

EXHIBIT A

**"ARCHITECTURAL PLANS AND
ELEVATIONS"**

SUBMITTED SEPARATELY

Applicants / Owners:

PerStar M Street Partners, L.L.C. /
c/o Starwood Capital Group, L.L.C.
591 W Putnam Avenue
Greenwich, CT 06830
Tel 203 422 7700
Fax 203 422 7784

2213 M Street Limited Partnership
c/o Nora's Restaurant
2132 Florida Avenue, NW
Washington, D.C. 20008
Tel 202 462 5143

Design Architect:
Oppenheim Architecture + Design
245 NE 37th St, Suite 102
Miami, Florida 33137
Tel 305 576 8404
Fax 305 576 8433

ZONING COMMISSION
District of Columbia
CASE NO. 07-21
EXHIBIT NO. 5

Architect of Record:
Leo A. Daly
1201 Connecticut Avenue, NW
Tenth Floor
Washington, D.C. 20036-2683
Tel 202 861 4600
Fax 202 872 8530

Surveyor / Civil Engineer:
Vika Incorporated
20251 Century Boulevard, Suite 400
Germantown, Maryland 20874
Tel 301 916 4100
Fax 301 916 2262

Traffic Consultant:
Wells & Associates, LLC
1420 Spring Hill Road, Suite 600
McLean, VA 22102
Tel 703 917 6620
Fax 703 917 0739

Landscape Architect:
Arentz Landscape Architects
4201 Connecticut Ave NW, Suite 407
Washington, DC 20008
Tel 202 537 8020
Fax 202 537 9910

Land Use Counsel:
Holland + Knight
2099 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW
Washington, D.C. 20036
Tel 202 457 7841
Fax 202 955 5564



1
HOTEL WASHINGTON, D.C.
2201 M STREET, NW

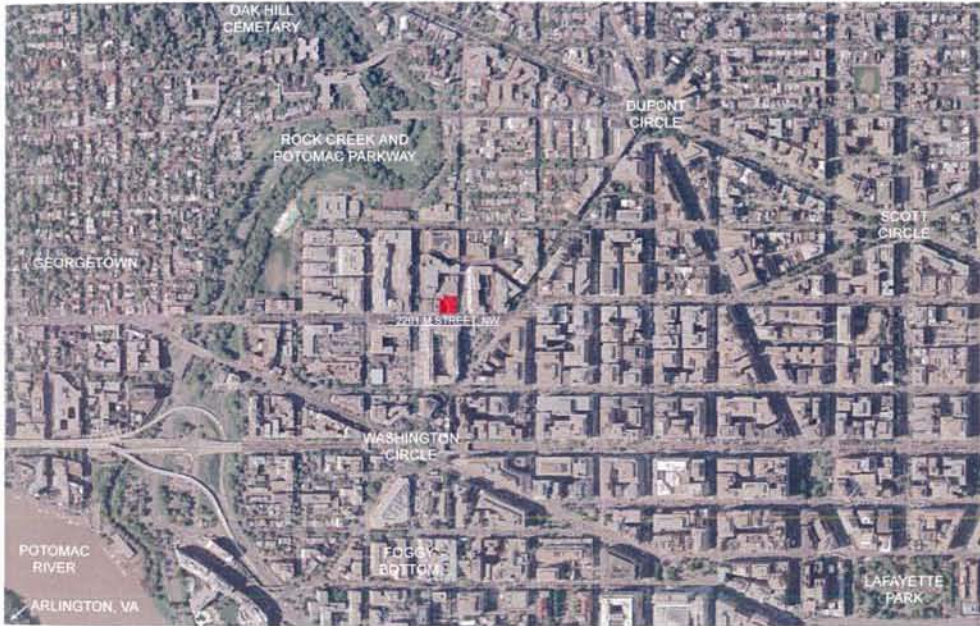
PERSTAR M STREET PARTNERS L.L.C.
2213 M STREET LIMITED PARTNERSHIP
OPPENHEIM + LEO A DALY

TABLE OF CONTENTS BY ZONING SECTION

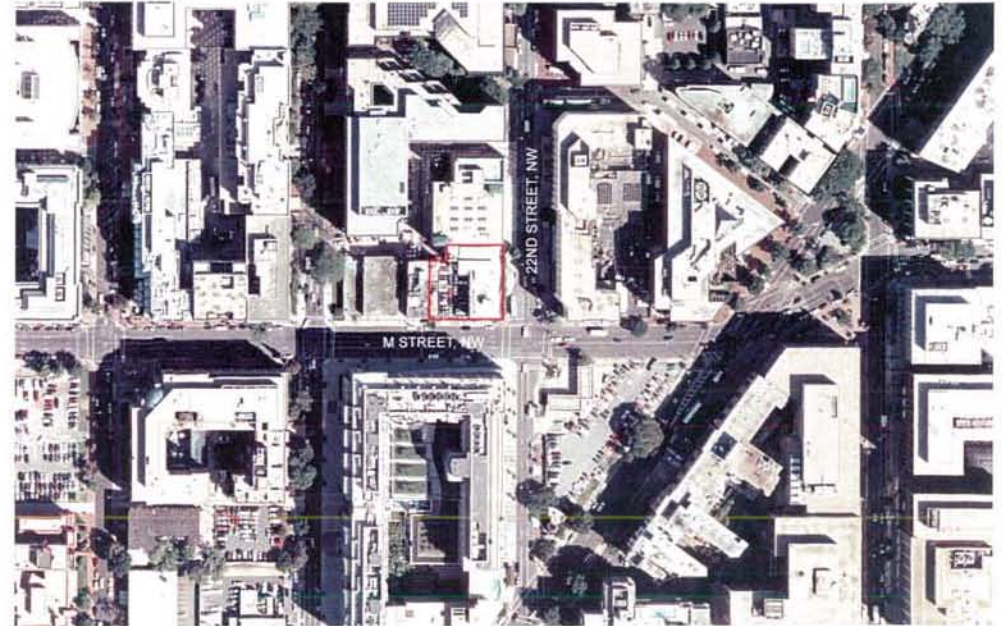
SECTION	ITEM	SHEET
2406.11(b)	Map showing location, existing zoning of subject site and adjacent properties and any change of zoning	Z.00
2406.11(e)	Tabulation of development data:	
11(e)(1)	Area and dimensions of each lot Exact area of total site	Z.00
11(e)(2)	Percentage of lot occupancy for each building on each lot for all buildings on entire site	Z.00
11(e)(3)	Gross floor area and floor area ratio for each building on each lot for all buildings on entire site including a breakdown for each use	Z.00, Z.01
11(e)(6)	Estimated quantities of potable water, sanitary sewage and storm water including methods of calculation	C.04
2406.12(c)	Detailed site plan:	
11(d)	Location and external dimensions of all buildings and structures	A.00b
	Utilities and other easements	C.02
	Walkways and driveways	A.00b
	Plazas, arcades and open spaces	A.00b
2406.12(d)	Detailed landscaping and grading plan:	
11(e)(5)	Existing topography, contours, natural features, landscaping	C.01
	Existing trees of 6" caliper or greater	C.01
	New contours, proposed finished grades, planting and landscaping	C.02
	Proposed drainage, including water and sewer lines, inlets and basins connections to public water and sewer lines	C.01, C.02
	Proposed erosion controls	C.03
	Location and elevations of public or private streets, alleys or easements bounding or traversing the site, including an indication of any rights-of-way or easements to be continued, relocated or abandoned	A.00b, C.02
2406.12(e)	Architectural plans:	
	Typical floor plans and elevations for each building	A.03-A.11, A.14-A.19
	Sections for entire project	A.12-A.13
	Sections and elevations for entire square	A.20-A.21
2406.12(f)	Circulation plan:	
11(e)(4)	Driveways and walkways including widths, grades and curb cuts	A.00b
	Location and number of parking spaces	A.03, A.04, Z.00
	Location and number of loading berths	A.00b, Z.00
	Designation of spaces for different uses	A.03, A.04

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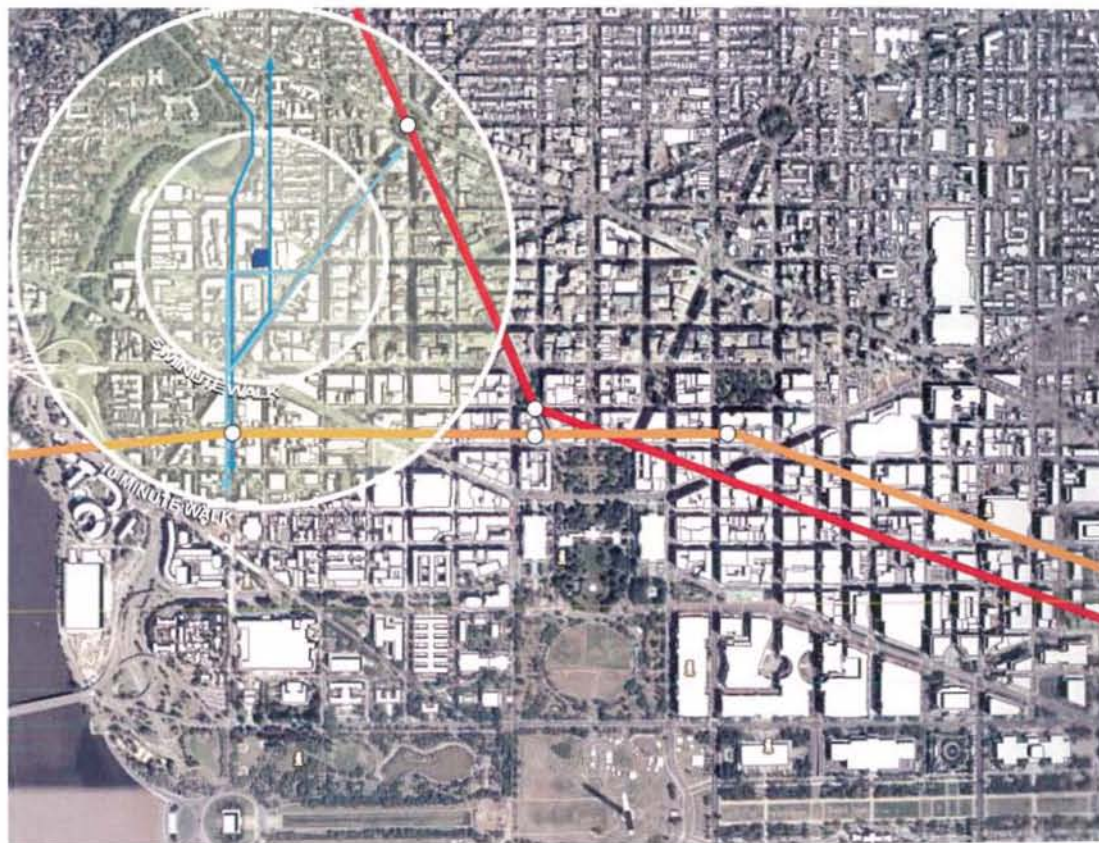
PAGE	TITLE
G.00	Cover
G.01	Table of Contents + Index
E.00	Existing Site Location Plan
E.01	Existing Site Context + Public Transportation
E.02	Existing Site Photos
Z.00	Zoning Map + Tabulation of Development Data
Z.01	Zoning: FAR Diagrams
Z.02	Zoning: Building Envelope Street Frontage
Z.03	Zoning: Building Envelope Rear Yard
A.00a	Proposed Site Plan with Context
A.00b	Proposed Detailed Site Plan
A.01	Proposed Landscape Plan – Level 1
A.02	Proposed Landscape Plan – Roof Gardens
A.03	Level Basement 3 – Parking + MEP
A.04	Level Basement 2 – Parking + MEP
A.05	Level Basement 1 – Admin, Spa, Fitness, BOH + MEP
A.06	Level 1 – Lobby, Restaurant + Bar
A.07	Level 2 – Hotel Guest Rooms, Tea Room + Garden
A.08	Level 3-9 – Hotel Guest Rooms
A.09	Level 10-11 – Hotel Guest Suites
A.10	Level 12 – Roof Garden + MEP
A.11	Level 13 – Roof Plan MEP + Solar Hot Water Panels
A.12	Section 1-1
A.13	Section 2-2
A.14	Elevation M Street
A.15	Elevation 22 nd Street
A.16	Elevation - North
A.17	Elevation - West
A.18	Elevation Detail M Street
A.19	Elevation Detail 22 nd Street
A.20	Site Context Elevation M Street
A.21	Site Context Elevation 22 nd Street
A.22	Sustainability: Building Diagram
A.23	Sustainability: Building Cross Section
A.24	Sustainability: Room Diagram
A.25	Sustainability: Room Plan - Ventilated Façade
A.26	Sustainability: Perspective - Ventilated Façade
C.01	Topographic and ALTA/ACSM Land Title Survey
C.02	Site, Grading and Utility Plan
C.03	Sediment and Erosion Control Plan
C.04	Computations Sheet



