11	outs or to issue occupancy permits for carry
12	outs under the name delicatessen. I don't
13	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Let me just
14	say this. Just in looking at these
15	regulations carry out and fast food are not
16	the same in these definitions. According to
17	what I'm reading here, and I've looked at it
18	before, if a restaurant has a certain amount
19	of carry out, it's not a fast food. They are
20	not interchangeable.
21	MR. OSNOS: No, but
22	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Just because

1	it's a carry out doesn't mean it's fast food.
2	MR. OSNOS: I think Mr. Crews is
3	almost at that point because he says a carry
4	out is a fast food restaurant. He definitely
5	says a carry out is not a delicatessen unless
6	it serves certain types of food or has a
7	certain variety of foods that only he knows.
8	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: At issue is
9	this Chinese carry out. Is that correct?
10	MR. OSNOS: And whether that
11	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Is it a
12	delicatessen.
13	MR. OSNOS: That somehow did not
14	conform to what we would consider to be a
15	delicatessen. When I say we, I mean you, of
16	course.
17	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Would you say
18	the Chinese carry out was a fast food or not
19	a fast food?
20	MR. OSNOS: That's not the issue.
21	It couldn't be a fast food restaurant because
22	a fast food first of all, it couldn't be

because you go to the fast food restaurant definition. A restaurant is considered fast food restaurant if it has a drive-thru. Okay. This doesn't have a drive-thru.

A restaurant will be considered a fast food restaurant if the floor space allocated and used for customer queuing, for self-service, for carry out, and on-premises consumption is greater than 10 percent of the total floor space on any one floor that is accessible to the public.

Well, the occupancy permits that we have submitted as exhibits that cover this space indicate that no seating is allowed so we are not worried about the seating component here but we are concerned with the space allocated and used for customer queuing. I don't know how Mr. Crews knows what space was used for customer queuing.

Of course, the reason we don't know is because he never issued a letter decision telling us what he had decided. If

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10 percent of these premises -- not premises but 10 percent of the public floor area. We don't include the behind the counter space.

We don't include the employee bathroom. We don't include storage. We really don't know. If we had 10 percent of the public floor space reserved for customer queuing, then the Chinese carry out would be a fast food restaurant if (a) at least 60 percent of the food was prepared or packaged before the customer places an order.

I'm going to proffer that Mr. Gorgone would testify that is not the case. This was all prepared to order. Most Chinese restaurants you call up and order and it's prepared. You don't go and get your prewrapped Lo Mein or Chicken Szechuan.

The alternative test if 60 percent of the food items were not already prepared before the order is placed is that the establishment primarily serves it food and beverages in disposable containers.

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1	And and provides disposable
2	tableware. I don't know if Mr. Crews has any
3	evidence that this was the case that this
4	establishment was, in fact, a fast food
5	restaurant. But, as I said, I think that is
6	what he is trying to do is make every carry
7	out a fast food restaurant unless it meets
8	what he considers to be his personal test for
9	a deli. Sandwiches. Has to have sandwiches.
10	Was it a fast food restaurant?
11	Well, how do we know? Where is there any
12	written decision anywhere that summarizes the
13	evidence that this was, in fact, a fast food
14	restaurant?
15	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Is this all
16	the reason you know that is on this decision
17	that you are appealing, previous nonconforming
18	use was discontinued for the reason that it
19	was discontinued that it was denied?
20	MR. OSNOS: That's my assumption.
21	That is my thinking. I believe based on some
22	conversations with Mr. Bjorge that maybe he

1	thinks that some work was done in there to
2	expand the cooking facilities or the kitchen
3	facilities that was not done according to
4	permit. I don't know what that has to do with
5	the zoning issue.
6	From where I sit, what I have told
7	you is all I know about the District's
8	decision making in this case.
9	Now, the reason that I can
10	characterize what I believe to be Mr. Crews'
11	thinking on the matter is that I have
12	submitted many other occupancy permit
13	applications for delicatessens in different
14	zones of the city.
15	I have talked with them several
16	times and based on statements that he's made,
17	I think I have accurately summarized his
18	thoughts on the matter. I may be wrong. I do
19	apologize to Mr. Crews if I'm wrong about his
20	thinking.
21	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. I
22	think you basically covered it. I just want

1 to ask you one question. I know you probably already said it and I just want to see where 2. 3 you were at, though. Are you saying because -- there is no definition of delicatessen in 4 our zoning regulations under restaurant or 5 6 whatever. 7 refers to delicatessens Tt. and 8 that's it. But there are other licenses that 9 DCRA issues that deals with delicatessens. Did you say that there are definitions there 10 11 or just that they have issued licenses for 12 this type of place? 13 MR. OSNOS: There are definitions. Delicatessen was a defined term in 23 DCMR. 14 15 I've cited 23 and 25. I think it's 25. 16 I do think it's 25. I'm sorry about 25 DCMR 2499.1 does have a definition 17 18 of delicatessen. The definition is 19 business where food, drink, or refreshments 20 are cooked, prepared, and sold for consumption other than on the premises. 21

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Zoning

Administrator's perspective, carry outs have continuously been authorized under occupancy permits which bear the designation delicatessen.

I rarely see an occupancy permit which says carry out, although I have seen them. Carry out, as far as I know, is also not a defined term under the zoning regulations so this is sort of an ad hoc system that has been in place for quite a while.

Now, I just want to make the point that these definitions from 25 DCMR 2499.1 I do not think are contained any longer in the municipal code and that is because of something called the Streamlining Regulation Act of 2003 which I have discussed at page 5 of my brief.

Basically now there is a master business license or basic business license and the designations, food products, delicatessen, restaurant, and grocery are now subendorsement

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1	designations that are printed on the license
2	but the basic license is called a retail food
3	establishment license. Still these
4	subendorsements follow the categories that I
5	mentioned, food products, grocery,
6	delicatessen, and restaurant.
7	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Thank you.
8	Do the Board members have any questions right
9	now?
10	MR. LOUD: One question, Madam
11	Chair.
12	Mr. Osnos, can you articulate what
13	you understood and I think you just did it
14	but I just want to make it clear. I
15	understand it what you understood the
16	regulation to be September '06 at the time of
17	Mr. Crews' denial of the C of O? It is my
18	understanding that you don't believe it to
19	have been either 23 DCMR or 25 DCMR.
20	MR. OSNOS: It's 25. I misspoke
21	when I said 23. There was a typographical
22	error in my brief. I'm quite sure that it's

25 because it follows the ABC regulations which I used to look at all the time and still do and that was 25 DCMR. So it is 25 DCMR 2499.1. Now, your question is what was in effect on September '06.

MR. LOUD: At least your understanding of it.

MR. OSNOS: Well, if you go to 25 ADC 9901 there is a new definition and it is just a food establishment. It says a food establishment is simply an operation that relinquishes possession of food directly to a consumer.

Such operations include а restaurant, a grocery store, a convenience store, a bakery, a delicatessen, a caterer, or a hotel or a bed and breakfast operation where food is provided. The former regulations are longer in effect but I think they are reflective of the long standing practice at **DCRA** of classifying carry outs as delicatessens.

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And still a would carry out receive a retail food establishment basic business license with а subendorsement containing the designation delicatessen. acknowledge that there is some tension between zoning ordinance these the and other regulations. Also the dictionary definition of the term delicatessen.

MR. GREEN: Excuse me, Madam Chairman, if I might interrupt. We have been here for a long period and it appears that counsel is testifying. If that's the case, obviously he should be put under oath. Second of all, will we be given an opportunity to cross examine?

CHAIRPERSON MILLER: I don't really hear testimony. I mean, I don't know. I'm hearing a description of the legal provisions at play. You could but I'm not sure. We didn't really -- I think you should be able to cross examine on evidentiary stuff such as facts, when certain things happened,

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and if you question what establishment was in place in 2005. All that kind of stuff is fine. If you want to address the legal --

MR. GREEN: You're right, Madam Chairman, in that you brought out the fact of evidentiary matters and testimonial and so forth. But in our listening it seems that a lot of conversation has been addressed as to what Mr. Crews did or said or thought or felt or so forth. He spoke it with such clarity and such authority it seems to me that we should be given the opportunity to cross examine him on that in light of the fact that Mr. Crews is here.

CHAIRPERSON MILLER: That is correct. You have been very patient and I think we are really just about to turn to you. I can leave it up to you as to how would like to address the issues most efficiently. Mr. Crews is right here to testify exactly to what he did and how he thinks and whatever. If you want to spend time cross examining the

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1	appellant
2	MR. GREEN: I don't want to talk
3	to the attorney. I want to talk to his
4	witness.
5	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: But his
6	witness didn't testify.
7	MR. GREEN: I understand. He
8	didn't but he is giving testimony. He hasn't
9	been sworn or any of the niceties associated
10	with an administrative process.
11	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: That's
12	correct. I think
13	MR. GREEN: If he is giving
14	testimony, he should be sworn and we should be
15	given the opportunity of cross examining him.
16	If not, then let him put his witness on, put
17	his evidence on, and we'll move on as you
18	normally do, Madam Chair.
19	MR. OSNOS: I do have a very, very
20	brief direct examination for Mr. Gorgone. It
21	makes no difference to me whether I'm sworn,
22	unsworn, cross examined, unexamined. It makes

1	absolutely no difference.
2	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Why don't you
3	get sworn. What I would say is let's use our
4	time most efficiently. We are really trying
5	to figure out the legal question as to what is
6	a deli, that kind of thing.
7	MR. GREEN: Counsel can't do it.
8	Mr. Crews perhaps can.
9	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Mr. Crews
10	would be that's why he's here. I think we
11	would love to hear from Mr. Crews. Let me
12	just say the procedures are, though, that we
13	are going to finish with the appellant's case.
14	I think we are almost finished. We have let
15	you argue for quite a long period of time.
16	You have a witness you want to ask questions
17	of?
18	MR. OSNOS: Very briefly, yes.
19	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Who would be
20	subject to cross examination. Is that going
21	to take very long?
22	MR. OSNOS: No. Mr. Gorgone has

1	been sworn.
2	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Mr. Crews, do
3	you have something to add?
4	MR. CREWS: We weren't here when
5	the afternoon session started so I have not
6	personally been sworn in yet. I don't know if
7	anybody else needs to be.
8	MR. GREEN: Neither has counsel.
9	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. Why
10	don't whoever hasn't been sworn in, get
11	sworn in.
12	(Whereupon, the witnesses were
13	sworn.)
14	MR. OSNOS: Mr. Gorgone, why don't
15	you come over and join me at the microphone
16	here. Let me just ask you a couple questions.
17	Are you the owner of the property at 1417 17th
18	Street, N.W.?
19	MR. GORGONE: Yes.
20	MR. GREEN: When did you buy the
21	property?
22	MR. GREEN: Excuse me, Madam

1	Chairman. I'm not trying to be the dealer of
2	the wheel here but I don't recall the witness
3	being sworn. I mean, maybe he has. Has he?
4	MS. BAILEY: He was sworn earlier.
5	MR. GREEN: Ah, okay. I'm sorry.
6	Thank you.
7	MR. OSNOS: Mr. Gorgone, when did
8	you purchase the property?
9	MR. GORGONE: In 1994.
10	MR. OSNOS: I want you to speak
11	up. Come on, speak up. In 1994 what kind of
12	business was there on the ground floor?
13	MR. GORGONE: The same Chinese
14	place that has been there all the time.
15	MR. OSNOS: What kind of Chinese
16	place was there in 1994?
17	MR. GORGONE: They call it carry
18	out. I don't know.
19	MR. OSNOS: Were there any seats
20	in there?
21	MR. GORGONE: No. No seats. Just

1	MR. OSNOS: All right. So what
2	kind of menu did they have?
3	MR. GORGONE: They have menu that
4	was about maybe five or six different things
5	by order.
6	MR. OSNOS: By order?
7	MR. GORGONE: Yes.
8	MR. OSNOS: All right. Since 1994
9	well, let me ask you this. Did their come
10	a time when the carry out operation stopped?
11	MR. GORGONE: In January of 2006.
12	MR. OSNOS: And between 1994 when
13	you bought the property
14	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: I'm sorry.
15	It was hard to hear. Did you say it stopped
16	in 2006?
17	MR. GORGONE: Yeah, that's when
18	they got out.
19	MR. OSNOS: You've got to talk up,
20	man.
21	MR. GORGONE: Yeah, that's when
22	they got out in 2006. I think it was January

1	8th he gave me the keys.
2	MR. OSNOS: So from 1994 until
3	January 2006 was there any change in the kind
4	of business that was operating on the ground
5	floor?
6	MR. GORGONE: No. Same business.
7	MR. OSNOS: Thank you. Oh, one
8	more question. From 1994 until January of
9	2006 was the Chinese carry out operated
10	continuous?
11	MR. GORGONE: Yes.
12	MR. OSNOS: Thank you.
13	MR. OSNOS: No further questions.
14	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. Now,
15	Mr. Green, do you have any cross examination?
16	MR. GREEN: One moment, Madam
17	Chair, please.
18	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. Do
19	Board members have any questions for the
20	witness? Okay. We'll wait for you.
21	MR. GREEN: Mr. Gorgone, is that
22	not right?

1	MR. GORGONE: Yes, sir.
2	MR. GREEN: Can you tell me please
3	in this area that you have familiarity with,
4	how much of the floor space was utilized for
5	queuing?
6	MR. GORGONE: I don't understand
7	the word queuing.
8	MR. GREEN: All right. How much
9	of the public area was available for people to
10	stand in line to get served, if you know?
11	MR. GORGONE: I could guess. I
12	didn't measure but I could guess. You mean
13	from the counter to the door?
14	MR. GREEN: Yes, sir.
15	MR. GORGONE: Probably would it be
16	5 by 6 foot roughly.
17	MR. GREEN: Is that all the space
18	available for the people who are standing in
19	line to get service?
20	MR. GORGONE: Yes. They can still
21	order by phone.
22	MR. GREEN: So there was no other

1	space available for the public as you
2	understand it. Is that right?
3	MR. GORGONE: Up in front there is
4	like a patio before the entrance of the door.
5	There is a nice patio there, big space.
6	MR. GREEN: Okay. Sir, can you
7	tell me how were the vegetables prepared, the
8	service?
9	MR. GORGONE: There was another
10	cook there. I never was there to see the
11	actual guy cook but he cooked in a pan. He
12	boiled with the water.
13	MR. GREEN: Sir, can you tell me
14	if the vegetables were cut up before they were
15	boiled in the pan?
16	MR. GORGONE: I don't know. They
17	could have been. It depends how you buy. If
18	you buy small, maybe you don't cut. If you
19	buy big bunch of it, you cut.
20	MR. GREEN: Roughly how long, sir,
21	did it take to prepare these vegetables that
22	you observed?

1	MR. GORGONE: I have to guess. I
2	don't know. I actually didn't cook but it
3	probably would have taken five or 10 minutes.
4	MR. GREEN: Did you ever place an
5	order with this establishment, sir, to make a
6	purchase?
7	MR. GORGONE: No, but I ate the
8	food sometimes.
9	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: I'm sorry.
10	Could you repeat your answer?
11	MR. GORGONE: I said I never
12	ordered by phone but when I was there one time
13	he offered me food and I taste it.
14	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. Thank
15	you.
16	MR. GREEN: How much of these
17	vegetables were preprepared before they were
18	actually stir fried and served to the
19	customer, if you know?
20	MR. GORGONE: I don't know, sir.
21	As I said, there was another cook. I went
22	there once in a while but I didn't keep track.

