



District of Columbia Government
Advisory Neighborhood Commission 6A
Box 75115
Washington, DC 20013



Mr. Clifford Moy
Secretary of the Board of Zoning Adjustment
Board of Zoning Adjustment
441 4th St. NW, Suite 210
Washington, DC 20001

Re: BZA Case No. 18931 (721 11th Street, NE)

Dear Mr. Moy,

At a regularly scheduled and properly noticed meeting on February 12, 2015,¹ our Commission voted 8-0 (with 5 Commissioners required for a quorum) to take no position on the Applicant's request for special exceptions from the lot occupancy requirement (§ 403.2), the rear yard requirement (§ 404.1), and for additions to a nonconforming structure (§ 2001.3), given its view that additional zoning relief is required in this case including, at minimum, a variance from the accessory building height limit set forth at § 2500.4.

The applicant proposes to renovate and expand an existing two-story garage at the rear of the property resulting in a two-story structure measuring 23 feet in height from the alleyway. The applicant proposes to use the first floor of the new structure as a garage and the second floor as a residential unit. The applicant further proposes to include a footpath running from an entrance at the rear of the primary residence to the entrance to the garage and to cover that footpath with a wooden trellis.

The applicants have indicated that, in their view, BZA precedent supports the conclusion that the accessory structure and the primary residence constructed on the lot comprise a single building because the footpath between the accessory building and the primary structure is covered by a wooden trellis. As articulated below, it is the considered view of the ANC that, notwithstanding the presence of the trellis, the proposed construction represents the construction of an accessory structure that requires, at minimum, a variance from the height requirements of § 2500.4.

The ANC recognizes that prior BZA decisions have concluded that, in some circumstances, a footpath, covered by a trellis, may establish a "meaningful connection" between two separate buildings such that they can be considered a single "building" for zoning purposes. However, the Office of Planning's most recent proposed revisions to the District's zoning code evidence its intention that the BZA no longer adopt this interpretation of the zoning regulations.

As part of the Zoning Commission's ongoing review of the District's zoning regulations, it directed the Office of Planning at its July 10, 2014 public meeting to provide comments to assist the Zoning Commission in addressing the issue of what may constitute a "meaningful connection" between two structures such that they should be considered a single "building" for zoning purposes. As Commissioner May recognized

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District of Columbia

1 ANC 6A meetings are advertised electronically on the anc6a-announce@googlegroups.com, ANC 6A and NewHillEast yahoogroups, on the Commission's website, and through print advertisements in the Hill Rag.



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in raising this issue, there was considerable confusion regarding BZA's approach to this question.

In its most recent revised draft of the District's revised zoning regulations, dated November 2014, the Office of Planning responded to the Zoning Commission's request by including a proposed definition of "Building, Separate" that states the following: "Structures or sections shall be considered parts of a single building if they are joined by an enclosed connection that is fully above grade, is heated and artificially lit; and either a common space shared by users of all portions of the building, such as a lobby or recreation room, or space that is designed and used to provide free and unrestricted passage between separate portions of the building, such as an unrestricted doorway or walkway." The Zoning Commission did not raise any issue with this proposed definition and voted to approve the zoning regulation review for proposed action at its most recent meeting in December. Under this most recent guidance from the Office of Planning, a wooden trellis covering a walkway would not create a "meaningful connection" such that it could create a single "building" out of two separate structures as it is neither "enclosed" nor "heated and artificially lit."

The practical implications of treating the new accessory structure as part of a single "building" are significant in this case, as they permit the applicant to evade review under the more demanding standard of an area variance and simply to seek more lenient special-exception review. Simply by including a structure as ephemeral as a wooden trellis, which could be removed with little cost and effort once construction is completed, an applicant may evade entirely, among other zoning code provisions, the restrictions on accessory building height set forth at § 2500.4. As the Office of Planning correctly recognized, this is a perverse result and should not be permitted. We therefore urge you to recognize the new structure as an accessory building, and require that the applicant demonstrate entitlement to, at a minimum, a variance from the accessory-building height requirements set forth at § 2500.4.

Please be advised that Andrew Hysell and I are authorized to act on behalf of ANC 6A for the purposes of this case. I can be contacted at philanc6a@gmail.com and Mr. Hysell can be contacted at hysell6a06@gmail.com.

On Behalf of the Commission,

Phil Toomajian,
Chair, Advisory Neighborhood Commission 6A