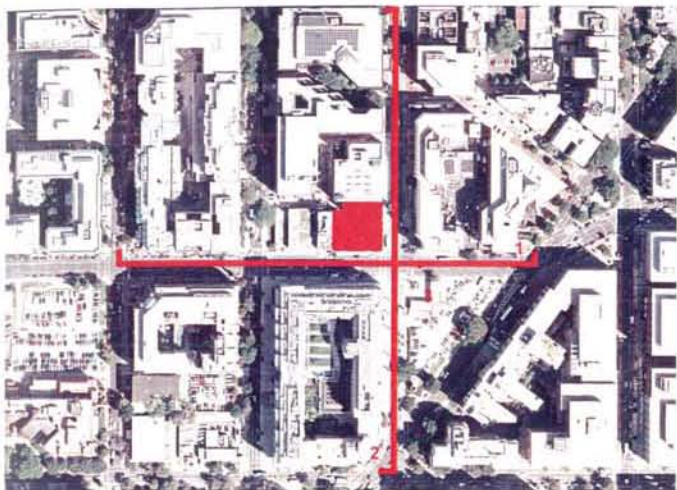
LOCATION PLAN - REGIONAL



LOCATION PLAN - LOCAL



- SITE
- METRO ORANGE LINE
- METRO RED LINE
- METRO STATION
- METRO BUS LINES



3 M STREET AND 22ND SE CORNER



1 M STREET CONTEXTUAL ELEVATION



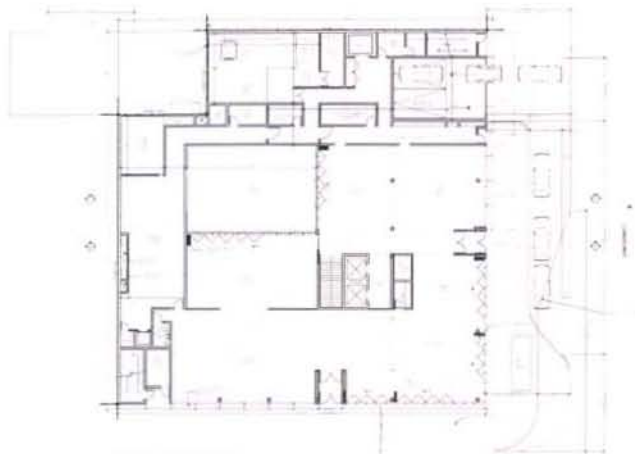
2 22ND STREET CONTEXTUAL ELEVATION



ZONING MAP
8/24/11/12

Zoning District: CR			
SECTION: ZONING TABULATION OF DEVELOPMENT DATA: 1 HOTEL - 2201 M STREET			
Lot Areas:			
2201 M Street NW			
Square 50, Lots 82, 84, 813, 814, and 816			
Address		2201 M Street NW, Washington, DC	
Site Area		15,590 SQ. FT.	
		Permitted / Required	Proposed
630 / 2405	Max. Building Height (FT)	+ 110' - 0"	+ 110' - 0"
	Architectural Embellishments, Height (FT)	N/A	+ 18' - 6"
631 / 2405	Max. FAR w/ PUD	8.0	7.96
FAR Calculations			
8.0 x Gross Lot 15,590 SF =		124,720 SQ. FT.	124,020 SQ. FT.
Level 1 - Lobby, Bar, Restaurant		14,138 SQ. FT.	
Level 2 - Guest Rooms, Tea Room		11,786 SQ. FT.	
Level 3 - Guest Rooms (Typical)		10,954 SQ. FT.	
Level 4 - Guest Rooms (Typical)		10,954 SQ. FT.	
Level 5 - Guest Rooms (Typical)		10,954 SQ. FT.	
Level 6 - Guest Rooms (Typical)		10,954 SQ. FT.	
Level 7 - Guest Rooms (Typical)		10,954 SQ. FT.	
Level 8 - Guest Rooms (Typical)		10,954 SQ. FT.	
Level 9 - Guest Rooms (Typical)		10,954 SQ. FT.	
Level 10 - Guest Rooms (Suites)		10,709 SQ. FT.	
Level 11 - Guest Rooms (Suites / PH)		10,709 SQ. FT.	
Total		124,020 SQ. FT.	
633	Min. Req'd. Public Space at Grd. Level (SF)	1,559	0
634	Min. Req'd. Lot Occupancy	100%	90%
636	Min. Req'd. Rear Yard (FT)	27.5'	0
638	Min. Req'd. Court Width (FT) + Area (SF)	22'-11" x 12' = 275 SF	49' x 30' = 1,350 SF
639 / 411	Max. Roof Structure Height	18'-6"	18'-6"
639 / 411	Roof Structure Setback - Street Frontage (FT)	18'-6"	18'-6"
FAR Calculations Roof			
37 x Gross Lot 15,590 SF		5,768 SQ. FT.	4,469 SQ. FT.
Level 12 - 4'-6" clear mech space (non-occupiable)		0 SQ. FT.	
Level 13 - fire stairs, elevator lobby + mechanical		4,469 SQ. FT.	
Total		4,469 SQ. FT.	
2101	Parking: Hotel 162 Rooms (1 space / 4 rooms)	40	70
2201	Min. Req'd. Loading Berths	1 @ 12' x 30'	1 @ 12' x 30'
	Min. Req'd. Service/Delivery Loading Spaces	1 @ 12' x 20'	1 @ 12' x 20'
	Min. Req'd. Loading Platforms	1 @ 100 SQ. FT.	1 @ 220 SQ. FT.

TABULATION OF DEVELOPMENT DATA



FAR GROUND LEVEL
14,138 SQ. FT.



FAR LEVEL 2
11,786 SQ. FT.



FAR TYP. LEVELS 3-9
10,954 SQ. FT.



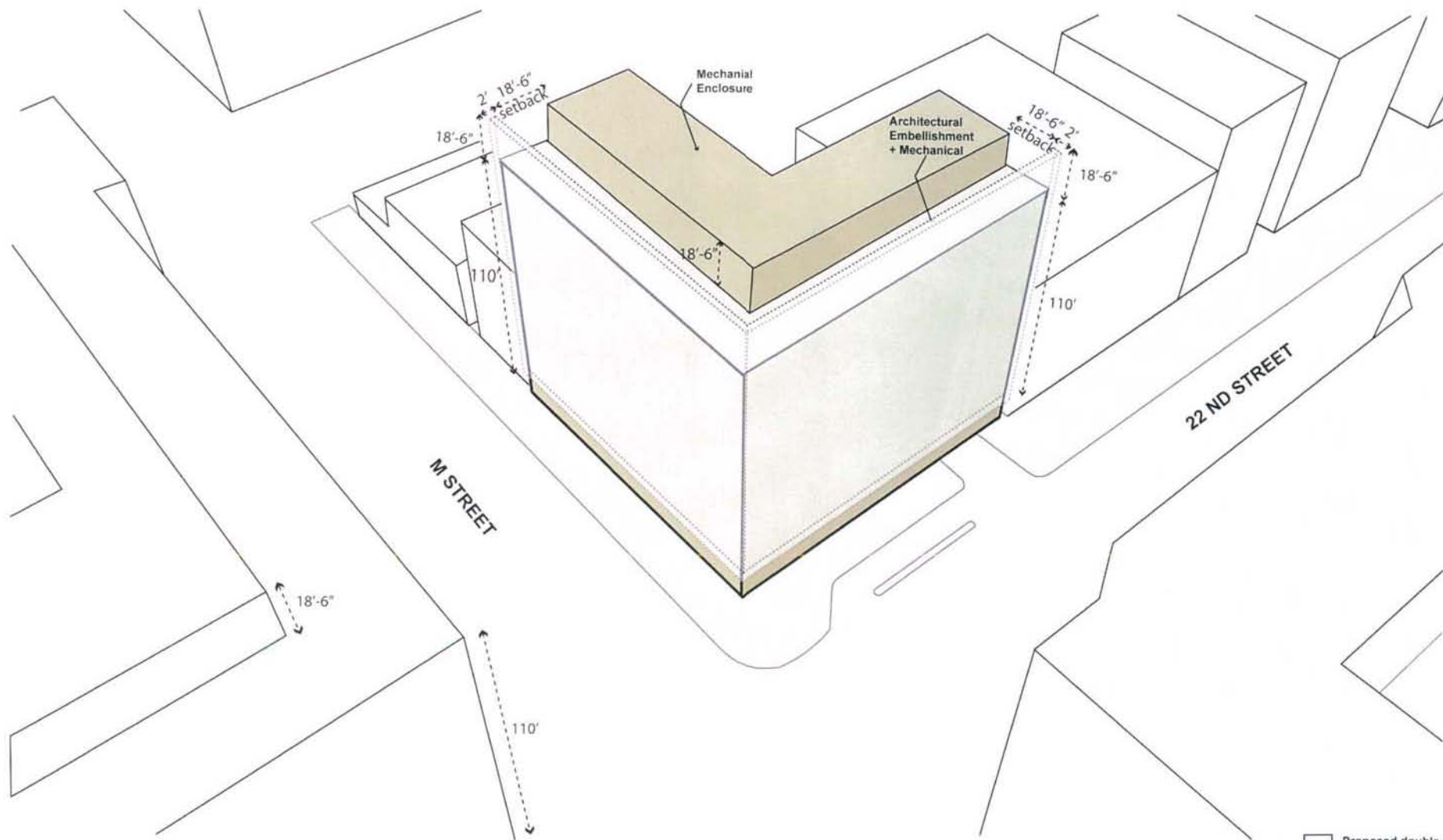
FAR LEVEL 10
10,709 SQ. FT.



FAR LEVEL 11
10,709 SQ. FT.

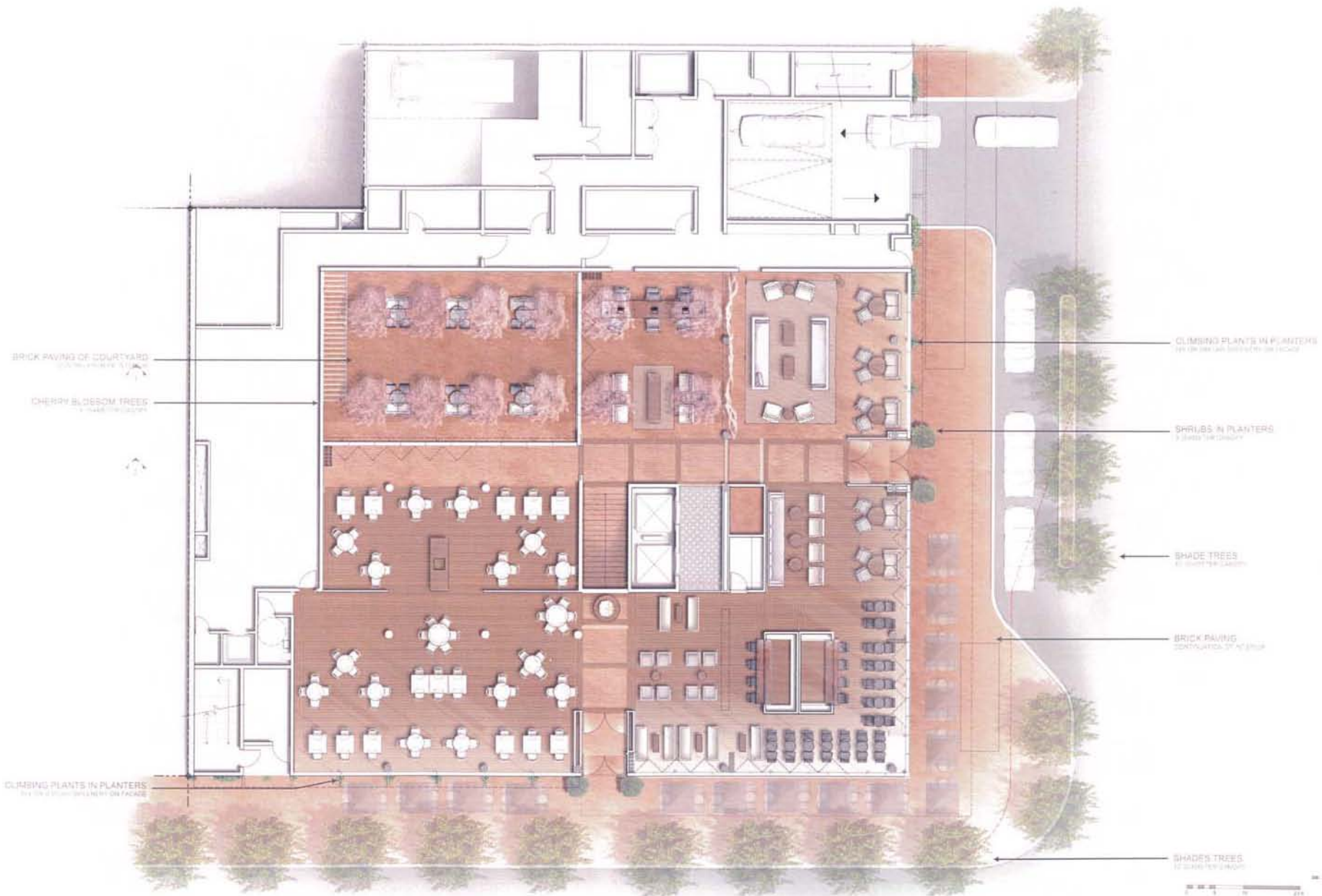


ROOF FAR
4,469 SQ. FT.