1	MR. GREEN: One moment.
2	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: What's
3	happening here, Mr. Green?
4	MR. GREEN: I'm trying to make
5	sure I get enough copies for the panel.
6	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: What are you
7	passing out?
8	MR. GREEN: I'm going to ask that
9	this be marked as an exhibit.
10	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: You might
11	need to go on microphone. I know you have a
12	really strong voice but I think the court
13	reporter needs you on microphone.
14	MR. GREEN: Mr. Gorgone, are you
15	familiar with a May 11, 2004 letter sent to
16	then Chairman Griffis of the Board of Zoning
17	Adjustment?
18	MR. GORGONE: Yes.
19	MR. GREEN: Is it not a fact, sir,
20	that the content of this letter was to request
21	that the Board dismiss the application for a
22	variance?

1	MR. GORGONE: I don't know. Mr.
2	Stephen never told me about that. I know that
3	he did, I think, but it was with the tenant.
4	MR. GREEN: Now, on this letter,
5	May 11, 2004, I direct your attention to the
6	lower left-hand quadrant of it, or in the
7	corner, if you will. Is that your name, sir?
8	MR. GORGONE: Salvatore Gorgone,
9	yes.
10	MR. GREEN: Uh-huh.
11	MR. GORGONE: But I didn't hire
12	that lawyer. He was not my lawyer.
13	MR. GREEN: He was not your
14	lawyer?
15	MR. GORGONE: He was hired from
16	the tenant but he contacted me.
17	MR. GREEN: But he sent you this
18	letter. Is that not right, sir?
19	MR. GORGONE: Who send me this
20	letter?
21	MR. GREEN: Mr. Gell.
22	MR. GORGONE: I don't recall but

1	it's possible that he did.
2	MR. GREEN: I didn't understand
3	you, sir.
4	MR. GORGONE: I don't remember but
5	obviously he did.
6	MR. GREEN: All right.
7	MR. GORGONE: I know that he did
8	submit something to the Board.
9	MR. GREEN: But it was notice that
10	the person he did represent was withdrawing
11	their application or dismissing a motion
12	before the Board of Zoning Adjustment, sir.
13	Is that not right?
14	MR. GORGONE: Whatever the letter
15	say but I didn't do it personally.
16	MR. GREEN: I understand that but
17	you were given notice, sir, that an
18	individual, your tenant, through his lawyer,
19	was withdrawing his motion before the Board of
20	Zoning Adjustment. is that not right?
21	MR. GORGONE: No.
22	MR. GREEN: All right. All right.

1	But that is your name on the bottom?
2	MR. GORGONE: Yes.
3	MR. GREEN: Okay. Just one more
4	question, sir. This Mr. Zhang referred to in
5	the letter, is it not a fact that he was a
6	tenant in your building?
7	MR. GORGONE: Yes, sir.
8	MR. GREEN: And your building is
9	located at 1417 17th Street, N.W.?
10	MR. GORGONE: Yes, sir.
11	MR. GREEN: Thank you.
12	I don't have any other questions.
13	Thank you, ma'am.
14	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Thank you.
15	Does the ANC have any questions?
16	MR. BJORGE: Yes. Thank you,
17	Madam Chair.
18	Referring to the Zoning exhibit
19	just entered, I actually was present at that
20	hearing. To Mr. Gorgone, are you sure that
21	Mr. Gell did not represent you in this matter?
22	MR. GORGONE: No. I was with him,

1	yes, but he didn't represent me. He wasn't
2	paid from me. The tenant did.
3	MR. BJORGE: Did Mr. Gell speak
4	with you at that hearing about representing
5	you so that you would be able to obtain status
6	at that hearing?
7	MR. GORGONE: No, he represented
8	the tenant.
9	MR. BJORGE: And were you co-party
10	to the case with the tenant?
11	MR. GORGONE: I'm the owner of the
12	business.
13	MR. BJORGE: So you were co-party
14	to the case with the tenant sharing the same
15	lawyer?
16	MR. GORGONE: yes.
17	MR. BJORGE: Thank you.
18	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: I don't think
19	this is very clear. I'm sorry. I'm not sure
20	that he understood because I think I heard
21	contradictory answers. It sounded like on the
22	one hand he wasn't involved in the case and

1	then, on the other hand, he said he was
2	represented as a co-party in the case.
3	MR. BJORGE: This is cross
4	reference time. I can't really give testimony
5	at this time.
6	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. Fine.
7	I do want to clarify
8	MR. OSNOS: Madam Chair, first of
9	all, I can communicate quite easily with Mr.
10	Gorgone and I can explain in plain English his
11	answers. My concern is that we are
12	investigating an area which has no relevance
13	to the proceedings here today.
14	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: That's fine.
15	Okay. Let's not spend too much time with it.
16	We have in the public record whether or not he
17	was a party. It's in our record. This was
18	before the BZA. We could look it up. I just
19	was concerned because I wasn't sure he
20	understood the question.
21	MR. GORGONE: Sorry. My English
22	is not that good. I'm sorry for that.

1	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. If he
2	doesn't want to clarify now, let's just leave
3	it and the record can be supplemented by just
4	checking the public record. Okay. Any other
5	questions?
6	MR. BJORGE: Mr. Gorgone, as you
7	know, I own the property next to you and they
8	are nearly identical in construction. Can you
9	tell to the Board what the aggregate square
10	footage of the basement unit is, please?
11	MR. GORGONE: I think 720 square
12	feet.
13	MR. BJORGE: According to your
14	estimate, or your direct knowledge, it's 720
15	square feet. Are you pretty confident? I
16	mean, have you ever measured it?
17	MR. GORGONE: I know when I pay
18	the tax that's what the square foot is.
19	MR. BJORGE: So your estimate of
20	the basement square footage is based on the
21	tax records?
22	MR. GORGONE: Yes.

1	MR. BJORGE: Okay. Would it
2	surprise you if I were to say that your
3	basement interior wall to wall is 13.5 feet
4	wide and 42 feet long? Would that surprise
5	you? It could lower your tax bill.
6	MR. GORGONE: Did you measure?
7	MR. BJORGE: I've measured mine
8	and they are almost identical.
9	MR. GORGONE: I never measured.
10	MR. BJORGE: Okay. All right.
11	You have no position on whether that would be
12	surprising. Mr. Gorgone, how far back from
13	the front door would you say the counter of
14	the previous Chef's Express was? How many
15	paces? When you walk in the door pass the two
16	stools for seating how many paces back would
17	that have been?
18	MR. GORGONE: Excuse me, Ms.
19	Chair. I don't understand. I want to know if
20	he's a lawyer or who is he?
21	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: He
22	represents

1	MR. GORGONE: Why is he
2	interrogating me?
3	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: He is a party
4	and he has the right to participate as a
5	party. I'm a little bit concerned with this
6	line of questioning and I understand that Mr.
7	Green went the same way but cross examination
8	is usually about what they testify on in their
9	case and he didn't testify as to knowledge
10	about any of these issues.
11	MR. BJORGE: He testified as to
12	the aggregate square footage available for
13	public service and queuing.
14	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: He did in
15	response to Mr. Green's question.
16	MR. BJORGE: Oh, so I can't follow
17	up on that?
18	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: I mean, I'll
19	let Mr. Green ask that question, too. I feel
20	like we are getting way off track here. Maybe
21	you have a point but he is having trouble
22	answering these questions, I think, in part

1	because they are not the basis of his
2	testimony so he has to reach for knowledge.
3	It is already 4:30. If there is a
4	compelling reason to ask a question, you can
5	do it but that's my concern. You may have an
6	argument to make with respect to all of that
7	in your case in chief.
8	MR. BJORGE: Thank you. I'll take
9	your advice.
10	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: All right.
11	Okay. Thank you. I think we are really ready
12	to hear DCRA's case unless my Board members
13	have other questions.
14	MR. GREEN: We're going to
15	Madam Chairman, we would prefer if you would
16	allow us to have the ANC go first before us.
17	We think there is certain factual information
18	that can clarify some of the confusion before
19	the Board much easier with the ANC's first
20	presentation because then DCRA will react to
21	the case in chief of the appellant.
22	We think it would make the matter

much easier and flow much faster. I know that 1 Madam Chairman and the Board want to hear the 2. 3 facts first so that this matter won't drag on. 4 We think that will happen in this particular process and we want to facilitate that. 5 CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Does the ANC 6 7 have a problem with that? 8 MR. BJORGE: No, Madam Chair. 9 CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. I just want to say that it seems that what Mr. Green 10 11 is saying is you are in a position to flush 12 out the factual issues better than they can at this point and then they'll respond, but I 13 would just ask you when you are addressing the 14 factual issues and you tie it to the legal 15 16 issue which is why the denial that's on appeal 17 was an error. 18 Madam Chair, if I MR. ETHERLY: 19 may, I would most certainly agree with that 20 This is not to disparage the ANC's desire. case in any way but I was hopeful that would 21

come more so from DCRA's presentation.

1	perhaps inclined to hear DCRA's argument first
2	before the ANC because I'm worried the ANC
3	might take us too far afield.
4	Again, not speaking disparagingly
5	over your presentation but I'm kind of looking
6	for the pay off from Mr. Green and DCRA.
7	That's the part of the show that I've been
8	holding my breath for.
9	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: The same. I
10	mean, I think we don't have the basic answer
11	to this question which I'm sure the ANC
12	doesn't have which is why did the DCRA deny
13	the application for the Certificate of
14	Occupancy on the basis that the previous
15	nonconforming use was discontinued. That is
16	so basic.
17	MR. GREEN: I hear what the
18	Chairman and the Vice-Chair are asking and we
19	will comply. I call as my first witness then
20	Mr. Crews who has been previously sworn.
21	Mr. Crews, can you tell us for the
22	record exactly by whom are you employed?

1	MR. CREWS: I'm the Zoning
2	Administrator for the District of Columbia
3	under the Department of Consumer and
4	Regulatory Affairs.
5	MR. GREEN: Sir, did there come a
6	time when you made a decision to take a
7	certain action with respect to 1417 17th
8	Street, N.W., Washington, D.C.?
9	MR. CREWS: Actually, at least a
10	couple times.
11	MR. GREEN: And can you tell us
12	the first time?
13	MR. CREWS: The first time was
14	shortly after I started where I continued the
15	prosecution of complaints against a Chinese
16	carry out at 1417 17th Street, N.W., a
17	prosecution that had been going on since 1999
18	for the Chinese carry out operating under a
19	Certificate of Occupancy for a delicatessen,
20	had been since 1999 by the Department of
21	Consumer and Regulatory Affairs.
22	My predecessors as the Zoning

Administrators been told by operating the Chinese carry out with а delicatessen Certificate of Occupancy that they outside operating the of that scope delicatessen Certificate of Occupancy.

In other words, that the delicatessen had a specific meaning and, as defined by operation of the zoning regs, from the definition in Webster's Dictionary, and that my predecessors had already made determination that there was a distinction and use between a delicatessen and a Chinese carry out, and that the Chinese carry out could not fall under the scope of а delicatessen Certificate of Occupancy.

MR. GREEN: So you made --

MR. CREWS: Wait. I guess my first action was to revoke the Certificate of Occupancy of Chef's Express, the tenant operating the Chinese carry out. That was my first action on this that was not appealed by either the applicant or the property owner to

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And the determination then became that based on the fact that the Department had been telling -- I could do a little chronology of the Department's action if you would like, Mr. Green.

MR. GREEN: Yes. Please do so.

MR. CREWS: I have copies here of a violation notice dated October 28, 1999. Location of the violation 1417 -- excuse me while I hide the originals so we don't get them mixed up. Location of the violation 1417 17th Street, N.W., business name Chef's Express.

At the above location a zoning inspection was performed and the inspection revealed the following violations. The section code was 11 DCMR Section 3203.1 which requires a Certificate of Occupancy. The corrective action listed was to obtain a Certificate of Occupancy for a restaurant.

Then on --

1 CHAIRPERSON MILLER: What is this 2. that you just passed out? Oh, a violation 3 notice? Because what, they didn't have a 4 Certificate of Occupancy? 5 MR. CREWS: What we are trying to establish is that in -- and as our factual 6 7 witness will collaborate was that in 1958 when 8 the zoning regs became effective there was a 9 delicatessen there. There was a sandwich shop there. Again, remember this is a residential 10 11 district so none of these operations, whether 12 it be a delicatessen or a carry out, matter of right. 13 The delicatessen 14 became а 15 grandfathered nonconforming use. Under Section 2000.5 if that nonconforming use is 16 17 discontinued for more than three years, then 18 as nonconforming uses goes away 19 structures are hoped to do under the zoning 20 regs. Our factual witness will indicate 21 22 that there had been a series of sandwich shops

and later on we will explain how I follow my predecessor's determination in terms of the difference between delicatessens and carry outs contrary to the testimony of Mr. Osnos that it's all me. This occurred in 1999.

Again, I have a second violation notice dated March 7, 2003, zoning inspection, same address, 1417 17th Street, N.W., Chef's Express, business name. While it is hard to I apologize, you can make it out. read, same section Again, the is cited 3203.1 meaning the requirement for a Certificate of The corrective action again in Occupancy. 2003 obtain Certificate was must а Occupancy for a carry out.

Note your current C of O for a deli allow or does not does not permit That is the definition that we have cooking. used, my predecessors in this case, and me more generally as testified by Mr. Osnos that based on the circumstances and situations that even participated this Board in has

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determination of the differences between restaurants and fast food restaurants, specifically the Blimpie case on H Street decided around the time that I became Zoning Administrator.

The definition of delicatessen in the dictionary that I believe somebody has provided in the record of prepared foods, processed meats, relishes, condiments, and sandwiches is why we have determined that using that definition is appropriate because the scheme of the zoning regs is that allowing less intensive uses in the District and then building up, just the whole scheme of any use is that you qo from residential to neighborhood commercial to large scale commercial to industrial.

In a C-1 zone a restaurant is allowed and а restaurant is defined as primarily for on-premise consumption. All functions shall be clearly carry out subordinate to on-premise consumption.

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The idea in a small neighborhood commercial district like a C-1 is that type of establishment creates less impacts on the neighborhood than a fast food restaurant which is first allowed as a special exception in a C-2-A.

Then the definition for the fast food restaurant that includes these exceptions including a delicatessen or an ice cream parlor or a retail food store is the idea that these types of establishments are exempted from the fast food regulations because they create less impacts in these small neighborhood commercial areas than a fast food restaurant with attended odors, smells, trash and traffic.

It is very clear to me that why there is a distinction in the zoning regulations between a fast food restaurant and a delicatessen. That is why we have used the definition in the dictionary that limits it to items that have already preprepared that you

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are slicing meat, you have prepared salads that doesn't involve a lot of cooking. That is the definition that we've used, again, in this particular case since 1999.

