GOVERNMENT OF

THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

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BOARD OF ZONING ADJUSTMENT

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REGULAR PUBLIC HEARING

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WEDNESDAY

MARCH 16, 2022

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The Regular Public Hearing of the District of Columbia Board of Zoning Adjustment convened via Video Teleconference, pursuant to notice at 9:58 a.m. EST, Frederick L. Hill, Chairperson, presiding.

BOARD OF ZONING ADJUSTMENT MEMBERS PRESENT:

FREDERICK L. HILL, Chairperson LORNA JOHN, Vice Chairperson CARL BLAKE, Board Member CHRISHAUN SMITH, Board Member (NCPC)

ZONING COMMISSION MEMBERS PRESENT:

ROBERT MILLER, Vice Chairperson Appointee
PETER G. MAY, National Park Service Designee
JOSEPH S. IMAMURA, Ph.D., Architect of the
Capitol Designee Appointee

OFFICE OF ZONING STAFF PRESENT:

CLIFFORD MOY, Secretary KEARA MEHLERT, Zoning Specialist

OFFICE OF PLANNING STAFF PRESENT:

CRYSTAL MYERS STEPHEN COCHRAN MATT JESICK

## D.C. OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL PRESENT:

MARY NAGELHOUT, ESQ.

The transcript constitutes the minutes from the Regular Public Hearing held on March 16, 2022.

A-G-E-N-D-A

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Application	No.	20492	of	5116	PSRV,	LLC					4

Application 1	No.	20663	of	Nancy	and V	/imes	h P	ate	=1	•	•	•	•	30
Application 1	No.	20658	of	1650	Harvar	d St	NW	•					•	67
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## P-R-O-C-E-E-D-I-N-G-S

2	(9:58 a.m.)
3	MR. MOY: Okay. So before the Board, this is a
4	we're scheduled as a limited scope hearing for Application
5	Number 20492 of 5116 PSRV, LLC. This application was caption
6	advertised for a special exception under the new residential
7	development permissions of Subtitle U, Section 421.1,
8	pursuant to Subtitle X, Section 901.2 and area variance from
9	their side yard requirements, Subtitle F, Section 306.1,
10	pursuant to Subtitle X, Chapter 10.
11	This would raze, R-A-Z-E, the existing building
12	and to construct a new detached three-story, 16-unit
13	residential building with cellar and penthouse in the RA-1
14	Zone, property located at 2405 Alabama Avenue, SE, Parcel
15	02210066.
16	As the Board will recall, this was last heard by
17	the Board on March the $2^{nd}$ , 2022, of course. Participating
18	on this limited scope hearing is Zoning Commissioner Peter
19	May, Chairman Hill, Mr. Blake, and I believe, Mr. Chairman,
20	Vice Chair John and Mr. Smith who have read into the record.
21	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay, great. Thank you. Vice
22	Chair John and Mr. Smith, you guys have both read into the
23	record, correct?
24	VICE CHAIR JOHN: Yes, Mr. Chairman.
25	MEMBER SMITH: Correct.

VICE CHAIR JOHN: And just a quick question before 1 we proceed. Was there a decision in 20526? 2 3 No, that's next, Ms. John. CHAIRPERSON HILL: 4 VICE CHAIR JOHN: Okay, thank you. 5 CHAIRPERSON HILL: Thank you. All right, let's see, and I apologize if that got out of whack. I thought 6 7 that, I don't know what I thought. I thought maybe it was 8 -- anyway, so let's see. Ms. Wilson, could you introduce 9 yourself for the record please? 10 MS. WILSON: Hi, Alex Wilson from Sullivan and 11 Barros on behalf of the Applicant in this case. 12 CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay, great. Thank you. All 13 right, so Ms. Wilson, can you tell us what happened since the 14 last time you were here? 15 MS. WILSON: Yes. So at the end of the hearing the Board requested we submit documents showing the location 16 17 of the easement since that was part of our variance argument. We are also asked to confirm that the proposed driveway could 18 be located where it was shown. 19 Because originally there was 20 a tree shown in the middle of the driveway. 2.1 We submitted the easement agreement showing the location of the easement, and it's also on the updated plan, 22 23 site plan and plat. We submitted those as well. And then 24 we also submitted the tree survey and photos of the trees. And there's actually not one large tree in that driveway.

It's three small trees which can be removed.

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So we've removed the trees from the plan as well, so the parking area can be developed as proposed on the plans. And that was, again, part of our variance argument, because the building cannot be located any further back due to the restriction with the easement.

CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. And I see that the easement, and the revised architectural plans, the plat, the tree survey -- okay, all right, let's see, I don't see, okay, all right. I know there was some question about some of this in terms of the, particularly with the area variance. I want to give my Board members an opportunity, particularly those who have read in, if they have any questions.

But first thing, I'll start with Commissioner May, because I know he had some questions concerning the area variance, I believe. And I don't know, Commissioner May, if the additional information has given you more questions or what have you. May I ask if you have anything to add?

COMMISSIONER MAY: I think the only question I have is based on the tree survey. It doesn't look like there are any trees that must be protected or that are driving the need for relief. Is that correct?

MS. WILSON: I'm not sure if the architects are on here, but yes, correct. There are no trees that need to be protected --

1	(Simultaneous speaking.)
2	COMMISSIONER MAY: Okay. No. I think you know,
3	they submitted the information that we needed to be able to
4	evaluate this.
5	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. Do my fellow Board
6	members, other than, well, I'll start with you, Mr. Blake,
7	because you're with us. Do you have any other questions?
8	MEMBER BLAKE: I do not.
9	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. Mr. Smith, do you have
10	any questions?
11	MEMBER SMITH: I may have a question. I did read
12	into it but, you know, the proposed area that would be within
13	the setback, it looks like it's on different levels. It's
14	a portion of the second bedroom on certain levels and then
15	a portion of the kitchen on other levels.
16	Was there, you know, an economic reason or
17	justification for the reason why you couldn't cut it back or
18	the Applicant couldn't cut it back eight feet to meet the
19	setback requirement? Was there an economic reason?
20	MS. WILSON: We did not present an economic
21	reason. It has to do with the building layout, and it's just
22	a more efficient building layout to have the additional 85
23	square feet there.
24	MEMBER SMITH: Okay. All right, thank you.
25	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. OP's not here, correct,

could you 1 Moy? Oh, I see Ms. Myers. Ms. Myers, introduce yourself for the record? 2 3 Hi, Crystal Myers with the Office of MS. MYERS: 4 I believe we gave testimony at the last time, so 5 you know that we are recommending support. So I just want to see if my 6 CHAIRPERSON HILL: 7 fellow Board members have any questions with the Office of 8 Planning. 9 MEMBER SMITH:

MEMBER SMITH: So, I do. So can you run through your justification for supporting it again? Was there some conversations with the Applicant about how they could potentially reduce it before OP got to a decision to support, you ran through different scenarios?

We did. I mean, we were ultimately MS. MYERS: satisfied with the argument of the efficiency of allowing the additional, I believe, 85 square feet. And we took into account the amount of space or square footage that would be needed. justified it understood So we or we justification as the existing property shape and narrowness exceptional for this block and square the narrowness severely limiting the building being located, how it can be feasibly located on the block.

And as you guys know, the property's width is 55 feet, and it goes narrower as you get towards the middle of the property and then goes down to zero in the rear. And

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approximately half of the property does not have sufficient width to reasonably accommodate an apartment building which is a use that is allowed in this zone. So we took that as being an extraordinary situation.

And again, we did look into this as being the amount of square footage that they're requesting being relatively a small amount. It being a reasonable argument for allowing for the efficiency of the building and the layout of the units, this argument could be a sufficient argument.

And when it comes to the public good aspect, oh, I'm sorry, the practical difficulties, if the proposed building is designed to provide — be required a side yard on side, and the required side yard for much of the other side, their requested side yard relief is for a small portion of the building near the widest portion of the property. The building layout is designed to take advantage of the widest portion of the property. So this portion of the building is necessary for adequate living space, increased lighting, and the air to the unit's functional layout, and efficient building design.

So we were satisfied that, you know, it would be a, like I said, a more efficient, better layout, allow for lighting to units. And we thought that was a satisfactory argument in light of the fact that, you know, the amount of

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square footage they're asking for and the shape and size of this property.

And as for the public good part of this, granting a variance for side yard relief did not result in a detriment to the public good. The relief would not result in the building's bulk or form being inconsistent with an apartment building area, and the separation between the buildings would be maintained.

The side yard relief requested is from the eastern property line. And they have that easement area which effectively serves as a side yard in a sense. So we were satisfied that the adjacent property would have sufficient space between their buildings and this building which would serve as sort of a side yard experience.

And as for the no substantial impairment to the intent of the regulations, most of the building would provide the required side yard. On the other side, they are providing their eight-foot requirement, so it's the eastern side that's the issue.

A small portion of the building requiring the side yard relief would be separated from the neighboring property by 16 feet because of the easement area. And we thought that effectively, you know, the zoning regulations, the intent of the regulations in that respect to the side yard is still being maintained. So that was generally our viewpoint on

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1	the variance relief. But again, you know, I'm here if you
2	have questions further on it.
3	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. Does anybody have any
4	questions of the Office of Planning?
5	All right. Mr. Mehlert, is there anybody here
6	wishing to testify? I don't think so.
7	MS. MEHLERT: No, there's not.
8	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. All right. Ms. Wilson,
9	do you have anything to add at the end?
10	MS. WILSON: No, thank you.
11	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. I'm going to go ahead
12	and close the hearing on the record.
13	Ms. Mehlert, if you could excuse everyone.
14	(Pause.)
15	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. It really was
16	thankfully, not thankfully, it was my colleagues that had
17	requested the additional information. And I thought the
18	additional information was helpful in determining how they're
19	meeting the area variance requirements.
20	I think that that easement, it being, as the
21	Office of Planning had just mentioned, actually somewhat of
22	a side yard, also makes me more comfortable with the argument
23	that the Applicant has given. So I'm glad we got to see the
24	easement and the revised architectural plans as well as the
25	tree survey

I would agree with the Applicant's arguments as to how they're meeting the relief, I'm sorry, the standards with which we're supposed to evaluate this relief as well as the argument that the Office of Planning has put together in support. And I would be agreeing with both the Applicant and the Office of Planning in relation to this application and voting to approve.

Commissioner May?

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COMMISSIONER MAY: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. So I agree. The information that was provided is helpful to understand the situation. And I do agree that the Applicant has met some of the prongs of the variance test.

However, I don't believe that applying the zoning regulations would create a practical difficulty. I believe the building could have been designed in such a way that they would get roughly the same square footage and modify the rear parking lot so that perhaps it would only handle four spaces or reduced by one from whatever it is now -- I forget the number, it's four or five -- that it was still possible to do something that was zoning compliant in terms of the parking spaces and have roughly the same building.

The fact that the easement ends at a certain point

I think means that you just have to shave off part of one of
the parking spaces in order to get access to the rest of the
spaces. I also believe that it's possible to design the

building in such a form that it either reduced the square 1 footage and still had reasonably sized units or reconfigured 2 them in a similarly efficient manner. 3 So I just am not convinced that there's no other 4 5 way to do this than to grant variance relief. So I would support the relief for having an apartment building in the 6 7 RA-1 Zone but not the variance relief. 8 CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. Well the design would 9 change then if you were to deny the area variance. 10 COMMISSIONER MAY: Right. CHAIRPERSON HILL: -- they couldn't even build 11 12 that thing anyway with the special exception of the new 13 residential zone anyway. 14 COMMISSIONER MAY: Right. If the majority of the 15 Board agreed with me, then I think they would have to submit 16 a revised design to get the relief for the RA-1 decision. 17 CHAIRPERSON HILL: I appreciate your Got you. thoughts, Commissioner May, and I guess we'll see where we 18 Once again, you know, we're voting in favor currently. 19 20 COMMISSIONER MAY: I could also add, I mean, 2.1 appreciate the fact that the Applicant was trying to navigate 22 various competing interests. And I think they told us that 23 there was a strong interest in the part of the neighbors in 24 ANC to maximize the parking on the site. And so I understand

how they steered into this place.

However, you know, the

difference of one parking space, I think, was not compelling 1 enough from my perspective. But I appreciate their efforts 2 to try to navigate all of this. 3 I just don't think that it's 4 enough to grant the variance. 5 CHAIRPERSON HILL: Right. They were trying to work with the ANC and the community in order to --6 7 COMMISSIONER MAY: Exactly. -- to have something work for 8 CHAIRPERSON HILL: 9 them. 10 COMMISSIONER MAY: Right. 11 CHAIRPERSON HILL: So all right, let's see, I'm going to go with Mr. Blake. I found the Applicant's 13 MEMBER BLAKE: Sure. supplemental filings, which included the easement and the 14 15 site plan and tree survey, very helpful 16 I believe the Applicant has met the burden of persuasive. 17 proof with regard to area variance. 18 The exceptional condition being the shape of the 19 lot along with the dimensional conditions of the easement 2.0 with the property to the east creates a practical difficulty 2.1 in that it creates, that its strict adherence to the zoning regulations creates what would be an awkward, less efficient, 22 2.3 and less functional floor plan leading to loss of bedrooms

and living room space and decreased light and air to the

units.

When I think about that, we could have potentially come up with another configuration. But the difficult issue here is of practical difficulty. And I did think that this rose to the standard of a practical difficulty.

I found the dimension restrictions, conditions of the existing easement, a critical factor in the assessment as it makes the reconfiguration very challenging when you factor in the parking and loading.

As I believe the Applicant has demonstrated the exceptional condition of the property leading to a practical difficulty, I believe the granting of relief isn't harming with the regulations. However, I also find that the 16-foot easement is a critical factor in assessing the impact on the public good, and the harmony -- the zoning relief and the intent and purpose of harmony.

I'll say why. Because the 16-foot easement, as the Office of Planning pointed out, is a critical factor in assessing the impact. The purpose of the setbacks was to ensure that one building doesn't infringe upon the others light, right to light, sunlight, ventilation, greenery, and vehicle access.