- Proposed double Facade / Architectural Embellishment
- Proposed Building Envelope





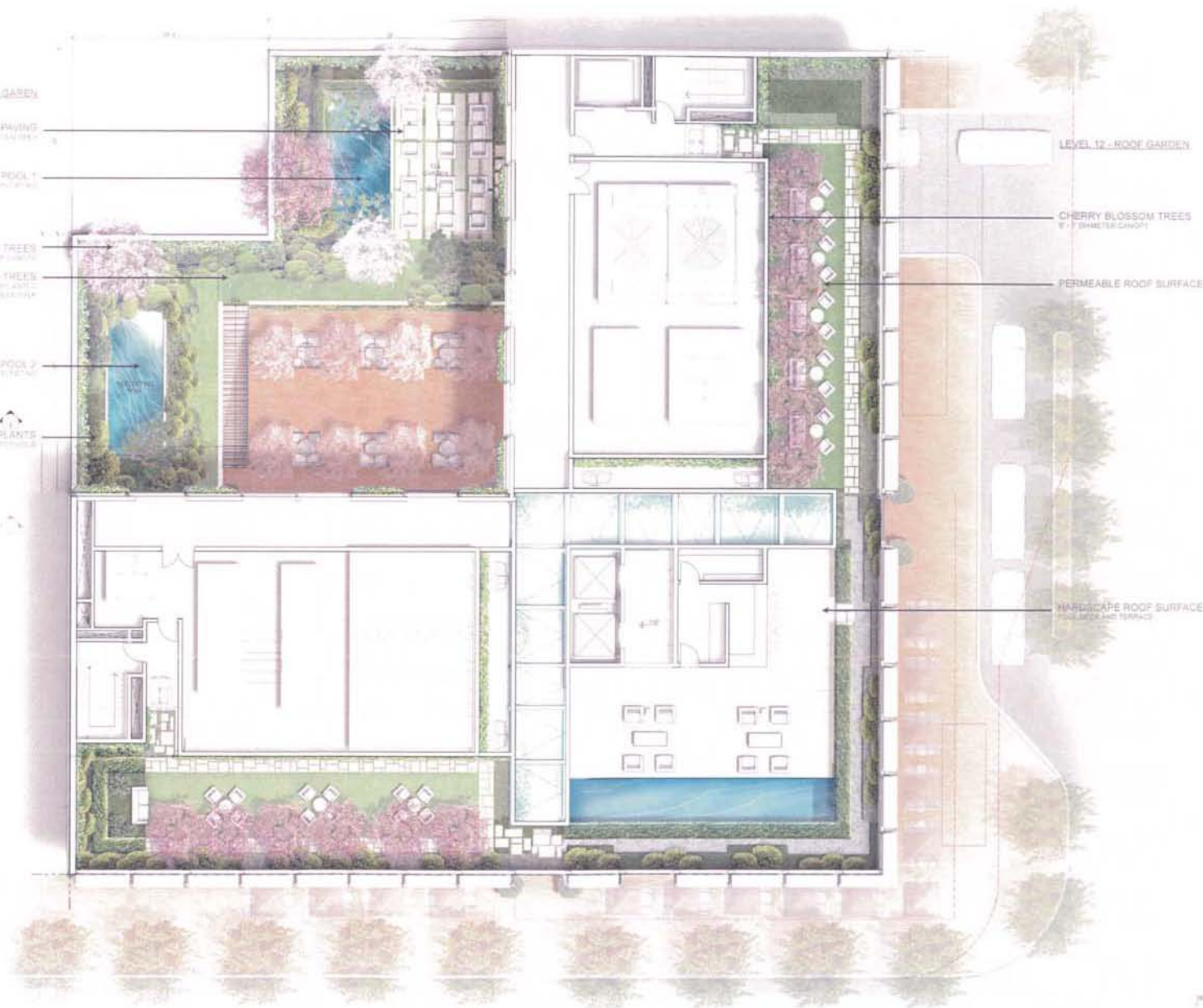
LEVEL 2 - TEA GARDEN
 HARDSCAPE PAVING
 REFLECTING POOL 1
 CHERRY BLOSSOM TREES
 JAPANESE MAPLE TREES
 REFLECTING POOL 2
 SHRUBS AND FLOWERING PLANTS