And why as our factual witness will talk about the switch from sandwich making to Chinese carry out and why then once that switch occurred why we needed to take action. Again, it's that distinction that needs to be understood.

So, therefore, we are back to these violation notices where we have told the operators of Chef's Express --

If I could interrupt MR. ETHERLY: for a moment because I think that was very helpful and perhaps you are really kind of beginning to move to the bulls eye here. the difference between delicatessen and restaurant the dividing line that the minute introduce some type of preparatory you equipment, stove or oven or similar type of acrutraments you are out of delicatessen?

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that the way you're looking at it?

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MR. CREWS: I'm looking at it more in terms of the overall impact of the impacts of the facility on the neighborhood, the external impacts. It comes down to the amount of food being cooked and the external impacts. The preparation of salads doesn't have a lot of external impacts in terms of odors and that. It talks about that in the definition of delicatessen.

The same thing with sandwiches.

Now, I have in the interest of full disclosure when I look at the sandwich shops in the city and determined they are delicatessens because the definition specifically calls out the making of sandwiches. They can toast their bread, Quiznos, Potbellies. Now even Subway I think has some toasted or some warm things but they are not doing a lot of cooking that has the external effects.

I think if you have been following the Zoning Commissions activities that you can

see where based on this definition and then based also on the legitimate -- hopefully not against our case here because different rules need to be understood differently but when Mr. Osnos says that the business licenses and the health department licenses talk about carry outs as delicatessen, he's right.

But we are talking here about the zoning regs and the zoning regs in my opinion, and hopefully in the opinion of the Board, are the foundation for all of those other licenses that you must first meet the zoning regulation definitions and, again, based on our system of District, our nation's governance in the capital, with the zoning regs determined Zoning Commission and solely by the subject to all of the other processes that other regulations occur in terms of adoption by the council and then potential veto by the Congress that it is -- it should be all of our positions that the zoning reas the are foundation and that you must first meet the

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The zoning regs are by themselves determinant. In this particular case we did not look at other definitions used by other rules or other regulations because the zoning regulations of themselves say that if it is not defined in the zoning regulations that we go to the dictionary.

I believe the dictionary is very clear and dovetails, as I mentioned, impacts that the zoning was attempting to control, the use impacts so that appropriate to use the dictionary definition of not a lot of cooking, not a lot of external definition impacts for the zoning delicatessen. That is contrary to the other municipal regulations. Again, I think that we have to go with ours based on what we have.

MR. ETHERLY: So it would be your sense then that you were in receipt of credible factual information a significant portion of which we will discuss today, but

you were in receipt of credible information that demonstrated there was a substantial -- there was a greater amount of activity underway on sight than what a delicatessen would evidence.

At this point all I have seen, and I know I'm kind of jumping into the flow here, but I want to be sure I kind of put a pin in this. In the submittal of the appellant at Exhibit No. 17 about midway through we are in receipt of what was the Office of Planning Report pursuant to BZA Case No. 17075.

is about midway through the submittal and, again, I'm looking at Exhibit No. 17 which was the memorandum of appellant. In that Office of Planning Report at page 3 it references what is referred to as Attachment 2 in their submittal in so Attachment 2 of the appellant's submittal, which is the Office of Planning Report dated February 24, 2004, in BZA Case No. 17075.

Page 3 of that report refers to

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the Webster's 9th Collegiate Dictionary definition of a delicatessen as follows, and I am reading directly from the report, "Ready-to-eat food products -- and then in parentheses -- (as cooked meats and prepared salads."

Now, it's a fairly short slice of the definition, no pun intended, but that is what the Office of Planning referred to in its report back in 2004. Is that definition familiar to you or is it one that appears to track closely what DCRA has been relying on in interpreting delicatessen?

MR. CREWS: Right. If I could only just point out the difference that the Office of Planning was using Webster's 9th Collegiate Dictionary that undoubtedly has what they've written. The sentence before Collegiate that reference to the 9th Dictionary talked about the meaning given to Unabridged Webster's Dictionary. The unabridged dictionary has bit а more

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includes 1 extensive. Ιt at the end 2. parenthetic phrase "as in making sandwiches." 3 That is why I pulled that out in terms of distinguishing the sandwich vendors from other 4 5 food establishments that are most likely fast food restaurants. 6 7 MR. ETHERLY: So as you look at --8 I'll use another term of art that I invoked 9 last weekend in a case. The lawyers familiar with it. 10 It's totality of the 11 circumstances. Essentially the comparison or 12 the baseline for you is what is involved in preparing a sandwich. The further you veer 13 from the preparation of a sandwich motif, the 14 15 further away you are getting from delicatessen 16 and getting into other operations that the 17 zoning regs attempt to get at in different 18 more extensive ways. 19 MR. CREWS: Right. In terms of 20 minimizing those external impacts in these small neighborhood commercial areas. 21

I see.

Okay.

MR. ETHERLY:

1	MR. CREWS: Cooking odors,
2	additional trash, and traffic.
3	MR. ETHERLY: Okay. Excellent.
4	Thank you. I appreciate you allowing me that
5	interruption as I can of walked through that.
6	Thank you, Madam Chair. That concludes my
7	questioning on that portion.
8	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. I want
9	to get real basic. I would think you should
10	be able to articulate that a Chinese carry
11	out, or this particular Chinese carry out, is
12	not a delicatessen because what? I would
13	certainly think you would start with our
14	regulations which are in 199. Is that
15	correct? With our zoning regulations. Can
16	you lead us through that systematically?
17	MR. CREWS: As I just did with
18	Board member Etherly, why it's not a
19	delicatessen because it involves much more
20	cooking than making sandwiches or prepared
21	salads and selling processed cooked meats.
22	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: All right.

1	Now, you are saying it is not a delicatessen
2	because it involves more cooking than sandwich
3	making or salad assembly or something like
4	that.
5	MR. CREWS: Right.
6	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay.
7	MR. CREWS: I think when you say
8	ready-to-eat food products as cooked meat,
9	they are talking about, again
10	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Wait. Where
11	are you going now?
12	MR. CREWS: This, again, is the
13	definition of delicatessen in the dictionary.
14	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay.
15	Because of the definition in the dictionary.
16	MR. CREWS: Right, of the
17	definition in the dictionary of delicatessen.
18	Cooked meats, again, ready-to-eat food
19	products means that they have already been
20	cooked. For example, at the deli counter at
21	Giant you have a lot of cooked meat there but
22	it has already been cooked and it is just

1	being sliced and sold or put on sandwiches.
2	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. So
3	I
4	MR. CREWS: I think that it could
5	be that a sandwich shop in this location could
6	possibly an operator of that sandwich shop
7	under a delicatessen could have cooked the
8	turkey at home and brought it into the
9	sandwich shop. I believe we might have
10	testimony of that actually occurring to prior
11	operators of this space. It really goes back
12	to what you are looking at in terms of the
13	external impacts of why we are making this
14	distinction.
15	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Where do you
16	find direction to look at the external
17	impacts?
18	MR. CREWS: I think that is just
19	embedded in the nature of why we do zoning is
20	that we lump like uses together so that you
21	have a knowledge that is why we put that is
22	why we segregate out commercial areas from

1	residential areas because there is I would
2	hope the Board could like notice of the fact
3	that commercial areas have more external
4	impacts than a residential area on their
5	neighbors. There's more traffic, there's more
6	in and out.
7	That is what we are working to do
8	here is to make those distinctions that you
9	can have, for example, dry cleaners in the
10	smaller commercial areas. You can have a
11	smaller dry cleaner, an actual plant
12	operating.
13	As you get into the more dense
14	commercial areas you can have a larger dry
15	cleaner. Again, one of the things of dry
16	cleaning is extra-low impact just as you have
17	in terms of trash and rodents and traffic and
18	odors as you increase the amount of cooking.
19	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay, okay,
20	okay.
21	MR. CREWS: Then if you would look
22	at the definition in 199 of fast food

1 restaurant that, again, Mr. Osnos detailed but 2. seemed to lose his ability to really 3 articulate an answer. When you go through the 4 definition in Chapter 100 -- let me see if I can turn to it real quick, "A place of 5 business devoted to -- well, first of all, 6 7 it's not a restaurant. Let's make that clear. 8 It's not a restaurant because that is a place 9 of business. 10 This, again, is in Chapter 1, 11 Section 199.1, "Restaurant is a place 12 business where food, drinks, or refreshments are prepared and sold to customers primarily 13 for consumption on the premises." 14 think we have any indication that is the case 15 16 here. 17 The last sentence says, "In a restaurant any facilities for carry out shall 18 19 be clearly subordinate to the principle use of 20 providing prepared foods for consumption on

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the premises." We can rule out restaurant.

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1	restaurant. "A place of business devoted to
2	the preparation and retail sale of ready to
3	consume food or beverages for consumption on
4	or off the premises." Again, here it is that
5	they are preparing and selling to customers
6	cooked Chinese food.
7	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Do you think
8	a deli is a fast food restaurant?
9	MR. CREWS: No, because as we get
10	to it it's in the parenthetic phrase of
11	Subsection B
12	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: It is.
13	MR. CREWS: the definition does
14	not include
15	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: This
16	definition B, though, I mean, I'm not sure
17	that means that a deli is not a fast food
18	restaurant. I think we look at these
19	regulations and they are difficult to decipher
20	but it's mentioned under fast food but then it
21	seems to say that B may not apply to a deli or

retail grocery store. I'm just throwing that

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MR. HOOD: Madam Chair, I don't understand your point. I'm trying to get your point.

CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. I'11 make another point that I think might help. I will ask Mr. Crews if he knows what this is. The way these regulations are written like you don't know whether that parenthetical applies to the whole definition of fast food or whether it applies to B because in order to meet the requirements for fast food, you have to meet the requirements in that paragraph and then one of the following two of A and B. Then under B they say this doesn't include a I think the way it's written I don't deli. I could still fall under fast food.

MR. CREWS: Exactly, because let me give you my interpretation of why I think it applies to the whole definition, because the parenthetic phrase starts out, "This definition." It doesn't distinguish between

just Subsection B but it talks about this 1 definition which I say the plain meaning of 2. 3 that would be the definition restaurant fast food. 4 5 You can obviously disagree with me but, then again, that's my interpretation of 6 7 why that parenthetic phrase applies to the whole definition of fast food and why it 8 9 exempts those particular uses whatever they be defined as. 10 might But that is mу 11 interpretation that when it says "this 12 definition" it refers to the definition which is restaurant fast food. 13 CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Which is why 14 15 the Zoning Commission is rewriting these 16 regulations. 17 MR. CREWS: Bingo. 18 MR. HOOD: I think the Zoning 19 Administrator is definitely on point. It does encompass the whole definition. I think the 20 Zoning Commission I know, and I haven't always 21

been there, if there was a difference, I think

1	you would have saw it. It would have been
2	highlighted and it would have been bold. I'm
3	not defending the Zoning Commission but
4	because that's not my role but I think that
5	the Zoning Commission is exactly right.
6	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: But we know
7	that the Zoning Commission is looking at these
8	because they will be a lot better which is the
9	point here why we even have these appeals
10	because of some of the regs. You didn't write
11	it in 1958. You didn't write these.
12	MR. HOOD: Some of them I may
13	have.
14	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Or maybe.
15	Then they refer to 32 DCR 4374-4375. Do you
16	know what that is?
17	MR. CREWS: No, I'm afraid I do
18	not. I'm just assuming that all of those were
19	previous iterations of these but I have not
20	had an opportunity to figure out what that is.
21	Wait, wait, wait, Oh, excuse me. The DCR is
22	the Register. Excuse me. That was where

excuse me.

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Actually the fast food restaurant was an amendment to the zoning regulations, I think, in 1989 but don't hold me to that, please. What this references to Volume 32 of the District of Columbia Register, pages 4374-4375 where the amendment was published in the register and, therefore, became effective.

CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Thank you.

Okay. I want to pick up on the appellant's point about definitions in other parts of DCRA that talk about delicatessens and why we shouldn't look at those definitions.

MR. CREWS: Let me repeat, I guess, the fact that it seems to me that there is enough information within the parameters of the Zoning Regulations themselves to determine that.

And that similar to, I think, where the Office of Planning Report was going in 2003 or 2004 or whenever they made their application and withdrew in February '04, was

that if we went to those other definitions which clearly, quite frankly, a little bit to the chagrin of a bureaucrat, that we do have these inconsistent appearances of definitions and use of terms.

That was factored in while the Office of Planning and myself and my deputy were involved along with others in drafting the potential text amendments that are before the Commission and why we couldn't just use those other definitions for delicatessen that they use as delicatessen, basically a Chinese carry out, is because of the impacts that that broader use would have on neighborhood commercial areas.

That is why we didn't look at the other regulations because I felt there was enough here to give us a determination and as my predecessors have done and we have exhibits in terms of other previous predecessors to me making it a distinction between the term delicatessen and carry out.

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matter here is that in 1958 this was operating as a sandwich shop. Sometimes thereafter it changed from sandwich shop to Chinese carry out but still operating under a delicatessen. These certificates of occupancy as owners of the business change, they would come in for a change of ownership and say there was no change in use.

As we have mentioned before to this Board, at the time we didn't routinely inspect change of ownership certificates of occupancy. As a matter of fact, the Title 12, the construction code, tends to make it fairly clear that it needs to switch without a change if it's a legitimate use.

That is why we are now because of these cases, and because of the confusion that we found that delicatessens have changed ownerships and when they really are carry outs or, in my definition, a carry out is a fast food restaurant.

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I'm not sure if I've explain this to the Board or not but that the base of the Blimpie's case the test for fast food restaurant in terms of the queuing, this Board indicated that the customer queuing for selffor service carry out and on-premise consumption is greater than 10 percent, that this Board in the Blimpie case said that was both self-service for carry out, standing in line, queuing for self-service for carry out, and the space for on-premise consumption, i.e., the tables and chairs.

I guess it was in Cluck-U where I made this presentation to the Board in terms of how the Blimpie decision indicated you lump those both together and, therefore, that particular test fits every restaurant practically. If you include -- again, another reason why I think the Zoning Commission is looking for a text amendment.

CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Did you go through that exercise with respect to this

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restaurant?

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MR. CREWS: We didn't need to do this because I think our factual people that have been there will tell you that there was no other use for -- I mean, that is the only space, 100 percent of the space allocated in terms of -- what am I looking for? In terms of the space available to the public that's all there was in this --

CHAIRPERSON MILLER: So your factual people are going to --

MR. CREWS: We'll say that is all there was was just a place to stand in line and order and then wait for your food. It meets that as a fast food restaurant. Then it has to be either one of the two following characteristics: (a) At least 60 percent of the food items are already prepared or packaged before the customer places an order. Again, this is also very difficult.

This is also very difficult to interpret and enforce in terms of what is

already prepared. I think, again, even in some of the finest restaurants in town that a lot of the food is already somewhat prepared in one way or another and ready to just be put together or finally finished and then served.

To me, again, almost everything falls under that. The Section B is really a distinction. Even again with this definition whether it just applies to this is that it is disposable tableware or disposable containers.