Based on the current development standards of RA
1, there should be eight feet on either side of the property

line for a total of 16 feet between the two buildings which

is exactly what the easement provides. So I believe the area

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should provide adequate space between the two buildings such that the granting of relief would not adversely affect the public good nor conflict with the intent and purposes of the zoning regulation.

Turning to the special exceptions, for the reasons discussed in the final property area variance, I believe that the project will be harming the general purpose of intent of the zoning regulations and will not tend to affect adversely the use of neighboring property.

I acknowledge the concerns raised by the adjacent neighbor to the west regarding parking, the location of trash receptacles. I believe that the Applicant has taken sufficient measures to mitigate the impact on neighboring property. The trash will be enclosed in the rear to the east of the property nearest the driveway. And while I understand the neighbor's concern to the west about parking, I would note that the Applicant is providing five spaces while only three are required.

I'm disappointed that the ANC did not provide a written report, ANC 8B, to accord great weight. That said, based on the record, and giving great weight to the recommendation of the Office of Planning which recommends approval, and noting no objection from DDOT, I believe the Applicant has met the burden of proof and should be granted special exception relief to allow for the residential zoning.

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And I'll prepared to vote in favor of the application.

CHAIRPERSON HILL: Thank you, Mr. Blake. Mr.

MEMBER SMITH: So to reiterate again what I stated at the beginning of this conversation about this case, that while I was not at the hearing when this was first held, I have read into the record and I am prepared to make a decision on this in my capacity.

Also, I'll start with the special exception. believe that the Applicant has met the burden of proof for us to be able to grant this special exception. So again, in listening to the record from the second, yes, the second, thank the Applicant for coming back to revise application with additional architectural plans, and the tree survey, and the easement agreement, and the location to assuage us and the concerns raised by members of the public that they came down to speak, as well as the Board members who were participating, their concerns about the impact the trees in association with this development. So I would be in support of the special exception.

Now moving to the area variance, I believe that the Applicant has met -- I agree with Mr. May, I believe that the Applicant has met two of the prongs, but I am failing to see how they met the practical difficulty prong. I do believe that this, and that was the reason for my questions

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to the Applicant and to OP.

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It seems to me it should have been a much stronger analysis on the part of OP on how this building could not meet the setback requirements. And we've had plenty of apartment buildings of this particular size and number of units that were on smaller lots than what we have before us.

the property narrows, but was there attempt to meet the setback requirements. And again, what I saw within that setback is, you know, a kitchen space and larger bedrooms. And to me, that gets more into comfortability purposes, and less so a practical difficulty in them being able to develop an apartment building with the same number of units.

So based on the information within the record, I am failing to see how they meet that practical difficulty prong. And I would not be in support of the variance being granted in this case and would recommend that the Applicant, you know, we'll see how things fall, meet that setback requirement.

While I understand the argument about the easement, the zoning regulations are the zoning regulations. And I wouldn't take into account an easement. An easement can go away, you know, if the parties agree for their easement to go away. And then we're in the situation where there's a restriction of light and air to the adjacent

property owners due to this encroachment.

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And I don't buy the argument that it's a fairly small encroachment. By that argument, then we should allow all encroachments with a variance. So again, I don't believe that there was a very strong argument on the part of the Applicant and OP in their staff report for us to grant this variance. So with that, I will not support the variance.

CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. We've got the two zoning people, whatever. I know we've got Ms. John. Ms. John, what are your thoughts, Ms. John?

VICE CHAIR JOHN: So I really didn't feel, well, it was not the strongest request for an area variance. But I thought, in terms of the practical difficulty, but I do appreciate the Applicant's argument, and so I'm leaning towards support.

I think it's an irregularly shaped lot, I mean, triangular shape with a rare narrowing. I think that the Applicant did a good job of trying to place the building in the largest part of the lot. And I'm not an architect, and it seemed reasonable to me that the Applicant would have made those tradeoffs in terms of, you know, the layout and the size of the units. So I'm leaning towards support, and I agree with how the Office of Planning looked at the application.

I appreciate that the easement would mitigate the

effects of not having the side yard in that small portion. And the Applicant is not seeking side yard relief for the entire length of the side yard. So I think that, you know, in this case, because the lot is so irregularly shaped, and even without greater architectural analysis, which I'm not qualified to perform, I think the Applicant did a good job of balancing the competing interests.

And even after doing all of that, the ANC did not submit any supplemental report, you know, suggesting that ANC now supports the application. So in this case, I am prepared to say that the application meets the request for area variance.

And I note that with the last submission, the Applicant has addressed the issues raised by one neighbor in terms of parking, and trash, and recycling. And so, based on all of that, I will give great weight to OP's analysis.

And I respect and understand the position of Mr. May and Mr. Smith, but in this case I think the easement, which I believe I understand to be in perpetuity, and I think I should, since Mr. Smith has raised it, I believe that's what I read when I looked at that easement. So with that I'll support the application.

CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. Thank you. Thank you, Ms. John. I guess, you know, Ms. John, you're mentioning the plans, and I also don't know, you know, whether or not we

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1	went back to ask the Applicant to change the plans so that
2	the area variance was not necessary if it were, again, what
3	the community was looking for with the additional parking,
4	or working with the design to manipulate it so that the area
5	variance wasn't necessary.
6	I do still, and I appreciate all my colleagues
7	thoughts, believe that they've met the criteria for us to
8	grant this relief. So I'm going to go ahead and make a
9	motion to approve Application Number 20492 as captioned and
10	read by the Secretary and ask for a second. Ms. John?
11	VICE CHAIR JOHN: Second.
12	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Mr. Moy, if you can take a roll
13	call, please?
14	MR. MOY: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. When I call
15	each of your names, if you would please respond with a yes,
16	no, abstain to the motion made by Chairman Hill to approve
17	the application for the relief requested. The motion was
18	seconded by Vice Chair John.
19	Zoning Commissioner Peter May?
20	COMMISSIONER MAY: No.
21	MR. MOY: Mr. Smith?
22	MEMBER SMITH: No.
23	MR. MOY: Mr. Blake?
24	MEMBER BLAKE: Yes.
25	MR. MOY: Vice Chair John?

1	VICE CHAIR JOHN: Yes.
2	MR. MOY: Chairman Hill?
3	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Yes.
4	MR. MOY: Staff will record the vote as three to
5	two to zero. And this is on the motion made by Chairman Hill
6	to approve the application for the relief requested. The
7	motion of approve was seconded by Vice Chair John. Also in
8	support of the motion to approve is Mr. Blake.
9	Opposed to the motion, voting no, is Zoning
10	Commissioner Peter May and Mr. Smith.
11	The motion carries on a vote of three, to two, to
12	one.
13	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay, great. And Commissioner
14	May, thank you for bifurcating the vote there. But I guess
15	that, you know, it just kind of happened.
16	COMMISSIONER MAY: I understand. And it's, you
17	know, in this, I can count the votes. So it doesn't really
18	make a difference in the end. I mean, it certainly was clear
19	on the record that I was willing to support the special
20	exception relief but not the variance. So it is what it is.
21	They have their case approved.
22	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. All right,
23	Commissioners, that's the end of you today?
24	(Laughter.)
25	COMMISSIONER MAY: It's the end of my time with

1	BZA today, yes.
2	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay, great. Well I'm glad,
3	Commissioner May, it's not the end of you today.
4	COMMISSIONER MAY: Yes. And I appreciate your
5	getting it all in so that I could move on to something else
6	at 10:30. So thank you very much.
7	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Thank you, Commissioner.
8	COMMISSIONER MAY: And have a good day.
9	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Ms. John, as you know, I am
10	not on the next one. So I'm going to tune out until you guys
11	come back. Thank you.
12	VICE CHAIR JOHN: Thank you. Mr. Moy, would you
13	call the next case, please?
14	(Whereupon, the above-entitled matter went off the
15	record at 10:27 a.m. and resumed at 10:38 a.m.)
16	CHAIRPERSON HILL: All right, Mr. Moy, you want
17	to go ahead and call our next case when you can?
18	MR. MOY: Yes, sir, this is the next application
19	in the Board's Public Hearing session. And it is Application
20	Number 20663 of Nancy and Vimesh Patel.
21	This application is captured and advertised for
22	special exceptions in area variance, special exceptions from
23	the rear yard requirements, Subtitle E, Section 306.1,
24	pursuant to Subtitle E, Section 5201 and Subtitle X, Section

25 901.2, accessory building, rear yard requirements, Subtitle

E, Section 500441, pursuant to Subtitle E, Section 5201 and 1 Subtitle X, Section 901.2, and of course the area variance 2 from the lot occupancy requirements, Subtitle E, Section 3 304.1, pursuant to Subtitle X, Section 1002. 5 This would construct a rear addition attached, two-story with basement. existing, Principal 6 7 dwelling unit in the RF-1 Zone, property located at 1656 Hobart Street, NW, Square 2591, Lot 778. 8 9 And that's it for me, Mr. Chairman. CHAIRPERSON HILL: 10 Thanks. All right, let's see. Mr. Clancy, can you introduce yourself for the record? 11 12 MR. CLANCY: Yes, sir, good morning. My name is I'm with Applied and Improved Permits. 13 Jeremy Clancy. Му home address, I think I heard that at the beginning of the 14 15 day, is 748 Chessie Crossing Way in Woodbine, Maryland 21797. 16 CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay, great. All Let's see. 17 right, Mr. Clancy, do you want to go ahead and just walk us through your -- I see your PowerPoint presentation. 18 If you want to walk us through your Applicant's, I'm sorry, your 19 2.0 Client's application and why you believe they're meeting the 2.1 standard for us to grant the relief requested. And in about 22 15, well, I'm going to time you at 15 minutes, and you can 23 begin whenever you like.

only need five, but I believe Mr. and Mrs. Patel are here.

MR. CLANCY:

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So when I start I really probably

1	And I believe they wanted to say something first.
2	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay.
3	MR. CLANCY: Is that okay?
4	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Sure. Mr. and Mrs. Patel, are
5	you here? I see one Patel.
6	MR. PATEL: Hi there, good morning. We are here.
7	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay, great. Do you want to
8	introduce yourselves for the record?
9	MR. PATEL: Yes. I'm Vimesh Patel, I live at
10	1656 Hobart Street, NW, in Washington, D.C.
11	MS. PATEL: And I'm Nancy Patel, I also live at
12	1656 Hobart Street, NW, in Washington, D.C.
13	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. Do you guys want to give
14	us your statement?
15	MR. PATEL: Thank you, Mr. Chair. Is it possible
16	to have the presentation brought up? We wanted to walk
17	through that.
18	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Sure. Ms. Mehlert, can you do
19	that?
20	MR. PATEL: Thank you. Next slide, please. We
21	both really appreciate your time today to present our case.
22	What you see on the left is a picture of the front of our
23	house in Mount Pleasant in DC. And on the right you'll see
24	why we're here today. What you'll notice is that retaining
25	wall and fence is at the basement level of our house, not the

first floor, the basement level. So to get to the alley, you have to proceed to the basement and then an additional floor below from the basement to get to our alley.

You know, we bought this house in January of 2020. The pandemic happened in March, and I think everyone realized that outdoor space is really important. Because of this configuration, we don't really have a lot of outdoor space. We have three small children and, you know, it's been tough to have to have to figure out ways to get them outside when what we really would like to have is kind of a back yard, really, so that we can ask them to, you know, they can go out and play.

And if you go to the next slide, so our project, oh, sorry, and we just wanted to show you pictures of both up and down the alley. There are many structures, garages with decks and fences on top on both sides of the alley. So this is a common thing, you know, on this Hobart/Harvard alley.

The next slide, please. So what our proposal is is to basically extend our, you know, basement level with a deck effectively making a back yard for our family to play. It was kind of the simplest thing that we thought of so that, you know, we actually have a reasonable, safe and secure area for our family and our small children to go out and play. So the right side is basically what we are proposing. The

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left side is the way that it is today. 1 The next slide. And this shows --2 3 Can you hold on just CHAIRPERSON HILL: I don't know if you've taken the oath. Mr. 5 Secretary, could you administer the oath to the Patels, please. 6 7 MR. MOY: Yes. Mr. and Mrs. Patel, do you 8 solemnly swear or affirm that the testimony you're about to 9 present or have presented in this hearing is the truth, the 10 whole truth, and nothing but the truth? 11 MR. PATEL: I do. 12 MS. PATEL: I do. All right, thank you. 13 MR. MOY: CHAIRPERSON HILL: All right, thank you. 14 Please continue. 15 Thank you. So this is kind of a look 16 MR. PATEL: 17 from the top. And, you know, what we wanted to show you is we're really trying to have a rear yard where the kids can 18 We intended to have some artificial turf. 19 play. However, 2.0 we did listen to a few hearings in preparation for this and 21 the Gray School discussion on the dangers of artificial turf has given us a little pause. But our intent is to have, you 22 23 know, a back yard and some outdoor space. And so that's what 24 we're trying to do.

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situation, as OP has noted, is that from the front to our basement, you know, there's a full level between our basement level into the alley and parking area. So the back yard that we currently have is really, really small. We don't change, in particular, the nature or character of the alley as you seen by the pictures of it. And, you know, understand from talking to OP that the lot occupancy regulations are in place to promote outdoor space. And that's really what we're attempting to do for our family with the variance.

The slide please. The special next two exceptions, one is for the rear yard. Well, we don't have a rear yard, and we're trying to make one. So that's kind of what we're asking for. And we understand that, you know, it is classified as a building, what we're trying to build. And so we do need a special exception for that, and then also, you know, to have that building located in the rear yard. But again, effectively what we are trying to do is make a rear yard for ourselves.