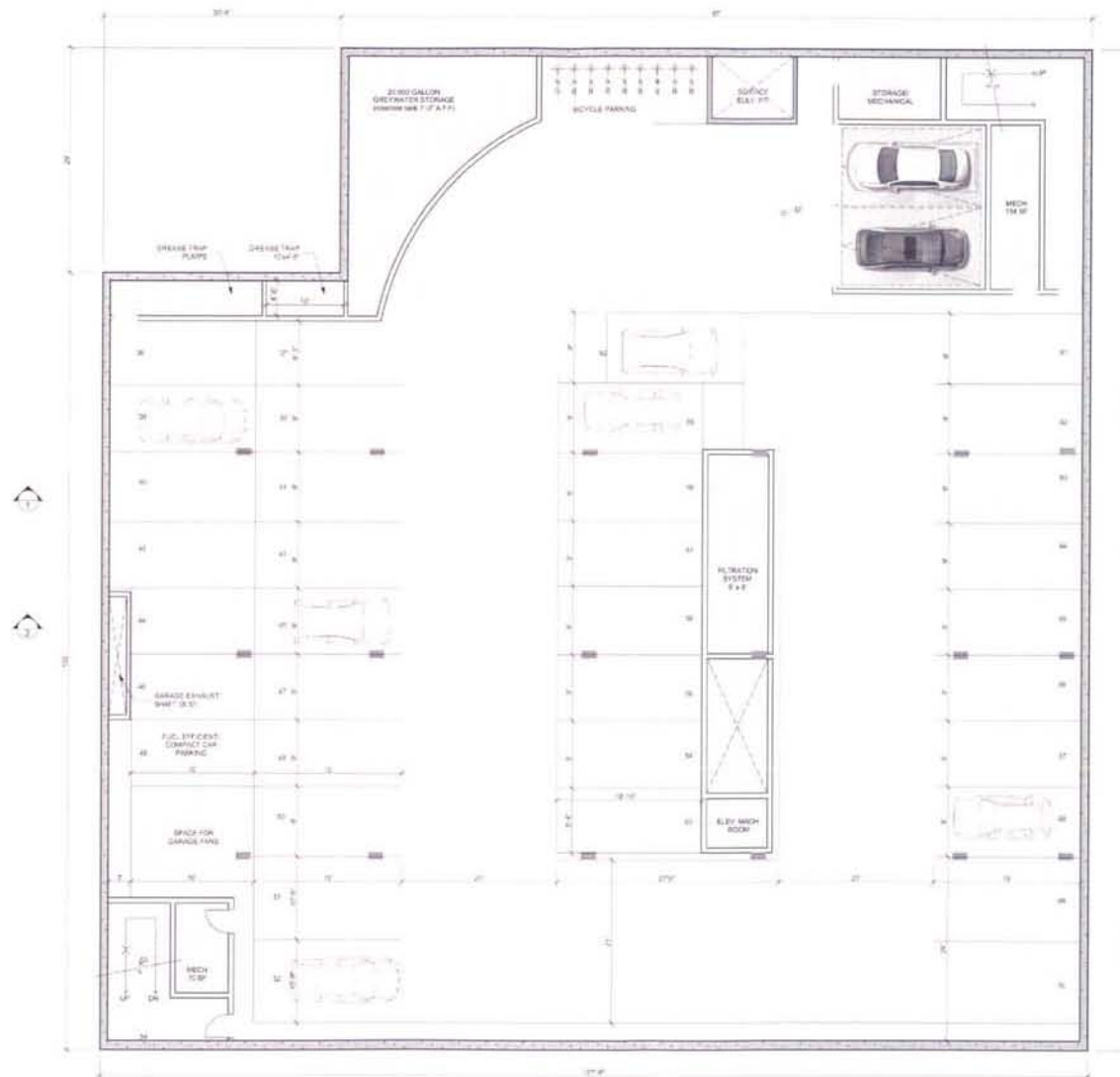
LEVEL 12 - ROOF GARDEN

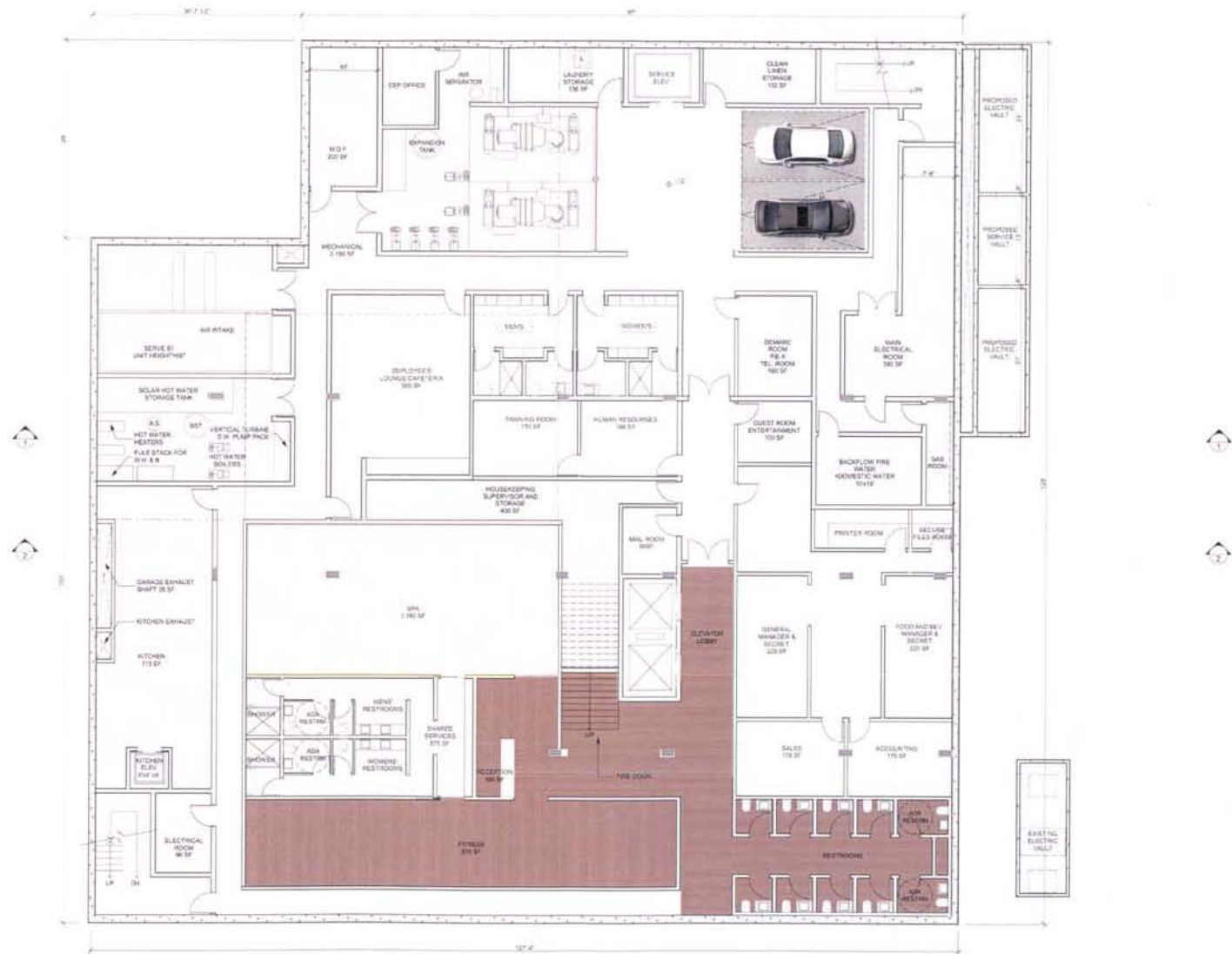
CHERRY BLOSSOM TREES
 8' - 10' DIAMETER CANOPY

PERMEABLE ROOF SURFACE

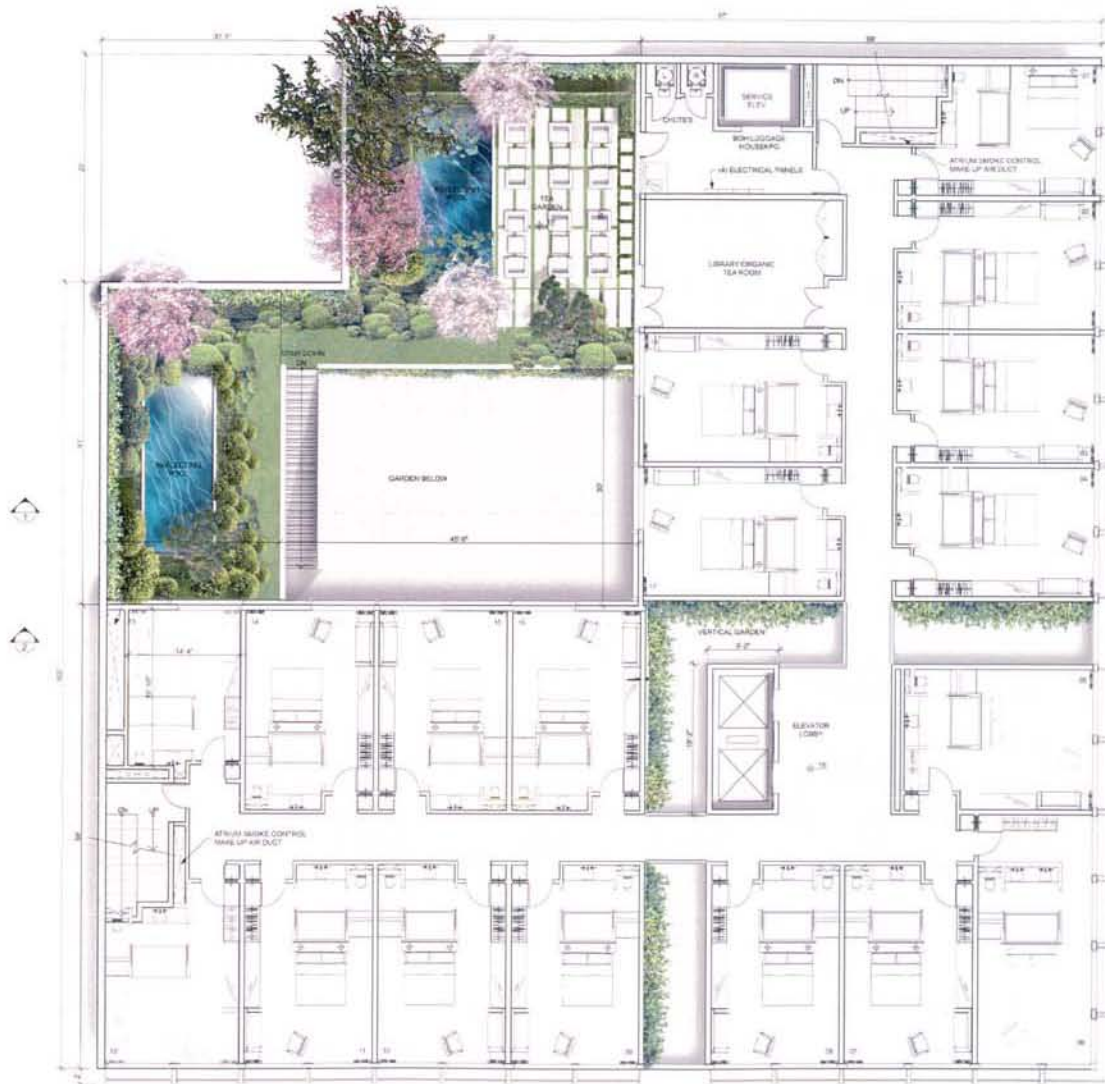
HARDSCAPE ROOF SURFACE
 TERRACE AND TERRACE





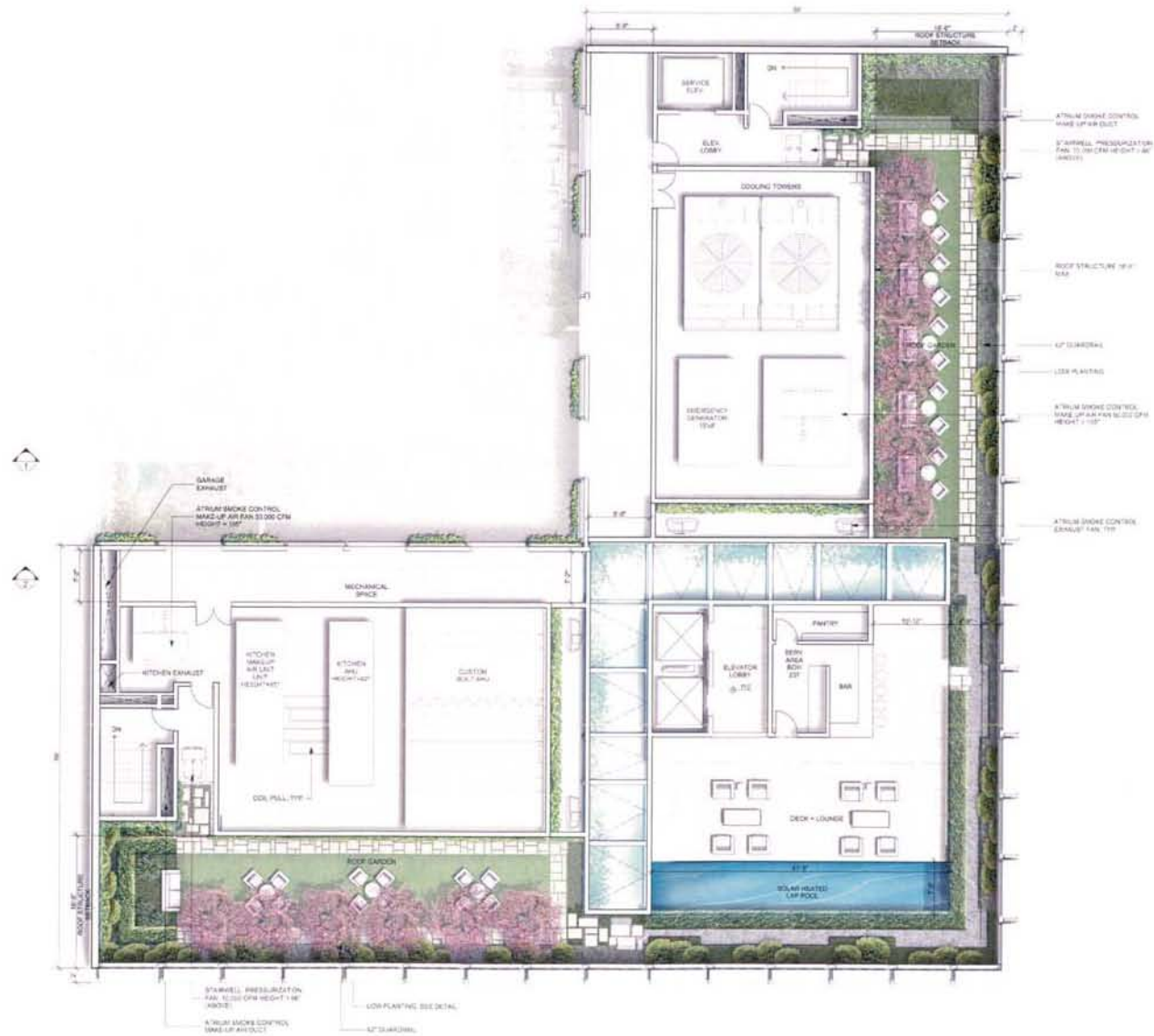


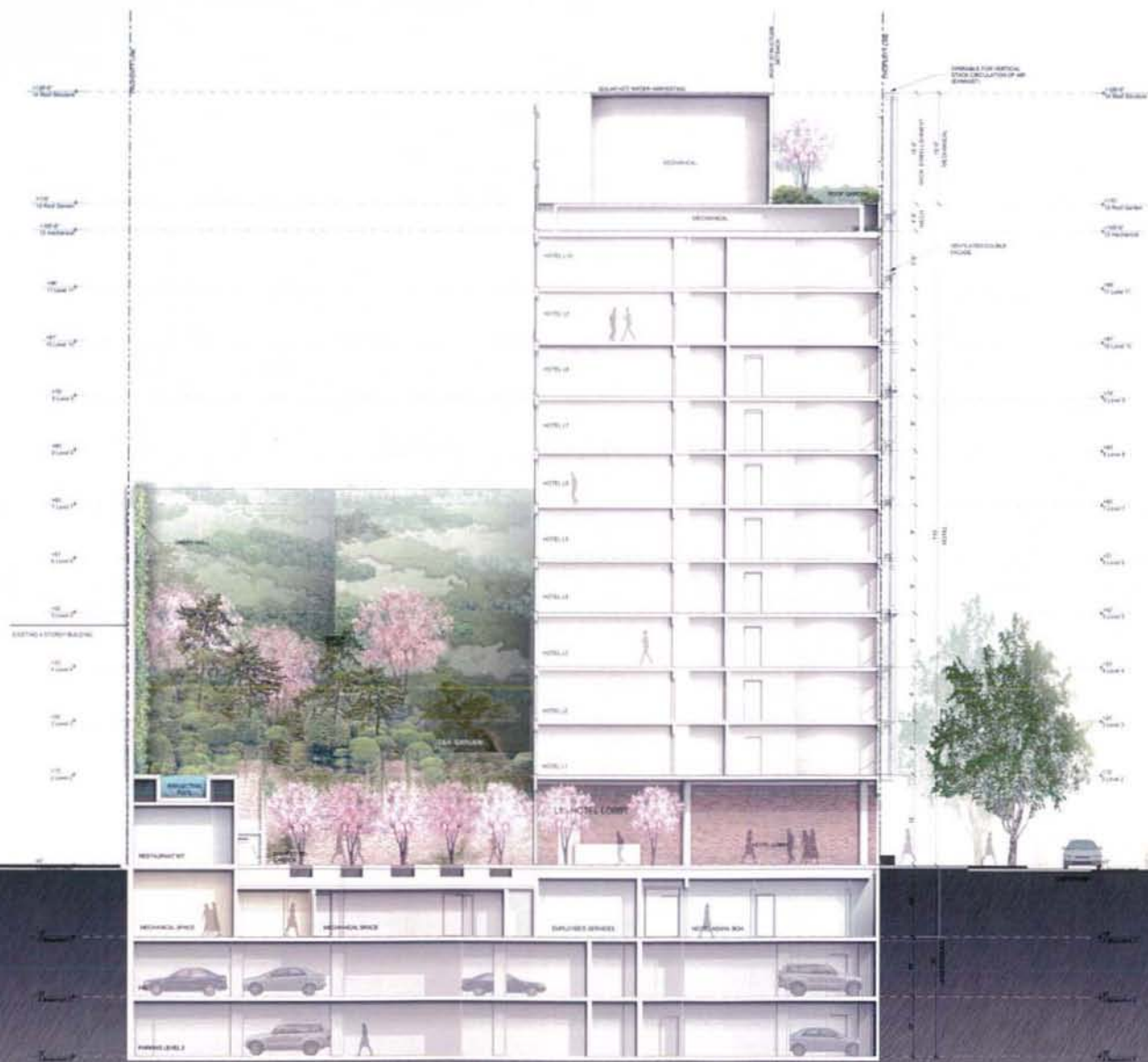


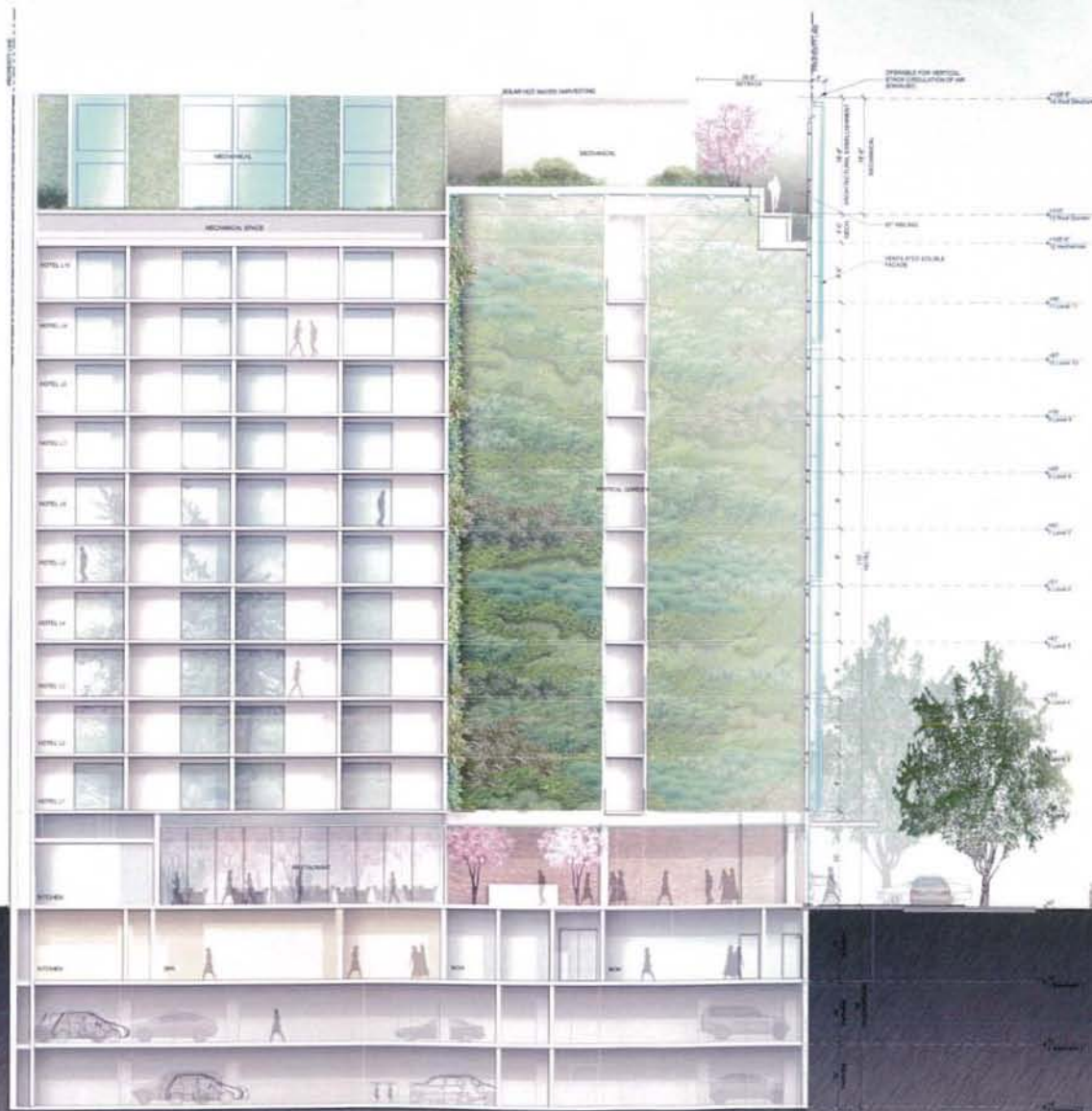














RETRACTABLE WINDOW SYSTEM
TO OPEN BUILDING CORNER

Full Glazing

PERSTAR M STREET PARTNERS L.L.C.
2213 M STREET LIMITED PARTNERSHIP
OPPENHEIM + LEO A DALY

1
HOTEL WASHINGTON, D.C.
2201 M STREET, NW

JULY 13, 2007
A.14
ELEVATION M STREET
© OPPENHEIM 2007

RETRACTABLE WINDOW SYSTEM
TO OPEN BUILDING CORNER







RETRACTABLE WINDOW SYSTEM
TO OPEN BUILDING CORNER

RETRACTABLE WINDOW SYSTEM
TO OPEN BUILDING CORNER

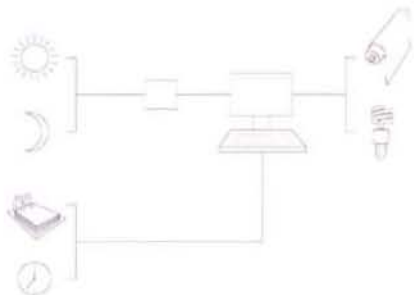
2'



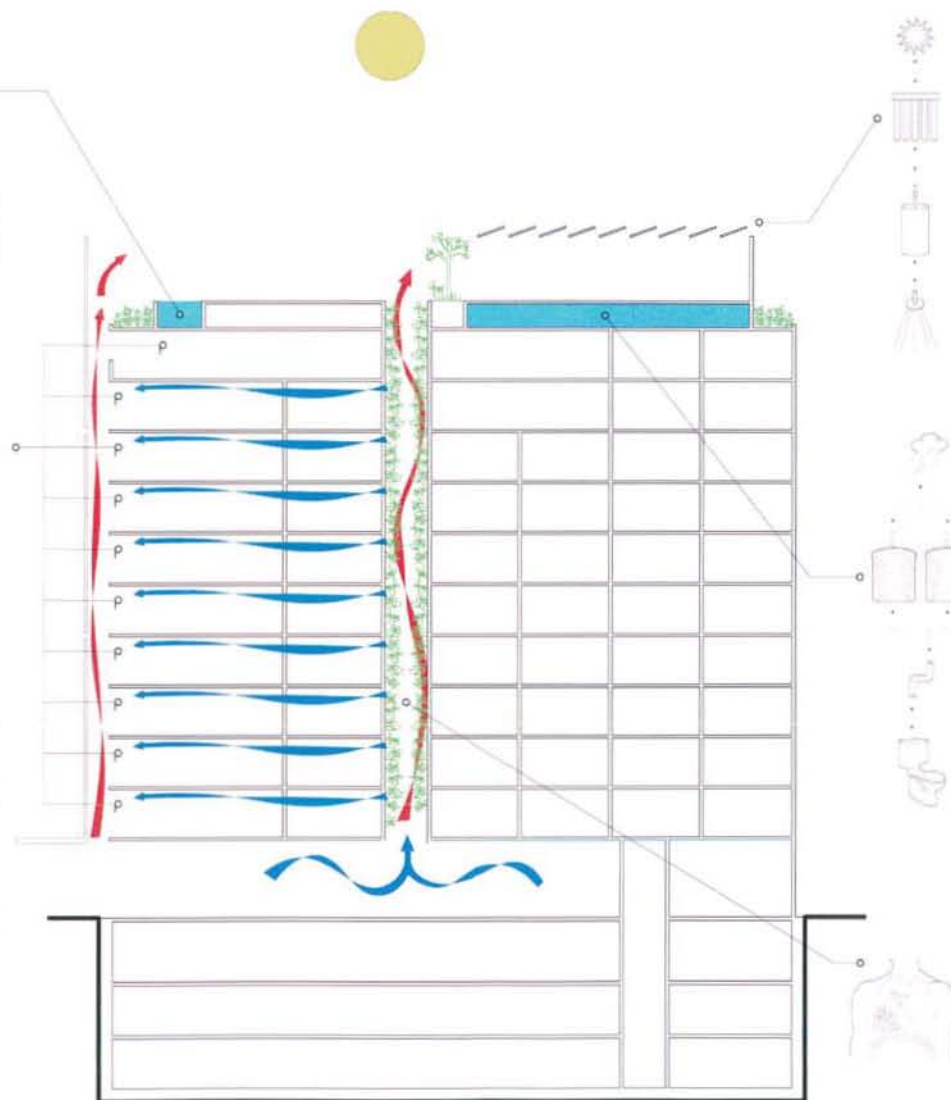




Pool Water Use for Fire Sprinklers: Large bodies of water such as swimming pools located in upper floors of buildings may serve as reservoirs for water use in emergency situations such as fires. They can provide an immediate, available, and gravity-fed source of water to the building's fire protection system and would eliminate the need for expensive pumps at ground level, re-use water that would otherwise go to waste, and greatly reduce the need for conventional riser infrastructure throughout the building.