Even if you said that that parenthetic phrase only applied to Subsection B, there is still a reason there to have that distinction in obviously terms that delicatessen, an ice cream parlor, convenience stores, retail groceries are going to be using disposable containers, and yet they don't have the impact that a full-fledged fast food restaurant has on the neighborhood so they are exempted.

As I have mentioned before, to me as you follow through all these things based

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on both the difficulty in determining prepared
food, the ruling in Blimpies where everything
is greater than 10 percent, that you basically
come down to paper or plastic, as I like to
say.
Basically if you using disposable
tableware and containers, then it's a fast
food restaurant unless it's exempted by the
delicatessen, ice cream, retail, convenience
store, and that sort of thing.
CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay.
MR. CREWS: Sorry. It seems like
I'm going around.
CHAIRPERSON MILLER: But in Cluck-
U we had a lot of evidence that the DCRA went
out there and inspected and they saw this and
they saw that. So far, I don't know, it seems
like all we have is this denial.
MR. ETHERLY: I think you hit it
right on the head. This discussion has been
very, very helpful. Initially the struggle

how -- I think part of

was

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what

appellant's argument is here is that there is no clarity or protection for a business owner who is looking to establish this use then because there is no definition. Perhaps there is no insight into what is in the ZA's head around how you make that determination.

Our conversation has been very helpful in illuminating exactly what you went through. One, there is no definition so, as the zoning regs say, you go to Webster's. You, in fact, did that and you are informing how you go about doing that, rest assured for the appellant and for counsel.

Of course, you are going to cross examine and we'll dig deeper into this so I'm taking it as a fait accompli but I'm just kind of walking through what I've heard thus far from the ZA.

Additionally, and it would have been helpful to have had this ahead of time.

I'm sure the appellant's counsel is going to dig right into it. I'm beginning to get the

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1 full picture because you are saying, "By the 2. way, in 1999 we gave you a heads up. In 2003 3 we gave you a heads up. Then finally, in '05 4 we gave you notice of intent to deny the 5 license renewal." I'm beginning to see a little bit 6 7 of the factual basis for DCRA's analysis here. 8 think the Chair's comment is right 9 target. We really didn't have a feel for that Now it is just based on the submittals. 10 11 beginning to come together again. Counsel for 12 the appellant is going to jump into this and probably really try to chew through it. 13 Of course, we will still have some 14 15 feedback and comment from the ANC and their 16 I just want to share the Chair's 17 that the factual basis concern here 18 beginning to emerge but we didn't have a sense 19 of it as I think we were simply looking at the 20 file. That's perhaps more of a comment. 21

I'm not going to invite a reply from Mr. Crews

1	on that or DCRA but just kind of a comment.
2	This has been helpful but it took some work to
3	get here. That's okay. That's what the point
4	of the proceeding is. Thank you, Madam Chair.
5	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: But I don't
6	think we are really there yet unless there's
7	evidence coming in. We talked about the type
8	of evidence that you would look at but for
9	this particular restaurant, I mean, you didn't
10	put on a factual witness yet.
11	MR. CREWS: Right. That was in
12	order to accommodate you all for us to go
12 13	order to accommodate you all for us to go first.
13	first.
13 14	first. CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Right.
13 14 15	first. CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Right. That's fine.
13 14 15 16	first. CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Right. That's fine. MR. CREWS: Okay. All right. We
13 14 15 16 17	first. CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Right. That's fine. MR. CREWS: Okay. All right. We still have some additional exhibits to enter.
13 14 15 16 17 18	first. CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Right. That's fine. MR. CREWS: Okay. All right. We still have some additional exhibits to enter. CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay.
13 14 15 16 17 18 19	first. CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Right. That's fine. MR. CREWS: Okay. All right. We still have some additional exhibits to enter. CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. MR. CREWS: In terms of the next

1	MR. CREWS: Oh, I'm sorry.
2	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: I think I
3	have two more questions. One is, first of
4	all, maybe later can you supplement the record
5	with a better copy of this notice of violation
6	because I can't really read it.
7	MR. CREWS: Okay.
8	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: My question
9	is I think you gave this property a notice of
10	violation with respect to the business that
11	was there in 1999. What happened in 1999
12	through 2005? They are still operating the
13	same kind of business for you weren't
14	there. How do we know they didn't correct the
15	situation? What was going on?
16	MR. CREWS: Again, that will be
17	our factual witness.
18	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: That will be
19	your factual witness. Okay. That I would be
20	interested in hearing. Then my last comment
21	is in BZA Case No. 17075 in the Office of

Planning Report, which was attached to the

1	appellant's filing No. 17, OP says that the
2	existing 700 square foot space has
3	accommodated various kinds of retail food
4	operations prior to 1958. No changes to the
5	use have been recorded since 1958. That was
6	in 2004.
7	MR. CREWS: I would respectfully
8	disagree with that and I think our factual
9	witness will indicate that there was a change
10	from a sandwich shop to a Chinese carry out.
11	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: And when?
12	MR. CREWS: Previous to
13	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: The date of
14	this report is February 24, 2004.
15	MR. CREWS: Right, but I don't
16	think it's specific enough in terms of it
17	just says that the Office of Planning cannot
18	establish the present use of the property as
19	different from previous operations. That
20	doesn't tell me that they consider the
21	importance of the distinction between a

delicatessen and a Chinese carry out.

1	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: They are both
2	nonconforming uses. Right?
3	MR. CREWS: Right, but they are
4	not my interpretation is that the
5	delicatessen is allowed in if it's not a
6	fast food restaurant it must be closer to a
7	restaurant and, therefore, is allowed in a C-1
8	zone where a fast food restaurant is not
9	allowed as a matter of right until a C-2-B and
10	there only if it meets certain separation
11	requirements from a residential district.
12	Under the Chapter 20 and changing
13	of one nonconforming use to another you can
14	only change to a use that is also allowed in
15	that first zone that the current use is
16	allowed.
17	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Thank you.
18	MR. LOUD: Madam Chair, I've got a
19	question for Mr. Crews. Good afternoon.
20	MR. CREWS: Hello. Welcome.
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21	MR. LOUD: Thank you for

1	interlocking factors here. Let me tell you
2	what I hear and then you give me some feedback
3	on it and then I'll share an observation. It
4	sounds like what I'm hearing is that you could
5	have a chain that operates in the city that
6	could qualify to operate a deli/carry out in
7	one section of town because the underlying
8	zoning would permit it matter of right.
9	That same chain would then try to
10	open up an identical satellite operation in
11	another part of town and they could not do it
12	as a deli because it would be a zoning hurdle
13	to go through.
14	MR. CREWS: It would just be the
15	opposite. They could not do it as a carry out
16	but the deli might be allowed because the deli
17	is allowed in the more restrictive districts
18	than the carry out which is synonymous in my
19	argument as a fast food restaurant.
20	MR. LOUD: I stand corrected but
21	the same outcome.
22	MR. CREWS: Exactly. You could

have an auto repair garage in some districts but not in others.

MR. LOUD: I've heard about that Observation and question. case. Okay. your experience as a regulator who enforces regulations, is it common for the city as a whole, the regulatory machinery as a whole, to inconsistent definitions offer such for something as basic as a delicatessen such that someone who is trying to operate that enterprise would not be clear on what delicatessen is without resort to conferring a hierarchy almost of regulations that have nothing to do with food operations.

MR. CREWS: First of all, zoning is the foundation of all uses within the district no matter whether they are regulated or not. I think the zoning stands out as a primacy in terms of comparative to other regulations.

As I mentioned earlier about the foundation of other business licenses require

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compliance with zoning, it's not that zoning requires compliance with the business license. It's that the business license requires compliance with zoning. There is definitely that hierarchy contemplated.

The gist of your question in terms of these inconsistencies is I think somewhat difficult to answer in a meaningful positive way in terms of the history of governance, District governance in this city, has really let much to be desired and I'm testimony of the fact of the desire to improve governance to make the inconsistencies -- to inconsistencies, lessen the to be consistent, to be more plain language, to be clearer.

I mean, as you -- I mean, this zoning reg is difficult. I guess I'm trying to be a little bit more professional and not resort to some sort of flippant remark here but this is a very difficult convoluted regulation to begin with but it's what we

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have. It is, again, my belief that it is the foundation for other regulatory bases in the city.

I think we've mentioned before the amendment in front text of the Zoning Commission and that is a direct effort based on not just myself and being in this position but Advisory Neighborhood Commissions throughout the city of the industry, the eating establishment industry being concerned about this and trying to work towards a better set of regulations that are clearer, more consistent with other regulations but we're not there yet.

MR. LOUD: Thank you. I guess the final question. Would you characterize your agency's response to this land use as one of discovering facts in 1999 roughly that required you to define what a delicatessen was or would you characterize it as your agency clarifying the policy in 1999 for what a delicatessen was?

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In other words, what was the drive in 1999 for the redefinition of delicatessen or the use of Webster's Dictionary as the defining element for this regulation? Was it a set of facts that you discovered or was there a policy shift around that time?

MR. CREWS: I would definitely have to say it was a set of facts but, again, the record isn't clear of the nature of District government or the status maybe of District government.

What happened was that there was a use change from a sandwich shop to a Chinese carry out causing more impacts on the neighborhood and the Department operating enforcement wise primarily on a complaint basis investigating complaints of this change of use from sandwich making to Chinese carry out that caused the Department to take a look.

There is not much of the record here other than the fact that in 1999 there was a determination that this wasn't a

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delicatessen, that they needed a Certificate of Occupancy for a restaurant. The same thing happened in 2003. I have a memo that I would like to put into --

MR. GREEN: One moment, Madam Chair.

CHAIRPERSON MILLER: I just want to -- is there a definition that you are relying on in the record? I know you keep referring to Webster's. Is it cited somewhere for us to look at as to the words that define delicatessen that you are relying on? I think -- I'm sorry but I'm just thinking about this whole problem with these words.

How do you have to define every We're saying why isn't there a single word? definition delicatessen for in our Then I'm thinking I guess when regulations? they start filling in a category, people think they know what delicatessen is or you could look it up in the dictionary. When I'm thinking common knowledge what is а

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1	delicatessen, I don't necessarily think of
2	prepared foods, carry out. I mean, there are
3	plenty of restaurants that one can think of as
4	a delicatessen.
5	Anyway, my point is you've got to
6	go to something so you went to the dictionary
7	which is what our regs do say. You can go to
8	the dictionary. Is that in the record or can
9	you put it in the record?
10	MR. CREWS: We definitely will put
11	it in the record.
12	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: So we are
13	just looking at what you looked at because
14	there are different versions of the
15	dictionary. Okay.
16	MR. GREEN: Madam Chairman, may I
17	make further inquiry? Perhaps it will help
18	clarify.
19	Mr. Crews, were any internal memos
20	that discussed the concept of delicatessen
21	vis-a-vis the carry outs?
22	MR. CREWS: Yes. There was a memo

on May 30, 2003, from Yvonne Rockett, Zoning Inspector, to Denzil Noble, the administrator at the time of the Building and Land Regulation Administration that indicates that the former Zoning Administrator Robert Kelly determined that there is a distinction between delicatessen and carry out.

Therefore, the use of the property, and this in regard, excuse me, to Chef's Express, although it has a mistake in the address of 1717 17th instead of 1417. Again, this is capturing the effort based on the complaint of the change of use from delicatessen to Chinese carry out in this R-5 zone that a predecessor of mine had also determined that there is a distinction between delicatessen and carry out.

I think that part of what the appellant has tried to portray here is that this was my change. What I'm trying to say is that it wasn't. I have followed it and believe in it but that it wasn't my change

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1 recently. Again, this goes back to 1999, 2003. 2. Finally, in 2005 I think it's in 3 appellant's record of the notice of revocation 4 5 for Chef's Express that the reason why is that it was operating as a Chinese carry out, not 6 7 a delicatessen. I think that is what this 8 memo is trying to portray is that this has 9 been ongoing -- especially when it comes to ongoing 10 this property an consistent 11 determination by the Department and by my 12 predecessors as Zoning Administrator. 13 CHAIRPERSON MILLER: And when was the Certificate of Occupancy revoked? 14 15 MR. CREWS: It was effective November 17, 2005. 16 17 CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Thank you. 18 MR. CREWS: Just to kind of 19 finalize, I think, the paper trail here, we 20 have a letter from Faye Ogunneye who some of you might recall was Chief of the Zoning 21 Review Branch and, at times, prior to my 22

appointment as Acting Zoning Administrator, so we have a July 11, 2003 letter to Mr. Zhang where they had attempted to apply for a Certificate of Occupancy as a Chinese food carry out and were denied. Again, that was not appealed.

Finally, a Notice of Infraction dated August 21, 2003, for 1417 17th Street. The nature of the infraction, operating a carry out without a Certificate of Occupancy. Again, all of this is to go from the legal standpoint they had a nonconforming use as a delicatessen. They were making sandwiches. The factual thing will come through.

They switched to Chinese carry out. The big thing is they never showed any intent to not discontinue the delicatessen by going back. They attempted to get a C of O for a carry out and were denied. They started a process of getting a variance for a carry out and pulled back on that.

Obviously the wheels of the

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1	Department grind slowly, if that is the right
2	but, you know, I think the case law is well
3	set that the enforcement of the zoning
4	regulations is very important to public good.
5	That was why I made a determination in
6	September of last year to deny the request,
7	even if it had been a delicatessen that the
8	nonconforming use, which is designed to go
9	away for discontinuation, had been
10	discontinued because the previous operators
11	had operated from 1999 through 2005, a period
12	of longer than three years with ample time of
13	notice that they were operating outside the
14	scope.
15	They manifest no intent to not
16	abandon that nonconforming use. That is kind
17	of in a nutshell why we denied this
18	application, that the grandfathered
19	nonconforming use had been discontinued.
20	MR. HOOD: Madam Chair, I want to
21	ask a question.

Yes.

CHAIRPERSON MILLER:

MR. HOOD: Mr. Crews, we just were handed a Notice of Infraction because of nonconforming use and operating without the correct C of O. At least, that's what it says here in the notice. How often is this done because this is in the amount of \$500. I'm just curious how often do you issue an infraction? From 1999 to, I figured, to 2005, how often would you say typically should they have gotten a Notice of Infraction?

MR. CREWS: Again, that kind of

goes back to prior to my time and not wanting to be too demeaning, I guess, of the efforts and unknowing of the situation, but I think this is obviously the best the Department could do in this particular case. We struggle now just with maintain the workload. Again, I don't know what the workload is but --

MR. HOOD: The reason I'm asking this is because of another issue. People don't take these things seriously because I know for a fact, and this is before your time

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1	and when I was out there in the civic, which
2	I still am, these infractions don't get paid
3	so, therefore, why should I worry about making
4	a change if it's not even being paid. I'm
5	just curious in your tenure. I'm not sure how
6	long
7	MR. CREWS: Eighteen months.
8	MR. HOOD: Eighteen months. How
9	often would in this case have you issued an
10	infraction on this? I guess you have. When
11	was this, 2003?
12	MR. CREWS: I revoked the
13	Certificate of Occupancy shortly after I
14	started. Again, that was not appealed.
15	MR. HOOD: Okay. All right. I'm
16	just curious. I don't know, Madam Chair, if
17	this is even I'm just curious if this, in
18	fact, was ever even paid.
19	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: I think it's
20	a good point. It's good to understand what is
21	going on. You revoked the Certificate of
22	Occupancy but I assume the business is still

1	operating?
2	MR. CREWS: Oh, no.
3	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: It's not
4	operating?
5	MR. CREWS: No. It was testified
6	that they stopped in January of '06.
7	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. That
8	happened that they didn't appeal. Okay.
9	MR. CREWS: I mean, again, just to
10	bring up another case, it took 16 years to
11	shut down Curry Brother and they got I
12	mean, until I showed up with the police, they
13	were thinking it was the same way as
14	Commissioner Hood is indicating. "So DCRA
15	gave me a citation."
16	MR. HOOD: They're not going to
17	collect it.
18	MR. CREWS: It's just so but,
19	again, you know, I think the case law is that
20	the enforcement of the zoning regulations is
21	of paramount importance to the public good.