And the last slide, just to kind of show you what we've done, we started this project almost a year ago. So it's been quite a long time to get through the permitting approval process, but we did present to HPRB and received their approval. In advance of that the ANC passed a resolution. In our file are letters of support from our

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immediate surrounding neighbors. And then you also can see 1 report, and an ANC resolution for 2 the OP staff this 3 request, and noted no objections from DDOT. particular 4 That's all I have. But I'd like Mr. Clancy to 5 chime in as well. Mr. Chairman, I'm prepared to now. 6 MR. CLANCY: 7 Do I need to take an oath as well? 8 CHAIRPERSON HILL: Hi, Mr. Clancy. Oh, I think 9 Mr. Clancy, I guess when you -- there might have been a 10 glitch with the Patels, Mr. Clancy. When you signed up I 11 believe you did take the oath. 12 MR. CLANCY: Okay. You could go ahead. 13 CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay, great. 14 MR. CLANCY: So good morning again. 15 Aqain, my name is Jeremy Clancy. Just I want to, 16 appreciate you guys hearing this request and affording us the 17 opportunity to speak with you regarding the application. 18 Just as a quick recap, this project proposes to construct a 16 by 19 open deck on the rear of the Patel's 19 20 property which will be beyond a small existing deck in the 21 going to echo a lot of what you already rear yard. I'm 22 going to expand on the three but Ι'm 23 themselves just a little bit. And I'll be brief. 24 A full story under this deck is the existing

parking pad which will remain in its current condition which

is flush with the existing alley. As noted, the Patels were directed by the Office of the Zoning Administrator that they would need three different types of relief. One was an area variance for the lot coverage. One was a special exception for an accessory garage in the rear or in the required rear yard. And the final one was a special exception for not meeting rear setback.

If I may, please allow me to briefly paraphrase from our burden of proof and address each. The first type of relief sought is an area variance required due to exceeding the maximum allowable lot coverage. As the notes and computations sheet provided show, the existing conditions reflect that the lot coverage already slightly exceeds the maximum as it exists today.

The proposed 16 by 19 open deck would add 304 square feet. Besides the shallowness of the lot creating a very small rear yard, the exceptional attribute is actually its topography. The subject dwelling main level is an entire floor above the level on the rear alley.

other words, the basement is area completely above ground in actually the rear. It's In fact, the houses directly across the technically two. alley continue to descend in elevation. And their uppermost floor is approximately level with the main floor or middle floor of the subject property.

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In their statement of support, the Office of Planning offered that there is a 17 percent drop from the front of the lot to the rear. This elevation change renders over half of the small rear yard useless as it drops down to the alley level. Furthermore, as you can see in the supplied photographs, the entire 16 by 19 area the deck is proposed to occupy above is above the 16 by 19 existing parking pad. One could argue that this area of paving is already lot occupancy as this is where the vehicle is occupied, though we understand in zoning regulations that's not the case.

The proposed open deck is going above this area in order to enjoy this majority area of the rear yard that is currently unusable. The houses directly across the alley do not have this issue, due to that drop in topography. Denying this relief request would create both a practical difficulty and undue hardship on this subject property that the neighbors across the alley do not have.

Photographs also show that the vast majority of neighboring houses in the same row as the subject property have occupied the same or more of their lot as most of these houses have detached, enclosed garages in the same location. From the alley, the neighbor to the left of the subject property has an enclosed garage that goes right up to the alley. And the one on the right also extends well beyond what the current conditions reflect on the subject property.

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During the Historic Preservation Board hearing, it was noted in their approval that the Patel's are actually the outlier in the area, not having improvements closer to the alley. The proposed construction area is already occupied by the parking pad, and the proposed open deck will simply occupy the elevated area above allowing the use of the entire rear yard instead of a mere fraction.

The second relief was to Section 5004.1, according to the referral memorandum, which states that the proposed accessory garage would be constructed in the rear yard. We just wanted to make clear the Applicant is not proposing an accessory garage in any way. The proposed project is an open deck over the existing parking pad. While it is true that vehicles will continue to be able to park underneath of the proposed deck, in my opinion this does not create a garage. There will be no wall or garage doors on the front.

The neighbor to the left when standing in the alley does have an existing enclosed garage that extends all the way to the alley. But the wall of their garage is entirely on their property. The neighbor to the right shares a stairwell with the Patels which will remain the very stairs needed due to the elevation change. And again, no enclosure is planned here.

However, we understand why the relief is needed, and we just want to make clear that the parking area is in

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no way being altered. The parking area is currently in the rear yard and proposed to stay in the rear yard. The only proposed construction is the open deck occupying the space above.

Since this relief is to allow an accessory garage in the rear yard, it should be clear that granting a special exception for an open deck to go over an existing open parking pad easily meets the test of not having substantially adverse effect on the use or enjoyment of any abutting or adjacent dwelling or property. If anything, not granting this relief request again relegates the subject property as being the outlier in the row of houses to not have this portion of their lot occupied.

More specifically, granting this open deck over an existing parking pad and not an accessory garage will not affect the light and air available to neighboring properties. Leaving the parking area open actually demonstrates this. Further, the neighboring properties in large part have more obtrusive enclosed garages even beyond. The privacy of use and enjoyment of neighboring properties will not unduly be compromised.

The houses across the alley are an entire level lower and will still see the open parking pad as they do today. The accessory structure, together with the original building as viewed from the alley will not substantially

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visually intrude upon the character, scale, and pattern of houses along the frontage.

Again, this lot is a standout, as it does not extend to the alley at the other houses do. The current patio area on the subject property has an existing privacy panel that will be removed and reinstalled at the end of the open deck. The visual appearance will be nearly identical to what it is today and much more in harmony with the surrounding property.

And the final relief requested, according to the referral memorandum to Section 306.1, requires a rear yard of 20 feet. The proposed open deck would extend to approximately 1.5 or one and half feet from the property line, but the notes and computation sheets supplied by the reviewer states that the proposed work would have an eight and a half foot setback, presumably to the center line of the alley which is 15 feet wide.

In the preceding relief description, the memorandum clearly considers the proposed deck project an accessory building because of an implied garage. The facts in the matter in support for relief remains unchanged. As stated earlier, the rear yard is small already. A hardship on the Applicant is exacerbated by the significant typography rending the majority of the rear yard unusable. The subject property stands out in the alley as the lot that does not

utilize their entire lot.

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Denying this request will convey special treatment nearly every other house while creating practical difficulty and undue hardship here. As shown photographs, nearly every house on this alley does not meet the 20-foot rear setback. The adjoining neighbor has an enclosed garage that goes completely to the property line.

And so as to not repeat myself, I would echo the identical points made earlier regarding no effect to the light and air of the neighboring properties, no compromise enjoyment the privacy of use and οf neighboring properties, and not visual intrusion upon the character, and pattern of houses along the scale, subject street If anything, your approval here would render this property more harmonious with their surrounding counterparts.

So in closing, this challenging topography has created the hardship. The Patels have spent countless months designing, meeting, redesigning, obtaining neighbor approval, securing their ANC approval, being heard and approved at the Historic Preservation Board, and gaining the written support from the Office of Planning well the as as Department of Transportation, all for a 16 by 19 deck extension, a 304 square foot area giving them the use of a rear hard that all of their neighbors enjoy.

This many months in, we exhaustively and

1	respectfully ask for your approval in this final request and
2	appreciate your time in hearing it today. And thank you.
3	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay, thank you. Ms. Mehlert,
4	can you drop the slide deck, please? Thank you.
5	All right. Does my Board have any do my fellow
6	Board members have any questions? Mr. Blake?
7	MEMBER BLAKE: Yes, one question. What's the
8	dimensions of the existing deck?
9	MR. PATEL: It's not a deck, it's a retaining
10	wall, and then there's dirt, and then a stone patio. And
11	it's approximately eight and half feet from the house.
12	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Isn't there a deck there on
13	that floor?
14	MR. PATEL: Well, if you look at the picture, that
15	retaining wall, and then behind that retaining wall is
16	basically dirt, and then on top of the dirt is, like, a
17	stone, you know, it's stone. It's not a deck currently.
18	MEMBER BLAKE: So in that case, it's going to be
19	basically eight and half feet by 19, is what that space will
20	be like, the rough dimension?
21	MR. PATEL: Yes. More or less except, you know,
22	some of that's taken up by stairs coming down from the first
23	floor.
24	MEMBER BLAKE: Okay, thank you.
25	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Mr. Smith?

1	MEMBER SMITH: I have a question. And I recognize
2	that your adjacent property owners, the adjacent properties
3	around you, they have garages that go all the way up to the
4	rear yard.
5	In light of the zoning regulations, the zoning
б	regulations state that, regarding the lot occupancy, the
7	maximum would be 70 percent by special exception. Was there
8	some consideration to having a smaller projecting deck that
9	went up to the maximum allowed by special exception?
10	MR. PATEL: Yes, Mr. Smith. We did consider that,
11	I think, for what we were trying to do which is make a yard
12	for our family. It would end up being too small. You know,
13	our kids want to be able to go out and play kick ball. They
14	have a dream to put a slide out there. And we feel that it
15	would be, you know, too small of a rear yard for our family
16	to enjoy.
17	MEMBER SMITH: Okay. What was the size of that
18	decking structure if it did need a special exception? Did
19	you figure out that evaluation.
20	MR. PATEL: Yes. I believe instead of 16 by 19
21	it would be like nine or ten by 19.
22	MEMBER SMITH: Ten by 19, okay. Thank you. And
23	I'll reserve that question also for Mr. Jesick as he does his
24	presentation. So thank you, Mr. Patel.

CHAIRPERSON HILL: Vice Chair John, do you have

any questions?

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VICE CHAIR JOHN: Just one clarification. So the parking pad is at the cellar level, right. So the roof of the garage would be the same level as the roof of the cellar?

MR. PATEL: No, Vice Chair, the roof of the garage would be at the basement level of the cellar, at the floor of the cellar.

VICE CHAIR JOHN: Okay. So I'm looking at your existing and proposed diagram. Could you pull that up for me, Ms. Mehlert?

So there are four levels? Mr. Patel, are there four levels or three levels?

MR. PATEL: Well, so the alley level is the first, the lowest level. And then at the top of the stairs that you see that's the floor of our basement. And then the other set of stairs that you see sort of inside the property, those steps go up to our first floor, our main level. And then our bedrooms are above that.

VICE CHAIR JOHN: Okay.

MR. CLANCY: And if it helps at all, I think what the confusion, and this used to trip me up too, but that wall that you're staring at from the alley level, there's no house beyond that. That's the alley level. The basement is actually above that at the top of the lowest flight of stairs.

VICE CHAIR JOHN: Yes. I'm just establishing that there are four levels. Thank you. That's it for me, Mr. Chairman.

CHAIRPERSON HILL: Thank you, Vice Chair John.

Could I turn to the Office of Planning, please?

Thank you, Mr. Chairman and members MR. JESICK: the Board. The Office of Planning reviewed application for deck and found the а rear they met requirements for approval.

In terms of the variance, we found there was an exceptional situation leading to a practical difficulty. There is an extreme grade change from the front of the site to the back, and that creates presently a small and unusable rear yard. And the proposal would create a larger yard, in effect, and it's only because of the exceptional situation that creating a usable outdoor living space generates the need for relief.

We found the variance would not result in an impact to the public good. There would be little to no impact to light and air. Privacy would be similar to a normal rear yard that we would see throughout the city. And we also felt that this variance would not impair the intent of the zoning regulations as it would not effectively add to the mass of buildings on the site, and it would also create open space on the lot.

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Similarly for the special exceptions, we found 1 there would be no undue impact to light, air, or privacy. 2 And in terms of the character, as shown in the photos in the 3 Applicant's presentation, there are many such structures 5 along this alley, either full garages or similar decks which extend to the alley line. So this would be in keeping with 6 7 the character of the alley as noted by the HPRB. 8 That concludes my presentation. But I'd be happy 9 to take any questions. Thank you. 10 CHAIRPERSON HILL: All right. Does my Board have 11 any -- do my fellow Board members have any questions for the 12 Office of Planning? So the same question I had 13 MEMBER SMITH: Yes. Mr. Jesick, could you elaborate on -- and I 14 to Mr. Patel. 15 get the topographic argument. That's the reason why he's I'm still, you know, concerned about whether it meets 16 17 that practical difficulty test or not. 18 And really the Ι respect what Patels are attempting to do here by creating a larger lot, I mean, a 19 2.0 larger open space in the rear for their children to be able 21 But was any analysis done of the size of a deck to play. that would meet the lot occupancy requirement at less than 22 23 70 percent?

We just reviewed the application as it was presented.

MR. JESICK:

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We did not do an analysis of that.