Daylighting and Automated Lighting Control System: Daylighting is the practice of placing windows, or other transparent media, and reflective surfaces so that, during the day, natural light provides effective internal illumination without the use of artificial light. Within the overall architectural design of a building, particular attention is given to daylighting when the aim is to maximize visual comfort, productivity, or to reduce energy use. Energy savings from daylighting are achieved by reducing the use of electric lighting. A lighting control system consists of a device, typically an embedded processor or industrial computer, that controls electric lights for a building or residence. Lighting control systems usually include one or more keypads or touch panel interfaces. These interfaces allow users the ability to toggle power to lights and fans, dim lights, and program lighting levels. A major advantage of an automated lighting control system is the ability to program a constant level of light and allow the photo sensor to maximize daylight use, and complement it with artificial light only when needed, thus creating immense electricity savings.



Solar Hot Water Panel: A solar water heater that uses the sun's energy to heat a fluid, which is used to transfer the heat to a heat storage vessel. In the home, for example, potable water would be heated and then stored in a hot water tank. Flat-plate solar-thermal collectors are usually placed on the roof, and have an absorber plate to which fluid circulation tubes are attached. The absorber, usually coated with a dark selective surface, assures the conversion of the sun's radiation into heat, while fluid circulating through the tubes carries the heat away where it can be used or stored. The heated fluid is pumped to a heat exchanger, which is a coil in the storage vessel or an external heat exchanger where it gives off its heat and is then circulated back to the panel to be reheated. Fluid circulation can be assisted by means of a mechanical pump (which itself could be powered by photovoltaic cell), or (where mounting conditions allow) by allowing convection to circulate the fluid to the storage vessel mounted higher in the circuit, also known as a thermosiphon.

Rain Water Harvesting & Re-Use: Rain Water Harvesting is a way to capture the rain water when it rains, store that water above ground or charge the underground and use it later. This happens naturally in open rural areas. But in congested, over-paved metropolitan cities, we need to create methods to capture the rain water. Rain Water Harvesting as a method of utilizing rain water for domestic and agricultural use is already widely used throughout the world. It is a method which has been used since ancient times and is increasingly being accepted as a practical method of providing potable water in development projects throughout the world. It has wide application also in urban and peri-urban areas where the reliability and quality of piped water is increasingly being questioned. Rainwater can be used to supplement existing supplies. Without any loss of comfort, rainwater helps conserve valuable drinking water and reduce water bills. This project proposed a sustainable rainwater harvesting system, which cleans and collects 95% of the annual rainwater run-off from roof catchment areas. Rainwater is stored in a tank and can be used for gardening, laundry, cleaning, and to flush toilets.

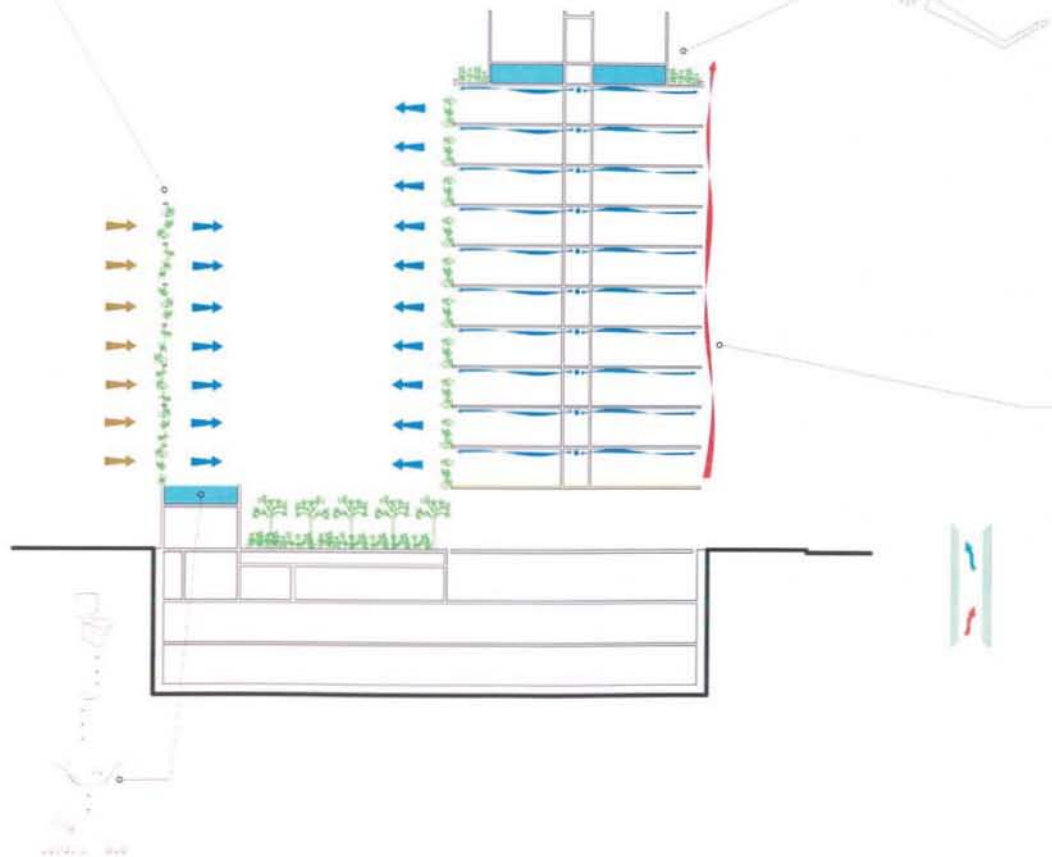
Green Lung: A permeable atrium with vegetated walls creates a green space in the middle of the building to provide daylight, purify the air, and create a stack effect that will promote cross ventilation. In this case, the "green lung" is connected to the building's air circulation system.

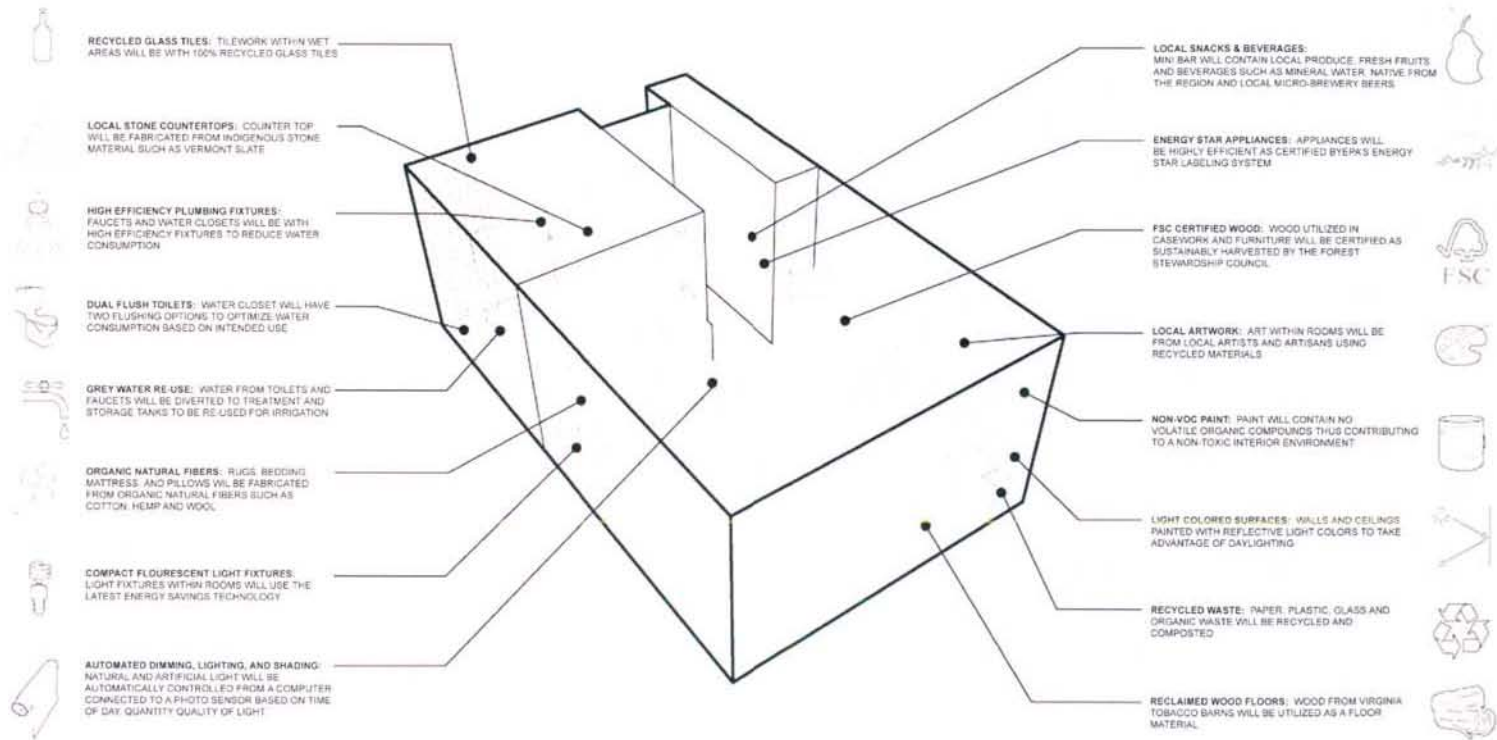
Living Wall: A living wall is a vertical garden. Just like in nature, vegetation changes with the seasons and adapts to the climate, shedding foliage in winter to allow heat from the sun to penetrate and developing lush foliage in summer to provide shade from the intense heat. Plants are rooted in compartments between two sheets of fibrous material anchored to a wall. Water trickles down between the sheets and feeds moss, vines and other plants. Bacteria on the roots of the plants metabolize air impurities such as volatile organic compounds. Some walls house fish and salamanders in a pool at the bottom, where the trickling water is captured before being filtered and recirculated to the top again. The living wall is a form of urban agriculture or urban gardening. It is also a means for water reuse, at least as utility water. The