They are not in play here today. At least

they haven't been raised in the appellant's case, in his primary case, that estoppo and latches are not looked at favorably.

It's not to say that they aren't sometimes considered but they aren't looked at favorably in zoning things because of the court's recognition of the importance of zoning to the public good.

CHAIRPERSON MILLER: I think you said this and I think we are probably ready to move on but from what I understand is that in your denial here and in the case here you are saying you didn't have to prove that they weren't a delicatessen because that was a nonconforming use that has been discontinued and that is your case, that's has When was the date, 1999, or discontinued. three years when they switched to a use that was more adverse?

MR. CREWS: It's hard to tell but this denial was in September of '06 and everything -- I think everything other than

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1	the revocation of the actual Certificate of
2	Occupancy there was plenty of notice in and
3	out I think demonstrating a pattern that they
4	were not going to they had no intent to
5	continue the delicatessen after these
6	warnings.
7	Certainly by September of '03 they
8	had not changed. They didn't apply to change
9	their use, or they didn't change their use.
10	They applied for C of O as a carry out before
11	September of 2003 because you have the denial
12	letter dated before that. That, to me, is
13	intent to discontinue the use.
14	MR. LOUD: Very quick question,
15	Mr. Crews. Are you aware of any use of the
16	basement unit now?
17	MR. CREWS: No.
18	MR. GREEN: Madam Chairman, I
19	don't have any other questions of this
20	witness. I would at this point move into
21	evidence, all the documents presented by the

Department.

1	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Thank you.
2	Mr. Mann.
3	MR. MANN: I'm sorry. I was just
4	indicating that you need to turn on your
5	microphone.
6	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: I was just
7	wondering if there were any questions of any
8	Board members at this time? Okay. Then I
9	think it is time for cross examination. Does
LO	the appellant have any cross?
11	MR. OSNOS: Mr. Crews, if I
L2	understand you correctly, the distinction
13	between a delicatessen and a carry out is
L4	based on two sources. The first source would
15	be the Webster's Dictionary definition that
L6	you have often referred to which indicates
L7	that a delicatessen is a place where ready-to-
18	eat food products may be purchased. The
L9	definition contains the illustration "such as
20	sandwiches."
21	Is that the first source of, I
22	guess how can I put this? The first prong

1	on which your determination that a business is
2	or is not a deli rests. Is that the first
3	prong that you look at, whether it meets the
4	Webster's Dictionary definition?
5	MR. CREWS: I use the dictionary
6	definition as directed by the zoning regs,
7	yes.
8	MR. OSNOS: That is kind of the
9	primary emphasis or the primary factor in your
10	determination as to what an establishment is
11	is whether or not it meets that Webster's
12	Dictionary definition.
13	MR. CREWS: Yes.
14	MR. OSNOS: All right. And how
15	long would you say that the Zoning
16	Administrator has relied on this definition to
17	determine whether or not to issue an occupancy
18	permit or whether or not to revoke an
19	occupancy permit.
20	MR. GREEN: Madam Chair, I'm going
21	to ask that this compound question be broken
22	up.

1 MR. OSNOS: Why don't we break it down and make it simple. How long has the 2. 3 Zoning Administrator used the Webster's Dictionary definition of delicatessen in its 4 decisions to revoke or issue Certificates of 5 Occupancy? Is that question understandable to 6 7 you? 8 MR. CREWS: It is. It's just that 9 I'm not aware of a lot of the actions of my 10 predecessors, I guess, so I can't really 11 answer. I would assume that all the previous 12 Zoning Administrators have complied with the regulations that call on undefined words to 13 use Webster's Dictionary. 14 15 As we have put in as an Exhibit May 30, 2003, memo indicating that a former 16 Zoning Administrator had determined that there 17 18 was a distinction between delicatessen and 19 carry out but that is about as close as I get 20 to having been able to give any pinpoint

MR. OSNOS: Where other than this

response.

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property at issue today has this definition been applied to revoke or issue an occupancy permit?

MR. CREWS: It's been used extensively in the issuance of Certificates of Occupancy in almost every instance where it applies. Since I have been here I have been operating of ownerships for change on delicatessens. We have actually been going out and seeing if it really does meet the definition.

If it doesn't meet the definition on a change of ownership for someone coming in, a new purchaser of a business, we have been giving them a temporary certificate of occupancy for one year in order for them to come before this Board and seek either a special exception or a variance to continue operating as a fast food restaurant if we determine that instead of actually operating as a delicatessen they have been operating as a fast food restaurant.

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1	MR. OSNOS: So for the past 18
2	months you have been implementing this
3	definition that you find in Webster's by
4	sending inspectors out to check each
5	establishment which applies for a transfer of
6	ownership and applies for a new delicatessen
7	occupancy permit.
8	MR. CREWS: Pretty much, yes.
9	MR. OSNOS: Do you have any
10	knowledge of whether these inspections were
11	ever conducted by your office before your
12	tenure?
13	MR. CREWS: I have the evidence
14	here of these notices of violation and this
15	memo in terms of indicating from the
16	inspector.
17	MR. OSNOS: Other than this one
18	location do you have any knowledge that the
19	Zoning Administrator ever conducted the types
20	of inspections which you started under your
21	tenure to determine whether carry outs did or

did not constitute delicatessens as defined by

1	Webster's Dictionary?
2	MR. CREWS: What was the start of
3	the question?
4	MR. OSNOS: Other than this one
5	location, 1417 17th Street, N.W. do you have
6	any evidence that any of your predecessors
7	ever conducted the type of inspection that you
8	initiated at the beginning of your tenure to
9	determine whether carry outs did or did not
10	constitute delicatessens under the Webster's
11	Dictionary definition on which you now rely?
12	MR. GREEN: Again, I hate to be
13	obstreperous, Madam Chairman, but I would ask
14	that counsel simplify his question. He'll get
15	a straight answer from the Zoning
16	Administrator. He doesn't have to give
17	testimony. He can get a straight answer.
18	Just ask a straight question.
19	MR. OSNOS: I would like to know
20	if anyone had any difficulty understanding the
21	question.
22	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: I didn't have

1	difficulty. It was long.
2	Mr. Crews, did you have
3	difficulty?
4	MR. CREWS: I think I understand
5	the gist of the question. My ponderance is
6	mainly trying to recall both, again, the
7	difficulty exactly knowing what all my
8	predecessors did but I do know that the
9	discussions did occur on several
10	establishments on H Street, N.E., before I
11	became Zoning Administrator.
12	I'm sure that others occurred but
13	primarily the H Street comes to mind right now
14	in terms of previous Zoning Administrators
15	inspecting and determining whether things were
16	delicatessens and/or fast food restaurants.
17	MR. OSNOS: What specific cases on
18	H Street are you referring to?
19	MR. CREWS: Blimpies, Taste of
20	Jamaica, Cluck-U Chicken, Birdland. Is that
21	what it was, Birdland? I think it was
22	Birdland.

1	MR. OSNOS: So those are the four
2	that you recall, Blimpies, Taste of Jamaica,
3	Cluck-U, Birdland?
4	MR. CREWS: Um-hum.
5	MR. OSNOS: And I assume Blimpies
6	was determined to be a delicatessen. Is that
7	correct?
8	MR. CREWS: I think it was
9	determined to be a fast food restaurant.
10	MR. OSNOS: By whom?
11	MR. CREWS: By this Board.
12	MR. OSNOS: And the other cases
13	that you mentioned?
14	MR. CREWS: Cluck-U was determined
15	to be a restaurant. Birdland had been
16	determined by my office to be a restaurant.
17	The appeal of that decision was withdrawn
18	based on Cluck-U. Taste of Jamaica's appeal
19	was withdrawn also.
20	MR. OSNOS: You are familiar with
21	each of these four cases. Is that correct?

1	MR. OSNOS: How did these cases
2	arise? How did they come before the Board?
3	MR. CREWS: They came before the
4	Board on appeals of the issuance of a
5	Certificate of Occupancy.
6	MR. OSNOS: All four cases that
7	you've mentioned were appeals of Certificate
8	of Occupancy denials?
9	MR. CREWS: Of issuance of
10	Certificates of Occupancy.
11	MR. OSNOS: Right. These were
12	appeals of denials, or are you saying some
13	were issued an appeal?
14	MR. CREWS: They were issued an
15	appeal. Right. They were appealed by other
16	parties.
17	MR. OSNOS: All of these were
18	issued.
19	MR. CREWS: Yes.
20	MR. OSNOS: And all were appealed.
21	MR. CREWS: Yes.
22	MR. OSNOS: Okay. And were all of

1	these initially permitted as delicatessens by
2	the Zoning Administrator? In other words, was
3	a permit issued by the Zoning Administrator
4	for delicatessen use?
5	MR. CREWS: No, they were issued
6	as restaurants.
7	MR. OSNOS: So Blimpies, Taste of
8	Jamaica, Cluck-U, and Birdland all obtained
9	restaurant licenses?
10	MR. CREWS: Yes.
11	MR. OSNOS: So what do those cases
12	have to do with a delicatessen or the
13	definition of what is a delicatessen under the
14	zoning ordinance?
15	MR. CREWS: Because I think in the
16	consideration of what is the appropriate way
17	of characterizing the actual use is that you
18	have to look at the totality of the
19	definitions. That was what was looked at. It
20	just didn't come out as this.
21	MR. OSNOS: But the totality of
22	the definition that was being examined in

1	those cases was the restaurant and fast food
2	restaurant definition. Correct?
3	MR. CREWS: Which includes the
4	exemption for delicatessens.
5	MR. OSNOS: All right. But these
6	were all Certificate of Occupancy that were
7	issued for restaurant use which were appealed
8	by other parties?
9	MR. GREEN: Madam Chairman, I'm
10	going to object. Two objections. One is
11	relevance. Two, the questions have been asked
12	and answered.
13	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: I agree it's
14	been asked and answered. Is your relevance
15	to
16	MR. OSNOS: The relevance is
17	simply to indicate or demonstrate that there
18	simply is no longstanding or established
19	agency practice of the Zoning Administrator's
20	Office.
21	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: You're
22	saying

MR. OSNOS: With respect to the application of the Webster's Definition to delicatessens and carry outs throughout the city. As far as I can tell, so far, based on Mr. Crews' testimony, the application of the definition to existing carry outs and delicatessens began with his tenure 18 months ago.

That is the point of my cross examination. Now, Mr. Crews testified that prior administrators had developed some reliance on this definition and I asked him in what cases. He listed these cases. It now turns out these are restaurant cases, not delicatessens. Somehow indirectly through, I guess, intuition the public is supposed to know that really these are about delicatessens but I will move on with my questioning.

MR. GREEN: Madam Chairman, I ask that the last comments be stricken as totally unhelpful to the Board in its determination process. If he wanted to get into the thought

1 of how the Zoning Administrator pattern arrives at the decision process, the Zoning 2. 3 Administrator has already done that. said 4 Не amonq other things 5 Webster's, certain memos that are related to this, historicity as it related to this 6 7 location. We have gone back to 1958. 8 come forward. Thank you. 9 CHAIRPERSON MILLER: I would say that we don't strike remarks for the record 10 11 but I think that the Board heard Mr. Crews and 12 knows what Mr. Crews testified to and won't be relying on appellant's counsel to determine 13 what that was. 14 15 MR. GREEN: Give testimony. 16 CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. Are 17 there any other cross examination questions? 18 MR. OSNOS: Yes. Mr. Crews, the 19 first prong, or the first factor that the 20 Zoning Administrator utilizes in determining whether a business is or is not a delicatessen 21

Webster's dictionary definition.

the

is

1	Right? I think you agree to that. Correct?
2	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: I'm sorry but
3	this was asked and answered. I think it's
4	getting late.
5	MR. OSNOS: All right. Now, Mr.
6	Crews, the second issue that you look at, as
7	I understand it, in conjunction with Webster's
8	definition is how much cooking is actually
9	done at the premises because the amount of
10	cooking done on the premises determines how
11	much impact the use has on the neighboring
12	community.
13	MR. CREWS: Correct. I think
14	that's the intent of the regs in determining
15	what uses can go in what districts from the
16	most restrictive down is to limit impacts on
17	neighbors.
18	MR. OSNOS: Okay. Here's my
19	question. Do you have any evidence that any
20	of your predecessors looked at the amount of
21	cooking or the amount of kitchen equipment
22	located within any given premises in making a

determination whether or not to issue 1 2. revoke an occupancy permit for delicatessen 3 use? I don't know what they 4 MR. CREWS: 5 did because the record is relatively skimpy on their motivation. All I know is that they 6 7 have consistently since 1999 said that this 8 particular operation as a Chinese carry out 9 operating outside the scope was of Certificate of Occupancy as a delicatessen. 10 11 MR. OSNOS: Are you aware of any 12 other cases in the city where the city has taken the position that a delicatessen is 13 outside 14 operating operating orwas 15 permitted scope of its occupancy permit 16 because it was operating as a carry out? 17 you aware of any other case other than this 18 Chinese restaurant or this Chinese carry out 19 at 1417 17th Street, N.W.? MR. CREWS: None comes to mind but 20 if something does come to mind, I would hope 21 22 that we might be able to if the record is left

1	open.
2	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: We can do
3	that.
4	MR. OSNOS: No more questions for
5	Mr. Crews but I do have a question for the
6	Board. Unfortunately the garage where I put
7	my car closes at 7:00 so I ask the Board
8	whether we are likely to go on toward 7:00.
9	If so, I would like to make sure that I get
10	leave to go take care of my car.
11	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: I would hope
12	we would not go beyond 7:00. I mean, how far
13	away is your car, within 10 minutes?
14	MR. OSNOS: Yeah, but I've got to
15	exit the building. I mean, I want to leave
16	here by 20 to 7:00 just to be safe.
17	
18	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Let me see.
19	We've heard from the appellant, the appellee.
20	How long do you think you are going to be?
21	MR. BJORGE: Depending on the

nature of the testimony that the Board permits

I can be fairly brief. If it's developing a simple time line, I can be very brief. I don't know what cross would take. If it's necessary to speak to impacts of disparate uses, I could go on to next week.

CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. Ι think we should be able to finish. I mean, I think the issues have been framed here as I see it and then you can object if you see First of all, Mr. Crews is saying otherwise. they made their decision based on the assessment that the nonconforming use as a deli was discontinued in 1999 so certainly by 2006 it had been more than three years. that correct, Mr. Crews?