1	MEMBER SMITH: Okay. Thank you. That's it.
2	CHAIRPERSON HILL: All right, Mr. Smith. This is
3	either for the Patels or Mr. Clancy. I don't know who went
4	to the ANC. Can you just tell me about the ANC meeting and
5	how that went?
6	MR. PATEL: We met with our Commissioner and
7	walked her through what we were trying to do even before we
8	went to HPRB. She was extremely supportive, and they were
9	able to pass those two resolutions. And there were no real
10	issues.
11	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. They didn't do a lot of
12	analysis, but actually I was just curious how the meeting
13	went. All right. Mr., I'm sorry, Ms. Mehlert, is there
14	anybody here wishing to speak?
15	MS. MEHLERT: There is one person. I can let them
16	in right now.
17	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay, thank you. Is it Ms.
18	Jayne? Ms. Jayne, can you hear me? Oh, is it Payne, or
19	Jayne, Jayne? Patricia? Patricia, can you hear me?
20	Ms. Mehlert, do you know if she's on mute or
21	MS. MEHLERT: She's unmuted.
22	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. Patricia? Oh, here we
23	go. There's the camera. Patricia? Can you just hear me?
24	I mean, we can't hear you. You might want to call in. Do
25	you want to call in? You can nod. I can give you the phone

1	number. The phone number to call in, well, I just got rid
2	of it. The phone number, Ms. Jayne, if you can hear me is
3	can you hear me? Or just raise your hand if you can hear me.
4	Can you hear me? Okay, you can hear me. So if you want to
5	write this down, 202-727-5471, once again, 202-727-5471, if
6	you want to call that number. Just raise your hand if you
7	heard me.
8	Patricia, did you oh, okay, you're dialing.
9	So you heard the phone number. That's all right. As long
10	as you heard the phone number. That's okay.
11	MS. JAYNE: Can you hear me now?
12	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Yeah, I can hear you wonderful.
13	MS. JAYNE: Okay. Hold on a second. I need to
14	turn to the volume down on my laptop.
15	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Or if you just want to step out
16	of that room, that's also fine. You don't need the screen.
17	MS. JAYNE: Okay. I just Are you hearing the
18	echo?
19	CHAIRPERSON HILL: A little bit, but not that bad.
20	Why don't you just step into another room
21	MS. JAYNE: Okay.
22	CHAIRPERSON HILL: with your phone.
23	MS. JAYNE: Yeah, okay. Yeah, maybe that would
24	be easiest. The joys of technology. My name is Patricia
25	Jayne and I live at 1653 Harvard Street. I live behind the

Applicant and basically one house over. 1 2 The first thing I'd like to say is that this is --3 CHAIRPERSON HILL: Just one second, Ms. Jayne. 4 Hold on a second. How do you say your last name? 5 Jayne, J-A-Y-N-E. MS. JAYNE: 6 CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. Did you -- did you I think you did. 7 complete the oath? 8 MS. JAYNE: Yes, I did. 9 Okay, great. CHAIRPERSON HILL: And then Ms. 10 Jayne, you'll have three minutes to give your testimony and you can -- I'm going to time you. 11 I'll let you know. It's But go ahead and begin whenever you'd like. not an exact. MS. JAYNE: Okay, thank you. Yes, I reside across 13 the alley and basically one house over from the Applicant. 14 The topography of the Applicant's lot is no different and it 15 is certainly not an extraordinary. The fact that they have 16 17 no backyard was a choice that was made when the house was They chose parking spaces over a backyard. 18 renovated. The houses -- the two houses immediately west of me, those that 19 2.0 are behind the Patel's, the Applicants on Harvard Street have 21 no backyard. They have parking. This is a choice that people have made in this alley. 22 It's not extraordinary at 23 all. 24 What this would do is give them the best of both

It would give them parking and a backyard at the

worlds.

expense of moving their living space 16 feet closer to the second floor bedrooms of my house because their ground level is at the second floor level of my house. They're asking to put in a deck and extend their living area closer to my living area. That has an impact on privacy and noise. And while it is lovely that they desire backyard space and play space -- I had children I raised in this house, I realize that -- There are many children who don't enjoy that. And as I've said, the houses behind on Harvard, many of them have no backyards. They've chosen parking.

This also creates this non-garage, garage, which creates a negative space, which is very unsafe in the alley. During 2021, a woman was attacked in a space like this close to Mt. Pleasant Street. This is a great concern for those of us who use the alley all the time. The Applicants have a backyard. It's small, but when you choose to live in a townhouse, you don't get the space that you would in a single family house on a much larger lot. These are what they are. When you live in these townhouses, that's what we have. Thank you. That's my statement.

CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. Thanks, Ms. Jayne. Ms. Jayne, did you go to the ANC meeting?

MS. JAYNE: That's sort of a yes and no question. The ANC decides everything by -- on a Google group. And the resolution was agreed upon by the Commissioner before the

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1	meeting. In general, I've learned that it's not worth
2	once they've made a decision, they are not in the least bit
3	interested in any kind of input from neighbors whatsoever.
4	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. I mean I got you. So
5	you didn't you just didn't think it was necessary. If you
6	did it again (audio interference).
7	MS. JAYNE: It's sort of a waste of time and
8	effort.
9	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Got it, okay. Let's see. All
10	right. Do my fellow board members have any questions for the
11	witness? No, okay. And then let's see, Mr. Clancy, do you
12	have any questions for the witness?
13	MR. CLANCY: No, sir. I would add, I think Ms.
14	Jayne was there at the Historic Preservation board meeting
15	as well.
16	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. Okay. All right Ms.
17	Jayne, if you want to stay on the line, because I believe
18	you're on the next case as well.
19	MS. JAYNE: Yes.
20	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. Why don't you just go
21	ahead and stay on the line. Okay? And then Or actually,
22	you know, Ms. Mehlert, if you can is it possible to remove
23	Ms. Jayne from the room or that's not possible or mute
24	her?
25	MS. MEHLERT: I can mute her, I believe.

CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay, great. All right, thank you. All right, let's see. All right, I'm looking at the OP report here real quick. Mr. Jesick, can you hear me?

MR. JESICK:

CHAIRPERSON HILL: Can you go over the prongs of the variance test just real quick for me again?

Yes, Mr. Chairman.

MR. JESICK: Sure thing. Okay, the first is, is exceptional leading to there situation а practical difficulty? In this case, we have quite a drop in grade from the front of the house to the rear of the house. So the Patel's live in a two-story, plus cellar house. The grade of the alley is a full story below the cellar level. we're talking about quite a grade drop here across the depth of the lot. Why is that a practical difficulty? -- There's a small rear yard today; however, it's not very If this were a flat lot, the back part of the lot usable. would be usable. It's only because of the exceptional situation that, that rear part of the lot is not useable. So what they're trying to do is build a deck to increase the living space. And that creates the need for really -- it's technically a building, even though it's at what we would normally consider the ground plain at the rear of the house. So that's the first prong.

Then the variance test asks is there a substantial detriment to the public good? Well, we look at things like

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air and light and privacy. This is at the same level as adjacent decks or rear yards. So there's not going to be an impact to air. There might be a slight increase in shadow due to the fence, but that's just a typical addition we see across the city where a fence creates a slight amount of shadow.

In terms of privacy, you know, there would be

In terms of privacy, you know, there would be potentially some additional views into neighboring houses on Hobart Street. Again, that's typical of a rear yard addition that you would see anywhere. They would have a six foot privacy fence around the entire perimeter of that rear deck. So you know, views into adjacent properties including, you know, other properties on Harvard Street would be minimized.

And then in terms of the intent and purpose of the regulations, you know --

CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. That's all right, Mr. Jesick. We've got it.

MR. JESICK: Okay.

CHAIRPERSON HILL: I was kind of just wanting to hear a little bit more about the discussion of the first prong. All right. Okay. All right, I've got nothing else. Do my fellow board members have anything? And if so, raise your hand. All right. Mr. Clancy, do you have anything --- Oh, I'm sorry. Ms. John -- Vice Chair John?

VICE CHAIR JOHN: Thank you. Mr. Jesick, did you

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1	hear the testimony of the neighbor across the street just
2	now? And did you have a comment?
3	MR. JESICK: I did hear the testimony. You know,
4	I think, just relying on the Office of Planning's Analysis,
5	which is the Applicant has met the variance test and the
6	special exception test. The one issue that came up seemed
7	to be privacy. We concluded that there would be no undue
8	impact on privacy, specifically regarding Harvard Street.
9	There would be a six foot high privacy fence completing
10	surrounding the Applicant's deck, so you know, when looking
11	to the south, you know, when using the deck, you would be
12	looking up at the sky, not at, you know, other people's homes
13	across the alley.
14	VICE CHAIR JOHN: Okay. And Mr. Jesick, please
15	remind me of the width of that alley. Is it 15 feet?
16	MR. JESICK: Yes, 15 feet.
17	VICE CHAIR JOHN: Okay. All right, thank you.
18	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. Anyone else? All right.
19	Mr. Clancy, do you have anything you'd like to add at the
20	end?
21	MR. CLANCY: No, sir. Just as a point of order,
22	I just wanted to clarify by Ms. Jayne's testimony that it's
23	an open space. It's not living space that's going any
24	further towards the alley, just the open space. Other than
25	that, I'm all good. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. I'm going to go ahead --1 2 May I -- could I just add, I just MS. PATEL: wanted to the let the Board know that I did reach out to Ms. 3 4 Jayne to try to get her input prior to this meeting given 5 that she had concerns at HPRB as well. And unfortunately didn't receive a response, but do respect the fact that she 6 7 was able to share her opinions today. Mr. Smith? 8 CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay, thank you. 9 Yeah, I'm sorry. MEMBER SMITH: I actually had 10 a question for Mr. Jesick -- one last question for Mr. What is necessitating -- you may know or you may not 11 12 know because it's a termination by the Zoning Administrator -- what is necessitating the special exception for the 13 accessory building? That the area underneath the deck is 14 15 considered a garage? It's a little unfortunate but 16 MR. JESICK: Yes. 17 the -- you know, the structure that is being proposed would qualify as a building. And it would be technically located 18 19 within the required rear yard. And an accessory building 20 per, I think it's Section 5004 cannot be located within a 21 required rear yard. So that's where that special exception's 22 coming from. 23 MEMBER SMITH: Okay. Do you know the reason why 24 the Zoning Administrator interpreted this as a building?

Well, you have to

MR.

JESICK:

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look at

the

definition of a building. It says something to the effect of, you know, is supported from the ground with columns and has a roof. And that's about it. So you know, this would per the regulation, be considered a building.

MEMBER SMITH: Okay. Regardless of its size, okay. That's what you're saying?

MR. JESICK: Yes.

MEMBER SMITH: It's just because the structure is supported on posts, okay.

MR. JESICK: And it has a roof technically.

MEMBER SMITH: Okay. All right, that was the only question that I had. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON HILL: All right, thank you. Okay, I'm going to go ahead and close the hearing on the record if you could excuse everyone, Ms. Mehlert.

(Pause)

CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay, I mean I thought that the Applicant did a good job explaining how they're meeting the criteria for us to grant the relief requested. I was kind of struggling with the area variance issue. And upon further discussion with the Office of Planning, I understand how they are getting to the exceptional -- the first prong of the task. I kind of, somewhat disagree a little bit with it, but I will agree with their analysis in the end. As well as that of the ANC and DDOT in terms of their analysis, as well as

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HPRB. I don't know whether this would mean that other homes in that area would qualify. That's the part that I kind of struggle with. But at the end of the day, I'm going to agree with the Office of Planning and their analysis and vote to approve.

I'm going to go around the table. Dr. Imamura? DR. IMAMURA: Thank you, Mr. Chair. I see this as a pretty straight forward case actually. I certainly understand Ms. Jayne's comment that when you search for a home, it's a choice and you accept all the elements of the home that you purchase. And that said, I also understand the Applicant's exhaustive request given the time and money they put into this and the outreach effort to make improvements. And they noted that at the HPRB that they are the exception up and down the alley without an improvement like this. I think as we note, a picture speaks a thousand words, right worth than 1,000 words. is more а the Hobart/Harvard alley, the photographs up and down show that they are in fact an exception.

There are garage structures that extend to the edge of a lot. I think that there is a danger to what my neighbors to the right and left do. And I want to do the same. However, I think they meet the three prong test, you know, for the area variance. There is intentional difficult due to the extreme grade change. No doubt. Right? There's

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really no impact to light and air or really, the view with the alley back there.

And you know, our zoning regulations are good, but they are also imperfect and that's why we have the BZA. not a one size fits all. And so there are these sort of And I certainly think that what they're special cases. asking for is reasonable. And I think it goes well beyond really additional area to play for their children. You know, it's really about the use of the property after the Patel's decide to (audio interference). And so what they're asking for and what they're trying to do, I think meets the special exception relief and the area variance. And it does in fact promote open space on the lot. And I certainly give great HPRB has weighed in on this and also weight to OPs report. So I am prepared to support the Applicant.

CHAIRPERSON HILL: All right. Thank you, Dr. Imamura. Mr. Smith?

MEMBER SMITH: do mostly agree Ι with statements that my colleagues have stated. I do believe it's fairly straight forward for the special exception criteria --I mean the special exception before us. But in looking at the variance -- if you go through the variance prongs -- the three different prongs. I start off with no substantial detriment to the public good. I do agree with not being a substantial detriment to the public good. They are posing

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an open deck to the rear of their property, open to the sky. And largely in line with the adjacent property owners, they all have garages to the rear of their properties. And I would note that probably the majority of these garages are nonconforming to the current zoning regulations. And they wouldn't be able to be built in their current manner, today by right because they're all in the required rear yard. And they all have the topographic issues that this same property owner has.

substantial impairment to the purpose integrity of the zoning regulations. I do agree that it would not have а substantial detriment to the agree with the Office of Planning and regulations. So I their analysis of that. But where I do depart is the first prong, the question about practical difficulty. of the argument that OP and the Applicant is stating is based off of topography. And I fully respect that and understand that, that there's a major topographic slope that would necessitate the construction of this type of decking system in order for them to have an open space that is at the level of their -- probably the primary building level of their home.

Where it differs is the practical difficulty because I do believe that the Applicant does have the ability -- in other cases we've seen this where the lot is

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essentially small. The dwelling unit is essentially large They do have space to play with and so far, for the lot. they haven't exhausted their ability to construct up to the special exception criteria. The way that I see it, it should be, you know, looking at -- looking at the hardship, whether the -- what we should be looking at from my standpoint is, is there an exception to hardship for them to be able to use the property or construct something reasonable on property? And I do believe that they have enough percentage of available lot occupancy available for them to construct a reasonable -- reasonable size deck to the rear of this property in accordance with the zoning regulations that does not trigger an analysis of -- a variance analysis or trigger a variance.

the question about the adjacent property owners -- the entire block is probably -- it looks to be nonconforming just me looking at a visual analysis of that. And that's more of an argument of my neighbors get all the But that's not the basis of way to the rear, I should too. analyzing a variance. Just because your adjacent property owners have that, does not necessitate you being able for us to grant variances. You know, us granting a variance is based off of the situation at hand for that property owner And I don't -- I'm failing to see how they meet that first prong. So with that, I will not support the variance.

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CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. Let's see. Let's go with Mr. Blake.

MEMBER BLAKE: Well, this is a little bit more difficult than I thought initially because it makes a lot of sense to have this work. I do agree with the special exception that the criteria's been met, so the focus will be on the variance analysis. I do agree with Mr. Smith, it's a stretch on the first prong because of the topography being a common topography along the alley -- those several houses along the alley.