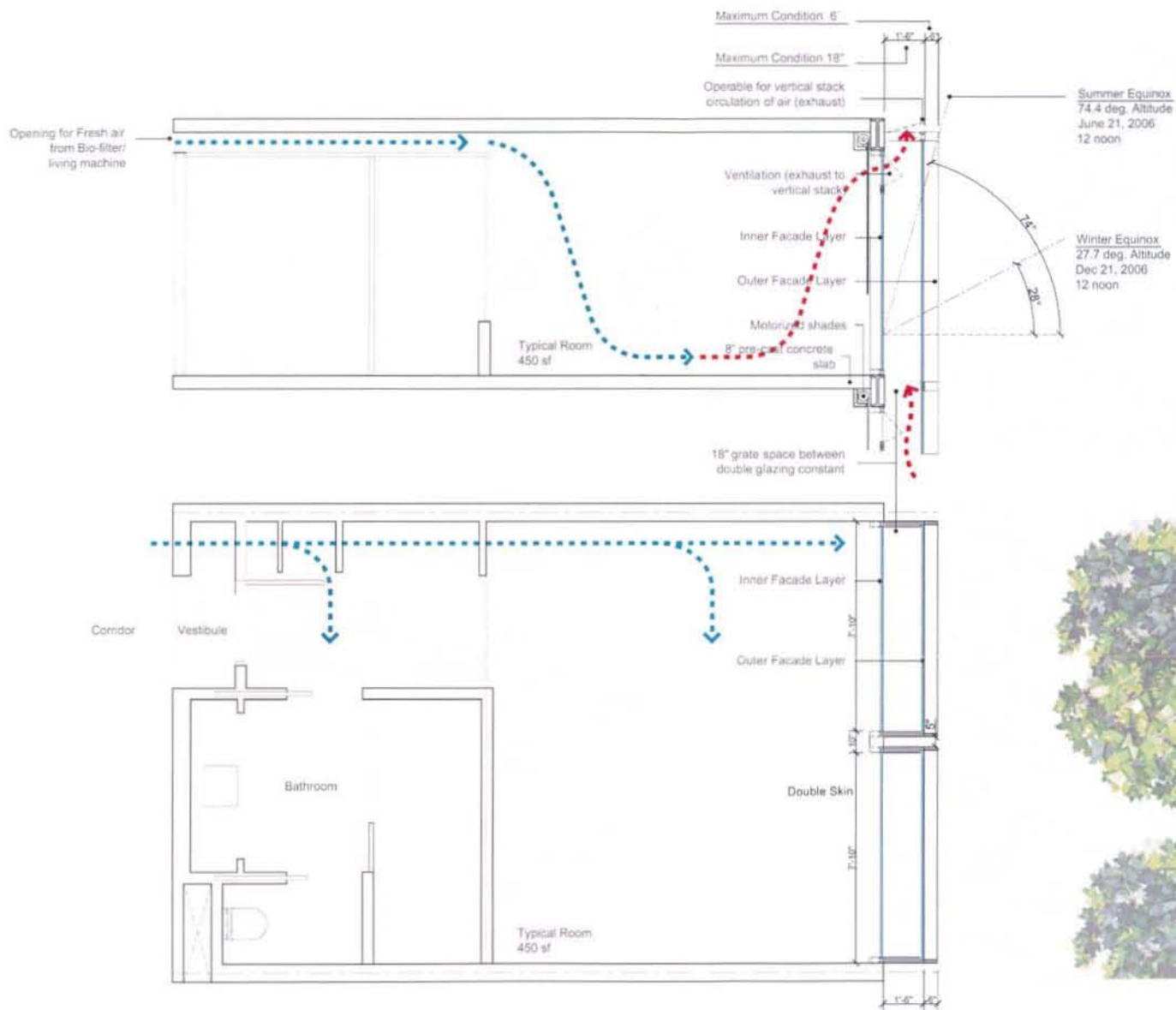
Gray Water Treatment & Re-Use: "Gray water" is wastewater collected from clothes washers, bathtubs, showers, and laundry or bathroom sinks. If properly collected and stored, it can be safely re-used, thereby reducing fresh water consumption. Reuse of gray water can also reduce the load on septic tanks and leach fields. Gray water may contain food particles, detergent or soap residue, and possibly some human pathogens. But as a general rule, gray water does not require extensive chemical or biological treatment before being used for landscape irrigation. Gray water can be put to other uses. It is best to use gray water on ornamental plants and lawns, or to irrigate trees, rather than on food plants, especially those that are often eaten raw; such as carrots or lettuce or herbs. Gray water may be immediately directed to landscaping, or it may be stored for later use. When stored, filtering the water is more important, to reduce the growth of any pathogens. Gray water should not be used for dust control, cooling, spray irrigation, or any other use that would result in air-borne droplets or mist.

Green Roof: A green roof is a roof of a building that is partially or completely covered with vegetation and soil, or a growing medium, planted over a waterproofing membrane. Vegetated roofs provide amenity space for building users, grow fruits, vegetables, and flowers, reduce heating (by adding mass and thermal resistance value) and cooling (by evaporative cooling) loads on a building, reduce the urban heat island effect, increase roof life span, reduce stormwater run off, filter pollutants and CO2 out of the air, filter pollutants and heavy metals out of rainwater, and increase wildlife habitat in built up areas.

Ventilated Double Façade: A ventilated double façade can be defined as a traditional single façade doubled inside or outside by a second, essentially glazed façade. Each of these two façades is commonly called a skin. A ventilated cavity - having a width which can range from several centimeters at the narrowest to several meters to the widest accessible cavities - is located between these two skins. There exist façade concepts where the ventilation of the cavity is controllable, by fans and/or openings, and other façade concepts where this ventilation is not controllable. The indoor outdoor skins are not necessarily airtight. Automated equipment, such as shading devices, motorized openings or fans, are most often integrated into the façade. The main difference between a ventilated double façade and an airtight multiple glazing, whether or not integrating a shading device in the cavity separating the glazing's, lies in the intentional and possibly controlled ventilation of the cavity of the Ventilated Double Façade.







VENTILATED DOUBLE FACADE/SKIN

Vertical stack: cools and ventilates interior spaces

Fresh air purify by Bio-filter/Living machine

Acoustic barrier to street



fresh air

exhaust air

Operable for vertical stack
circulation of air (exhaust)

Typical Condition 1'-6"

Ventilation (exhaust to
vertical stack)

Inner Facade Layer

Outer Facade Layer

Motorized shades

8" pre-cast concrete
slab

10" grate space between
double glazing constant

Summer Equinox
74.4 deg. Altitude
June 21, 2006
12 noon

Winter Equinox
27.7 deg. Altitude
Dec 21, 2006
12 noon



4. THE PROPERTY IS SHOWN AS 10000 S.W. 34th AVE AND 30th AVE IN SECTION 30.

5. THE HISTORICAL DATA IS BASED ON THE OFFICE OF THE SURVEYOR FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA PLATS AND PLANS.

6. THE SUBJECT PROPERTY IS LOCATED IN ZONE "H" (AREA OF URBAN FLOODING) AS SHOWN ON FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP (FIRM) COMMUNITY PANEL NO. 110000 0000 FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, DATED NOVEMBER 16, 1985.

7. THERE WAS UNDESIRABLE EVIDENCE OF RECENT CONSTRUCTION ON THE SITE.

8. THERE WAS NO UNDESIRABLE EVIDENCE OF RECENT STREET OR SIDEWALK CONSTRUCTION OR REPAIRS.

9. THERE WAS NO UNDESIRABLE EVIDENCE OF THE SITE BEING USED AS A SOLID WASTE TUMP, JUMP OR SANITARY LANDFILL.

10. THE HISTORICAL DATA IS BASED ON DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA INFORMATION 9-28, 02-05-02-23.

DB P 1 = 045 MAG. 127. ELIVATION=18.18

THE FOLLOWING HAVE BEEN TAKEN FROM THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA OFFICE OF ZONING AND SITE USE, 400 F STREET, N.W., 20001 COMMERCIAL, RESIDENTIAL, 1200.

"TOP" ZONE PERMITS BATHING OF RESIDENTIAL, COMMERCIAL, AND CERTAIN INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT TO A MAXIMUM LOT OCCUPANCY OF 70% FOR RESIDENTIAL USE, A MAXIMUM FLOOR AREA OF 6.5 FOR RESIDENTIAL, AND 2.0 FOR OTHER PERMITTED USES AND A MAXIMUM HEIGHT OF 30 FEET. RESIDENTIAL, RESIDENTIAL USE IS REQUIRED.

NEAR TOP - SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR EACH RESIDENTIAL BUILDING (SEE REGULATIONS).

FRONT TOP - NO DETACHMENTS LINED IN THE OFFICE OF THE SUPERVISOR.

PARKING REQUIREMENTS - IN EXCESS OF 2000 S.F., 1 SPACE FOR EACH ADDITIONAL 1,000 S.F. OF GROSS FLOOR AREA.

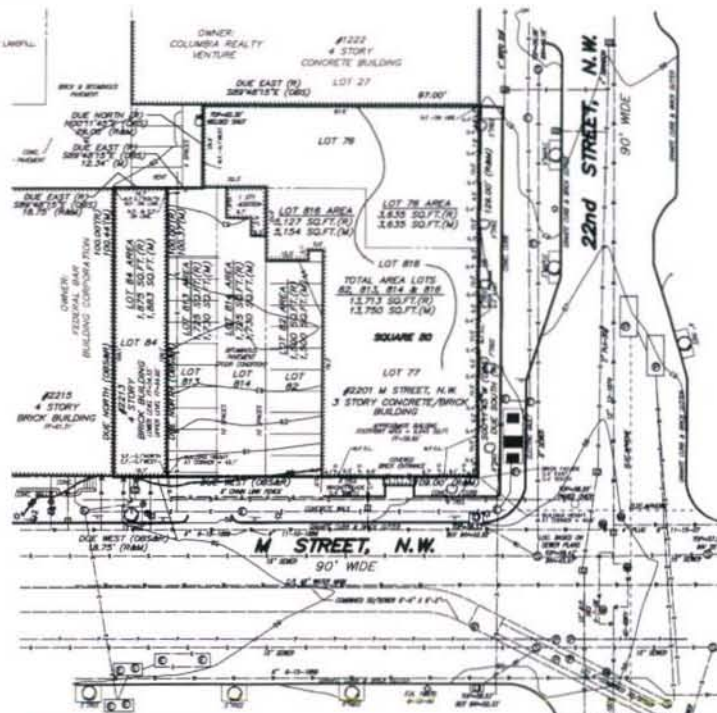
THIS INFORMATION DOES NOT CONSTITUTE A "ZONING OPINION" AND IS NOT THE SUBJECT OF ANY OTHER ZONING MATTER.

FOR LOTS 81, 813, 814 & 815 ONLY
TITLE REPORT FURNISHED BY CONNORHEADS LAND TITLE INSURANCE COMPANY
DATE: JULY 21, 2008
COMMITMENT NO. 08-003930

(ITEM 4) RIGHT-OF-WAY OVER THE REAR OF LOTS 813 AND OF LOT 814 SET FORTH IN LARSEN DEEDS AT
PAGE 81, (shown on this survey)
NOTE: THIS RIGHT-OF-WAY IS FOR THE USE AND BENEFIT OF THE TWENTY-ONE (21) FEET, THREE
FOUR (34) INCHES ROAD FRONT SETBACK.

LOT 80	
AREA (RECORD)	13,713 SQ.FT.
AREA (MEASURED)	13,760 SQ.FT.
AREA (RECORD)	1,875 SQ.FT.
AREA (MEASURED)	1,883 SQ.FT.
TOTAL AREA OF TWO SUPPLY	15,588 SQ.FT. (RECORD)
	15,643 SQ.FT. (MEASURED)

—	—	—	—	CABLE TELEVISION CONDUIT
—	—	—	—	ELECTRICAL CONDUIT
—	—	—	—	EDGE OF PAVEMENT
—	—	—	—	FENCE LINE
—	—	—	—	NATURAL GAS CONDUIT
—	—	—	—	OVERHEAD WIRE
—	—	—	—	TELEPHONE/COMMUNICATIONS CONDUIT
—	—	—	—	PROPERTY LINES
—	—	—	—	PUBLIC UTILITIES EASEMENTS
—	—	—	—	SANITARY SEWER CONDUIT
—	—	—	—	STORM DRAIN CONDUIT
—	—	—	—	WATER CONDUIT

[illegible]

BOUNDARY INFORMATION SHOWN HEREON WAS OBTAINED FROM OFFICIAL CITY RECORDS AND VERIFIED IN THE FIELD INsofar AS POSSIBLE. PROPERTY LINE DIMENSIONS FROM OFFICIAL RECORDS WAS NOT NECESSARILY AGREE WITH ACTUAL MEASURED DIMENSIONS. ALL PROPERTY LINES IN THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITH THE FINAL DETERMINATION TO BE MADE BY THE OFFICE OF THE SURVEYOR. A "SURVEY TO MARK" PREPARED BY DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA REGISTERED LAND SURVEYOR AND VERIFIED BY THE OFFICE OF THE SURVEYOR BE REQUIRED TO ESTABLISH A FINAL BOUNDARY DETERMINATION AND CONVEYANCE FOR THIS PROPERTY.



THE UNDERGROUND UTILITY LINES SPECIFICALLY NOTED IN THE TABLE BELOW AND GRAPHICALLY SHOWN HEREON HAVE BEEN LOCATED FROM A COMBINATION OF FIELD SURVEY INFORMATION AND EXISTING DRAWINGS. THE SURVEYOR WANTS TO GUARANTEE THAT THE UNDERGROUND UTILITIES SHOWN COMPRISE ALL SUCH UTILITIES IN THE AREA, EITHER IN SERVICE OR ABANDONED. THE SURVEYOR HAS NO KNOWLEDGE OF ANY OTHER UTILITIES LOCATED IN THE AREA. THE SURVEYOR WANTS TO CERTAINLY STATE THAT ANY UTILITIES NOT IDENTIFIED IN THE INFORMATION NOTED IN THE TABLE BELOW OR GRAPHICALLY SHOWN HEREON WERE NOT OBTAINED BY THE SURVEYOR. THE SURVEYOR HAS NOT PHYSICALLY LOCATED THE UNDERGROUND UTILITIES, UNLESS SPECIFICALLY NOTED ON THE DRAWING. THE FOLLOWING UTILITY COMPANIES HAVE BEEN ADVISED FOR THEIR PLANS AND RECORD UTILITY DRAWINGS.

[illegible]

THE OWNER/DEVELOPER OF THE SUBJECT PROPERTY IS RESPONSIBLE FOR OBTAINING INFORMATION AND COORDINATING WITH ALL OTHER UTILITIES NOT LISTED IN THE TABLE ABOVE. THE OWNER/DEVELOPER IS ALSO RESPONSIBLE FOR CONTACTING "WISCONSIN UTILITY" 48 HOURS PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.

Lot numbered Seventy-six (76) and Seventy-seven (77) in Hugh B. Rowland's subdivision of lots in Square numbered Fifty (50), as per plat recorded in Book 80 of Folio 159 is in the Office of the Surveyor for the District of Columbia.

Best property being now known for assessment and taxation purposes as Lot numbered Cuts Hundred Sixteen (116) in Square numbered Fifty (50).

Lot numbered Eighty-two (82) is Square numbered Fifty (50) is subdivided from by James Macmillan, as per plat recorded in Liber 146 of Page 128 in the Office of the Surveyor for the District of Columbia.

Part of Original Lot numbered Two (2) in Square number Fifty (50), described as follows: BEGINNING at the same of a point in the south line of said lot, Twenty (20) feet west of the southwest corner of said lot, and running thence West along said south line Seventeen and Twenty-five Hundredths (17.25) feet; thence North and at right angles to said south line, One Hundred (100) feet to the north line of said lot; thence East along said north line, Seventeen and Twenty-five Hundredths (17.25) feet; thence South and at right

South part of Lot numbered Two (2) being now shown for assessment and taxation purposes as Lot numbered Eight hundred Fourteen (814) in Square numbered FFy (30)

530

¹ See part of lot numbered Two (2) being now subject for assessment and taxation purposes to lot numbered Five (5), located within Block 3033, in square numbered Fifty (50).

430

Lot numbered Eighty-Four (84) in Square Numbered Fifty (50) is the addition made Robert J. Kling, as per plat recorded in the Office of the Surveyor for the District of Columbia in 1899 177 of Page 65.