MR. CREWS: Yes.

CHAIRPERSON MILLER: So, I mean, if you have facts that show other that would address that issue as to were they operating as a deli in 2004 and was he wrong that they were operating as a carry out, for instance. That would be relevant. As far as disparate

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1 impacts, I could hear your argument if you 2. feel you need to --3 MR. BJORGE: If it's not directly 4 germane to the case at hand, I feel no need to 5 rehash. CHAIRPERSON MILLER: I don't think 6 7 Do any of the parties believe that it 8 Board members? is? Okay. Madam Chair, I would 9 MR. LOUD: love, and this is just a thought, if there 10 11 could be a proffer from the witness of the 12 scope of his testimony. It doesn't sound to 13 me like there will be a big factual dispute in this case relevant to the legal considerations 14 15 of what is prepared food versus, I guess, 16 unprepared food. Perhaps we can offer some 17 quidance to the witness about the testimony 18 that would tend to keep it relevant to the 19 legal question if I understand the issues. 20 MR. BJORGE: What I have at hand are letters from people that have known the 21

character of the establishment going all the

1	way back actually to the '50s and '60s and
2	going forward to when it finally closed. I
3	can really develop a time line for when what
4	happened.
5	MR. HOOD: So basically it's in
6	tune with your ANC report pretty much, your
7	testimony?
8	MR. BJORGE: It is a bit more
9	detailed because I took the trouble to seek
10	out people who actually grew up in the
11	neighborhood and are now grandparents
12	themselves.
13	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: You have that
14	in writing to submit into the record as well.
15	Correct?
16	MR. BJORGE: Yes. It's only three
17	pages.
18	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Oh, it's only
19	three pages. Okay. Fine. Have you shared
20	that with the appellant and DCRA?
21	MR. BJORGE: I have not shared it
22	with anyone so far. I could enter it into the

1	record and I would be happy that they have
2	copies.
3	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Is this your
4	testimony or is this your evidence? If it's
5	your evidence, you might need to give it to
6	them now. If it's testimony, we can give it
7	to them afterwards.
8	MR. BJORGE: Well, I think it
9	would have to be evidence, yes.
10	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. Can we
11	make a quick copy of that while we are
12	discussing it? I think the longer we spend
13	discussing how long we are going to take we
14	are eating up our time. Do you think that
15	it sounds like we can finish in this period of
16	time. I think we have fleshed out most of the
17	issues and you are going to really be now
18	addressing the facts that fit those issues.
19	MR. BJORGE: I would be able to
20	speak firsthand for 1992 forward.
21	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Do other
22	parties need to see this right now or do you

1	want to show it to them and they can assess?
2	MR. OSNOS: I can see it later.
3	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Then it would
4	save time if we didn't have to Xerox it right
5	now and just let you address those facts.
6	MR. GREEN: We can also wait,
7	Madam Chairman.
8	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. Good.
9	Okay. Then you can proceed.
10	MR. BJORGE: Well, to the goal of
11	expediency, do you just want a short summary
12	of the events that I have observed in terms of
13	change of use? Is that what you're looking
14	for?
15	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. What I
16	would say is, yes, a summary but enough so
17	that they know what you are putting into the
18	record so they have an opportunity right now
19	to cross you on anything that would be
20	important or address anything there.
21	MR. BJORGE: Of course. I hope
22	not to leave anything that would be useful

1 | out.

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CHAIRPERSON MILLER: You will submit it in the record so it will all be in the record.

MR. BJORGE: I first moved to the location that I still own and maintain as a residence and a rental property in 1992 as a GW student. At that time there was an exiting enterprise operating out of the basement of the adjoining property to my north 1417 17th Street.

As a student I actually frequented that establishment fairly often. I would buy sodas and cigarettes and sandwiches and such there for my study sessions. In 1997 I acquired the building that I had been renting in. In the mid '90s there were several changes of owners.

The sandwich shop and cold case and drink case and cigarette dispensing case all left and there was some experimentation with cooking but none of the infrastructure

1 there and it frankly wasn't all that In 1998/99 there was a huge 2. successful. 3 renovation that took place. The structural evidence of that is 4 5 still present today and I have photographs that I can also enter in to show the fume 6 7 hoods and exhaust vents and just a massive 8 cooking enterprise. 9 When I first moved there the trash and the garbage were carried out the front and 10 11 the food was carried in the front. By the 12 time Chef's Express had ramped up fully there was a really large dumpster in the back. 13 There were large deliveries 14 15 bagged onions and, you know, 50 pound bags of rice and such being brought in. The raw food, 16 17 the bulk food was purchased and prepared, 18 cooked, diced, chopped. I could hear it 19 through my walls in that renovation. 20 I can just say what was there last was a different in degree to make a different 21

There is absolutely no comparison.

in kind.

1	If any comparison could possibly be made, it
2	would be almost as if your neighbor was one
3	day flying a kite and the on the next day they
4	had purchased a helicopter. Both are flying
5	implements but really they are not at all
6	relatable.
7	The rough dates, '92 it was still
8	a sandwich shop. '95, '96, '97, very small
9	scale cooking introduced. '98, '99 full-blown
10	commercial kitchen with all of the commiserate
11	impacts.
12	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Just from
13	your experience the '95/'97 change, that
14	didn't have a big impact on you even though
15	there was some cooking?
16	MR. BJORGE: Well, no. It was
17	almost like they had sort of introduced an
18	amendment to the menu. It wasn't really a
19	complete reconceptualization of the space. I
20	mean, it was actually I was friends with
21	all the business owners and operators.

I even used to do deliveries for

1	them back in that day the area east of 16th
2	Street. There used to be little old ladies
3	running it. It just wasn't safe for them to
4	do deliveries so I would do it. I did part-
5	time work as a bike messenger and I had no
6	problem with it. No, no.
7	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: What kind of
8	business was it in '95 and '97?
9	MR. BJORGE: Well, there was the
10	sandwich. There was the little sort of
11	portable stove with no ventilation where I
12	don't even really know what was prepared at
13	that time. There was definitely some chili
14	oil, though, prepared in that time because
15	they had no ventilation and the customers
16	would be driven out the front door by the
17	burning chilies. It was pretty severe.
18	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: So now they
19	have big ventilation?
20	MR. BJORGE: It's absolutely huge.
21	Absolutely huge. I don't know how to describe
22	it other than to show you pictures.

1	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: You have
2	pictures?
3	MR. BJORGE: Oh, yeah. These
4	ducts are like that big and they go up and
5	there are huge fans up top that have the heavy
6	duty armor cable leading up to power them.
7	It's an amazing thing and that renovation I
8	was around for it. It occurred roughly 11:00,
9	12:00 at night and just sort of happened.
10	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Mr. Crews
11	referred to different external effects with
12	different types of businesses such as carry
13	out or whatever. What are the external
14	effects that you experienced?
15	MR. BJORGE: The worst external
16	effect is actually an internal effect. The
17	buildings that we are talking about are all
18	1885. They are essentially one structure,
19	although they are legally three separate
20	structures. You understand and are familiar
21	with old fashioned rowhouse construction.
22	They share walls and the walls

aren't exactly to modern standards. Rats would go back and forth. The smells would go back and forth. The sounds would go back and forth. All of this would be on the inside of the buildings and in bedrooms. It was terrible.

I have other letters of former tenants that wrote about this so I could submit if necessary to speak to impacts. Then there is also a difference in kind engendered by a difference in degree in the types of garbage that a place that sells sandwiches and cigarettes produces versus a place where they bring in 50 pound bags of rice and onions and cook it on the premises. One wonders where the grease goes because there's no grease barrels out back.

That garbage would be stored in the rear in a commercial dumpster and toted across a three-foot easement across my property, across my neighbor Ann's property and into an alley which was strictly

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1 residential except for grandfathered а 2. sandwich shop. 3 It became a commercial environment 4 only the exterior environment with 5 commercial. with motor scooters the on sidewalk and illegal curb cuts and such, but 6 7 the interior environment and our homes became 8 commercial environment because of the 9 smells, the noise, etc., the rats. 10 CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Mr. Etherly, 11 do you have a question? 12 MR. ETHERLY: Thank you very much, Madam Chair. So as I gather, let's kind of 13 break this up into what sounds like three 14 15 distinct phases. There is essentially kind of 16 the 1992 to '97 phase, so to speak. Let's say there is 1992 to 1995. 17 Then there's the transition period of roughly 1995 to 1997. 18 19 Ιt sounds as though from 1998 20 onward we are in kind of this current phase What I would like to do is --21 essentially. 22 I'm just using this as an artificial kind of

1	organizing point.
2	MR. BJORGE: I don't want you to
3	hold me to these specific years.
4	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Sure. No
5	problem.
6	MR. BJORGE: It's been over a
7	decade.
8	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: No problem.
9	Let's just say for the sake of discussion that
10	we break it up in that manner. That first
11	phrase. Let's talk about that first phase for
12	a moment. When you walked into the premises
13	can you describe briefly what you observed?
14	You indicated, as I picked up, sandwiches,
15	cigarettes.
16	There was a cold case of some type
17	or dispensing case, if you will, where you
18	would gather beverages. In terms of the
19	sandwiches were the sandwiches prewrapped
20	sandwiches? These were already made
21	sandwiches?
22	MR BJORGE: Oh no no They

1 were made to order. The people who run it 2. would roast, as Mr. Crews alluded to earlier, 3 turkey at home. They would carve it on site. 4 There was a cold case. There was a glass-door 5 There was a small counter area refrigerator. for condiments and the like. 6 7 MR. Okay. ETHERLY: As you 8 indicated, based on what you observed trash 9 deliveries were а small scale that on typically went out the front door. I should 10 11 say trash removal. 12 MR. BJORGE: Almost everything 13 went in or out the front door because I can remember being rather -- it was 14 striking 15 seeing garbage coming out of the basement rather than out the back door so it very much 16 17 sticks out in my mind. 18 Okay. Then in that MR. ETHERLY: 19 transitional period where you began, to use words, 20 there your you said was some experimentation underway. 21 I just want to be

kind of clear as to what was happening in that

1 time frame. You began to see little tweaks to 2. how things were prepared, the types of goods 3 that were carried in the space? 4 MR. BJORGE: Exactly so. Yes. 5 was not a 100 percent clear and day/night transition from one day to the next. 6 7 a rather gradual evolution until '98/'99 when 8 all of the additional infrastructure was put 9 in and a new menu was created out of whole That was a very dramatic occurrence. 10 cloth. 11 MR. ETHERLY: Okay. And with 12 respect to that final phase where you talked about the introduction of significant or huge 13 renovations, the exhaust vents, the fans, kind 14 15 of a massive cooking enterprise was one of the terms that I picked up, you began to observe 16 17 more what you termed as -- well, what I wrote 18 These probably were not your words, down. 19 bulk food deliveries essentially. 20 scale food preparation on site. Yes. 21 MR. **BJORGE:** I mean, it 22 became rather than what I would have thought

1	of as like a little mom and pop shop, and
2	granted the moms and pops changed, it became
3	a very professional high-volume restaurant.
4	I mean, it was clearly being run by very good
5	business people.
6	MR. ETHERLY: And in terms of the
7	contrast between the food that was prepared on
8	site and available for selection by patrons,
9	what was the difference, that last phase
10	versus essentially the first phase?
11	MR. BJORGE: Well, the first phase
12	it really very much was a sandwich shop. The
13	last phase is aptly represented by a menu
14	which I think I mean, this menu is nice as
15	anything that anyone could want anywhere, you
16	know, front and back.
17	MR. ETHERLY: Okay. And for
18	contrast purposes in terms of the volume and
19	scope of what you could select in that first
20	phase when it was kind of a smaller scale
21	operation?
22	MR. BJORGE: Much more limited. I

1	think I could choose between Cools, Camel
2	Lights, and Marlboro Reds and perhaps three or
3	four different types of soda. The turkey
4	sandwich is what we went for because it was
5	the best.
6	MR. ETHERLY: Okay. At the close
7	that's the menu that you had at your disposal?
8	MR. BJORGE: Yes.
9	MR. ETHERLY: Okay. Thank you.
10	Thank you, Madam Chair.
11	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Could you eat
12	at this sandwich shop or was that also "carry
13	out" or pickup?
14	MR. BJORGE: Theoretically it has
15	always been no seating but D.C. being D.C.
16	people are always trying to bring things a
17	little bit. There was a small counter perhaps
18	three feet long with two stools that I suppose
19	if an inspector was in the building the
20	workers would be sitting in those stools but
21	if no one was around, the patrons could sit

there.

1	There was a little television. The
2	kind of sort of homey comforts that somebody
3	who was in their own business all day might
4	use themselves but would not begrudge a
5	visitor in a calm moment. There was an
6	attempt to put in a fully functional outdoor
7	cafe which had an awning and a tiled front
8	yard.
9	That was removed rather quickly.
10	I mean, that is an obviously exterior element
11	and didn't stand very long. Although if you
12	were to go there today, you would still see
13	the tile marks on the concrete when it did
14	exist.
15	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: When was
16	that?
17	MR. BJORGE: Mid '90s. I think it
18	was one of the sort of interim owners between
19	the sandwich owning family and the full-blown
20	Chinese restaurant family.
21	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: And why did
22	that fail?

1	MR. BJORGE: Well, I wasn't on the
2	ANC at the time but I can only imagine my
3	ANC's ire at an illegal public sidewalk cafe.
4	We are not known as being particularly
5	friendly towards existing ones all the time.
6	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. Thank
7	you.
8	Any other questions? Before we do
9	the cross, Ms. Marchand, is she going to be
10	testifying as well or just you at this point?
11	MR. BJORGE: She could speak to
12	much the same history.
13	Ann, you moved in in '97? '96?
14	She could talk to the tail end of what I have
15	spoken to. She could also talk to impacts if
16	the Board feels that it is necessary.
17	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: It's up to
18	you.
19	MR. BJORGE: I feel that I have
20	summarized it pretty well.
21	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay.
22	MS. MARCHAND: I could give just a

1	few more details on the same impacts.
2	MR. BJORGE: Chewed wiring. She
3	had her car chewed through a couple of times.
4	We've all had air conditioning wiring chewed
5	through. We've all had rats die in our walls.
6	Same thing.
7	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. I
8	don't know if she got pick up by the court
9	reporter but she did? Okay. Just for the
10	record, she did indicate that she would say
11	similar things as you are saying and so
12	doesn't feel a need to testify herself at this
13	point.
14	MR. BJORGE: I could also enter a
15	number of letters from people who would say
16	the same thing, some of whom are still around
17	and living in Dupont. Some of whom left a long
18	time ago.
19	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. We are
20	going to allow the record to be open for
21	whatever letters you want to put in.
22	Okay, cross. Does the appellant

1	have cross?
2	MR. OSNOS: Mr. Bjorge, you
3	indicated in '98 or '99 a massive hood was put
4	in. Is that correct?
5	MR. BJORGE: Yeah. There was an
6	exhaust vent. I don't want to be precise with
7	dimensions but perhaps one by two feet that
8	ran up the back of the house and up onto the
9	roof. This is a picture of the top of it
10	here.
11	MR. OSNOS: I don't need to see a
12	picture. My question is this. Are you aware
13	of whether or not there were two smaller hoods
14	in the premises prior to the time of this hood
15	installation in '98 or '99 that you are
16	referring to?
17	MR. BJORGE: I am not aware,
18	although I will say that there was a smaller
19	hood that I found on my roof when I was doing
20	roof repairs this spring, actually. I will
21	say that the venting and duct work is brand

That definitely happened in '98/'99.

new.