Where I differ a little bit though is I do think that the fact that there is a yard of some sort that exists that's very small, 8.5 x 19 to talk about, that's not really useful space. And the ability to increase your space by 1.5 linear feet, which represents less than 30 square feet doesn't create a useful space as well for a rear yard. And granted that was a choice that was made at some point by another, the fact that it was self-created is not a detriment to a -- it would not work against the case for practical difficulty in an area variance.

So I do think that in this case, the combination of the fact that, that retaining wall doesn't really give you a useable space. And I wouldn't -- for a balcony, you know, yeah, I get it. But for an actual rear yard, I think it's inconsistent with the fact that other people do have their

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rear yards even though they were created in a nonconforming way at a different point in time presumably. So in that case, I do think it's consistent with the public good. And I do think the privacy issue is protected by the 15 foot alley, as well as the 6 foot fence for protection on the rear side. And not impacting privacy that way necessarily on the rear neighbor across the alley. So overall, I think I would be in support of this variance relief, as well as the special exception.

CHAIRPERSON HILL: All right. Ms. John?

VICE CHAIR JOHN: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. Ι this application. I'm going to support The area variance doesn't require a standard of undue hardship in terms of the inability to comply with the regulation. I think that based on the record, the Applicant has met the practical difficulty standard because basically the rear of the property is not usable in terms of the significant drop from the first floor to the second floor. There are two floors, which is what I wanted to be clear. I understood that we were looking at a drop of two floors. And so that space is really not usable.

And what the Applicant is trying to do is to create outdoor space -- usable outdoor space. And so in that context, I think the Applicant has met the requirements. And I agree with Dr. Imamura that sometimes the regulations do

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1	not fit perfectly the way we would like them to. And in this
2	case, I believe that it's reasonable to conclude that there
3	is practical difficulty. And so I'm going to give great
4	weight to the Office of Planning's analysis and I will
5	support the application.
6	CHAIRPERSON HILL: All right. Thank you, Ms.
7	John. All right. Thank you all for all of your thoughts.
8	I'm going to go ahead and make a motion to approve
9	application No. 20663 as captioned and read by the Secretary
10	and ask for a second, Ms. John?
11	VICE CHAIR JOHN: Second.
12	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Mr. Moy, if you could take a
13	roll call.
14	MR. MOY: Yes. Thank you, Mr. Chairman. When I
14 15	MR. MOY: Yes. Thank you, Mr. Chairman. When I call each of your names, if you would please respond with a
15	call each of your names, if you would please respond with a
15 16	call each of your names, if you would please respond with a yes, no, or abstain to the motion made by Chairman Hill to
15 16 17	call each of your names, if you would please respond with a yes, no, or abstain to the motion made by Chairman Hill to approve the application for the relief that's being
15 16 17 18	call each of your names, if you would please respond with a yes, no, or abstain to the motion made by Chairman Hill to approve the application for the relief that's being requested. The motion to approve was seconded by Vice Chair
15 16 17 18 19	call each of your names, if you would please respond with a yes, no, or abstain to the motion made by Chairman Hill to approve the application for the relief that's being requested. The motion to approve was seconded by Vice Chair John. Zoning Commissioner, Dr. Imamura?
15 16 17 18 19 20	call each of your names, if you would please respond with a yes, no, or abstain to the motion made by Chairman Hill to approve the application for the relief that's being requested. The motion to approve was seconded by Vice Chair John. Zoning Commissioner, Dr. Imamura?  DR. IMAMURA: Yes.
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	call each of your names, if you would please respond with a yes, no, or abstain to the motion made by Chairman Hill to approve the application for the relief that's being requested. The motion to approve was seconded by Vice Chair John. Zoning Commissioner, Dr. Imamura?  DR. IMAMURA: Yes.  MR. MOY: Mr. Blake?
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	call each of your names, if you would please respond with a yes, no, or abstain to the motion made by Chairman Hill to approve the application for the relief that's being requested. The motion to approve was seconded by Vice Chair John. Zoning Commissioner, Dr. Imamura?  DR. IMAMURA: Yes.  MR. MOY: Mr. Blake?  MEMBER BLAKE: Yes.

1	VICE CHAIR JOHN: Yes.
2	MR. MOY: Chairman Hill?
3	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Yes.
4	MR. MOY: Staff would record the vote as 4-1-0 and
5	this is on the motion made by Chairman Hill to approve,
6	seconded by Vice Chair John to approve. Also in support of
7	the motion to approve is Mr. Blake, Dr. Imamura, and of
8	course Vice Chair John and Chairman Hill. Opposed to the
9	motion, voting no is Mr. Smith. The motion carries on a vote
10	of 4-1-0.
11	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay, great. Thank you. Mr.
12	Smith, that must be your "No" blazer that you're wearing.
13	MEMBER SMITH: I guess. There's been a lot of
14	"yes's" on this thing too.
15	CHAIRPERSON HILL: All right. Let's go ahead and
16	take a break. Okay? Let's come back in like ten minutes.
17	Okay? Thank you.
18	(Whereupon, the above-entitled matter went off the
19	record at 11:37 a.m. and resumed at 11:49 a.m.)
20	MR. MOY: All right. The Board has returned to
21	its public hearing session after a quick break. And the time
22	is at or about 11:49 a.m. in the morning.
23	The next case application is No. 20658 of 1650
24	Harvard Street NW Washington DC, LLC, captured and advertised
25	for special exception relief from the penthouse setback

1	requirements, Subtitle C, Section 1504.1, pursuant to
2	Subtitle C, Section 1506.1, and Subtitle X, Section 901.2.
3	This would expand the existing penthouse of a detached seven
4	story multi-unit residential building, RA-2 Zone. Property
5	located at 1650 Harvard Street, NW, Square 2589, Lot 847.
6	And the only thing I have for you, Mr. Chairman, is that the
7	Applicant submitted their PowerPoint deck within the 24-hour
8	block.
9	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. Unless the Board has any
10	issues, I'm going to go ahead and put that into the record.
11	Mr. Moy, if you could have the staff just add that into the
12	record for us, so we can take a look at it while we're going
13	through this.
14	Mr. Utz, could you introduce yourself for the
15	record please?
16	MR. UTZ: Sure, thank you. I'm Jeff Utz with
17	Goulston and Storrs, here on behalf of the Applicant.
18	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. Mr. Utz, if you want to
19	go ahead and us walk us through your client's application and
20	why you believe that we should grant the relief requested.
21	And I'm going to put 15 minutes on my own clock just so I
22	know where we are. And you can begin whenever you like.
23	MR. UTZ: Great. Thank you so much. Could we
24	please pull up the presentation? And thank you for bringing
25	that into the record. We apologize for missing the 9:30

deadline on that yesterday, but we were resolving a condition with DDOT that we'll show you in a few minutes, we believe we have successfully done. So I think it is for the good of the application.

But as I said, I'm Jeff Utz with Goulston. I'm here on behalf of the Applicant. With me today is Art Linde, the Applicant, Joe Ijjas of Soto Architecture, the project architect. And we really appreciate getting on the schedule today and you all taking the time with us.

The property as mentioned is 1650 Harvard Street NW. It's Zoned RA-2 and it's located on a 38,000 square foot lot. It is currently improved with a seven-story residential building that was constructed in 1928, but it requires significant updating. And as our team can detail, the existing building comes with a host of design challenges as part of that updating that are associated with the building's older conditions; the configuration and structural support system.

So the project will maintain the existing exterior, while modernizing and renovating the interior of the building. It also includes the addition of a habitable roof structure, which is what brings us here today for the need for relief. The total unit count after the project will be approximately 182 units. And the project will generate a housing production trust fund contribution of approximately

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\$309,000 as a result of that habitable roof structure.

As we described in the application materials, the involved deal of planning project has а great and coordination between the Applicant and the Harvard Hall Tenant Association. This coordination has spanned several years and Art can detail it much more than I. But the initial concept and the Tenant Association involvement began in the Summer of 2018 and has progressed steadily over that Ultimately kind of running into loggerheads with the update to the text that updated the restructure regulations in December of last year.

So with that, can we go to the next slide please? Thank you. The project has been designed to be compliant with the roof -- with the zoning regulations governing roof structures that were in effect prior to that amendment, which Commission noted Zoning Order No. 14-13E. was as Specifically, the project's restructure is exterior walls less than one to one, but at least one-half to one from Quarry Road and Harvard Street NW, which we can show you exactly how that falls on the site and where that is in the roof structure. This setback is one-half to one Setback from those to exterior walls would have or greater. actually complied with the roof structure regulations that the December amendment that updated text the restructure regulations.

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However, the project was not able to obtain all its approvals prior to the effectuation date. So that brings us here before you today to request one area of relief, specifically special exception relief for the one to one setback for the exterior walls along Quarry Street and Harvard Street because they are not able to comply with the one to one setback under new section 1504.1(c)(2) in Subtitle C. So we believe that the relief that we're requesting meets the standards of approval set forth in Subtitle C, Section 1506.1 that sets forth the special exception standards and we can detail those for you today.

Next slide please. One more. Thank you. So the team has been in consistent communication with the community, the Office of Planning, and DDOT. We have presented the project to ANC 1C. Actually went there on December 5th of 2021 and then on January 5th of 2022. And the ANC voted to support the relief that ANC letters in the record as Exhibit 19. Also as noted on the slide, the Office of Planning has submitted a report that recommends approval as Exhibit 24. DDOT filed a Report of No Objection. That's also in the record as Exhibit 25.

DDOT requested that a condition be included that had several elements that revolved the transportation management plan for the project. And that was the one that I was mentioning at the beginning of my introduction. And

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then posted here, which I know it's a lot of dense text, but 1 one that we wanted to call your attention is the first one 2 that has the bolded text in it. We worked with DDOT staff 3 to come to a resolution on that first bullet in a manner that 5 they were satisfied with. So ultimately we are happy to agree to this condition regarding TDM measures as part of 6 7 their condition for no objection. 8 CHAIRPERSON HILL: Give me a second, Mr. Utz. Ι 9 saw the one that DDOT had originally proposed with you guys. 10 So you've tweaked the first one? We tweaked the -- Yes, sir. 11 MR. UTZ: We tweaked 12 the first sub-bullet. And so the edits that are shown -- the new language is bolded. And then the language that DDOT had 13 -- that we struck is crossed out. So this is based on the 14 15 DDOT condition from their report, Exhibit 25. CHAIRPERSON HILL: And all the other ones are made 16 17 the same? 18 MR. UTZ: Correct. 19 CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. 2.0 MR. UTZ: And so just so you know what 2.1 relates to is it relates to setting a floor for parking 22 for the amount that these parking spaces are 23 leased out for. So there's a concept here where we have

returning tenants and they already have leases and they have

So those are carved out by the first bolded

parking spaces.

portion of the language here. And as Art can explain, this project is something that's kind of hand and glove between the owner and an existing tenant. And the key part of this project is those tenants coming back. So we can't unwind or in some way alter their parking spaces, so what's why they're carved out in the first bolded language piece. And then the second piece just updates the formula that DDOT wanted to set out, so that the spaces aren't offered so cheaply that it encourages parking is the --

(Simultaneous speaking.)

CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. I'm just trying to -I'm just trying to compare the DDOT order. And it seems like
all the other ones -- This is Slide No. 4 on Exhibit 39, it
looks like what I'm looking at now, which is I think what
you're showing us. Okay, you can go ahead and continue, Mr.
Utz.

MR. UTZ: Great, thank you. We have been in touch with DDOT about this. DDOT indicated that they are in support of the update -- the condition as represented on this screen, which would allow for there to not be any outstanding issues or conditions in the record from the ANC or the agencies or any person or party at all.

CHAIRPERSON HILL: Right. So that's your testimony, Mr. Utz. Correct?

MR. UTZ: Essentially, yes. We do have more. We

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the slides boiled down in a little bit 1 streamlined manner if you would like us to walk through and 2 show you some of the specifics of the relief. 3 4 CHAIRPERSON HILL: Let's hear it again, Mr. Utz. 5 I'm just trying to understand a couple -- Anyway, for the record, I'm getting your testimony, which is DDOT has agreed 6 7 to your tweaking of that first line. 8 MR. UTZ: Correct. 9 All right, CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. please 10 continue. 11 MR. UTZ: So that brings me to the end of my 12 I would like to turn it over to Mr. Linde to speak about the Applicant, the Tenant Association, and some other 13 components of the project. 14 15 CHAIRPERSON HILL: All right, Mr. Linde. Mr. Linde, if you could introduce yourself when you start to 16 17 speak please. 18 Yeah, thank you. My name is Arthur MR. LINDE: 19 Linde --Art Linde. I am a Senior Project Manager with 2.0 Akelius Real Estate Development. We're an international real 2.1 estate development firm that specializes in rehabilitating in-town urban multi-family properties. 22 23 This property is currently 156 units. 24 built in 1929. I think the important thing to note in the design portion is that all of the systems; MEP, Fire and Life

Safety, access control and elevators are in complete shambles and have to be fully replaced. Our proposed project was done partnership with the Harvard Hall Tenants true The engagement began with them in November of And detailed discussions continued over the course of Slow moving, but always progressing in a several years. positive direction. As a result, we have developed a program exterior maintain the original architecture, while creating a modern Class A apartment building with brand new, fully code compliant state of the art energy efficient Truly a collaboration between the developer and the building's existing tenants and possibly and hopefully a model for other projects in the District.

every remaining and tenant has spent countless hours with our design team to tailor their new home to their needs and desires. We're not speaking of paint colors and tile selections, we have customized floor plans, customized bathroom locations, closet sizes, appliances, and much more for all of our returning tenants. In order to provide this level of customization for our tenants, there is no floor plan and no vertical tier, which is identical from floor to floor or unit to unit. It was not until we established the location of the stairs and the elevators that we could begin the process of working with the individual tenants to design their new homes.