TO: PERSEUS REALTY, LLC
COMMONWEALTH LAND TITLE INSURANCE COMPANY
16504-K PERSEUS W STREET, L.L.C.
W STREET PARTNERS, L.L.C.

THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT THIS MAP OR PLAN AND THE SURVEY ON WHICH IT IS BASED WERE MADE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE "MINIMUM STANDARD DETAIL REQUIREMENTS FOR ALTA/ACAD LAND-USE SURVEYS," FORMALLY ESTABLISHED AND ADOPTED BY ALTA AND NSPS IN 2003, AND REVISED THEREAFTER, AND THAT THE SURVEY WAS CONDUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE "STANDARD PRACTICES FOR ALTA/ACAD LAND-USE SURVEYS," FORMALLY ESTABLISHED AND ADOPTED BY ALTA AND NSPS IN 2003, AND REVISED THEREAFTER. THE SURVEYOR'S CERTIFICATE OF ACCURACY, AS ADOPTED BY ALTA AND NSPS AND IN EFFECT ON THE DATE OF THE CERTIFICATION, UNDERSTANDS/UNDERSTANDING CERTIFIES THAT IN MY PROFESSIONAL OPINION, A LAND SURVEYOR LICENSED IN THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, THE RELATIVE POSITIONAL ACCURACY OF THIS SURVEY DOES NOT EXCEED THAT WHICH IS SPECIFIED THEREIN.

SEPTEMBER 8, 2008

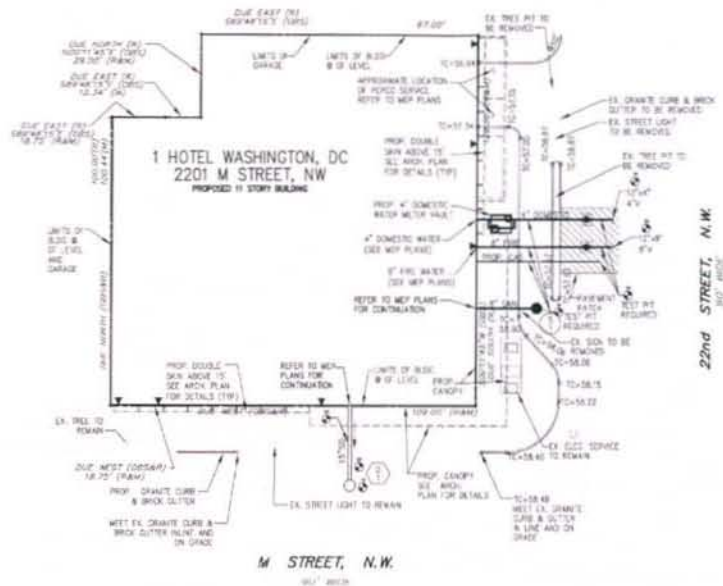
DATE	HARVEY L. JENKINS
	LICENSED LAW ENFORCER
	DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA #3300008

1 HOTEL WASHINGTON, DC
2201 M STREET NW
LOTS 76, 77, 82, 84, 813 & 814

TOPOGRAPHIC AND
ALTA/ACSM LAND
TITLE SURVEY

VIKA REVISIONS

PUD SUBMISSION 07-11-2007	
DATE: JULY, 2007	
DES. HLJ	DRAW. HLJ
SCALE: 1"=20'	
PROJECT/FILE NO. 1425A	
SHEET NO. C.01	



GENERAL NOTES:

- THE BUILDING INFORMATION (DIMENSIONS, UTILITY CONNECTIONS, ETC.) SHOWN ON THIS PLAN WAS TAKEN FROM PLANS PREPARED BY:

ARCHITECT:	DATE:
4-15-10 (SIDEWALK DESIGN)	N/A
SEP	DATE:
- IT IS THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO OBTAIN THE MOST CURRENT APPROVED ARCHITECTURAL / MEP PLANS AND COORDINATE SAME WITH SITE PLAN PRIOR TO BEGINNING CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS.
- THE CONTRACTOR IS TO VERIFY THAT THE LOCATION OF ANY UTILITY IN CONFLICT WITH PROPOSED WORK HAS BEEN CORRECTED, INCLUDING UTILITY POLES AND GUY WIRES.
- IF THE CONTRACTOR HAS ANY QUESTIONS AS TO THE EXISTING METHOD OR DETAIL OF THE PERFORMANCE OF ANY WORK OR THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS, OR WISHES TO CONTACT THE OWNER AT 202-462-4400 PRIOR TO COMMENCING WORK, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL MAKE IT AN ASSUMPTION OR INTERPRETATION MADE BY THE CONTRACTOR OR HIS SUBSIDIARIES.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY "MISS UTILITY" FOR MARKING LOCATIONS OF EXISTING UTILITIES AT 1-800-257-7777, 48 HOURS PRIOR TO ANY EXCAVATION OR CONSTRUCTION.
- INFORMATION CONCERNING UNDERGROUND UTILITIES WAS OBTAINED FROM AVAILABLE RECORDS. THE CONTRACTOR MUST OBTAIN THE EXACT LOCATIONS AND DEPTHS OF THE UTILITIES BY EXCAVATING TEST PITS BY HAND AT ALL UTILITY CROSSINGS WITH A MINIMUM OF 10 FEET. IF CLEARANCES ARE LESS THAN SPECIFIED ON THIS PLAN OR LESS THAN 12 INCHES, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONTACT THE OWNER AND THE OTHER BUREAU'S UTILITY BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH CONSTRUCTION.
- IT IS THE SOLE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR TO NOTIFY VIA THE MAINTENANCE OF ANY OBSTRUCTIONS AND/OR OBSTRUCTIONS OF UTILITIES FOUND BY ANY CONTRACTOR ENGAGED IN EXCAVATION AT THIS SITE.
- GRADING SHALL BE DONE IN SUCH A MANNER AS TO PROVIDE POSITIVE DRAINAGE.

- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL MARK THEIR NEAREST WORK TO STRUCTURES, WHEN NECESSARY, TO MOST EXISTING CONNECTIONS OR AS DIRECTED BY THE OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE.
- ALL EXISTING UTILITIES AND STRUCTURES NOT SHOWN TO BE REMOVED ARE TO REMAIN AND BE PROTECTED AS FUNCTIONAL.
- REPAIRS TO UTILITIES OR PROPERTY DAMAGE AS A RESULT OF THE CONTRACTOR'S NEGLIGENCE OR MISUSE OF OPERATION MUST BE MADE AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH CONSTRUCTION.

GENERAL ROADWAY PAVING CONSTRUCTION NOTES

- ALL ROADWAY WORK WILL BE PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH DCOTC STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS.
- ALL EXISTING UTILITIES WILL BE RELOCATED TO GRADE AS NECESSARY BY THE CONTRACTOR.
- STABLE SUBGRADE IS DEFINED AS THAT SOLID, UNCOMPRESSED 12-18" CAPABLE OF SUPPORTING TRAFFIC LOADS WITHOUT EXCESSIVE SETTLEMENT AS DETERMINED BY THE GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER.
- WHERE SATISFACTORY SUBGRADE IS ENCOUNTERED, IT SHALL BE MAINTAINED BY COMPACTION OR REPLACEMENT, AS REQUIRED.
- CONTRACTOR TO PROMOTE ROADWAY UNDERDRAINAGE PER DESIGNER'S SPECIFICATION IF REQUIRED.
- ALL EXISTING CURBS ALONG THE SITE IS TO BE EVALUATED IN ITS CONDITION BY THE CONTRACTOR AND DCOTC INSPECTOR PRIOR TO ANY NEW CONSTRUCTION TO DETERMINE THE EXTENTS OF EXISTING CURB TO BE REPLACED.

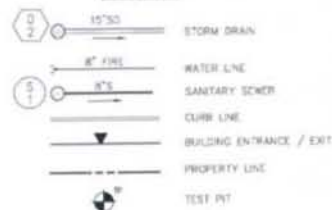
TEST PIT NOTE:

- INFORMATION CONCERNING UNDERGROUND UTILITIES WAS OBTAINED FROM AVAILABLE RECORDS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL OBTAIN THE EXACT LOCATIONS, ELEVATIONS AND DEPTHS OF EX. UTILITIES BY EXCAVATING TEST PITS BY HAND AT ALL POINTS OF CONSTRUCTION AND AT CROSSINGS. RESULTS FROM THEIR TEST PITS SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO THE ARCHITECT THE 15 WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO COMMENCING CONSTRUCTION AND/OR ORDERING MATERIALS.

COORDINATION NOTES:

- IF THE CONTRACTOR IS NOT PROVIDING STAMPELLED SERVICES, THE CONTRACTOR IS TO ESTABLISH AND CHECK ALL HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL CONTROLS TO BE USED WITH THIS PROJECT. IN ADDITION, THE CONTRACTOR IS TO COMPLETE THE LAYOUT OF THE EXISTING PLAN IN ADVANCE OF BEGINNING ANY WORK ASSOCIATED WITH THE SUBJECT PLANS.
- IT IS THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO OBTAIN THE MOST CURRENT APPROVED ARCHITECTURAL / MEP PLANS AND COORDINATE SAME WITH THE SITE PLAN PRIOR TO BEGINNING CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS.
- THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR COORDINATION OF CONSTRUCTION WITH THE FOLLOWING UTILITY COMPANIES SERVING THE SITE: PEROT, VERIZON, WASHINGTON GAS, DISTRICT CABLE VISION.
- CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL COORDINATION WITH THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA WATER AND SEWER AGENCY (DCWSA) FOR TAPPING FEES AND DETERMINING THE EXTENT OF WORK (FOR WATER CONNECTIONS) TO BE ACCOMPLISHED BY DCWSA.
- CONTRACTOR TO COORDINATE WITH THE OFFICE OF THE DC SURVEYOR TO ENGAGE A SURVEYOR LICENSED BY THAT OFFICE TO PERFORM A RECHECK SURVEY AS REQUIRED BY THE DC CODE IN ADVANCE OF PLACING CONCRETE ASSOCIATED WITH THE FOUNDATION.
- A SURVEYOR SHALL BE REQUIRED PRIOR TO START OF CONSTRUCTION, UTILITY INSPECTION SECTION AT 202-767-2112, WATER SERVICES 202-672-3400 OR 202-672-3400.
- DEVELOPERS, CONTRACTORS, AND PLUMBERS MUST SUBMIT FINAL CONSTRUCTION AS-BUILT INFORMATION TO THE APPROPRIATE DCWSA INSPECTORS FOR REVIEW AND APPROVAL. UPON COMPLETION OF NEW UTILITIES IN PUBLIC SPACE, APPLICANT MUST SUBMIT THESE DRAWINGS. AS-BUILT DRAWINGS MUST SHOW DIMENSION, ELEVATION, LOCATION OF ANY UTILITY AND PERMIT INFORMATION.
- ONCE THE AREA INSPECTOR APPROVES THE AS-BUILT, A COPY MUST BE SUBMITTED TO THE DCWSA AND PEROT'S OFFICE AT ROOM 202 AND THE WATER AND SEWER DESIGN SECTION AT 5000 OAKVIEW AVE., NW, 5TH FLOOR.

LEGEND



1 HOTEL WASHINGTON, DC
2201 M STREET, NW
LOTS 76, 77, 82, 84, 813 & 814
SQUARE 50
WASHINGTON, D.C.

SITE GRADING AND UTILITY PLAN

DCMA REVISIONS

NO.	DATE	BY	CHKD.	APP'D.
1	07-11-2007			
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CALL "MISS UTILITY" AT
1-800-257-7777
48 HOURS Before Start of Construction

PROJECT/FILE NO.
1425
SHEET NO.
C.02

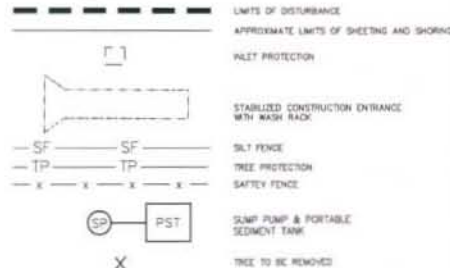
SITE

VICINITY MAP

NOTES:

1. ADDITIONAL SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES MAY BE REQUIRED AS WORK PROGRESSES.
2. SILT FENCE (SF) MAY BE RELOCATED DURING CONSTRUCTION TO CONTAIN DISTURBED AREAS AS THEY CHANGE.
3. STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCES MAY BE MOVED WITH INSPECTOR'S PERMISSION.
4. CONTRACTOR SHALL INSTALL 6' HIGH CONSTRUCTION FENCE AT THE LIMITS OF EXCAVATION.
5. ACTUAL LOCATION OF SLUMP PIT AND SEDIMENT TANK TO BE DETERMINED AT THE PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING.

LEGEND



EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR DUST CONTROL

1. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONDUCT OPERATIONS AND MAINTAIN THE PROJECT SITE AS TO MINIMIZE THE CREATION AND DISPERSION OF DUST. DUST CONTROL SHALL BE USED THROUGHOUT THE WORK AT THE SITE.
2. THE CONTRACTOR MUST PROVIDE CLEAN WATER, FREE FROM SALT, OIL, AND OTHER DEleterious MATERIAL, TO BE USED FOR ON-SITE DUST CONTROL.
3. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL SUPPLY WATER SPRAYING EQUIPMENT CAPABLE OF ACCESSING ALL WORK AREAS.
4. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL IMPLEMENT STREET DUST CONTROL MEASURES DURING ACTIVE CONSTRUCTION PERIODS ON-SITE. THESE CONTROL MEASURES WILL GENERALLY CONSIST OF WATER APPLICATIONS THAT SHALL BE APPLIED A MINIMUM OF ONCE PER DAY DURING DRY WEATHER OR MORE OFTEN AS REQUIRED TO PREVENT DUST UNDISBURG.
5. FOR WATER APPLICATION TO UNDISTURBED SOIL SURFACES, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL:
 - A. APPLY WATER WITH EQUIPMENT CONSISTING OF TANK, SPRAY BAR, PUMP WITH DISCHARGE PRESSURE GAUGE.
 - B. ARRANGE SPRAY BAR HEIGHT, NOZZLE SPACING AND SPRAY PATTERN TO PROVIDE COMPLETE COVERAGE OF GROUND WITH WATER.
 - C. SPRAY WATER THROUGH NOZZLES ON SPRAY BAR AT 20 PSI (13.8 x PSI) MINIMUM. KEEP WHEELS DAMP WITHOUT CREATING NUISANCE CONDITIONS SUCH AS FOGGING.
 - D. FOR WATER APPLICATION TO SOIL SURFACES DURING EXCAVATION AND/OR EXCAVATION, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL:
 - A. APPLY WATER WITH EQUIPMENT CONSISTING OF A TANK, PUMP WITH DISCHARGE GAUGE, HOSES AND NOZZLES.
 - B. LOCATE TANK AND SPRAYING EQUIPMENT SO THAT THE ENTIRE EXCAVATION AREA CAN BE MOISTENED WITHOUT INTERFERING WITH EXCAVATION AND/OR EXCAVATION EQUIPMENT OR OPERATIONS. KEEP AREAS DAMP WITHOUT CREATING NUISANCE CONDITIONS SUCH AS FOGGING.
 - C. APPLY WATER SPRAY IN A MANNER TO PREVENT WINDMIST OF PUMP BEYOND THE SITE BOUNDARIES.



