1	William Licko, come forward. Leila Batties,
2	Brock Benson, Martin Sullivan. I was going to
3	say David Letterman but I know it's not David
4	Letterman so David Liedman.
5	Okay. We're going to start with Mr.
6	Licko and everybody here is a proponent of the
7	regulations. So, we'll start to my left. You
8	may begin.
9	MR. LICKO: My name is Bill Licko. I'm
LO	a Senior Director with UDR which has an
L1	ownership position in 52,000 apartment homes in
L2	22 markets across the U.S.
L3	The company also has 1,500 apartment
L4	homes located in the District's boundaries.
L5	That's approximately six apartment
L6	communities.
L7	I'm here to highlight two main points.
L8	One, as an owner of mixed use properties, UDR
L9	is pleased that the Zoning Commission has
20	requested amendments to the zoning regulations
21	that addresses the growing demand for dog

daycare centers in urban areas and mixed use

buildings, in particular.

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Two, the primary concern about this use in a mixed use building is the noise impact on the residential units above. I want to talk about how we are able to fully mitigate noise impact through appropriate construction measures.

of First all, little bit а background. There's great need а pet-related services in urban locations nationally. And Washington, D.C. This text amendment will help to different. serve the residents who live in the areas with ground floor retail and residential above. Ιt also has the indirect benefit of activating the ground floor of mixed use buildings.

Indoor dog play parks located at store front windows are appealing to the eye and create pedestrian friendly store fronts. Very few people can resist looking at puppies playing in the window.

Dogs are America's favorite pet with

43.3 million households owning one and with the influx of populations in downtown areas, developers and planners focusing are amenities that support the growing population. For example, many apartment communities are offering dog washes, dog parks and roof top dog walks. Our apartment communities are pet friendly and we estimate that 30 percent of our apartment homes have at least one dog. these dogs are left in their apartments during the day while their owners are at work. Pet owners want their dogs to be cared for while they're at work. However, today's urbanites either don't want to use their cards or don't have cars to take their dogs to daycare facilities.

Due to this increased demand in pet services many urban residents are recognizing the need for dog daycare services. And the traditional kennel is no longer acceptable.

Daycares are now focusing on mitigating odors and noise and building their

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space so it is more inviting to the pet owner particular while paying attention to cleanliness. Recently, Magazine, ULImagazine devoted to covering best practices across a broad spectrum of real estate topics featured a dog daycare facility located in a Class A luxury mixed use high rise in New York. The cover article highlighted urban resident demands for pet friendly accommodations and there's an exhibit that was handed out to you regarding that article.

do this When we have we consideration that's given to the structure and design of each building. As I mentioned, we successfully tenanted and opened dog daycares in mixed use communities, apartments above the dog daycare in Seattle, Dallas and San Diego and we have done so without any noise or odor complaints. So, this can be done. It's done by taking specific noise attenuation measures recommended by acoustical engineers. also submitted example showing an

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illustrations of the build out precautions taken to insure any objectionable noises are mitigated.

In conclusion, this text amendment will create a clarified path to allow mixed use commercial space become occupied with a use that is desired by many in the District.

CHAIRMAN HOOD: Okay. Thank you.

Next?

MS. BATTIES: Good evening. I'm Leila Batties with the law firm of Holland & Knight. I actually represent UDR on the property at 2400 14th Street.

I just want to emphasize a couple of things. One thing that Mr. Licko did not mention in his testimony. As the owner of both the retail space and the apartment house above they have a vested interest in making sure that noise is fully mitigated. They obviously don't want a situation where their tenants are disrupted by noise and then not inclined to stay in their building. So, their interest in

making sure noise issues are addressed, they are very much vested in making sure that it's addressed.

The other thing I want to point out, Commissioner Hood or Chairman Hood, is that when the regulations were drafted in 2005 they did not contemplate dog daycare centers in mixed use buildings. So, that is one thing we welcome with the proposed amendments because they do address standards for dog daycare centers that are in mixed use buildings with residential above. So, we welcome those amendments.

And, finally, Commissioner May, I do believe when we had the case before the BZA the breed of dog actually did enter into the discussion because they talked about how certain dogs barked or the pitch of certain dog's barks so I don't want you to think that that clearly would not be a part of the discussion when it came to noise.

So, with those three things out of the