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The process was iterative and complex. change in one unit, having a ripple effect on its neighboring And every change in the broader floor plan, changing units. the vertical system. And I'm speaking of the plumbing risers, the MEP shafts, the electrical feeds, et cetera. it wasn't until we completed the work with every tenant that we could begin to design the vertical systems. So it was a very long and very complex process. Ultimately we were able to produce 182 units, an increase of 26 units, nine of which are in this new penthouse addition. It is the increase in unit count and the design of the penthouse units, which provides the engine that allows for this collaborative partnership with the existing tenants to proceed.

In the end, we have a memorandum of understanding with all of the returning tenants. I really want to emphasize that this project with designed with the tenants and under the current zoning regulations as they existed up until we filed for our building permit. In fact, the zoning regulations existed several months after we filed for our building permit.

On the previously allowable restructure setbacks, we were able to locate the egress stair that deposits the evacuates directly onto the street as is required by the construction code. And we could locate the elevator banks within the existing structural systems. Without the

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requested relief, we would have to, if even possible redesign and relocate the new stair tower and the new elevator banks, which would in turn necessitate starting over with every tenant in the redesign of their custom homes. This process would take at least nine to twelve months, what it took the last time around.

important for you all to know existing tenants have already been relocated. They relocated before the zoning changed. And these tenants have deep relationships with us and with the building and they are obviously anxious to return to their homes. In the end, we're complying with all of the changes to the code and all of the codes that existed. We have complied with storm water management, we complied with green area ratio, which is no small feat in a building built in 1929 to occupy 100 percent We've revised and responded to the new 2020 energy of lot. And finally, the building will have a 70-watt plus solar system on the penthouse roof. We're not going to be just solar ready, we're going to be solar installed. It's a great project and I thank you very much for your time and consideration in our request.

MR. UTZ: I think if we could show you a few pages that are particular relevant for the relief, Joe is cued up to speak to those a bit if we could go to some of the subsequent slides please.

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MR. IJJAS: Good morning, everybody. My name is Joe Ijjas. I'm an architect with Soto Architecture and Urban Design and the project architect for this project. As Art mentioned, you know, he covered a lot of the broad principles, but I'm going to take a quick step back on just location and context for the project.

So this project is located at the intersection of Harvard Street and Lanier Place. Harvard Street is to the north, Lanier Place is to the east, and then Quarry Road is to the south. Quarry Road is actually a dead end road that does not intersect with Lanier Place due to the significant grade changes. The project is dominantly consistent of older existing residential apartment buildings around the area with attached and semi-detached row homes on the north side of Due to the grade change, these homes are Harvard Street. well elevated by Harvard Street with retaining walls that are roughly equivalent to our fourth and sixth floors, depending on the location on Harvard Street. Our existing building is As Harvard Street leads down approximately seven stories. to Rock Creek Care, a significant grade change results in a building that's perceived as five, six, or even seven stories of grade, depending on the street you're on.

If you'd go to the next slide please. Harvard Street is dominated by mature trees currently as well. And the building itself is well set back from Harvard Street with

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a significant public space in front of the building. The top left image is the intersection of Lanier Place and Harvard Street. You can see the elevation of the building. And the next one is Harvard Street straight from the front. And then on the back side, the view from Quarry Road, the interior courtyard of Lanier Place will provide different elevational changes of how the building is perceived.

Next slide please. The aerials we have here just give you another idea of the surrounding context and the scale of the buildings. And then the bottom picture is the view from the current roof structure. And I do see a pretty clear view towards the Cathedral and Rock Creek Park. And the surrounding buildings are of equal or greater height on either side.

Next slide please. So the building is roughly C-shaped, the central interior closed courtyard of one level parking and one-half level is basement. Parking access is from Quarry Road as Art mentioned and originally built in '29. The intent of the project is to bring this once permanent building back up to modern standards while working with existing building residents to maintain their residence in the building and community. There's several challenges associated with working in the constraints of the changing regulations in the existing building.

Critical design decisions were made in early in

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the process and many, many decisions followed upon those and built upon those decisions. Changes to these at this point in the project would be detrimental to the timelines and feasibility of completion. While we understand there are often changes in our profession, it's important that there's proper resting periods and adoption periods. And while we're aware of the potential changes in zoning and the impact on the building, there was not an ability for us to invest into the existing zoning with not getting our permits done and completed at the time.

Go to the next slide please. So this is one of our primary exhibits here. And I'm guessing a lot of questions are going to derive from this, so I'm going to try and walk through it all. But if you have any questions that you'd like to specifically discuss as I go through them, please just let me know.

The primary zoning change affecting this project is the change required of how sides set back from one to one-half to one to one. So the relief that we're requesting is the 3 foot 6 setback required on the railings. We are currently providing 2 foot 11. However, the penthouse on the Harvard and Quarry roadside has various set of setbacks right now, but the minimum would be 6 for the old regulations. The new would be 12 feet and that is highlighted by the orange areas that are attached. Then the elevator override which

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is to the northwest corner of the building -- it's circled in the red oval -- is required to have a 15 feet setback.

We are currently providing 11 foot 11 setback.

So as you can see from this floor plan and layout, there are several units -- nine total up on the rooftop, as well as a resident amenities space and outdoor resident and maybe deck spaces. The railings and both the building walls on both Harvard Street to the north and Quarry side to the south are within those one to one setbacks currently, although they were originally designed to comply with the one to one-half setback.

Two critical areas that are mentioned of an issue are circled in red. And those are our vertical circulation elements. So to the north we have the elevator override. And then to the south, we have the new stair egress that spans from all the way down to the basement up until the penthouse level. One of the first tasks discussed in the evaluation of the building was to determine the use of light for the existing vertical circulation with the building. And it was pretty evident very early on that both the existing elevator cores and the stairs would not meet per code regulations and needed to be upgraded.

As Art mentioned, we are required to egress directly to the exterior in order to meet current stair design guidelines and code regulations. In order to do that,

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we have to place the exterior stairs along the outer most portion of the floor plate. Continuity of fire ratings often limit and ability and setback of CMU walls from the exterior as penthouse regulations would require.

Lastly, stair separation requirements and dead end corridor requirements dictated where within the floor plate we could locate the stairs. An existing structural concrete floor structures defined the final available locations for the stair tower. Essentially we are very limited to providing a new stair only on the exterior facade the Ouarry Road side. And in order to make it structurally feasible, the stair had to be located in a north-south type orientation to the existing structure. doing that, we were able to create a stair tower that would fit within the one to one-half setback. But due to head clearances and structural -- new structural implementations of beams at the penthouse level, we would not be able to comply with that under the one to one setback requirement.

In terms of elevators, the existing elevators were deemed insufficient for building codes in terms of occupants. And did not provide compliance with current accessibility standards either. Loads, capacity, speeds, and size all require upgrades. Our initial hope was that we could reuse the existing shafts and provide modern elevators with the same location. Unfortunately the shafts were not adequate

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clearance and the existing structural beams and columns surrounding them will not allow us to expand the shafts.

We had to go find new locations in order to provide elevator cores within the building. So we examined and surveyed the building and located a couple of potential locations for new shafts. And they were compliant with the existing zoning regulations setbacks at the time. One of the shafts was able to be shifted slightly west in compliance with the current regulations. And then the one that we're discussing today was only able to comply -- or basically be located in its current location. It would not comply with the one to one setback in its current form.

Additionally, unit design was critical to the layout of the penthouse. The unit layouts of the penthouse are configured to the line with both the structure and the surface chases below. In order to comply with the new one to one setback, it puts the available area for units below the threshold for efficient double loaded corridor layouts. By configuring the layout in the manner that we have, we're able to place our penthouse load bearing walls above the structural beams below to be structurally efficient and reduce the number of structural interventions required in the existing building.

Additionally, the surface chases; primarily HVAC and plumbing coordinate with the units below creating the

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most efficient construction beams possible. Revising the unit layouts would restrict our ability to provide the number of units in the penthouse and reduce the efficiency.

We can go to the next slide real quick. This is a view of the actual penthouse roof as well. As Art mentioned, sustainability was a high level goal for this project from the very beginning. So in addition to all the high efficiency equipment within the building, compliance with GAR, stormwater management, the new District's energy code regulations led us down the pathway of a fully covered green roof and solar paneled penthouse.

The reduction in the setbacks would approximately reduce our panel load by about one-third and approximately 2,000 square feet of green roof area would be removed from the site. The trick as Art mentioned with this project is that it's almost 100 percent fully occupied site. We are already using every available means at grade and within the courtyard to be able to contribute to GAR and stormwater management. The removal of these two elements would have a detrimental impact on us meeting all of those codes.

I have several sections that go through the penthouse setbacks that we can talk about in more detail if you'd like. Otherwise --

(Simultaneous speaking.)

CHAIRPERSON HILL: No. Just go ahead and just

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move on with Mr. Utz now.

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MR. UTZ: Thank you, Joe. And thank you, Art. All right, so that brings our detailing of the setbacks, kind of where they are, how they exist, and kind of why they exist, to the floor. One of the kind of key components that I just want to draw attention to in the prior slide, if you could page back one, is the yellow walls that exist. And basically, the structural sub-work components, that we're depending on as part of building the roof structure on the plane at the top of the building, really limit the ability to lay out and configure the roof structure that we're trying to build now. So that is highly constraining to what we can do on the roof in a way that necessitates this relief.

So with that, I would close our initial presentation. We're happy to answer any questions and certainly happy to dive into any of these pages or any details that you might want us to.

CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. Can you drop the slide there for me, Ms. Mehlert? Okay. Mr. Utz, if you could just go back and look. I think I'm correct. It's exhibit 39, slide number 4 that has the new tweet the language from DDOT and all the other TDM measures. If you could just take a look at that while I go around with my Board members. Does the Board have any questions for the Applicant?

DR. IMAMURA: Yes.

CHAIRPERSON HILL: Dr. Imamura? 1 I have lots. 2 DR. IMAMURA: 3 CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. 4 DR. IMAMURA: So I'll try to keep it in a logical 5 sequence, my questions. A lot of them (audio interference). 6 CHAIRPERSON HILL: Do you want us to pull up 7 anything? Yeah, actually. That would be 8 DR. **IMAMURA:** 9 great, Mr. Chairman. The last slide, if you could ask Ms. 10 Mehlert to pull that up. So a couple things I just want to Certainly appreciate the 70 kilowatts of 11 make note of. photovoltaics that you all are attempting to put on there, 12 green roofs, adding to the housing trust fund. 13 The District 14 definitely needs more residential units. So I see the effort 15 here. Comments that have been made that the building was 16 17 in such disrepair, which was driving a lot of these changes. Highly unusual for tenets to be able to weigh in, 18 19 certainly compliment the team and the Applicant for their design 2.0 outreach effort with the tenets. Group 21 everything harder. And it certainly can handcuff your design 22 solution to meet regulations and requirements sometimes. So while customization of the floor plans are great, I think 2.3 24 that's where it's now led to the difficulties that you've had

with your risers and layouts.

For the last point, I think, that Mr. Utz made, about the structural elements there, here highlighted below, is really dictating your solution. What it seems to me as if, you made a comment, Mr. Ijjas, about a double-loaded corridor. Certainly get that, trying to squeeze in additional units. In fact, I think there's over 20 new units that you all are adding to this building. So a couple things there. One, why does it have to be a double-loaded corridor? I think, certainly, the structure here, you could get by with single-loaded corridor and still meet the setback requirements.

I went back into the record. I'm a little bit confused about the timing of all of this. So, at least from some of the notes that I gathered, you all were in DVs, right, while the zoning regulations here were dictating the setback requirements. So there's that I'm trying to kind of work through. And then, in addition to that, why or if there was a requirement, at least I thought, it would be prudent to at least include in sort of your negotiations that all these units are dependent on needing zoning regulations here.

So it sounds as if these promises have been made to these units, we knew that setback requirements were in play during DVs. And so, as you know, building height is a sensitive issue in the District. So there's a lot of layered questions here. And I'm putting all that out there for Mr.

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Utz, to see if he has some things to say.

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So I can start to respond to that. MR. UTZ: Thank you, Dr. Imamura. If there is a complicated situation, it's highly unusual as well. One of the really interesting, and I think, great parts about this project is just how long the process that the tenet association has gone on, that I haven't really seen this before. And it has been iterative and so kind of complicated that the phase of the project where much of the kind of elements of agreement were long before worked out actually started happening the regulations were even about to change. So that's kind of point one is that this is a really longtail process, the likes of which, I think, are unusual.

On the text amendment itself, that also kind of It wasn't clear to observers which way it was took a while. Ultimately, that received its final actions in going to go. October 14th of last year. And then it just went final and effective on, December 24th was when it was in the register. So while there was knowledge that that text amendment was out there, it wasn't possible for the team to integrate that without knowing that would be final. And, frankly, I think they thought that they could have gotten through the process faster than they, ultimately, were able to on their own, preparing and submitting for a building permit. think that they saw the two overlapping as much as they ended

up doing.

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But while they did finish those DV phases that the regulations were not yet final. And it wasn't clear that they definitively would be. And I think it's such an intricately balanced project that to do that, to kind of step back from the areas that are showing on the page now that are in color, would have changed it and would still change it in such a manner that it would dramatically alter the ability to do it.

There are nine units on the roof, as proposed here and then, as you mentioned, there are some elsewhere. First some reconfiguration of some floors that ultimately allow the planner to add units. But, yeah. It's a delicately-balanced these habitable project to where the loss of components that we see before us would threaten the ability to do it. I don't think that we would be able to do the roof addition without these units that are shown in orange, impacted by the orange.

Art, did you have any other, or Joe, did you have any other --

DR. IMAMURA: If I could just interject here, Mr. Utz, real quickly. So I know you said it wasn't clear which direction it was going to go, but the gamble was made, right, with this end goal, here, that you'd have to, ultimately, if it didn't go in your direction, then you'd end up at the BZA

today. And that you said, well, the nine units probably wouldn't have been possible, right, with this sort of configuration. So I'm curious if, what solutions did you look at, right? Playing the conservative card, okay? If it goes the other way, right, what is that impact to the design solution here? How many unit are lost on the habitable penthouse here? And what would that solution look like?