1	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Mr. Hood has
2	a question.
3	MR. HOOD: They alluded to some
4	I'm not sure how to put the procedures. They
5	alluded to some pictures. Since he mentioned
6	it, are we going to get copies of those
7	pictures?
8	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: We are going
9	to get copies. Is that right? What we
10	decided was we weren't going to take up time
11	copying them right now because we are under
12	time pressure unless you need them.
13	MR. HOOD: No. I just wanted to
14	make sure we get them. Thank you.
15	MR. OSNOS: I don't have any
16	further questions.
17	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Does the DCRA
18	have any questions?
19	MR. GREEN: Yes, just a couple.
20	Mr. Bjorge, you indicated I'm sorry if I'm
21	mispronouncing your name. Please forgive me.
22	MR. BJORGE: That's quite all

1	right. It's Norwegian. It's difficult.
2	MR. GREEN: Bjorge?
3	MR. BJORGE: Bjorge.
4	MR. GREEN: Bjorge?
5	MR. BJORGE: Yes.
6	MR. GREEN: All right. You
7	indicated you had letters from individuals who
8	can speak to the conditions going back to
9	1958, I believe, and coming forward. How do
10	you know these people?
11	MR. BJORGE: Well, living in the
12	neighborhood since 1992 really you just have
13	occasion to meet people who are in the
14	neighborhood. One of the best places is Java
15	House. It's the local coffee shop. Almost
16	anyone comes through there if you sit there
17	long enough. In particular Mr. Stafford
18	Darcy-Irwin who grew up in the neighborhood
19	and lived on Corcoran for some time and raised
20	his family in the neighborhood. I met him.
21	MR. GREEN: So the people that you
22	the letters that you've gotten are from

1	folks that you met over the years. Is that
2	not right?
3	MR. BJORGE: That's correct.
4	Completely independent of this, yeah.
5	MR. GREEN: And you knew them when
6	you were in your college years and so forth?
7	MR. BJORGE: Yes, actually.
8	MR. GREEN: All right. You
9	indicated in your testimony that there was
10	some wire chewing on cars. How did this
11	happen?
12	MR. BJORGE: Well, the wire
13	chewing on cars is something that rats do.
14	They seem to be attacked to the insulation.
15	It taste sweet to them so I hear. In
16	particular since I've not owned a car and I
17	was speaking of Ann's car, the wire chewing in
18	my HVAC system happened when according to Ed
19	Cock Trapping the rats would come through the
20	walls from Chef's Express into my basement
21	unit. The HVAC system was along that wall on
22	my side and the rats. I guess, ate through the

1	wiring.
2	MR. GREEN: Oh. You used the term
3	HVAC. I don't know if the Board is familiar
4	with it. What's that?
5	MR. BJORGE: That's the heating
6	and cooling system. My structure was
7	completely renovated in the '80s to what was
8	then modern code with individually metered and
9	cooled and heated and all that units, four
10	units.
11	MR. GREEN: When did these rats
12	start the process of eating if you know?
13	MR. BJORGE: I had been in that
14	building since 1992 and I had not noticed any
15	rat problems up until 1999.
16	MR. GREEN: What specifically
17	happened in '99?
18	MR. BJORGE: The renovation next
19	door.
20	MR. GREEN: I see. So, in other
21	words, the coming of the rats took place when
22	the change or transition, as you have alluded

1	to, took place. Is that not right?
2	MR. BJORGE: Yes, sir. I actually
3	attribute it to a combination of damage done
4	through unpermitted construction and an
5	intensification of the use. That's my own
6	personal attribution.
7	MR. GREEN: All right. Thank you.
8	I don't have any other questions, Madam
9	Chairman.
10	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Thank you.
11	Did the rat problem continue or was it just
12	related to the construction?
13	MR. BJORGE: No, ma'am. The rat
14	problem continued unabated until the
15	restaurant closed and I haven't had a rat
16	problem since.
17	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. I have
18	a question for Mr. Crews.
19	He described what was a sandwich
20	shop use. Where does that fall in our
21	regulations? Do you think that was a
22	discontinuation of the deli use or do you

1	think that it is less intensive and,
2	therefore, not a discontinuation at that
3	point?
4	MR. CREWS: Well, I consider the
5	sandwich making as a delicatessen.
6	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: As a deli.
7	MR. CREWS: Yeah, because that's
8	the part where we provide you with the
9	unabridged
LO	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Which I don't
l1	have.
L2	MR. CREWS: Excuse me. I'm sorry.
L3	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: You don't
L4	have to sit down to be a deli? You don't have
15	to oh, they had two seats? Is that why you
L6	think you could sit down?
L7	MR. CREWS: You don't need I
18	mean, again, whether you eat there or take it
L9	out, it's based on the intensity of the
20	impacts, not eating there or taking it out.
21	The deli could have a lot of carry out using
22	the term generically.

1 CHAIRPERSON MILLER: That's what 2. I'm wondering. 3 MR. CREWS: It's the intensity of 4 thing that and the type of 5 happening. because it Just says а delicatessen on the C of O doesn't mean that 6 7 a Chinese carry out is operating correctly. 8 That's I've said in the why 9 administration that I've been trying to do in order to implement the zoning regs, that's one 10 11 of the reasons in terms of allowing the 12 sandwich shops, the Subways or so, is because 13 they don't have a lot of cooking and they make sandwiches and the definition 14 15 parenthetic phrase that specifically refers to making sandwiches. 16 17 CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okav. Thank 18 Are there any other questions by the 19 Board? Okay. According to our procedures, we 20 are at the final step where the appellant can make a closing statement and any rebuttal if 21

you have any.

MR. OSNOS: Yes. First of all, Madam Chair, at paragraph 23 on page 6 of the brief that I submitted to you, there is, I think, the definition from Webster's Third New International Dictionary that Mr. Crews probably relies on. He can certainly look at paragraph 23 of my brief, Exhibit 17. Ι probably should have brought that to Board's attention earlier.

CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. I mean, that's here for us to reference but I think it would be good to have in the record the exact language that the Zoning Administrator relies on. It would be good to know if he agrees with that.

MR. OSNOS: The definitions there Mr. Crews, I suppose, can supply the definition that the agency relies on. What we kind of come back to is the reality that until Bill Crews decided what a delicatessen is, no one in the city knew. We can't apply new rules and definitions without a rulemaking and

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we can't apply them retroactively.

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That is really something for the Board, I think, to determine whether Mr. Crews' explorations into the meaning of the word delicatessen can be allowed to invalid an existing use that has been there for 50 years. I understand there is a difference in intensity between what may at one time have been primarily or exclusively a sandwich and what morphed into a Chinese food carry out.

Nonetheless, these operations were licensed as delicatessens by the food service regulators and these uses were permitted by the Zoning Administrator under the delicatessen designation. According to Mr. Crews, there may not be an other location in the city where a carry out has been deemed to be something other than a delicatessen.

This literally appears to be the only circumstance where a delicatessen occupancy permit has been revoked for operating as a carry out. This is unique. I

think this is a rulemaking.

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Clearly, Mr. Crews' rulemaking he has decided that this definition in the zoning regulations is pretty ambiguous and convoluted and he is taking it upon himself rightly or wrongly to straighten it out by adopting the Webster's Dictionary definition his as starting point and conducting inspections to now determine whether all and sundry carry outs in the city are delicatessens or, as he said, carry outs that are given a grace period to come to the Board and ask for a variance or a special exception.

One of the issues here it's not really latches or estoppel but it is whether the Zoning Administrator has sort of carved out some new territory here that is not based on existing precedent or existing decisions. I think that is exactly what is going on here.

We have, of course, some other issues. I don't think that the intensity of food preparation alone even under Mr. Crews'

adoption of the Webster's Dictionary definition is the primary determinant. I don't think that cooking intensity really factors into that definition. I mean, we don't have any precedent.

Again, there are no decisions. There's no prior regulatory practice. Nothing where an individual can come in and say, "I know that what I've got is not a delicatessen because I've got a big hood system," or a range or a cook top.

You know, I understand the idea that the intensity of cooking use should be something that the zoning regulations account for but they don't and they haven't up to date. I see a fundamental fairness issue here with taking an establishment that the city licensed as a delicatessen and essentially making this the first case.

I think Mr. Crews' testimony is clear this is the first case where you are revoking a delicatessen occupancy permit

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because it's a carry out. As I said, I think that's a rulemaking. It's not anything that any landlord or any tenant could know about in advance.

There is nowhere to go and look to in the city's rules or regulations to say, "Am I within the law or am I not within the law? What is my establishment? What am I? I'm a carry out but so what? Am I a delicatessen? Am I okay? Am I not okay?"

Furthermore, I don't know that there is any evidence that this establishment, even if it is a Chinese carry out, I mean, there is no indication that it's a fast food restaurant. My suggestion is if it's not a fast food restaurant, it has to be a delicatessen.

It can't exist out in space as its own unique planet. If it is not a fast food restaurant, then I don't care if it's a Chinese carry out or a Mongolian carry out or an Indian carry out. It has got to be a

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delicatessen if it is not a fast food restaurant. I don't find that there is any evidence in the record that this establishment is a fast food restaurant as that term is defined in the zoning ordinance.

We've got, I think, at this time the best available evidence that maybe there was 30 square feet of floor area available for customer lineup. There is no evidence how much of the space was customarily used for patron queuing. There is no evidence that any floor particular part οf the area was allocated or used for customer queuing.

Those are the terms in the zoning ordinance. Ten percent of the floor area must be used and allocated. Allocated and used. There's no indication that there is any lines on the floor or any stautions or rows or areas that are marked off for customer queuing or that there is a line in front of the cashier or the cash registers.

There's nothing here. There is no

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precise estimates either as to the amount of floor area. Mr. Gorgone indicated that it's about 720 square feet but that is the gross floor area. Office of Planning said 700 square feet. Mr. Bjorge said it's about 567 square feet.

The issue of ow much is public space and nonpublic space has not been addressed and that is a necessary factor in calculating whether the queuing area would make this a fast food restaurant. I just find that there is no evidence that this Chinese carry out is a fast food restaurant.

If it's not, then it has got to be a delicatessen. We do get to a sort of conundrum here about the ordinance definition of a fast food restaurant. It appears to be directed at restaurants that prepare a whole bunch of food in advance and you come in and you pick the food up because it has already been preprepared like a McDonald's or any other places where you've got food and a

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1 warming bin and you just order it and it's 2. there right away. 3 This whole denial from Mr. Crews and the reworking of the definitions is kind 4 5 of standing the fast food issue on its head and now we are saying that if you make all the 6 7 food according to the customer order, you are 8 a fast food restaurant. As Mr. Crews himself 9 put it, it comes down to plastic and paper and I can't believe that is what it really comes 10 With that I guess I conclude my 11 down to. 12 remarks. 13 CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Thank you. Ι have one question for Mr. Crews again. 14 think 15 don't we have this capacity but I'm wondering if we do. 16 For 17 instance, does DCRa have some type of database 18 where if you put in deli Certificates of 19 Occupancy you would pull up all the businesses that have one? 20 No, unfortunately we 21 MR. CREWS: 22 sort our database by use for the cannot

Certificate of Occupancy.

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CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. That would be interesting to see if there were any Chinese food carry outs other than this one.

MR. CREWS: It would be.

CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay.

MR. CREWS: Well, there are. I can say that over the 18 months I've been here, and I know counsel for the appellant would have to agree because several of them were his clients, that we have done a lot of carry outs where we've done inspections and realized that they really are fast food restaurants.

On change of ownerships we have given them a temporary certificate, as I mentioned earlier, in a sense of fairness and balance to come before you all in an effort as your process allows to have neighborhood impact through the ANC and to be able to place conditions to minimize external impacts but hopefully not shut down a vast quantity of

hardworking folk.

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CHAIRPERSON MILLER: These were deli Certificates of Occupancy?

MR. CREWS: Right. They were deliced Certificates of Occupancy. It's really more than 100. It has to be more than 100 but we've done in the 18 months I've been here. Now, the question you're asking why aren't they coming in front of us because you're not getting this deluge.

Well, that would be our next step is to remind these folks that they have a temporary Certificate of Occupancy and they need to put their application in here to continue on. This case is not a case of -- this case is not in a commercial area but as a nonconforming use case in terms of residential use where they changed the use.

I define it as changing the use from -- I mean, the factual evidence was that changing the use for a sandwich shop to a Chinese carry out from a zoning definition was

a change of use from a delicatessen which was 1 2. a grandfathered use to a fast food restaurant. 3 I believe in my testimony I did go through the elements and indicate why I thought this was 4 5 a fast food restaurant. CHAIRPERSON MILLER: 6 Okay. 7 it's getting late but to me that seems fairly 8 relevant to the appellant's concern that there 9 weren't any other situations that were similar 10 and that you were picking them out 11 enforcement here. 12 Again, our evidence MR. CREWS: 13 showed that it was in 1999. I had just moved to the city and didn't even know about ANCs 14 15 let alone this journey I've been on. 16 in 2003 we have the memo from my predecessor that also indicated a distinction between 17 18 delicatessen and carry out. 19 CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. Ι 20 don't know whether I'm missing something but we are going to leave the record open for 21

certain submissions. It sounded like you were

saying that there were other similar situations where the Certificate of Occupancy was up because of a change in ownership or something like that.

You were indicating that they would need changed from a certain type of restaurant to carry out or whatever as it came up. I think I would be interested in seeing some of that in the record.

Okay. Maybe we can review at this point, Ms. Bailey, what the -- I'm so sorry.

MR. ETHERLY: That's okay. I was quietly chomping at the bit. Just very quickly because I have two very poignant follow-up questions. I just want to be sure that I am very clear. I think the exchange between the Chair and Mr. Crews kind of hit upon it. For the appellant are you in receipt any Certificate in possession of of anything Occupancy | for other than а delicatessen that is more recent than 1998?

MR. OSNOS: Oh, yes. Yes, sir.