CALL "MISS UTILITY" AT
1-800-257-7777
48 Hours Before Start of Construction

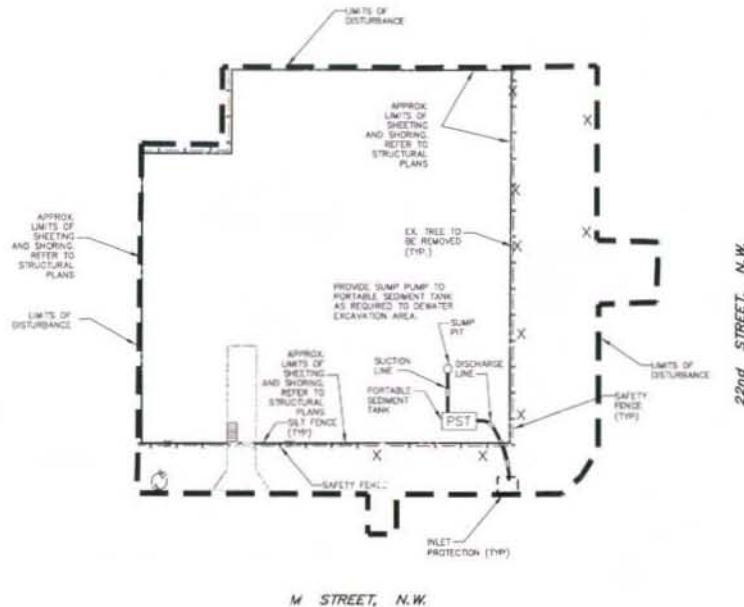
2201 M STREET NW
LOTS 76, 77, 82, 84,
813 & 814
SQUARE 80

SEDIMENT & EROSION
CONTROL PLAN

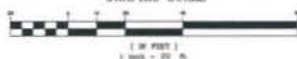
VKA REVISIONS

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PROJECT/FILE NO:
1425
SHEET NO:
C.03



GRAPHIC SCALE



STANDARD EROSION CONTROL NOTES

1. SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE INSTALLED BEFORE THE START OF ANY EXCAVATION AND/OR CONSTRUCTION AS PER STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA. IF AN ON-SITE INSPECTION REVEALS FURTHER EROSION CONTROL MEASURES ARE NECESSARY, THE SAME SHALL BE PROVIDED.
2. ALL SEDIMENT IS TO BE REMOVED FROM SITE.
3. ALLEY AND/OR STREETS/BIKEWAYS SHALL BE SWEEP CLEAN AT ALL TIMES DURING EXCAVATION, EXCAVATION AND CONSTRUCTION.
4. ALL CATCH BASINS AND DRAIN AREAS SHALL BE PROTECTED DURING EXCAVATION AND CONSTRUCTION.
5. IF ANY CATCH BASINS OR DRAINS BECOME CLOGGED AS A RESULT OF EXCAVATION, EXCAVATION OR CONSTRUCTION THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ITS CLEANING.
6. WHEN SEDIMENT TANK HAS REACHED 87% CAPACITY, CLEANING OUT OF TANK IS REQUIRED.
7. ANY STOCKPILING, REGARDLESS OF LOCATION SHALL BE STABILIZED AND COVERED WITH PLASTIC OR CANVAS, AFTER ITS ESTABLISHMENT AND FOR DURATION OF THE PROJECT.
8. AFTER RAINING OR EXCAVATION, THERE IS THE NEED FOR DISCOVERED TO PREVENT EROSION AND SEDIMENT RUNOFF FROM OCCURRING. SUCH AS APPLYING SEED, SOIL, PAVE, BROADCAST OR MULCH, ETC.
9. THE SITE'S APPROVAL LETTER, APPROVED EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLANS, SILENT LOG BOOKS AND TEST REPORTS SHALL BE AVAILABLE AT THE SITE FOR INSPECTION BY AUTHORIZED OFFICIALS OF DORA RESPONSIBLE FOR THE PROJECT.
10. TEMPORARY SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES MAY BE REMOVED, WITH PERMISSION OF DORA INSPECTOR, WITHIN THIRTY (30) CALENDAR DAYS FOLLOWING ESTABLISHMENT OF PERMANENT STABILIZATION IN ALL CONTRIBUTORY DRAINAGE AREAS. STORMWATER MANAGEMENT STRUCTURES USED TEMPORARILY FOR SEDIMENT CONTROL SHALL BE CONVERTED TO THE PERMANENT CONFIGURATION WITHIN THIS TIME PERIOD AS WELL.
11. VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION SHALL BE PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE DORA STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL. REFER TO APPROPRIATE SPECIFICATIONS FOR TEMPORARY SEEDING, PERMANENT SEEDING, MULCHING, SOCCING AND GROUND COVERS.
12. SEDIMENT REMOVED FROM TRAPS (AND BASINS) SHALL BE PLACED AND STABILIZED IN APPROVED AREAS, BUT NOT WITHIN A FLOODPLAIN, WETLAND OR TREE-SAVE AREA. WHEN PUMPING SEDIMENT LATER, WATER, THE DISCHARGE MUST BE DIRECTED TO A SEDIMENT TRAPPING DEVICE PRIOR TO RELEASE FROM THE SITE. A SLUMP PIT MAY BE USED IF SEDIMENT TRAPS THEMSELVES ARE BEING PUMPED OUT.
13. WHERE DEEMED APPROPRIATE BY THE ENGINEER OR INSPECTOR, SEDIMENT BASINS AND TRAPS MAY NOT BE SURROUNDED BY AN APPROVED SAFETY FENCE. THE FENCE MUST CONFORM TO LOCAL ORDINANCES AND REGULATIONS. THE DEVELOPER OR OWNER SHALL CHECK WITH LOCAL BUILDING OFFICIALS ON APPLICABLE SAFETY REQUIREMENTS. WHERE SAFETY FENCE IS DEEMED APPROPRIATE AND LOCAL ORDINANCES DO NOT SPECIFY FENCING SIZE AND TYPES, THE FOLLOWING SHALL BE USED AS A MINIMUM STANDARD. THE SAFETY FENCE MUST BE MADE OF WELDED WIRE AND AT LEAST 42 INCHES HIGH, HAVE POSTS SPACED NO FARTHER THAN 8 FEET, HAVE WELDS SPACING NO GREATER THAN 3 INCHES IN WIDTH AND 4 INCHES IN HEIGHT WITH A MINIMUM OF 14 GAUGE WIRE. SAFETY FENCE MUST BE MAINTAINED AND IN GOOD CONDITION AT ALL TIMES.
14. SEDIMENT CONTROL FOR UTILITY CONSTRUCTION FOR AREAS OUTSIDE OF DESIGNATED CONTROLS OR AS DIRECTED BY ENGINEER OR DORA INSPECTOR:
 - (A) CALL "MISS UTILITY" AT 1-800-257-7777 48 HOURS PRIOR TO THE START OF WORK.
 - (B) EXCAVATED TRENCH MATERIAL SHALL BE PLACED ON THE HIGH SIDE OF THE TRENCH.
 - (C) TRENCHES FOR UTILITY INSTALLATION SHALL BE BACKFILLED, COMPACTED AND STABILIZED AT THE END OF EACH WORKING DAY. NO MORE TRENCHES SHALL BE OPENED THAN CAN BE COMPLETED THE SAME DAY UNLESS.
 - (D) TEMPORARY SILT FENCE SHALL BE PLACED IMMEDIATELY DOWNSTREAM OF ANY DISTURBED AREA INTENDED TO REMAIN DISTURBED FOR MORE THAN ONE DAY.

OFF-SITE SPOIL, WASTE, OR BORROW AREAS IN THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA OR ON FEDERAL PROPERTY MUST HAVE PRIOR APPROVAL BY DORA. ALL WASTE OR BORROW AREAS OFF-SITE MUST BE PROTECTED BY SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES AND STABILIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ORDINANCES AND REGULATIONS OF THE JURISDICTION WHERE THE SPOIL, WASTE, OR BORROW AREA IS LOCATED/STABILIZED.

Existing Conditions Summary

1 Hotel Washington, DC
2201 M Street, NW

The existing 2201 M Street, NW site is comprised of approximately 0.36 acres (15,633 SF) of land located in the northwest quadrant of the 22nd and M Street intersection. The existing property encompasses several individual lots (Lots 62, 64, 813, 814, & 816), which are all improved with a combination of multi-story brick buildings, minor landscaping areas and/or paved surfaces. The impervious surfaces encompass the existing building rooftops, along with their respective bituminous pavement areas. The majority of the topography on the site is generally sloping from the north central portion of the site towards the property limits at the northern and southern portions of the site. The elevations on the site range from about elevation 64.0' in the center of the site to elevation 57.0' at the northeastern property, and to elevation 58.0' at the southeastern corner. Consequently, the runoff from the site is conveyed to the existing combined services just off the property on M Street via an existing storm drain inlet at the 22nd and M Street intersection. As per the survey conducted by VIKI, Inc. in September 2006, there are no stormwater management (swm) quality or quantity control measures that are being implemented on the site. Additionally, no streams, wetlands or water courses exist on or adjacent to the property.

SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL NARRATIVE

AREA OF SITE = 15,633 SQ. FT. (0.36 ACRES)

EXISTING CONDITIONS: EXISTING MULTI-STORY BRICK BUILDINGS AND AN EXISTING EXISTING PARKING AREA (BITUMINOUS PAVEMENT)

PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT: MULTI-STORY HOTEL BUILDING WITH UNDERGROUND GARAGE PARKING

APPROX. QUANTITY OF DISTURBED AREA = 22,050 SQ. FT.

DUE TO THE TOPOGRAPHY OF THE SITE AND EXTENT OF THE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES THE PRIMARY SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL MEASURE FOR THE SITE IS A SLUMP PIT WITH A PORTABLE SEDIMENT TANK.

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT NARRATIVE

AS PER THE EXISTING CONDITIONS SURVEY PREPARED BY VIKI, INC. IN SEPTEMBER 2006, THERE ARE NO EXISTING STORMWATER FACILITIES ON THE SITE. AS PART OF THE PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT, STORMWATER MANAGEMENT CONTROLS WILL BE PROVIDED VIA AN UNDERGROUND STORMWATER MANAGEMENT STRUCTURE OR THROUGH THE USE OF A GREEN ROOF FACILITY.

Project Name: 1 Hotel Washington, DC - 2201 M Street NW
Date: 11-Jul-07
Stormwater Management Computations

Depth of First Flush:
Roofs and Sidewalks 0.30 inches
Parking Lots and Roadways 0.50 inches

Rain Intensity:
2-Year 5.28 in/hr
15-Year 7.50 in/hr

C Factor:
Impervious 0.90
Permeous 0.30

Enter Site Details (Post Developed Values)

Impervious Area (Acres) 0.36 *Roofs and Sidewalks
0.00 *Parking Lots and Roadways
Permeous Area (Acres) 0.00
Total Site Area (Acres) 0.36
CSO Area (yes or no) yes

Determine Site Impervious Factor:

C= 0.90

Determine Flow Rates for Q2(pre) and Q15(post)

Q2(pre)= 0.57024 CFS
Q15(post)= 2.44644 CFS

Determine Quantity and Quality Control Volumes

Vquality= 382.04 CF Correction Factor 1.25
Vquantity= 704.7 CF Time of Concentration (Tc) 5 min
or 300 sec

Determine Flow Rate for First Flush (Qff)

Qff= 0.0972 CFS

Determine Number of Cartridges Required (N)

N= 2.945455 Units 3 Cartridges

Determine Rate of Release (Qr) for the system at 50% Clogged

Qr= 0.0465 CFS

Determine Time of Discharge (Td)

Td= 3.954545 hr

PRELIMINARY STORMWATER MANAGEMENT COMPUTATIONS

Project Name: 1 Hotel Washington, DC - 2201 M Street NW
Date: 11-Jul-07
Estimated Peak Quantities

Estimated Sewer Flow Computations

Average Sewer Flow 60 GPD Gallons/day/person
*Peak Sewer Flow 21600 GPD Gallons per day
*Assumes a maximum of 360 persons per day

Estimated Water Flow Computations

**Peak Domestic Flow 300 GPM Gallons per minute
***Peak Fire Flow 1000 GPM Gallons per minute
**Assumes an 4" domestic service
***Assumes an 8" fire service

Note: The estimated quantities noted above are based on the scope of the proposed improvements and the information obtained from the MEP.

PRELIMINARY WATER AND SEWER COMPUTATIONS

VIKI

1 HOTEL WASHINGTON, DC
2201 M STREET, NW
LOT 62, 64, 813, 814, 816
WASHINGTON, DC

COMPUTATIONS SHEET

VIKI REVISIONS

PLD SUBMISSION
07-11-07
DATE JULY 2007
DES. DMBL
FTC
SCALE: AS SHOWN
PROJECT/FILE NO. 1425
SHEET NO. 0.04