So, surely, you sketched that out, and you looked at what solution is. And maybe, at least at first glance for me, I thought, all right. Well, maybe you lose three or four units based off the layout of at least some of your fire exits, staircase, maybe. You mentioned, too, about the location of your vertical circulation, right? And that you weren't able to reutilize the existing shaft. But all that, to me, tells me is that you had a freer canvas here.

So I'm curious. I understand the points that you've made. I'm curious. What were the alternate solutions that you, at least quickly, sketched out? And how did that impact this? And how many units were lost?

MR. LINDE: Well, let me answer that question, if I could. I think designing to a new zoning code that has got, in some areas, that would have been more allowable to us, location of railings, if we had taken advantage of the opportunities of the new zoning code and designed to the new zoning code, which is more restrictive, in some areas, and

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the zoning code had not passed, we would have had a nonconforming building in the other way.

The layout of the units, based on the stair locations and elevators, is what drove the unique designs for the returning tenets. So this was all decided almost a year ago, the layouts with the tenets. And then we have to design the vertical systems. We filed our permit application in September. We have final DCRA approvals from all agencies prior to the implementation of the new zoning code.

So we never, for a second, designed alternative would solutions because it have been incredibly speculative because it's driven by our arrangements with the And these are tenets that have been living in this tenets. building for 40, 50, Mrs. Holis has been there 60 years. the amount of time it took to work with each of the tenets, we would have started a train wreck. We even have zoning approval on the project right now, issued, I error because it was issued several weeks before the zoning So we could have had a permit without -- DC code changed. Water or DDLE or DDOT being more timely in their response, we would have had a permit. So I'm not sure how we could have designed to a zoning code that didn't exist.

DR. IMAMURA: Mr. Linde, thank you. It's a series of events here, right? A series of calamities that kind of have put us at this point --

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MR. LINDE: Right.

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-- is what it is, right? DR. IMAMURA: So I understand where you're at. I understand the fact that you have all have spent a lot of time with each tenet to specialize and configure their units. Certainly appreciate the level of effort that you're trying to do on the rooftop, So I understand that as well. So you can understand, at least from my seat, looking at these series of events. And I think, from the outset, in terms of the way your approach has kind of led to this issue. It just was one of the contributing factors to this.

With that, I don't want to take up any more of the Board's time. So with that, Mr. Chair, I will yield back.

CHAIRPERSON HILL: All right. Thank you, Dr. Imamura. Does anyone else have some questions for the Applicant? Ms. John?

VICE CHAIR JOHN: So, Dr. Imamura asked the question that I had. I still don't understand why the relief is needed. If the Applicant were to remove those penthouse units, there would be no need for the relief, right?

MR. LINDE: No. We would have to remove the elevators. We'd have to relocate the stairs. We would have to then, with relocated elevators and stairs, start redesigning the units which would be impacted by that, the existing tenets' units. We would have to meet with them,

restart the design process, and then each of those designs 1 would impact the neighboring tenets. 2 And then once all of the redesigned units with the tenets was complete, we would 3 have to begin the process of redesigning the plumbing, 5 electrical stacks and the HDAC shafts. 6 But it's also a question of basic fairness. We 7 designed and took a tremendous amount of time and effort to 8 design to the current zoning code. The zoning code changed 9 after we had filed for the permit without a sunset provision. 10 If they had said, anybody file for a permit before the change in the zoning code is exempt, then we would not be sitting 11 12 the Zoning Commission decided, despite our requests to have some basic humanity -- I mean, honestly, we 13 have so many people involved in this process. 14 15 CHAIRPERSON HILL: I've got you, Mr. Linde. laughing at your choices of words. basic 16 Ι mean, 17 humanity. 18 Yeah, MR. LINDE: Ι mean, these are people. They've made decisions 19 It's all right, Mr. 2.0 CHAIRPERSON HILL: It's fine. 2.1 Linde. I'm just trying to get through the I've got you. 22 questions here. 23 Yeah. MR. LINDE: 24 CHAIRPERSON HILL: Vice Chair John --25 VICE CHAIR JOHN: I did have a follow-up question.

1	I did have. We see a lot of these. This is not like a one-
2	off for us. Now, I understand the elevator shaft, and I
3	understand all of that. But I don't understand why, I think,
4	the northern piece, I don't understand why there's a need for
5	that relief if you remove those apartments. And I don't
6	understand how the floor plan for the lower floors affect
7	whether or not you have penthouse units.
8	I think the choice is, with the change in zoning,
9	is that, well, we have to decide whether or not we have
10	penthouse units because we can't meet the one-to-one setback.
11	I mean, that's the kind of analysis I would like to have
12	heard. But I will stop for now and see if any other Board
13	members have comments.
14	CHAIRPERSON HILL: All right. Thanks, Vice Chair
15	John. All right. Does anyone else have some questions? I
16	need you to raise your hand. Okay, Dr. Imamura.
17	DR. IMAMURA: Thank you, Mr. Chair. I just want
18	to confirm with the Applicant that all nine units have
19	already been promised.
20	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Say it again, Dr. Imamura.
21	MR. LINDE: I didn't hear him. I'm sorry.
22	DR. IMAMURA: Have all nine units already been
23	promised or have been
24	MR. LINDE: No.
25	DR. IMAMURA: So, I guess, the three units that

Vice Chair John spoke about on the north elevation, will those be occupied by current tenets? Or have those been promised to any tenets?

MR. LINDE: They have not.

MR. UTZ: I'll add -- sorry. I can give more detail on kind of how it all fits together, if you'd like. It is a complicated project where these units are the reason that the project can happen. It's not a one-for-one replacement with these units. But these units allow for there to be a project.

We didn't really answer the piece of your question before. We have considered the loss of these units, and kind of the back of the thumbnail fault is that this roof plan would not be built out without those units. I think it is probably four units. It's the three that we're looking at on the top of the roof plan, and then it's also a unit at the bottom that's kind of squeezed between the two ends of the barbell. Those four units would not be built. And then, at that point, it doesn't make enough economic sense to go forward with the rest of it, was our discussion internally.

The other aspect of it is, there is no other place for us to put the mechanical components. The elevator override and the stairway have to be in these locations for a variety of reasons, but in large part because that's where the core -- cores are. And then also in the case of the

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stairs, it has to be closer to the exterior walls so that it can egress for code clearance. So there would already be a need for those components. Even if the four habitable units were removed, we would still be constrained to have a component of the relief.

DR. IMAMURA: So I certainly get that, Mr. Utz. And I understand that, the constraints for the stairwell and the elevator shaft. Your comment about it wouldn't be economically viable for this rooftop, I guess, are you saying that the penthouse wouldn't be economically viable or is it that the entire project is hinging on this rooftop?

MR. UTZ: I would defer to Art and Joe on that question. But I understood it to be an integrated consideration. This is the driver of the ability to do it, in part.

DR. IMAMURA: So it's come down to four units.

MR. LINDE: It's come down to four units, the location of the stairwell, the location of the elevator. I mean, the tenets moved out of this building before the zoning code changed. So the economics of redesign, when we did everything, we designed to the code that existed. Even if there was speculation that it might change, we didn't know when it would change. Nobody, in September and October knew when it would change. So the economics are definitely driven by the increased units in the penthouse. They're far more

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valuable, plus the location of the elevators, plus the time it takes to respond to the change.

DR. IMAMURA: So with Vice Chair John's comment about those three units at the north, so the real drivers here are the stairwell and the elevator shaft. I totally get that. But then the question is, well, then we're just going to get a special exception for those three units for the entire norther elevation there, right? So it's one thing to say, all right. We'll grant you a special exception for the elevator shaft, given the sort of issues that are around that stairwell. But now it's the three units that, to the north there, it's like, well, we might as well go ahead with these three units for the entire length of the north elevation.

Can I ask -- give me a second CHAIRPERSON HILL: I'm trying get whatever questions we're trying to get answered. Let me do this also. I'm going to come back I'll ask my Board members just hang on a second while I turn to the Office of Planning, okay? And then we can come back, all right? Ms. Melhert, can you drop the slide deck? Great. Okay. I'm going to turn to the Office of Planning, if I could. And Mr. Cochran.

MR. COCHRAN: Thank you, Mr. Chair. I'm Steve Cochran, for the record, representing OP in case 20658. For the most part, OP would stand on the record. But given the questions so far, there are a couple of things I think we

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should mention. Design regulations, as all of you know, aren't perfect. Would these regulations regarding setbacks have been more perfect if there had been a delayed cutoff date for when they applied? Maybe. But they don't include that.

Now, a special exception is one way that the code deals with zoning regulations that are less than perfect, assumed that a certain thing is permissible under special exception, as long as it meets the criteria. The Office of Planning report goes into some detail on why OP feels that the Applicant does meet the Subtitle X Chapter 9 criteria, as well as those under 1506.1. Given that, OP continues to recommend that you approve the setbacks. And, by the way, the conditions that the Applicant and DDOT worked out doesn't change the OP recommendation. I'd be happy to answer any questions.

CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. Does anybody have any questions for the Office of Planning?

VICE CHAIR JOHN: Yes, Mr. Chairman. Can you discuss C-1506.1(c). The strict application the requirements of this chapter would result in construction unduly restrictive, prohibitively costly, is that unreasonable or is inconsistent with the building codes. I understand that that's true with respect to the building shaft, elevator shaft, and the stairs. All of that

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makes sense to me. What doesn't make sense is the three penthouse units on the north elevation. And I don't really have a strong feeling with the one on the south side. But I think the same reasoning would apply.

I'm not taking issue with the fact that the units below were all customized. I think that's wonderful. But I've never seen a case where an Applicant says, I had to customize the units and the rest of the building. Therefore, I need three or four penthouse units that don't comply with the regulations, because that's what I understand you to be saying. And I'm perfectly happy -- may I just finish? I'm perfectly happy with the change for the elevator shaft and the stairs. But I cannot, at this point, understand the rest of the relief.

MR. COCHRAN: Let me try to answer your question. It does not strike OP that the Applicant, I'm trying to remember your exact phrase here, but that the Applicant just decided that it would choose to not meet the one-to-one setback regulations, or that it would choose to put the penthouse units there on the north side, regardless of what was percolating within the Zoning Commission.

OP was working on the assumption, based on some conversations with the Applicant, that this project would be fairly expensive to renovate an old building and that some of the revenue, that would enable the rehabilitation, would

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come from the above-market rate units that would undoubtedly exist in the penthouse space. That ties in with the timing that the Applicant has encountered because it started the project and negotiations with the tenets before the OP had even, at the request of the Zoning Commission, started crafting the draft of the new one-to-one setback regulations.

So the Applicant was working with certain financial assumptions. Those would change, presumably, if you have to get rid of three or four of the high-priced units. And I can't answer what impact that would have on the bottom line and whether the Applicant would have to go and renegotiate everything with the tenets. But that is what the Applicant had been arguing, and OP accepted that argument.

The other consideration is, of course, would the granting the relief be contrary to the intent of the zoning regulations? This would help increase, as you all have noted, the number of residential units available, it would make a substantial contribution to the Housing Production Trust Fund, all of which are consistent with the zoning regulations. And it would bring into play a building that has a fairly high sustainability number, given the solar units that are on top of the building.

The design is clearly distinct from the rest of the building. It's not like they didn't set the penthouse back. It is set back at a one-to-one ratio, facing streets

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1	that are relatively wide, especially Harvard Street. And the
2	materials are different. The color is different. It's fully
3	designed, yes. But it's clearly distinct from the rest of
4	the building.
5	It's my understanding that one of the points of
6	the setback regulations is to make sure that penthouses don't
7	look like you're adding another floor to a building. There
8	is no way that this looks like it's adding another floor to
9	the building. I'm happy to answer any other questions.
10	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Yeah, I'm just looking for
11	hands. Does anybody got anything more for OP? Dr. Imamura.
12	DR. IMAMURA: Thank you, Mr. Chair. I just want
13	to make a comment that I appreciate Mr. Cochran's explanation
14	in some of the points (audio interference). So, thank you,
15	Mr. Cochran.
16	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. Ms. Melhert, is there
17	anybody here wishing to speak?
18	MS. MEHLERT: Yes. Ms. Jayne is still on the
19	line.
20	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Oh. Gotcha. Okay. Can you
21	allow Ms. Jayne in, please? Hi, Ms. Jayne. Can you hear me?
22	MS. JAYNE: I can hear you. Can you hear me?
23	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Yes. Can you go ahead and
24	introduce yourself for the record again, please, Ms. Jayne?
25	MS. JAYNE: Certainly. My name is Patricia Jayne.

And I live at 1653 Harvard Street, directly across the street 1 2 from 1650 Harvard Street --3 (Simultaneous speaking.) 4 MS. JAYNE: -- way. 5 CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. Part of 1650. 6 MS. JAYNE: 7 CHAIRPERSON HILL: Ms. Jayne, you're having a busy 8 day today. You want to go ahead and give us your testimony, 9 please? 10 MS. JAYNE: Yes. While it's quite admirable that the attention paid by the Applicant to the tenets, I would 11 12 like to point out that there was absolutely no contact and there is nothing in this about concern about the surrounding 13 properties, especially those of us who live directly across 14 15 the street. Harvard Street, on the north side, where I live, 16 We have a very steep hill in front of our house is a hill. 17 leading down to the street. My house is roughly about the fourth or fifth floor of the building, of the Applicant's 18 So the addition of this floor to the building has 19 building. Yes, this is a city. 2.0 a visual and a noise impact on us. 2.1 Yes, that big building was there when I bought the house. And there's a lot of noise that comes from it. 22 2.3 My concern is that there was no consideration 24 given to how the balconies and these additional units would have impact the houses. I would request that the Commission

give no weight that the ANCs -- ANC 1D, which is my side of Harvard Street, received the materials in November and did not do any outreach to residents, such as myself. We did not receive a notice from the BZA until just before Christmas.