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1	There was, I think I'm sorry. Let me
2	MR. ETHERLY: What I have now
3	MR. OSNOS: I misunderstood your
4	question. More recent licenses.
5	MR. ETHERLY: At Exhibit 16 the
6	most recent Certificate of Occupancy appears
7	to be the June 4, 1998 C of O which is for
8	delicatessen, no seats, not sexually oriented.
9	MR. OSNOS: That's for Ming Zhang?
10	MR. ETHERLY: Yes, sir.
11	MR. OSNOS: That is the most
12	recent occupancy permit, yes.
13	MR. ETHERLY: Okay. Okay. Second
14	question, and I'm hesitant to toss it out
15	there because this perhaps gets at the crux of
16	the issue, but as we kind of walk through this
17	now, what I'm kind of left struggling with,
18	and I think Mr. Crews hit upon it, is we have
19	what now appears to be a fairly unrebutted
20	chain of correspondence between DCRA that
21	indicates there's a concern going back as far

as 1999, I believe, being the earliest one and

the most recent one being the application for 1 Certificate of Occupancy which is denoted as 2. 3 being denied and apparently dated somewhere on 4 or about September 22, '06. 5 It appears to me as though there was some clear notice that there was an issue, 6 7 that there were concerns on DCRA's part about 8 what was happening here and notice that is 9 consistent with the factual presentation that has been provided by the ANC. I am perhaps 10 11 looking to maybe not get into this particular 12 issue because, again, I think this is probably the crux of the case but that is what I'm kind 13 of left struggling with now. 14 15 MR. OSNOS: I think the crux of 16 the case, the arguments that I've put forth 17 and the arguments that Mr. Crews as put forth, 18 I mean, the question is which of us is right. 19 I'm right, then these previous notices 20 don't mean anything. They have no effect. 21 MR. ETHERLY:

But if you're wrong, then it begs the question

1	why take on city hall and lose.
2	MR. OSNOS: Wait a minute.
3	MR. ETHERLY: I'm being somewhat
4	kind of rhetorical and facetious with the
5	question because that is the purpose of why
6	you're here. You are here to appeal because
7	you're taking on city hall.
8	MR. OSNOS: I'm here to take on
9	city hall.
10	MR. ETHERLY: I understand.
11	MR. OSNOS: I wasn't involved in
12	it before. I mean, I'm here now because he
13	stands to lose a lot of money.
14	MR. ETHERLY: Understood. He has
15	significant interest at issue here.
16	MR. OSNOS: A tenant went out of
17	business. At best at best the city's
18	position is based on a whole history of
19	regulation that is convoluted and unclear.
20	MR. ETHERLY: Gotcha.
21	MD OGNOGA Ela
	MR. OSNOS: There was never any

1	and say, "Oh, yes. I understand that by
2	having lots of Chinese carry out food I'm
3	definitely not a delicatessen anymore."
4	MR. ETHERLY: So in your thinking
5	is there a point at which a delicatessen stops
6	becoming a delicatessen because you hear the
7	argument. At a certain point somewhere around
8	1998/98 we began to see more extensive
9	operations underway.
10	Perhaps to you the rhetorical law
11	school question, hypothetical question which
12	we all hate as lawyers but we get them all the
13	time, is, "When do you stop becoming a
14	delicatessen and you become something else?"
15	MR. OSNOS: I have the answer for
16	you. When the Zoning Commission promulgates
17	clear regulations to tell people what they can
18	and can't do.
19	MR. ETHERLY: I see.
20	MR. OSNOS: I'm being pretty
21	serious because all carry outs were licensed
22	by the city as delicatessens. I haven't heard

Mr. Crews give any convincing evidence that prior to his tenure when an applicant went into apply for a delicatessen occupancy permit that the city would go out and look at how much cooking equipment was there to decide if the use was too intense and whether it was really a carry out, not a delicatessen.

This is something that started with Mr. Crews except for the one notice, the '99 and, I guess, the '03 notice at this property. Even though notices aren't very clear. It just says you are exceeding or you are operating outside the scope of your occupancy permit. It doesn't say why.

It doesn't say because you've got too much cooking equipment or because you are a carry out or you are not serving the right kind of food. The preparation is too intense and, therefore, the impact is too severe on the surroundings. There's no way that anybody could have seen this coming or known about it.

MR. ETHERLY: I understand the

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argument. I absolutely understand the argument. I think it's very clear to me now. Again, I have said it before during this proceeding the oral argument has been extraordinarily helpful.

I think what I'm beginning to see from DCRA here, and granted there is a lack of clarity, if you will, but if you start with the fact that there is no definition of delicatessen and you move to Webster's as the Administrator has endeavored to do and has discussed in the course of his testimony, recall that very clearly in Section 101 of the zoning regs under Interpretation and Application it says the following:

"In their interpretation and application the provisions of this title shall be held to be the minimum requirements adopted for the promotion of the public health, safety, morals, convenience, order, prosperity, and general welfare to (a) provide adequate light and air." We are not debating

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that here.

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"Prevent undue concentration of population and the overcrowding of land and provide distribution of population, business, and industry." So forth and so on. There is that catch-all portion in the preamble, if you will, of the zoning regs that begins to grab at everything else.

If there is not some specificity otherwise in the zoning regs, there is this preamble which says, "Interpret and apply these regulations in such a manner as to do the following."

To an extent I'm hearing a little bit of the argument from DCRA that we might not have as clear specificity as we want in terms of delicatessen but I'm applying this in such a way to be consistent with Section 101. And it dictates -- I read from 101.1, by the way.

As I began to look at what has been added to the subject property in terms of

some of the factual elements that have come out that at this point haven't been rebutted, and that is considerable exhaust, venting, and other types of investments in the property to create a more sizable operation and scope of menu offerings.

That seems to be kind of the heart of where DCRA is trying to get to, albeit somewhat with a little bit of, I don't want to say struggle. It wasn't the cleanest application but as we walk through it, I think that is going to be the bar that you're going to have to hurdle here, that you are going to have to clear here --

MR. OSNOS: But you also have to consider the legal issue whether this new struggle by Mr. Crews to figure out what the regulations mean and implement them in a practical manner according to the goals of the zoning code. You've got to decide whether this new endeavor really is a rulemaking. It's going against years and years of

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established practice.

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I think that is a MR. ETHERLY: valid point to raise. I'm not going to indicate perhaps where I am on that but I will say that I do think it's a valid question to talk about because at the outset Ι did struggle with and perhaps I'm still struggling somewhat with the notion of how does business operator have notice, if you will, or some indication that this is the direction that DCRA may move in.

Again, the zoning regs at Section 101 in the absence of other specificity, more specific subsections, Section 101 is that broad sword that at the end of the day the zoning regs are there to enact and utilize if necessary.

I appreciate you engaging in that dialogue, and I perhaps kind of went far afield on you in terms of some of the philosophical stuff, but I appreciate it. I understand the argument and I appreciate the

1	presentation. Thank you, sir.
2	Thank you, Madam Chair.
3	MR. LOUD: Madam Chair, really
4	quick question.
5	Mr. Osnos, based on the record
6	let me back up. I have a very practical kind
7	of question for you and your client. What
8	does your client stand to gain out of this
9	appeal? The property has been vacant for over
10	a year based on what's in the record. The
11	tenant left January of '06. I guess what is
12	at stake for your client in this matter?
13	MR. OSNOS: First of all, our
14	tenant applied in February. As reflected in my
15	submission, my brief, I spent months and
16	months and months contacting Bill Crews who
17	promised me for months and months that we
18	would have a formal denial.
19	He told me that it was being
20	circulated to the DCRA counsel's office for
21	review and I fully expected a detailed
22	explanation of the decision that we could

appeal. We've got until September. We didn't let this thing drag on.

even get a denial from the Zoning Administrator. The only reason that came out is because Paul Luna, the tenant, wanted to get a security deposit back. He went in and prevailed upon -- he submitted a new occupancy application in September and he got Mr. Crews to deny it and then we appealed it.

We would have appealed this thing eight, nine, ten months before had a denial been properly issued at the time. Mr. Crews adverted to the fact that he was going to deny this based upon a discontinuance argument for months and months and months and months. You don't know how many times I called him and emailed him and tried to get him to act on this so that we could bring this matter to the Board.

It is not in any way our choice that this matter has sort of lain without

2.

resolution for over a year. What is to be gained? If the Board rules in our favor, my client, Mr. Gorgone, is a former restaurant owner and operator, he will go back in and he will open up a delicatessen. We would hope that based on the ruling here if it goes in our favor that the Zoning Administrator this time would not deny his application and we would open and operate a functioning business down there, or another tenant could.

This is his retirement income. We had a lease of \$2,700 a month for that space. That's over \$30,000 a year. It's an amenity for the neighborhood although obviously how it's operated has a considerable bearing on whether it's a detriment or an amenity, but in general terms a delicatessen would be an amenity. Specifically what he stands to gain is the ability to generate either rental income or directly engage in business at the space.

MR. LOUD: You don't have to

2.

1	elaborate. I just wanted to get a sense of
2	whether this was a moot point or not. Clearly
3	it's not.
4	MR. OSNOS: In no way is it a moot
5	point. No, sir. I mean, obviously if the
6	property can't be used for that nonconforming
7	commercial use, it's going to have to be
8	converted back to residential. That is going
9	to require a very considerable expense
10	obviously. I mean, it's a major, major
11	undertaking.
12	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: I do just
13	have one question based on what I thought you
14	said.
15	MR. OSNOS: Yes.
16	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Maybe you can
17	clarify. Did you say that all carry outs got
18	Certificates of Occupancy as delis?
19	MR. OSNOS: Yes.
20	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Up until
20	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Up until when? Up until now?

1	until Mr. Crews decided that some carry outs
2	can't get a delicatessen occupancy permit, up
3	until 18 months ago.
4	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. Is
5	there evidence of that in the record?
6	MR. OSNOS: I mean, I don't have
7	subpoena authority. I can't get DCRA here but
8	the Board could request Mr. Crews.
9	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: I'm just
10	wondering what that statement is based on.
11	MR. OSNOS: Twenty-five years of
12	experience
13	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Your personal
14	experience?
15	MR. OSNOS: representing small
16	business owners. Yes.
17	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. Okay.
18	MR. OSNOS: Just hundreds and
19	hundreds of small business food operators.
20	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. I know
21	time is running.
22	Mr. Hood.

1	MR. HOOD: I just have one
2	question. I want to make sure you get your
3	car by 7:00. You mentioned that it took you
4	so many months, I forget what you said, to get
5	a denial from Mr. Crews. Why was that?
6	MR. OSNOS: I have absolutely no
7	idea. In the original application
8	MR. HOOD: Let me ask you, Mr.
9	Crews. I understand that you spend four hours
10	in your office and you don't take any calls or
11	e-mails. You just deal with issues so why is
12	that an issue?
13	MR. CREWS: Well
14	MR. HOOD: Well, first is that
15	true that you don't calls during the day for
16	about four or five hours from any residents
17	and you deal with just issues?
18	MR. CREWS: Well, I take calls as
19	I can but there is a tremendous workload. The
20	I can but there is a tremendous workload. The issue here was the matter of a discussion of

1	It took a long time a resolve but
2	the response is we thought it best to actually
3	deny a Certificate of Occupancy rather than do
4	some sort of notice of discontinuation which
5	is what I had proposed in order to give the
6	property owner a notice sooner.
7	Mr. Luna was out of the area for
8	quite some time during that time and we had
9	misplaced the original application of his so
10	when he came back in, then we did move fairly
11	quickly.
12	MR. HOOD: Okay. And you do have
13	a staff. Right?
14	MR. CREWS: Yes.
15	MR. HOOD: Thank you.
16	MR. OSNOS: I should make clear
17	I'm not really trying to personally blame Mr.
18	Crews for anything but the reason that it was
19	delayed so long in coming here is because we
20	couldn't get his office to issue the denial
21	but I don't mean to personally blame him or
22	MR. HOOD: I asked that because I

1	do believe when people deal with the
2	Government it should be predictable. I will
3	tell you that so that was why I asked that
4	question to find out if you had a staff and if
5	what other people are saying out here in the
6	city is true because it's a small town. Thank
7	you.
8	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Any other
9	questions? Okay. I just think we need to go
10	over what we said we would leave the record
11	open for.
12	Ms. Bailey, do you want to start
13	and I'll jump in or do you want me to start?
14	MS. BAILEY: I'll start, Madam
15	Chair.
16	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay.
17	MS. BAILEY: DCRA is to provide a
18	clear copy of the Notice of Violation. DCRA
19	is to put into the record the definition of
20	delicatessen that Mr. Crews used. The record
21	was left open for Ms. Jennifer Waldman to file

additional written comments. This was the

	lady who applied for party status from the
2	Richmond Condominium Association.
3	Mr. Bjorge, ANC Commissioner 2B-05
4	was to file additional written documents
5	including photographs and letters from the
6	neighbors. DCRA is to file documentation to
7	identify those establishments where temporary
8	one-year Certificates of Occupancy were issued
9	to continue to operate as a deli until they
10	receive, I'm assuming, approval from the Board
11	to operate as a carry out.
12	Madam Chair, I'm not sure if you
13	want findings of facts and conclusions of law.
14	Those are the documents that I have.
15	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. Thank
16	you. I don't have any other documents.
17	Mr. Crews, was it that specific,
18	delis to another type of restaurant? Okay.
19	Great.
20	Do other Board members feel they
21	need proposed findings and conclusions of law?
22	I don't think so. I think you have fully

1	briefed it. Is there anything else that the
2	parties feel we missed that they want to put
3	into the record or ask us about?
4	MR. OSNOS: At the risk of
5	prejudicing my case, I'm going to say no
6	because I'm kind of petrified I'm not going to
7	get my car out.
8	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay.
9	MR. OSNOS: I've got about 12
10	minutes to get over there and it will take
11	about 10.
12	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay.
13	MR. OSNOS: I just want to thank
14	everybody on the panel today for a very
15	professional attitude and the questions. I
16	appreciate it.
17	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Thank you.
18	You can check with the Office of Zoning as to
19	the final remarks here. We are going to be
20	setting it for decision making and setting a
21	time when these documents will be coming into

the record. Those are the only two things

1	that I think are left to be done.
2	MR. OSNOS: Can I call Mr. Nero
3	and find out about that? I'll contact the
4	Office of Zoning. Thank you.
5	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay.
6	MR. OSNOS: Thanks. I'm sorry.
7	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: You can
8	contact Mr. Moy who is right here.
9	MR. OSNOS: Okay.
10	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. Thank
11	you. Good night.
12	You two are the ones who are
13	submitting the documents so when should we
14	expect them? Within the week?
15	MR. BJORGE: Yes, within a week.
16	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: By next
17	Tuesday? Okay. 3:00 or what time do you like
18	to receive them, Ms. Bailey?
19	MS. BAILEY: Next Tuesday by 3:00
20	would be fine. The date of next Tuesday is
21	April 17th.
22	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. And

1	then I think we ought to set this for decision							
2	making perhaps at our next public meeting							
3	which is May 1st. Persons and parties don't							
4	need to ge present at our public meeting. The							
5	Board will be deliberating it and not taking							
б	any further evidence.							
7	If you are interested in following							
8	it, you can either watch it live on the							
9	website or come down or find out later what							
10	happened. Okay. Thank you very much. Do we							
11	have any other business							
12	MR. BJORGE: Thank you.							
13	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: on the							
14	agenda?							
15	MS. BAILEY: No other business,							
16	Madam Chair.							
17	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. Oh,							
18	yes, Mr. Green.							
19	MR. GREEN: Thank you very much							
20	for your time and attention.							
21	CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Thank you.							
22	Okay. Let meeting is adjourned.							

							409
1	(W)	hereupon,	at	6:48	p.m.	the	
2	meeting was a	djourned.)					
3							
4							
5							
6							
7							