1D punted to 1C, since the other side of Harvard Street, where the building's located, is a different ANC.

I attended the January ANC 1C meeting, at which the Applicants presented their materials, and I requested that the ANC delay deliberation because we had just got notice. And for a non-lawyer, architect, I'm not a zoning lawyer. This is all new to me. And the ANC 1C said, you missed our transportation and zoning meeting in December. You had your chance. I said, we didn't have the notice then because there was a delay for some reason in mailing it out by the Office of Zoning.

So they based their decision on a meeting I didn't even know existed for a problem I didn't even know existed. So I've been on my own in terms of fighting this, as the ANCs have been of zero interest and use in terms of understanding to the correctness of whether this. Ι can't speak addition of the floor and the addition of the height is I do know that setting back the balconies is applicable. essential to have as much of a setback as possible. The noise that we are getting now from the demolition alone is so incredible that it's a big issue for those of us here who

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live across the street from this building. 1 2 So I would request that you keep the setback as large as possible and deny this additional, I'm not sure how 3 many feet it is, but to keep it as few feet away from us as 5 possible. Thank you. Mr. Chairman, you're on --6 MR. COCHRAN: 7 CHAIRPERSON HILL: Oh, I'm sorry. I was trying to say something earlier anyway. 8 Does anybody have any 9 questions for the witness and, if so, please raise your hand. 10 Okay. All right. Okay. Thanks, Ms. Jayne, for your 11 testimony. Bye-bye. Okay. Let's see. There's that. All Does my fellow Board members have any more 12 Okay. questions for the Applicant? 13 Okay. Mr. Utz, do you have anything you would like to add at the end? 14 I would like to say a few closing words, 15 MR. UTZ: if that is okay. 16 17 CHAIRPERSON HILL: Go ahead, Mr. Utz. Sure. I did just 18 MR. UTZ: Okay. Thank you so much. want to circle back around to the standards themselves. 19 Mr. Cochran described these and, I think, described them 2.0 2.1 well. I wanted to reiterate how it can relate to kind of some of the specifics that we were just talking about. 22 23 When it comes to a special exception, it is a 24 component of the regulations that is set up to allow for

approval if those conditions are met.

if so.

And,

different than a variance, and the considerations are, basically, set up for the concept that triggers the special exception to be permitted if those conditions are met. In this case, we think we do meet the conditions for all the components of our restructure relief.

The very first piece of the consideration is whether there is an adverse impact on the zone plan and any impact on surrounding areas, on surrounding neighbors. And we think that is very clearly the case here, that this does not have an adverse impact on neighbors. It's a de minimis request. There is already a one-half-to-one or greater setback that was incorporated initially kind of in good faith over the course of years that, at one time, was compliant, very recently.

So the incursion that we're talking about is not but it is great enough to completely alter great, direction of the roof structure and, therefore, the direction of the project. We know it will not, if permitted in its currently proposed envelope, this restructure will adversely impact any view sheds. It won't impact light and And, as Mr. Cochran mentioned, the design of the roof structure itself is meant to be complementary to the building but also secondary to it. So it won't be visually intrusive. frankly, I doubt folks even see this. There's a really strong, fantastic tree shrouded in trees.

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canopy, particularly along Harvard Street that will, frankly, hide the ability to see this atop the building.

The second part of the consideration for relief is that reasonable effort has been made for the housing mechanical equipment, stairway, and penthouses to be in compliance with the required setbacks. And that is something that Mr. Diaz detailed, that that was an area of significant study, and the building is highly constrained as to where those mechanical components can be located. Basically, we inherit the core and the stairways that we have, vertically, and there isn't much we can do once we get to the roof plane to alter those conditions.

The third grouping of relief considerations is the one that I think we talked about the most, which is where it's, C-1506.1(c), where there are four subcomponents within that portion of the relief consideration and standards. And the Applicant is to meet any one of those four considerations to allow for the approval of the special exception. In this case, we think we meet at least two, and the two relate to much of what we were just talking about. It's the first and the last one, 1506.1(c)(1) and 1506.1(c)(4).

There is some overlapping language in those two components that speak to strict compliance being unduly restrictive, prohibitively costly, or unreasonable or inconsistent with the building codes in item 1. In item 4,

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it speaks in similar language about operating difficulties or conditions relating to the building or surrounding area, making full compliance unduly restrictively, prohibitively costly, or unreasonable.

Those pieces relate to all the components of the restructure that we're asking you to approve today, both the mechanical space, the elevator override in the stairway, but also the habitable space that we fairly desperately need to power the rest of the project. It will be unduly costly and prohibitive if that space isn't allowed to be integrated within the project itself.

So we would ask the Board to consider kind of holistically this request, in light of the special exception standard itself and the kind of path forward that it gives us. In light of those considerations I just laid out, but also uniqueness of the time here, that this started so long ago, literally four years ago, with the tenets in this fairly fantastic model that we can deal with tenet associations and keep folks in place, that create a unique need for this look at a special exception mechanism that is fairly permissive under the regulations.

So with that, I'm happy to answer any other questions. And I really appreciate your time and your questions and focus on our request. Thank you so much.

CHAIRPERSON HILL: Thank you, Mr. Utz. I was

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looking at your slide deck. Okay. Does anybody have any questions for Mr. Utz and, if so, raise your hand. All right. I'm going to go ahead and close the hearing and the record. If you would excuse everybody, Ms. Mehlert.

(Pause)

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I appreciate everything CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. -- this had more questions to it than I originally thought. However, I appreciate all of the comments that the Board has given us. The Applicant also kind of -- some of it, the argument seemed to go in a little bit of a circle. However, I do think that, I'm kind of going to tie back to this again, a special exception. I think that the one-to-one setbacks are something that we do take very And it is something that we do take a look at. seriously. I, in this particular case, am satisfied with the setback relief that's being requested.

I do think, not even going into, necessarily, the project itself, but I can a little bit in terms of the additional housing, the fact that the Applicant has worked with the existing tenets as long as they have to try to get to some kind of an understanding, the fact that the Applicant has worked with the ANC for as long as they have, the fact that the Applicant has found themself in this kind of situation where the regulations were one thing, and then they kind of changed a little bit on them.

However, for me, this did come down to a special And I would agree with the analysis that the exception. Office of Planning has provided for the criteria with which the special exception is or isn't supposed to be approved. am going to agree with the Office of Planning's recommendation on those special exception criteria, as well the ANC, again, whether or not they necessarily understand all the specifics of the zoning regulation depends on the ANC. Some do, some don't. However, we are to give great weight to the ANC. So I am going to give great weight to the ANC.

I know that there are definitely things that my fellow Board members have an issue with this project. Some of it, again, I will also say that the elevator shaft is something that we see a lot more often, and things that are the stairwells and things that aren't able to be manipulated as easily, do fall into that special exception. have issue with the additional four units that are on that the northern side, Ι going in favor am to vote of application.

So with that all being said, I'm going to go through what I don't know is going to be controversial in our discussion. And I'm going to start with Mr. Blake because I don't know where he is.

MEMBER BLAKE: Thank you, Mr. Chair. I'm going

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to say, first of all, I do appreciate the efforts going into this process, from the Applicant's perspective, as well as the ANC and others. And, I have to say, I agree with the Office of Planning's analysis on how the criteria's met. also agree with the way it was presented by the Applicant as why the criteria was being met. I also appreciate the explanation that Mr. Cochran gave as to the how application of the special exception should be applied and how it fits into this whole scheme of things. I recognize the integrated element of the project, the economic value of it.

said, again, I think that it meets criteria of C1506.1(a) through (c), and I give great weight to the ANC's recommendation report, as well as the Office of Planning. Note, DDOT has no objection, and the concerns that were expressed from the community from Ms. Jayne But I do think that the Applicant has realistic concerns. done everything they can to address those concerns. The setback is what it is at this point, and it probably is back as far as it can be from her street. So I believe the Applicant has met the burden of proof, and I'm going to be in support of the application as well.

CHAIRPERSON HILL: All right. Thank you, Mr. 24 Blake. Mr. Smith?

MEMBER SMITH: Are you sure you want to go to me?

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I'm wearing this blue blazer, you know.

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CHAIRPERSON HILL: I don't know. I don't know what's going to happen. I still don't know what's going to happen.

MEMBER SMITH: Okay. Well, you know, I'll be even (phonetic). fall back on this being do special Ι exception. So a special exception has a lower, I wouldn't say lower, a different standard for us to evaluate versus a variance. In a special exception, the preponderance is that, to me, that certain exceptions from the zoning ordinance are appropriate if properly mitigated.

So when I read subtitle C-1506, or just a question special exception, it's not from the penthouse regulations. And it's it's not exclusive of whether appropriate just for mechanical spaces versus Yes, it's all intertwined the way that they've spaces. designed the space. But the regulations speak to relief from the penthouse requirements.

So I'm fairly comfortable with Mr. Cochran's analysis of this particular request in how it does meet the criteria for us to be able to grant this special exception, pursuant to subtitle C-1501.1 and the general special exception standard because I do believe that the proposed penthouse does meet all of the general special exception standard. I believe it would be in harmony with the general

purpose and intent of the zoning regulations and zoning maps if we find that the special exception is appropriate.

And I do not believe that it would not tend to affect adversely the neighboring property within the zoning regulations. In accordance with the zoning regulations, the penthouse is still set back. While it wouldn't necessarily meet the bottom right setback, it is set back on top of this apartment building. And I don't think it would visually intrude on the townhouses across the street, along Arbor, and to the south as well.

In looking at the criteria for C-1506, I do, again, the general special exception criteria are standards for us to weigh. And I do believe that they have met B for the mechanical equipment. C, just as Mr. Cochran stated, they really only had to comply with one. And I do believe that they have compiled with the two that Mr. Cochran analyzed. So with that, I give OP's staff report great weight and will support the special exception. Threw you for a curve ball, huh?

CHAIRPERSON HILL: I'm going to go with Dr. Imamura next.

DR. IMAMURA: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. First, I feel that my comment in the previous case about imperfect regulations comes back in this case because, as Mr. Cochran pointed out, that's why we have special exceptions. That's

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why we have to do these. I'm mindful that people that are watching watch for facial expressions and cues, body language, that sort of thing. So as I've, jumping out of my seat here, my consternation about this. There are a couple It does boil down to the special exception. There added benefits plenty of of the funds, trust sustainability, (audio interference) and so on and so forth.

I think they put themselves in a precarious position. Certainly don't want anybody else that's watching this or that is in a similar situation, that they're midstream and think that they can come deplore the BZA and have a favorable outcome. Also don't want people to think that I'm wearing a blazer that indicates which way I'll lean.

But I certainly think that Mr. Cochran, the Applicant, I understand, explained the special exceptions and the conditions are met. The real key here is that there was not a cut-off date that was included. So I can certainly appreciate that aspect of it, and that there is sort of this de minimis use, or difference, really, between the current and past setbacks. So with that, I think my reservation and consternation for this project is probably duly noted on the record. Vote in favor.

CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. Vice Chair John.

VICE CHAIR JOHN: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. So I agree that the application only needs to demonstrate one of

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the criteria in 1506.1(c). And, as I mentioned, there is no doubt as to the elevator shaft and the stairwell and the mechanical equipment. And so on balance, I am going to support the application. And I agree with Mr. Cochran that the regulations are not perfect. I think other people, Dr. Board members and, maybe, other have also mУ mentioned that. And, because this is a special exception, it means that the relief is allowed, subject to meeting the criteria.

So I am going to support the application based on the fact that at least one criteria in 1506.1(c) has been met. I have difficulty deciding which of those because I have reservations with the penthouse units, even though I'm very sympathetic to the economic arguments that have been made. So I'm in support of the application. Just don't pin me down to which one the application meets, with respect to the penthouse apartments.

CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. All right. I thank you all very much for your input. I'm going to make a motion to approve Application No. 20658, as captured and read by the secretary and ask for a second, Ms. John.

VICE CHAIR JOHN: Second.

CHAIRPERSON HILL: Motion made and seconded. Mr. Moy, can you give a roll call, please.

MR. MOY: Yes. Thank you, Mr. Chairman. When I

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1	call each of your names, if you would please respond with a
2	yes, no, ixnay to the motion made by Chairman Hill to approve
3	the application for the relief requested. The motion was
4	second by Vice Chair John. Mr. Smith.
5	MEMBER SMITH: Yes.
6	MR. MOY: Vice Chair John.
7	VICE CHAIR JOHN: Yes.
8	MR. MOY: Chairman Hill.
9	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Yes.
10	MR. MOY: Mr. Blake.
11	MEMBER BLAKE: Yes.
12	MR. MOY: Zoning Commissioner Dr. Imamura.
13	DR. IMAMURA: Yes.
14	MR. MOY: Then staff would record the vote as five
15	to zero to zero. And this is on the motion made by Chairman
16	Hill to approve. The motion was second by Vice Chair John
17	to approve. Also in support of the motion, Mr. Smith, Mr.
18	Blake, Zoning Commissioner Dr. Imamura, and, of course, Vice
19	Chair John and Chairman Hill. The motion carries on a vote
20	of five to zero to zero.
21	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. Mr. Moy, is that it for
22	us today?
23	MR. MOY: Yes, sir. There's nothing else from the
24	staff.
25	CHAIRPERSON HILL: Okay. There was a lot of

1	discussion about zoning being imperfect. I think that I'm
2	perfect. And so I'm going to go with that. At least, my
3	wife thinks that I think that I'm perfect. But I don't,
4	really don't think that. And I'm sure that you all don't
5	think that you're perfect. All right. With that, I'm going
6	to let everybody go. You all have a nice day. And we stand
7	adjourned. See you next week. Bye-bye.
8	(Whereupon, the above-entitled matter went off the
9	record at 1:12 p.m.)
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## <u>C E R T I F I C A T E</u>

This is to certify that the foregoing transcript

In the matter of: Public Hearing

Before: DC BZA

Date: 03-16-22

Place: teleconference

was duly recorded and accurately transcribed under my direction; further, that said transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings.

Court Reporter

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